# M9 - Interpreter-Guided Testing

**Guillermo Polito** 

#### Goals

- See an advanced use case of compiler testing
- Interpreters as executable language specifications
- Guided fuzzing based on concrete-symbolic analysis
- Differential testing

#### @PLDI'22

Link: https://hal.inria.fr/hal-03607939v1

#### PLDI'22

## Interpreter-Guided Differential JIT Compiler Unit Testing

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#### **Abstract**

Modern language implementations using Virtual Machines feature diverse execution engines such as byte-code interpreters and machine-code dynamic translators, a.k.a. JIT compilers. Validating such engines requires not only validating each in isolation, but also that they are functionally

San Diego, CA, USA. ACM, New York, NY, USA, 12 pages. https://doi.org/10.1145/3519939.3523457

#### 1 Introduction

Modern Virtual Machines support code generation for JIT

#### Interpreters

```
interpret
  [ true ] whileTrue: [
    currentBytecode := self fetchNextBytecode.
    self dispatch: currentBytecode ]
```

```
void interpret(){
  while (1){
    switch(nextInstruction){
      case push: ...
      case pop: ...
      case send: ...
      ...
    }
}
```

# Interpreter are Executable Semantics Pharo VM Example

```
Interpreter >> bytecodePrimAdd
      rcvr arg result
     rcvr := self internalStackValue: 1.
                                                                                      If both operands are integers
             olf intomnolCtoold/oluge
     (objectMemory areIntegers: rcvr and: arg)
       resuit := (object/viemory integervalueon rcvr) + (
       "Check for overflow"
       (objectMemory isIntegerValue: result)
                                                                                      If their sum does not overflow
          internalPop: 2
10
          thenPush: (objectMemory integerObjectOf: result).
11
                      "success"]].
      "Slow path, message send"
                                                                                    Else, slow path => message send
     self normalSend
```

# How can we exploit interpreters for compiler testing?

## Interpreter-guided Fuzzing

# Interpreter are Executable Semantics Pharo VM Example

```
Interpreter >> bytecodePrimAdd
      rcvr arg result
     rcvr := self internalStackValue: 1.
                                                                                      If both operands are integers
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                                                                                      If their sum does not overflow
          internalPop: 2
10
          thenPush: (objectMemory integerObjectOf: result).
11
                      "success"]].
      "Slow path, message send"
                                                                                    Else, slow path => message send
     self normalSend
```

#### Intermezzo: Concolic Testing

Idea: Guide test generation by looking at the implementation

```
int f(int x, int y){
   if (x > 100){
      if x > 100 or <= 100!!

   if (y == 1023){
      segfault(!!)
   }
}   Different cases
   if x = 1023 or != 1023</pre>
```



- Concrete + Symbolic execution
- Goal: automatically discover all execution paths

```
int f(int x, int y){
  if (x > 100){
   if (y == 1023){
    segfault(!!)
   } }
```

X	y constraints next		next?



- Concrete + Symbolic execution
- Goal: automatically discover all execution paths

```
int f(int x, int y){
  if (x > 100){
  if (y == 1023){
    segfault(!!)
    } }
```

X	y	constraints	next?
0	0	x <= 100	



- Concrete + Symbolic execution
- Goal: automatically discover all execution paths

```
int f(int x, int y){
  if (x > 100){
   if (y == 1023){
    segfault(!!)
   } }
```

X	y	constraints	next?
0	0	x <= 100	x > 100



- Concrete + Symbolic execution
- Goal: automatically discover all execution paths

```
int f(int x, int y){
  if (x > 100){
   if (y == 1023){
    segfault(!!)
   } }
```

X	y	constraints	next?
0	0	x <= 100	x > 100
101	0		



- Concrete + Symbolic execution
- Goal: automatically discover all execution paths

```
int f(int x, int y){
  if (x > 100){
  if (y == 1023){
    segfault(!!)
    } }
```

X	y	constraints	next?
0	0	x <= 100	x > 100
101	0	x > 100, y != 1023	



- Concrete + Symbolic execution
- Goal: automatically discover all execution paths

```
int f(int x, int y){
  if (x > 100){
  if (y == 1023){
    segfault(!!)
    } }
```

X	y constraints nex		next?
0	0	x <= 100	x > 100
101	0	x > 100, y != 1023	x > 100, y == 1023



- Concrete + Symbolic execution
- Goal: automatically discover all execution paths

```
int f(int x, int y){
  if (x > 100){
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    } }
```

X	y	y constraints next?	
0	0	x <= 100	x > 100
101	0	x > 100, y != 1023	x > 100, y == 1023
101	1023		



- Concrete + Symbolic execution
- Goal: automatically discover all execution paths

```
int f(int x, int y){
  if (x > 100){
  if (y == 1023){
    segfault(!!)
    } }
```

X	y	constraints	next?
0	0	x <= 100	x > 100
101	0	x > 100, y != 1023	x > 100, y == 1023
101	1023	x > 100, y == 1023	finished!



