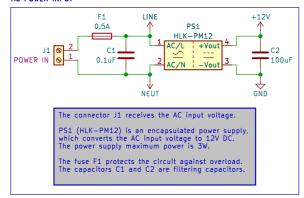
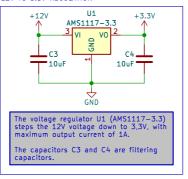
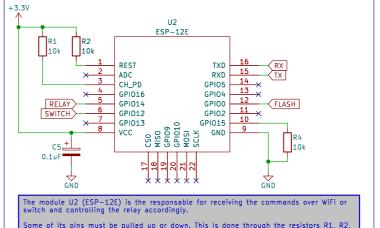
AC POWER INPUT



12V TO 3.3V REGULATION



WIFI MODULE

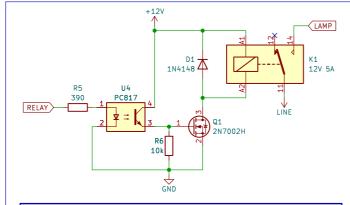


Some of its pins must be pulled up or down. This is done through the resistors R1, R2, R3 and R4.

The capacitor C5 is a filtering capacitor for the power input.

The switch SW1 connects the GPI00 pin to ground, wich is necessary when uploading the code.

RELAY CONTROL



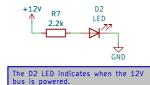
A digital output is used to control the relay through the Q1 transistor (2N7002H).

The U4 optocoupler (PC817) isolate the output from the power circuit.

When the output's logic level is LOW, the transistor is not conducting and the relay coil is de-energized. When the output's logic level is HIGH, the transistor is conducting and the relay coil is energized.

The R5 resistor limit the optocoupler input current. The R6 resistor pull the transistor gate down. The D1 diode act as a flyback diode.

POWER LED

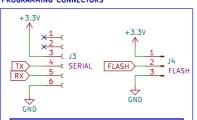


The R7 resistor limits the current through the LED.

The connector J2 is the interface connector for the lamp and the external switch.

LAMP CONNECTOR

PROGRAMMING CONNECTORS



The J3 connector provides access to the WiFi module serial bus.
The J4 connector needs a jumper to connect the microcontroller FLASH pin to 3V3 or GND.
GPIO0 connected to GND is used to program the microcontroller.
GPI00 connected to 3V3 is uded to run the code.

Alan Carvalho

Sheet: / File: lamp_module_x1.kicad_sch

Title: Lamp Module X1

Size: A3 Date: 2024-05-02 KiCad E.D.A. kicad 7.0.8