

三重积分的一般变量替换

定理 设变换 $x = g_1(u, v, w), y = g_2(u, v, w), z = g_3(u, v, w), (u, v, w) \in H$ 满足

- (1) g_i (i = 1, 2, 3)在含 H 的开集上有连续偏导数;
- (2) $H \to$ 有界闭集 $V = \{(x, y, z) | x = g_1(u, v, w), y = g_2(u, v, w), z = g_3(u, v, w), (u, v, w) \in H \}$ 为一一对应的;

(3) 在
$$H$$
 内变换的雅可比行列式 $J = \frac{\partial(x, y, z)}{\partial(u, v, w)} = \begin{vmatrix} \frac{\partial g_1}{\partial u} & \frac{\partial g_1}{\partial v} & \frac{\partial g_1}{\partial w} \\ \frac{\partial g_2}{\partial u} & \frac{\partial g_2}{\partial v} & \frac{\partial g_2}{\partial w} \\ \frac{\partial g_3}{\partial u} & \frac{\partial g_3}{\partial v} & \frac{\partial g_3}{\partial w} \end{vmatrix} \neq 0$

则当f(x,y,z)在V上连续且可积时,有

$$\iiint_{V} f(x, y, z) dxdydz = \iiint_{H} f\left[g_{1}(u, v, w), g_{2}(u, v, w), g_{3}(u, v, w)\right] \cdot |J| dudvdw.$$

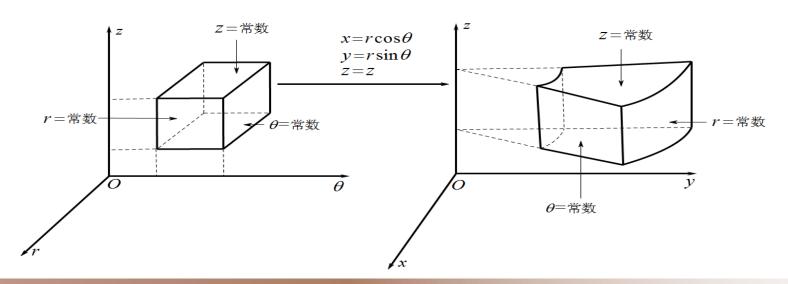


三重积分在柱面坐标系下的计算

柱面坐标变换 $x = r\cos\theta$, $y = r\sin\theta$, z = z, $(r \ge 0, 0 \le \theta \le 2\pi)$

此时
$$J = \frac{\partial(x, y, z)}{\partial(r, \theta, z)} = \begin{vmatrix} \cos \theta & -r \sin \theta & 0 \\ \sin \theta & r \cos \theta & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = r$$
, 所以有

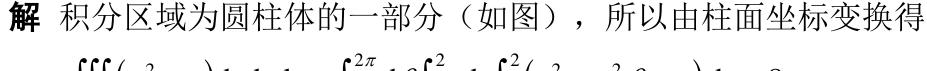
$$\iiint_{V} f(x, y, z) dxdydz = \iiint_{H} f[r\cos\theta, r\sin\theta, z] \cdot rdrd\theta dz.$$



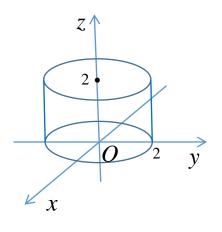


三重积分在柱面坐标系下的计算

例1 计算
$$\iiint_V (x^2 + z) dx dy dz$$
, 其中 $V \oplus z = 0$, $z = 2$ 和 $x^2 + y^2 = 4$ 围成.

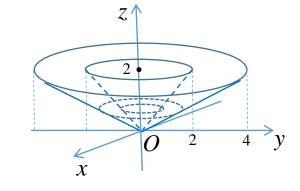


$$\iiint_{V} \left(x^{2}+z\right) dxdydz = \int_{0}^{2\pi} d\theta \int_{0}^{2} r dr \int_{0}^{2} \left(r^{2} \cos^{2} \theta + z\right) dz = 8\pi.$$



例2 用柱面坐标系表示三重积分 $\iiint_V f(x,y,z) dV$, 其中V 由

$$x^2 + y^2 = z^2$$
, $x^2 + y^2 = 4z^2$ 和 $z = 2$ 围成.



$$\iiint_{V} f(x, y, z) dV = \int_{0}^{2\pi} d\theta \int_{0}^{2} r dr \int_{\frac{r}{2}}^{r} f(r \cos \theta, r \sin \theta, z) dz + \int_{0}^{2\pi} d\theta \int_{2}^{4} r dr \int_{\frac{r}{2}}^{2} f(r \cos \theta, r \sin \theta, z) dz.$$