## Concolic Meta-interpretation

```
Interpreter >> bytecodePrimAdd
      rcvr arg result |
      rcvr := self internalStackValue: 1.
      arg := self internalStackValue: 0.
      (objectMemory areIntegers: rcvr and: arg) if True: [
        result := (objectMemory integerValueOf: rcvr) + (
          objectMemory integerValueOf: arg).
        "Check for overflow"
        (objectMemory isIntegerValue: result) if True: [
          self
 9
            internalPop: 2
10
            thenPush: (objectMemory integerObjectOf: result).
11
          ^ self fetchNextBytecode "success"]].
12
      "Slow path, message send"
13
      self normalSend
14
                            Interpreter Code
```

Argument 0 (type)	Argument 1(type)	Path
0 (integer)	0 (integer)	isInteger(arg0), isInteger(arg1), isInteger(arg0+arg1)
0xFFFFFFFF (integer)	1 (integer)	isInteger(arg0), isInteger(arg1), isNotInteger(arg0+arg1)
0 (integer)	object1 (object)	isInteger(arg0), isNotInteger(arg1)
object1 (object)	0 (integer)	isNotInteger(arg0), isInteger(arg1)
object1 (object)	object2 (object)	isNotInteger(arg0), isNotInteger(arg1)

# Interpreter-based Differential Testing

## Interpreter vs Compiled Code

#### Pharo VM Example

```
Interpreter >> bytecodePrimAdd
      rcvr arg result |
                                                                             ... # previous bytecode IR
      rcvr := self internalStackValue: 1.
                                                                                   checkSmallInteger t0
      arg := self internalStackValue: 0.
                                                                                   jumpzero notsmi
      (objectMemory areIntegers: rcvr and: arg) if True: [
                                                                                   checkSmallInteger t1
       result := (objectMemory integerValueOf: rcvr) + (
                                                                                   jumpzero notsmi
         objectMemory integerValueOf: arg).
                                                                                   t2 := t0 + t1
        "Check for overflow"
                                                                       6
       (objectMemory isIntegerValue: result) if True: [
                                                                                   jumpIfNotOverflow continue
         self
                                                                            notsmi: #slow case first send
           internalPop: 2
10
                                                                                   t2 := send #+ t0 t1
                                                                       9
           thenPush: (objectMemory integerObjectOf: result).
11
                                                                            continue:
                                                                      10
         ^ self fetchNextBytecode "success"]].
                                                                              ... # following bytecode IR
                                                                      11
      "Slow path, message send"
      self normalSend
```

# **Duplicated Semantics**Pharo VM Example

```
Interpreter >> bytecodePrimAdd
      rcvr arg result
                                                                          ... # previous bytecode IR
     rcvr := self internalStackValue: 1.
                                                                               checkSmallInteger t0
            olf intounalCtack/aluse O
                                                                               jumpzero notsmi
     (objectMemory areIntegers: rcvr and: arg)
                                                                               checkSmallInteger t1
       resuit := (object/viemory integervalueOi. rcvr) + (
                                                                               jumpzero notsmi
       "Check for overflow"
                                                                               jumpIfNotOverflow continue
       (objectMemory isIntegerValue: result)
                                                                         nots me #siow case msi senu
          internalPop: 2
10
                                                                               t2 := send \# + t0 t1
          thenPush: (objectMemory integerObjectOf: result).
11
                                                                         continue:
                  "success"]].
                                                                          ... # following bytecode IR
     "Slow path, message send"
     self normalSend
```

