M7 - Mutation Analysis

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Goals

- Introduce Mutation Analysis as a technique to assess test quality
- The competent developer hypothesis
- Computing mutation scores

What is a good test?

"A good test is a test that catches bugs"

- me

How do we know if a test catches bugs?

How do we know if a test catches bugs?

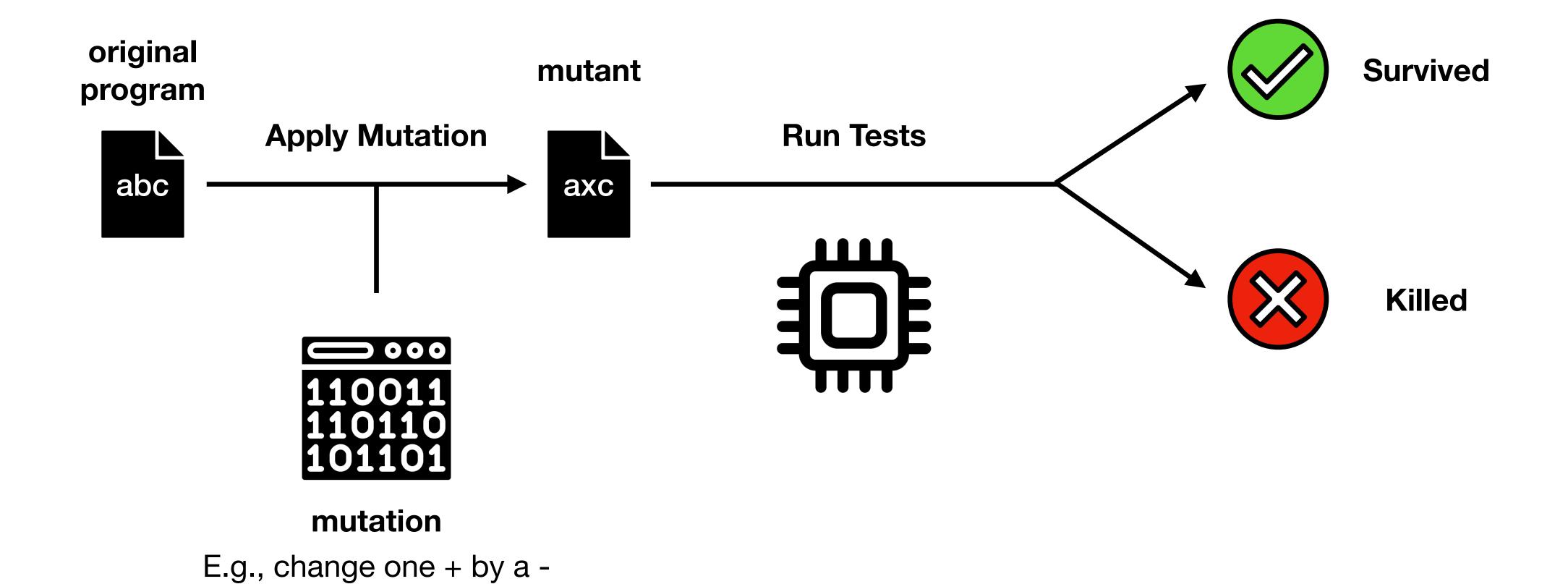
- Introduce artificial bugs
- See if the test suite detects them

What kind of bugs?

Competent developer hypothesis

- Developers are capable people
- Mistakes/bugs are small details easily overseen. E.g.,
 - Missing +/- 1 in a loop
 - An inverted conditional
 - Signed/unsigned

Mutation Analysis



Mutation Score

Run each mutation independently

• Score:

The insight

- Survived mutants were either
 - 1. not covered
 - 2. had effects not asserted
 - 3. or were semantically equivalent. E.g. A+B=A-B if B=0

- 1) and 2) call to improve our tests
- 3) bias our results

Problems of Mutation Analysis

```
Runtime = Time(tests) * #Mutants
```

Possible Extensions and Next Steps

- Select a subset of mutants to run
- Select a subset of tests

- High-order mutants
- Language/Application-specific mutations

Takeaways

- We can automatically assess test case quality
- Mutations introduce artificial bugs and mimic developer issues

- Expensive to run
- Trivial and Equivalent mutants bias results and should be manually inspected

Material

 Mutation Testing Advances: an Analysis and Survey. Advances in Computers Journal. Papadakis et al