CS 61A Exam-Prep Section - Week of 9/10

Topics: recursion fill-in, tree recursion fill-in

Attendance link: links.cs61a.org/295

Print Numbers

```
def print_numbers(n, k):
 """Print all numbers that (A) can be formed from the digits
      of `n` in reverse order and (B) are multiples of `k`.
 This is essentially Fall 2015 Midterm 2 #3c written to not
      depend on knowledge of lists.
 Args:
      n (int): The number that results must use digits from.
      k (int): The number that results must be multiples of.
 >>> print_numbers(97531, 5)
 135
 15
 35
 >>> print_numbers(97531, 7)
 1379
 357
 35
 >>> print_numbers(97531, 2)
 11 11 11
 def inner(n, s):
      if n == 0:
      else:
            _____
 inner(n, 0)
```

Sixty Ones

```
def sixty_ones(n):
"""Return the number of times that a 1 directly follows a 6
     in the digits of `n`.
This is essentially Fall 2014 Midterm 2 #3a written to not
    depend on knowledge of lists.
Args:
    n (int): The number whose digits are to be examined.
Returns:
     int: The number of occurrences.
>>> sixty_ones(461601)
>>> sixty_ones(161461601)
2
11 11 11
if ____:
     return 0
elif _____:
     return _____
else:
```

No Elevens

```
def no_elevens(n):
"""Return the number of `n`-digit numbers whose digits
    consist of 1's and 6's and do not contain a `1` and
    then another `1` consecutively.
This is essentially Fall 2014 Midterm 2 #3b rewritten to
    not depend on knowledge of lists.
Args:
    n (int): The length of the numbers.
Returns:
    int: The number of numbers.
>>> no_elevens(2) # 66, 61, 16
>>> no_elevens(3) # 666, 661, 616, 166, 161
5
11 11 11
if n == 0:
    return _____
elif _____:
    return _____
else:
    return _____
```