**Interpreter Code** 

**Equivalent Compiler IR** 

#### Example

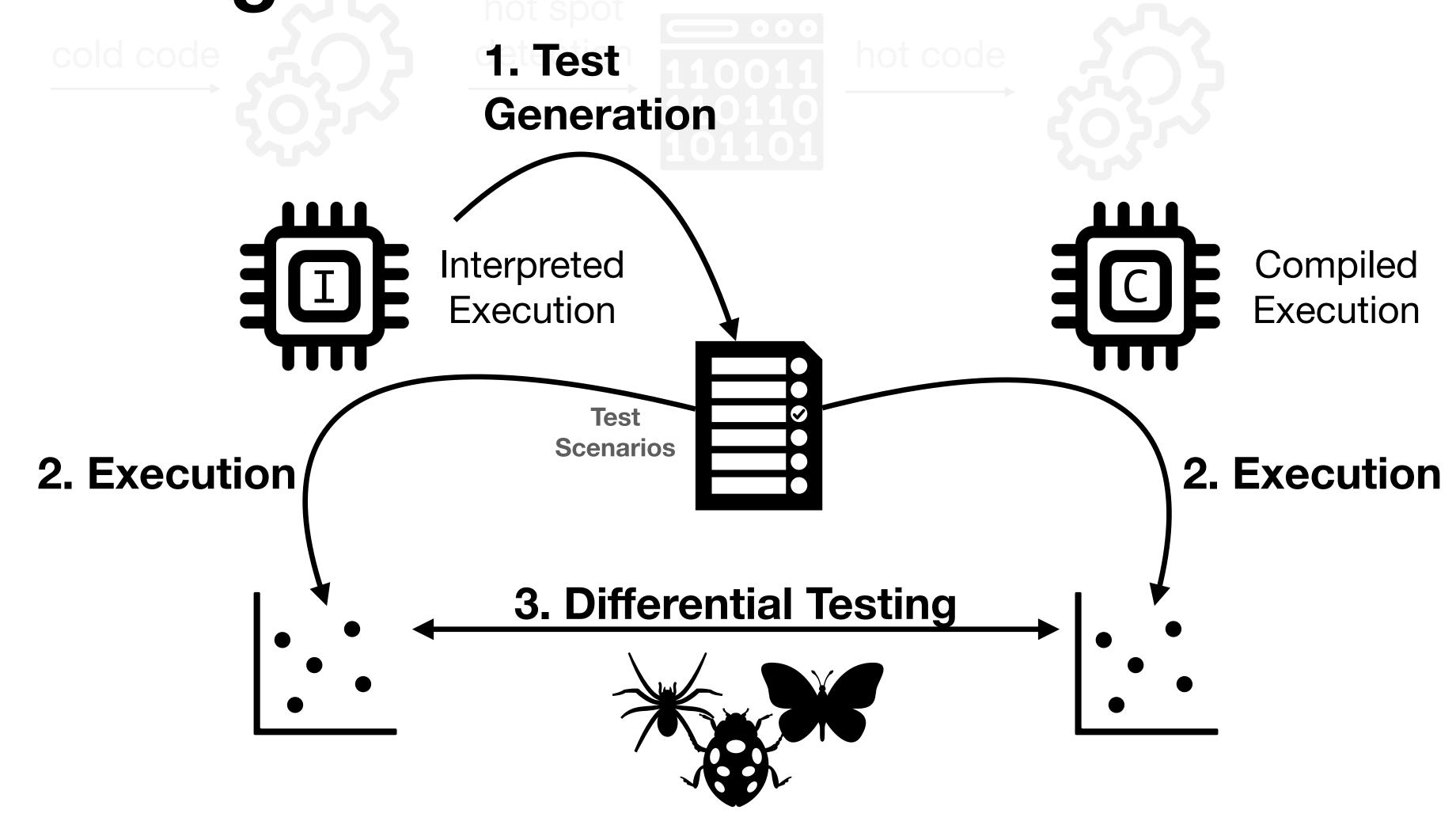
Argument 0 (type)	<b>Argument 1(type)</b>	Path
0 (integer)	0 (integer)	isInteger(arg0), isInteger(arg1), isInteger(arg0+arg1)
0xFFFFFFFF (integer)	1 (integer)	isInteger(arg0), isInteger(arg1), isNotInteger(arg0+arg1)
0 (integer)	object1 (object)	isInteger(arg0), isNotInteger(arg1)
object1 (object)	0 (integer)	isNotInteger(arg0), isInteger(arg1)
object1 (object)	object2 (object)	isNotInteger(arg0), isNotInteger(arg1)

```
Interpreter >> bytecodePrimAdd
      rcvr arg result
      rcvr := self internalStackValue: 1.
      arg := self internalStackValue: 0.
      (objectMemory areIntegers: rcvr and: arg) ifTrue: [
        result := (objectMemory integerValueOf: rcvr) + (
         objectMemory integerValueOf: arg).
        "Check for overflow"
        (objectMemory isIntegerValue: result) if True: [
         self
           internalPop: 2
10
           thenPush: (objectMemory integerObjectOf: result).
11
         ^ self fetchNextBytecode "success"]].
12
      "Slow path, message send"
13
      self normalSend
14
```

