



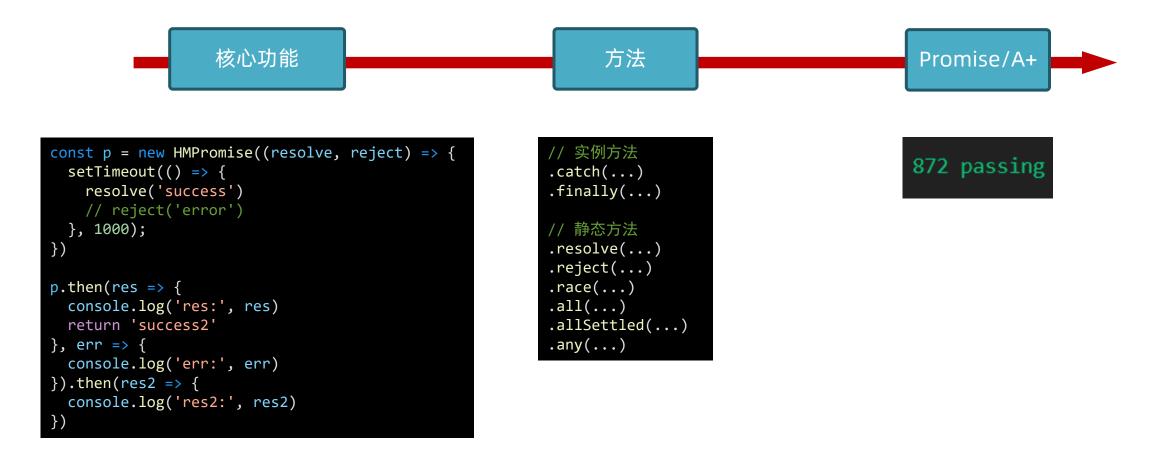






手写Promise

需求: 手写Promise, 实现所有功能, 并通过Promise/A+测试





构造函数

状态及原因

then方法

异步任务

```
const p = new HMPromise((resolve, reject) => {
    setTimeout(() => {
        resolve('success')
        // reject('error')
    }, 1000);
})

p.then(res => {
    console.log('res:', res)
    return 'success2'
}, err => {
    console.log('err:', err)
}).then(res2 => {
    console.log('res2:', res2)
})
```



核心步骤: 定义类 添加构造函数 ——→ 定义resolve/reject ——→ 执行回调函数

构造函数

状态及原因

then方法

异步任务

```
const p = new HMPromise((resolve, reject) => {
  resolve('success')
  // reject('error')
})
```



