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**Bachelor Thesis**

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## **Preface**

This undergraduate graduation project is an extension of the previous work on Python API evolution conducted by Hengcheng Zhu and Zhaoxu Zhang of SUSTech class of 2020, which was summarized in their SANER 2020 paper How Do Python Framework APIs Evolve? An Exploratory Study.

Junda Ai  
March, 2021 at SUSTech



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## ABSTRACT

Python is a popular dynamic programming language that has thrived in the past decade with massive applications in various deciplines.

**Keywords:** Python, API Evolution, tree differencing, dynamic programming language



## Chapter 1 Introduction

Python is a popular dynamic programming language known for its relatively free form and powerful development frameworks, thus fulfilling the need of both programming beginners and professional programmers. Massive amount of softwares in various deciplines including deep learning, data analytics, and web services heavily rely on frameworks written in Python, such as TensorFlow, Pandas, and Django, to power their client applications. This have seen it boost in popularity over recent decades.

The same as frameworks written in other programming languages, Python frameworks' APIs evolve through time in order to be satisfactory. Adding bugfixes and feature implementations into existing APIs are seen commonly, while API deprecations and updates might also occur during structural redesign or refactoring in major releases. Among all change patterns in Python API evolution, some of which are backward-compatible and would retain the integrity of dependent client applications, often referred to as non-breaking changes. While others would cause compilation or runtime errors that obstruct client programs using APIs prior to these changes, called breaking changes.

A previous work looked into the common patterns in Python API evolution and compatibility issues incurred by breaking changes, and built a tool called PyCompat to automatically detect API misuse caused by breaking changes [1]. But the automation of the detection of compound API changes such as method renaming, method relocation, and parameter renaming remains unachieved. In this undergraduate graduation project, an empirical study on the classification of compound changes was first conducted by investigating commit logs of popular Python frameworks including TensorFlow and Flask and Django. And I would try to build a tool that automatically detects compound changes, based on the edit scripts generated by a tree-differencing tool. To summarize, this thesis makes two major contributions:

- I qualitatively analyzed the major types of compound changes occurred in Python API evolution.
- I design and implemented a tool to automatically detect compound changes classified in the above empirical study.



## **Chapter 2 Background**

### **2.1 The Python Programming Language**

Python is a popular dynamic programming language.

### **2.2 Python API Evolution**

There are some patterns in the evolution of Python APIs.

### **2.3 Compound Changes**

What are the compound changes?

### **2.4 Tree Differencing**

I use tree-differencing to help detecting API renamings.



## **Chapter 3 Tool Design**

This is tool design.

### **3.1 gumtree**

gumtree is an ast-differencing tool that can detect insert, delete, update, and move actions in python source files.

### **3.2 Edit Script Evaluation**

I evaluate edit scripts generated by gumtree to decide whether a change is method renaming or not.





## **Chapter 4 Tool Evaluation**

This is tool evaluation.



## **Chapter 5 Conclusions**

This is conclusion.



## References

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