Setup and Configuration

```
# Python ≥3.5 is required
import sys
assert sys.version_info >= (3, 5)

# Scikit-Learn ≥0.20 is required
import sklearn
assert sklearn.__version__ >= "0.20"

# We import numpy library and os module
import numpy as np
import os

# to make this notebook's output stable across runs
np.random.seed(42)

# we import matplotlib to make data presentation more visual
%matplotlib inline
import matplotlib as mpl
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
mpl.rc('axes', labelsize=14)
mpl.rc('xtick', labelsize=12)
mpl.rc('ytick', labelsize=12)

# Where to save the figures
PROJECT_ROOT_DIR = "."
CHAPTER_ID = "training_linear_models"
IMAGES_PATH = os.path.join(PROJECT_ROOT_DIR, "images", CHAPTER_ID)
os.makedirs(IMAGES_PATH, exist_ok=True)

def save_fig(fig_id, tight_layout=True, fig_extension="png", resolution=300):
    path = os.path.join(IMAGES_PATH, fig_id + "." + fig_extension)
    print("Saving figure", fig_id)
    if tight_layout:
        plt.tight_layout()
    plt.savefig(path, format=fig_extension, dpi=resolution)


from google.colab import files
uploaded = files.upload()
```

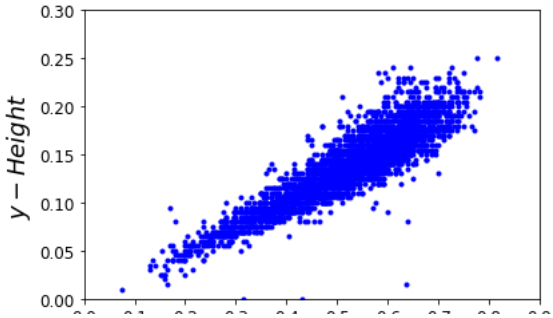
Choose Files abalone_train.csv

- **abalone_train.csv**(text/csv) - 145915 bytes, last modified: 2/5/2023 - 100% done

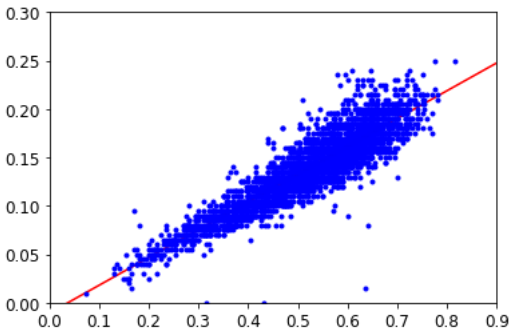
```
Saving abalone_train.csv to abalone_train (1).csv
```

```
import pandas as pd
import io
abalone = pd.read_csv(
    io.BytesIO(uploaded['abalone_train.csv']),
    names=["Length", "Diameter", "Height", "Whole weight", "Shucked weight",
           "Viscera weight", "Shell weight", "Age"])


import numpy as np

X1 = abalone["Length"]
X2 = np.array(X1)
X = X2.reshape(-1, 1)
y1 = abalone["Height"]
y2 = np.array(y1)
y = y2.reshape(-1,1)


plt.plot(X, y, "b.")
plt.xlabel("$X - Length$", fontsize=18)
plt.ylabel("$y - Height$", rotation='vertical', fontsize=18)
plt.axis([0, 0.9, 0, 0.3])
save_fig("generated_data_plot")
plt.show()
```

```
Saving figure generated_data_plot
```

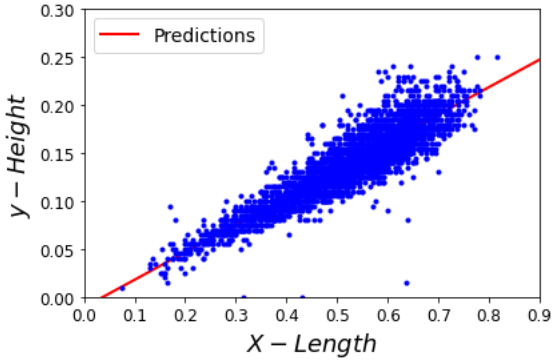



```
X_b = np.c_[np.ones((X.shape[0], 1)), X]  # add x0 = 1 to each instance
theta_best = np.linalg.inv(X_b.T.dot(X_b)).dot(X_b.T).dot(y)


theta_best

    array([[-0.0108267 ],
           [ 0.28716253]])


X_new = np.array([[0], [2]])
X_new_b = np.c_[np.ones((2, 1)), X_new]  # add x0 = 1 to each instance
y_predict = X_new_b.dot(theta_best)
y_predict

    array([[-0.0108267 ],
           [ 0.56349837]])


plt.plot(X_new, y_predict, "r-")
plt.plot(X, y, "b.")
plt.axis([0, 0.9, 0, 0.3])
plt.show()
```




```
plt.plot(X_new, y_predict, "r-", linewidth=2, label="Predictions")
plt.plot(X, y, "b.")
plt.xlabel("$X - Length$", fontsize=18)
plt.ylabel("$y - Height$", rotation='vertical', fontsize=18)
plt.legend(loc="upper left", fontsize=14)
plt.axis([0, 0.9, 0, 0.3])
save_fig("linear_model_predictions_plot")
plt.show()
```

```
Saving figure linear_model_predictions_plot
```



```
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression

lin_reg = LinearRegression()
lin_reg.fit(X, y)
lin_reg.intercept_, lin_reg.coef_
```

```
(array([-0.0108267]), array([[0.28716253]]))
```

```
lin_reg.predict(X_new)
```

```
array([[-0.0108267 ],
       [ 0.56349837]])
```

```
theta_best_svd, residuals, rank, s = np.linalg.lstsq(X_b, y, rcond=1e-6)
theta_best_svd
```

```
array([[-0.0108267 ],
       [ 0.28716253]])
```

```
np.linalg.pinv(X_b).dot(y)
```

```
array([[-0.0108267 ],
       [ 0.28716253]])
```