构造函数

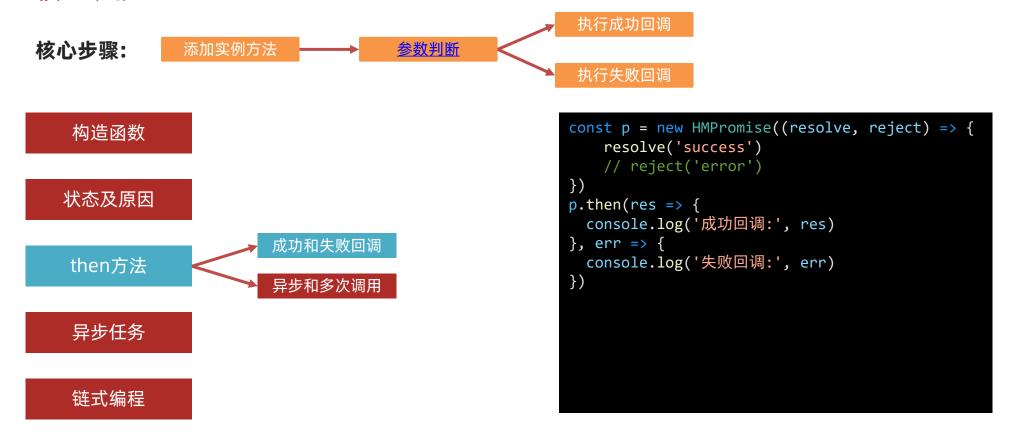
状态及原因

then方法

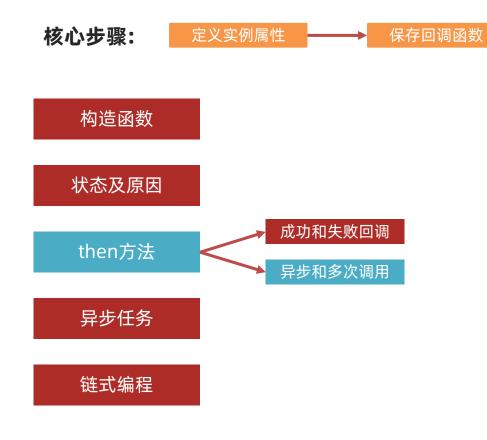
异步任务

```
const p = new HMPromise((resolve, reject) => {
  resolve('success') // pending -> fulfilled
  // reject('error') // pending -> rejected
})
p.state // 状态
p.result // 原因
```









调用成功回调

调用失败回调

```
const p = new HMPromise((resolve, reject) => {
    setTimeout(() => {
        resolve('success')
        // reject('error')
    }, 2000);
})

p.then(res => {
    console.log('then1:', res)
}, err => {
    console.log('then1:', err)
})

p.then(res => {
    console.log('then2:', res)
}, err => {
    console.log('then2:', err)
})
```



需求: 输出 top bottom success

构造函数

状态及原因

then方法

异步任务

```
console.log('top')
const p = new HMPromise((resolve, reject) => {
  resolve('success')
})
p.then(res => {
  console.log(res)
})
console.log('bottom')
```



核心api:

核心api

函数封装

- **1. vue2:** Promise.then、MutationObserver、 setImmediate 、 setTimeout
- 2. 选用: queueMicrotask、MutationObserver、 setTimeout

状态及原因

构造函数

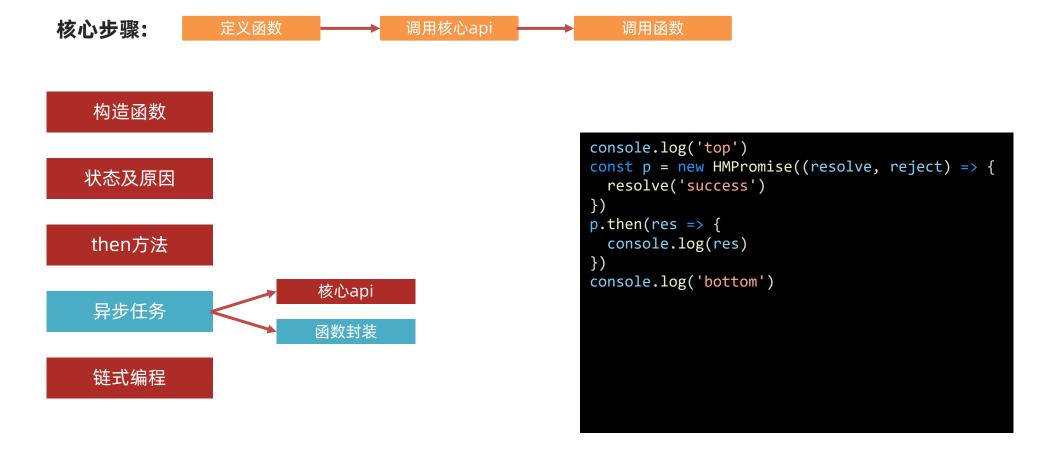
then方法

异步任务

```
queueMicrotask(() => {
```

```
const obs = new MutationObserver(() => {
 //...
const divNode = document.createElement('div')
obs.observe(divNode, { childList: true })
divNode.innerText = 'itheima 666'
```