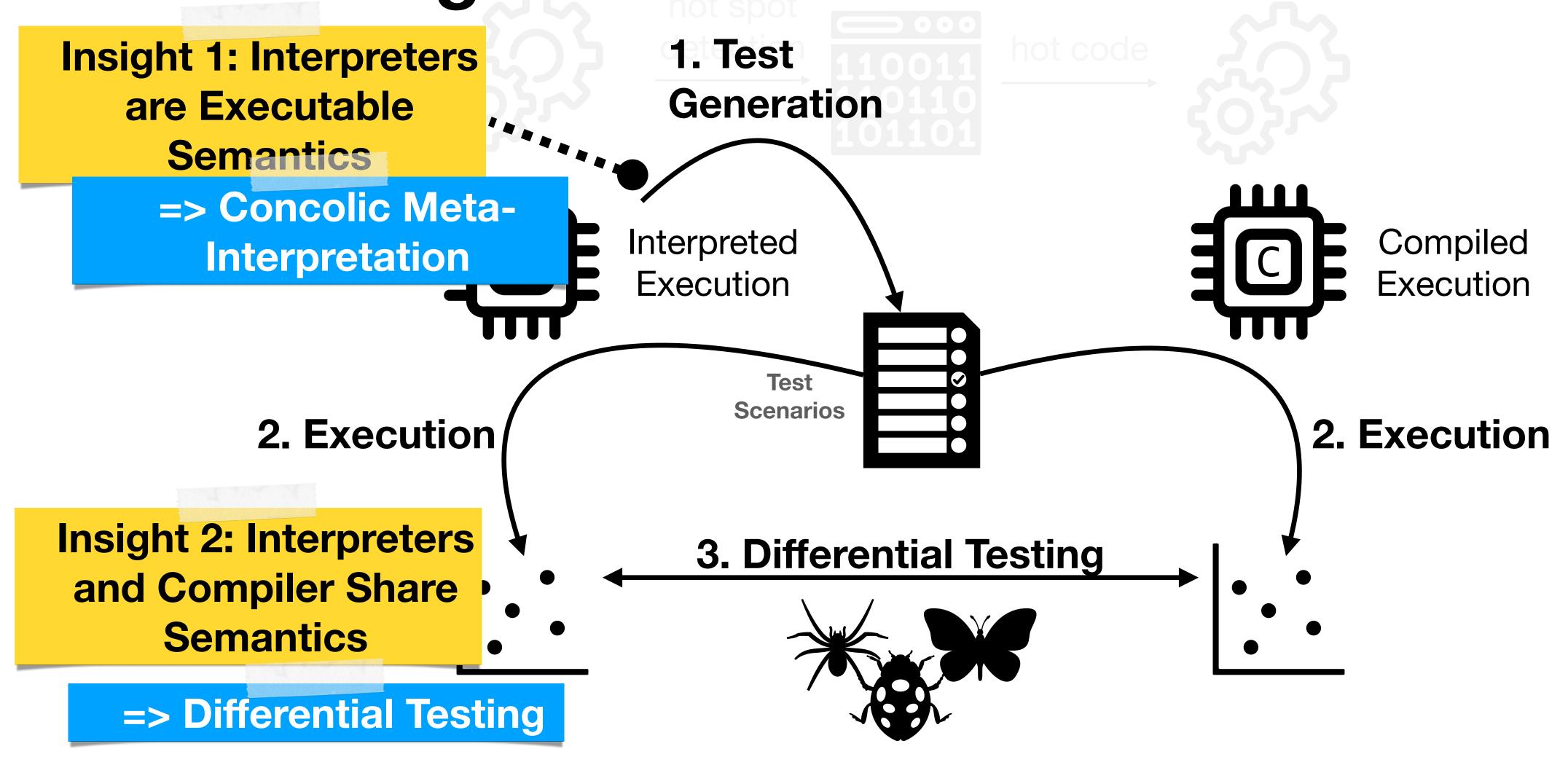
**Listing 1.** Excerpt of the byte-code interpretation implementing addition in the Pharo Virtual Machine.

**Listing** 2. Illustration of the Intermediate Representation instructions created when compiling the byte-code instruction in Listing 1.