或
$$\iiint_{V} f(x, y, z) dV = \int_{0}^{2} dz \int_{0}^{2\pi} d\theta \int_{z}^{2z} f(r \cos \theta, r \sin \theta, z) r dr. \quad (截面法)$$

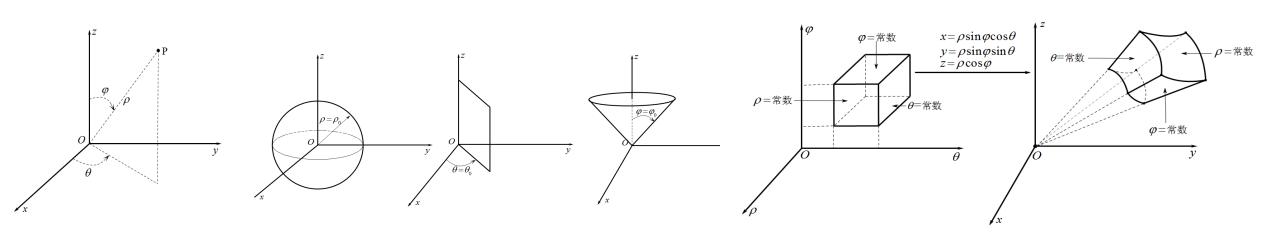


三重积分在球面坐标系下的计算

球面坐标变换 $x = \rho \sin \varphi \cos \theta$, $y = \rho \sin \varphi \sin \theta$, $z = \rho \cos \varphi$. $\rho \ge 0$, $0 \le \varphi \le \pi$, $0 \le \theta \le 2\pi$.

此时
$$J = \frac{\partial(x, y, z)}{\partial(\rho, \varphi, \theta)} = \begin{vmatrix} \sin \varphi \cos \theta & \rho \cos \varphi \cos \theta & -\rho \sin \varphi \sin \theta \\ \sin \varphi \sin \theta & \rho \cos \varphi \sin \theta & \rho \sin \varphi \cos \theta \\ \cos \varphi & -\rho \sin \varphi & 0 \end{vmatrix} = \rho^2 \sin \varphi,$$
所以有

 $\iiint_{V} f(x, y, z) dxdydz = \iiint_{H} f \left[\rho \sin \varphi \cos \theta, \ \rho \sin \varphi \sin \theta, \ \rho \cos \varphi \right] \cdot \rho^{2} \sin \varphi d\theta d\varphi d\rho.$





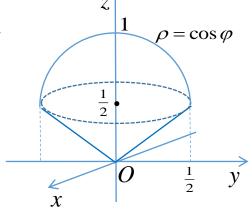
三重积分在球面坐标系下的计算

例3 计算球
$$x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = R^2$$
 的体积: **解** $V = \iiint_V 1 \, dx dy dz = \int_0^{2\pi} d\theta \int_0^{\pi} d\varphi \int_0^R \rho^2 \sin\varphi d\rho = \frac{4}{3}\pi R^3$.

例4 计算
$$\iint_{V} \sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2} \, dV$$
, 其中 $V = \{(x, y, z) | x^2 + y^2 + z^2 \le z, x^2 + y^2 \le z^2 \}$.

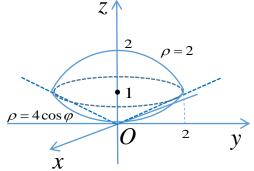
解 积分区域由球面和锥面围成(如图),所以

$$\iiint\limits_{V} \sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2} \, dV = \int_{0}^{2\pi} d\theta \int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{4}} d\varphi \int_{0}^{\cos\varphi} \rho \cdot \rho^2 \sin\varphi d\rho = \frac{\pi}{10} \left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{8} \right).$$



例5 用球面坐标系表示三重积分 $\iint_V z \, dV$, 其中

$$V = \left\{ (x, y, z) \middle| x^2 + y^2 + z^2 \le 4, \ x^2 + y^2 + z^2 \le 4z \right\}.$$



$$\mathbf{\widetilde{R}} \iiint_{V} z \, dV = \int_{0}^{2\pi} d\theta \int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{3}} d\varphi \int_{0}^{2} \rho \cos \varphi \cdot \rho^{2} \sin \varphi d\rho + \int_{0}^{2\pi} d\theta \int_{\frac{\pi}{3}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} d\varphi \int_{0}^{4\cos \varphi} \rho \cos \varphi \cdot \rho^{2} \sin \varphi d\rho.$$