核心步骤: 返回新Promise实例 获取返回值 处理返回值 处理异常 处理返回Promise 处理返回Promise 处理重复引用

构造函数

状态及原因

then方法

异步任务

链式编程

fulfilled状态 rejected状态 pending状态

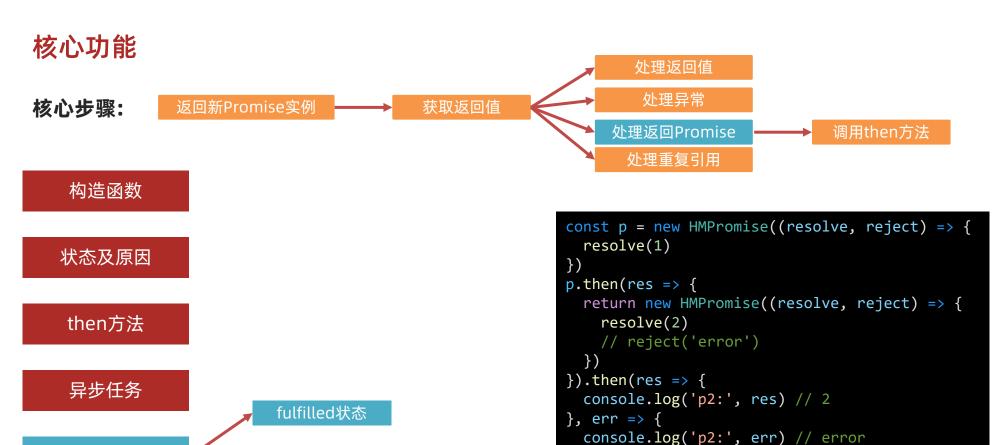
```
const p = new HMPromise((resolve, reject) => {
   resolve(1)
})
p.then(res => {
   console.log(res)
   // throw 'throw-error'
   return 2
}).then(res => {
   console.log(res)
}, err => {
   console.log(err)
})
```



链式编程

rejected状态

pending状态





核心功能 处理返回值 处理异常 返回新Promise实例 核心步骤: 获取返回值 处理返回Promise 抛出异常 处理重复引用 构造函数 throw new TypeError('') const p = new HMPromise((resolve, reject) => { resolve(1) 状态及原因 const p2 = p.then(res => { return p2 then方法 p2.then(res => { }, 异步任务 err => console.log('err:', err)) fulfilled状态 链式编程 rejected状态 pending状态

▶ Uncaught (in promise) TypeError: Chaining cycle detected for promise #<Promise>



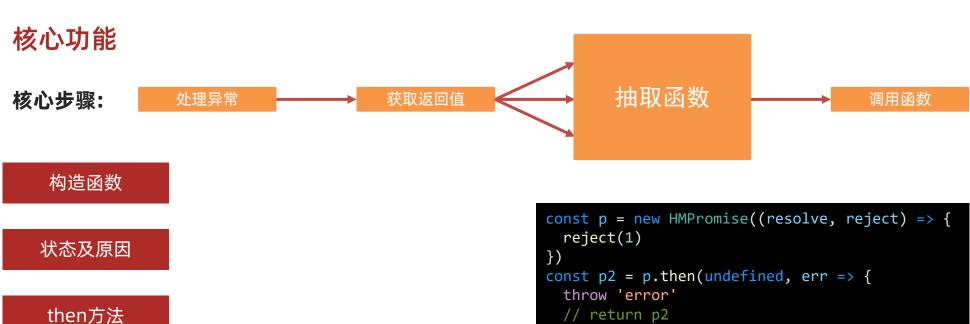
异步任务

链式编程

fulfilled状态

rejected状态

pending状态







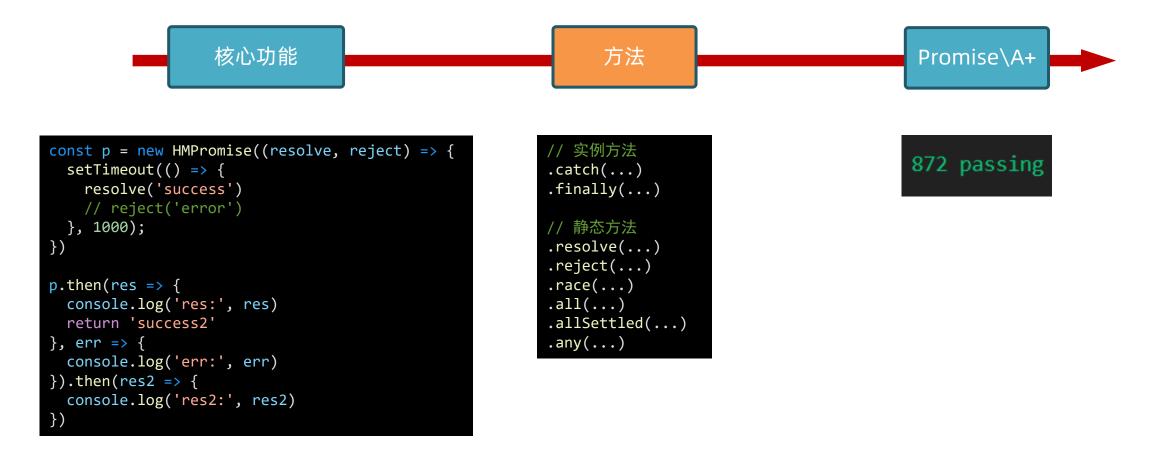
构造函数 状态及原因 then方法 异步任务 fulfilled状态 链式编程 rejected状态 pending状态

```
const p = new HMPromise((resolve, reject) => {
 setTimeout(() => {
   resolve(1)
  }, 2000)
const p2 = p.then(res => {
 throw 'error'
 // return p2
  // return 2
  // return new HMPromise((resolve, reject) => {
      resolve('resolve-2')
     // reject('reject-2')
 // })
p2.then(res => {
 console.log('p2-res:', res)
}, err => {
 console.log('p2-err:', err)
```



