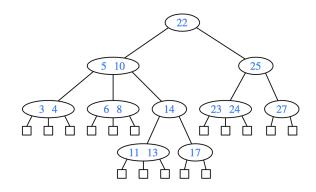
## Data Structures: 8th Recitation Questions



- 1. Is the tree above a (2,4) Tree? Why or why not?
- 2. Dr. Amongus claims that a (2,4) tree storing a set of entries will always have the same structure, regardless of the order in which the entries are inserted. Show that he is wrong.
- 3. Consider the sequence of keys (5, 16, 22, 45, 2, 10, 18, 30, 50, 12, 1). Draw the result of inserting entries with these keys (in the given order) into an initially empty (2, 4) tree.
- 4. Consider the set of keys  $K = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15\}.$ 
  - (a) Draw a (2,4) tree storing K as its keys using the fewest number of nodes.
  - (b) Draw a (2,4) tree storing K as its keys using the greatest number of nodes.
- 5. Let T and U be (2,4) trees storing n and m entries, respectively, such that all the entries in T have keys less than the keys of all the entries in U. Describe an  $O(\log n + \log m)$ -time method for joining T and U into a single tree that stores all the entries in T and U.