

Data Structures

Quiz - 2

Question:

(a) Implement the following method:

```
public static <E> boolean search(Stack<E> queue, E element)
```

Ensure that when your method returns, the stack remains unchanged from its original state.

(b) If the enqueue and dequeue operations have an asymptotic complexity of $O(1)$ for a particular implementation, what are the worst-case and best-case asymptotic computational complexities of your method?

Solution:

There are 2 possible solutions! (For both, Asymptotic complexity is $O(n)$)

```
1 public static <E> boolean search(Stack<E> queue, E element) {
2     boolean isFound = false;
3     Queue<E> searchQueue = new LinkedList<E>();
4     Stack<E> reversed = new LinkedStack<E>();
5
6     while(queue.size() != 0) {
7         searchQueue.enqueue(queue.pop());
8     }
9
10    while(searchQueue.size() != 0) {
11        E searchElement = searchQueue.dequeue();
12        if (searchElement.equals(element)) {
13            isFound = true;
14        }
15        reversed.push(searchElement);
16    }
17
18    while(reversed.size() != 0) {
19        queue.push(reversed.pop());
20    }
21
22    return isFound;
23 }
```

```
1 public static <E> boolean search(Stack<E> queue, E element) {
2     boolean isFound = false;
3     Stack<E> reversed = new LinkedStack<E>();
4
5     while(queue.size() != 0) {
6         E searchElement = queue.pop();
7         if (searchElement.equals(element)) {
8             isFound = true;
9         }
10        reversed.push(searchElement);
11    }
```

```
11     }
12
13     while(reversed.size() != 0) {
14         queue.push(reversed.pop());
15     }
16
17     return isFound;
18 }
```