手写Promise

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实例方法

catch

finally

```
const p = new HMPromise((resolve, reject) => {
  reject('reject-error')
  // throw 'throw-error'
})

p.then(res => {
  console.log('res:', res)
}).catch(err => {
   console.log('err:', err)
})
```



实例方法

核心步骤: 参考文档 内部调用then

catch

finally

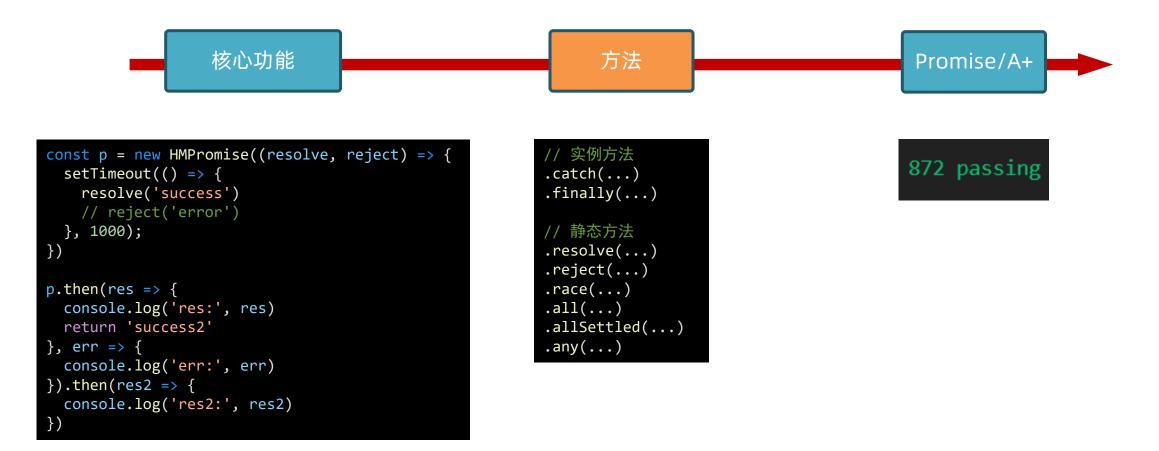
```
const p = new HMPromise((resolve, reject) => {
    // resolve('resolve-res')
    // reject('reject-error')
    // throw 'throw-error'
})

p.then(res => {
    console.log('res:', res)
}).catch(err => {
    console.log('err:', err)
}).finally(() => {
    console.log('finally')
})
```



手写Promise

需求: 手写Promise, 实现所有功能, 并通过Promise/A+测试





核心步骤: 参考文档 判断传入值 转为Promise并返回

resolve

reject

race

all

allSettled

any

```
HMPromise.resolve(new HMPromise((resolve, reject) => {
    // resolve('resolve')
    // reject('reject')
    // throw 'error'
})).then(res => {
    console.log('res:', res)
}, err => {
    console.log('err:', err)
})

HMPromise.resolve('itheima').then(res => {
    console.log(res)
})
```