Interpreter-Guided Automatic JIT Compiler Unit Testing



Interpreter-Guided Automatic JIT Compiler Unit Testing



## JIT + Interpreter Bugs!

- 3 bytecode compilers + 1 native method compiler
- 4928 tests generated

#### • 478 differences

Compiler	# Tested Instructions	# Interpreter Paths	# Curated Paths	# Differences (%)
Native Methods (primitives)	112	2024	1520	440 (28,95%)
Simple Stack BC Compiler	175	1308	1136	18 (1,59%)
Stack-to-Register BC Compiler	175	1308	1136	10 (0,88%)
Linear-Scan Allocator BC Compiler	175	1308	1136	10 (0,88%)
Total	637	5948	4928	478 (9,7%)

#### **Analysis of Differences Through Manual Inspection**

- 91 causes, 6 different categories
- Errors both in the interpreter AND the compilers
- 14 causes of **segmentation faults**!

Family	# Cases
Missing interpreter type check	1
Missing compiled type check	13
Optimisation difference	10
Behavioral difference	5
Missing Functionality	60
Simulation Error	2

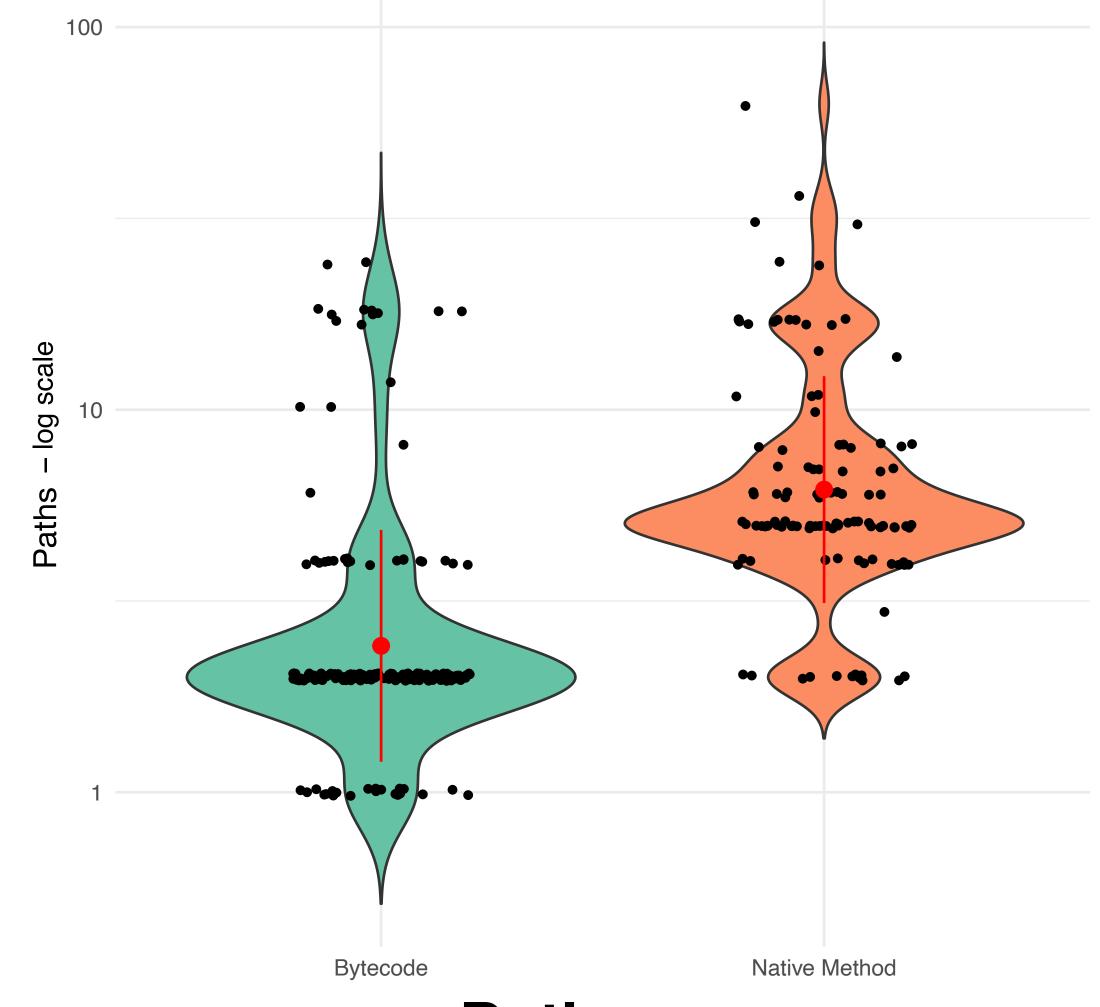


### **Characterising Concolic Execution**

#### Paths per instruction

 Native methods present in average more paths than bytecode instructions

- => longer time to explore
- => potentially more bugs

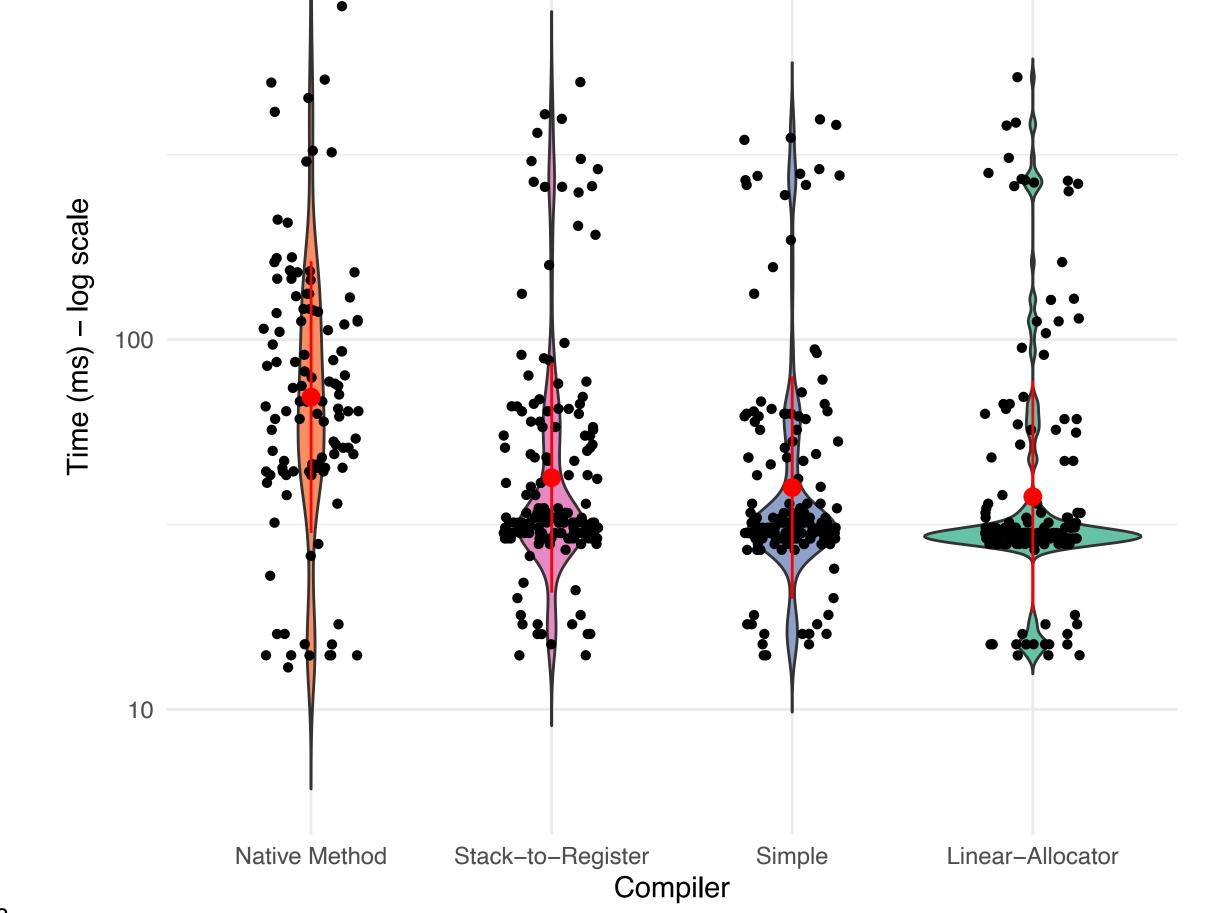






## Practical and Cheap

- Test generation ~5 minutes
- Total run time of ~10 seconds
  - Avg 30ms per instruction





### Takeaways

- Interpreters are executable language semantics
- Thus, they are useful to derive fuzzers and oracles

Combining different techniques we can arrive to powerful testing

#### Material

- DART: Directed Automated Random Testing. PLDI' 05 Godefroid et al.
- CUTE: a concolic unit testing engine for C. FSE'05 Set et al.
- Interpreter-Guided JIT Compiler Unit Testing. PLDI'22 Polito et al.