核心步骤: 参考文档 返回rejected状态的Promise

resolve

reject

race

all

allSettled

any

```
HMPromise.reject('error').catch(res => {
  console.log(res)
})
```



resolve

reject

race

all

allSettled

any

```
const p1 = new HMPromise((resolve, reject) => {
    setTimeout(() => {
        resolve(1)
      }, 2000)
})
const p2 = new HMPromise((resolve, reject) => {
    setTimeout(() => {
        reject(2)
      }, 1000)
})

HMPromise.race([p1, p2, 'itheima']).then((res) => {
        console.log('res:', res)
}, err => {
        console.log('err:', err)
})
```

TypeError: undefined is not iterable (cannot read property Symbol(Symbol.iterator))



判断是否为数组 核心步骤: 参考文档 返回Promise resolve 1.自我介绍 2.Websocket 和Websocket长连接 3.节流防抖 reject 4.Http 缓存 5.es6新特性 race 6.垃圾内存机制 7.闭包使用和回收 all 8.Promise 如何解决回调地狱 + all的底层原理 9.本地缓存 10.小程序打包过大,优化 allSettled 11.路由 12.vue 生命周期 any 13.权限管理





resolve

reject

race

all

allSettled

any

```
const results = []
let count = 0
promises.forEach((p, index) => {
    HMPromise.resolve(p).then(
    res => {
        results[index] = res
        count++
        count === promises.length && resolve(results)
    },
    err => {
        reject(err)
    })
})
```

```
const p1 = HMPromise.resolve(1)
const p2 = new HMPromise((resolve, reject) =>
{
   setTimeout(() => {
      resolve(2)
   }, 1000)
})
const p3 = 3

[p1, p2, p3]
```

```
[ , , 3]
```



核心步骤:

参考文档

resolve

reject

race

all

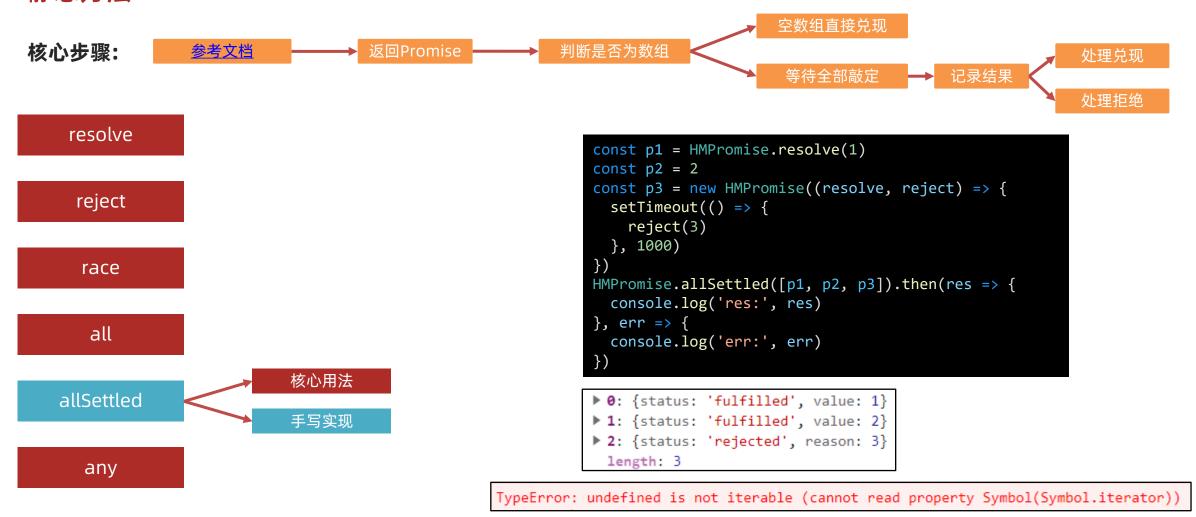
allSettled

核心用法

手写实现

any







核心步骤:

参考文档

resolve

reject

race

all

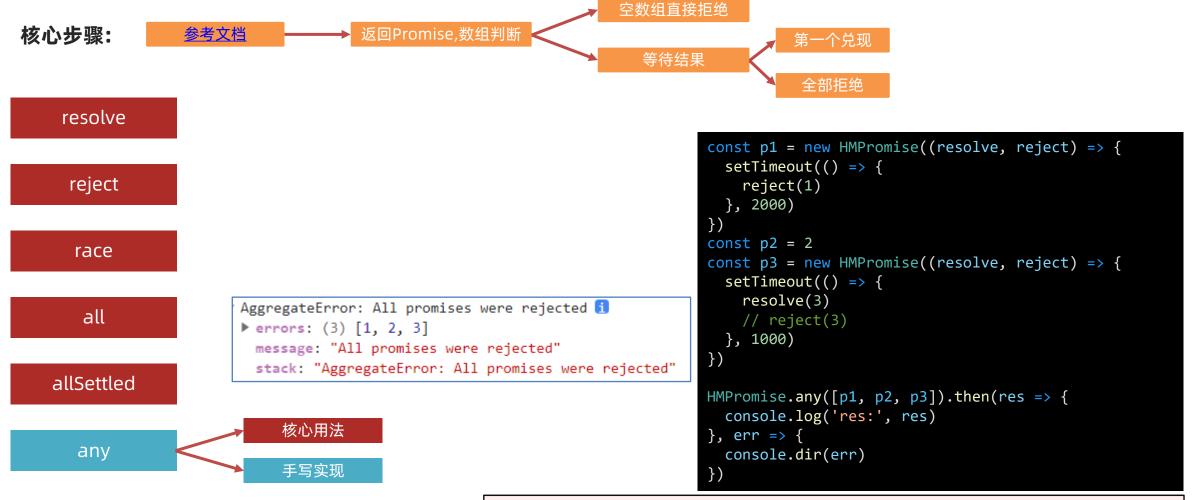
allSettled

any

核心用法

手写实现



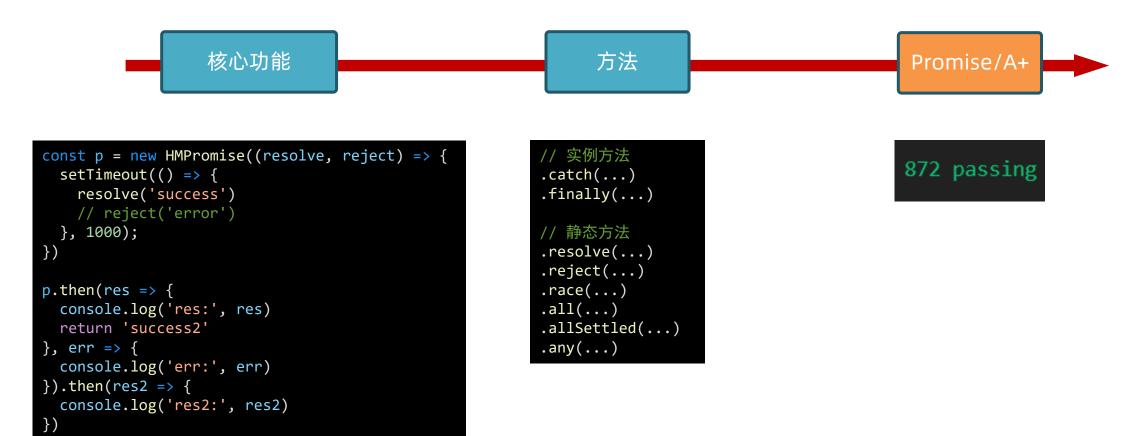


TypeError: undefined is not iterable (cannot read property Symbol(Symbol.iterator))



手写Promise

需求: 手写Promise, 实现所有功能, 并通过Promise/A+测试





Promise/A+

Promise/A+规范是由社区提出的,最早的Promise是由社区首先提出和实现的

社区提出并实现

- 1. Q
- 2. when
- 3. WinJS
- 4. RSVP.js

...

ES6加入语言标准



Promise/A+

通过 promises-aplus-tests 测试代码是否符合Promise/A+规范

核心步骤:

使用CommonJS暴露对象

下包

配置并执行命令

1. 提供deferred方法,返回对象{promise,resolve,reject}

1.1 promise: pending状态的promise实例

1.2 resolve: 以传入的原因兑现promise

1.3 reject: 以传入的原因拒绝promise

module.exports = {
 deferred() {
 const res = {}
 res.promise = new HMPromise((resolve, reject) => {
 res.resolve = resolve
 res.reject = reject
 })
 return res
}

1. 初始化项目: npm init -y

2. 下包: npm i promises-aplus-tests -D

命令:promises-aplus-tests 代码文件



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