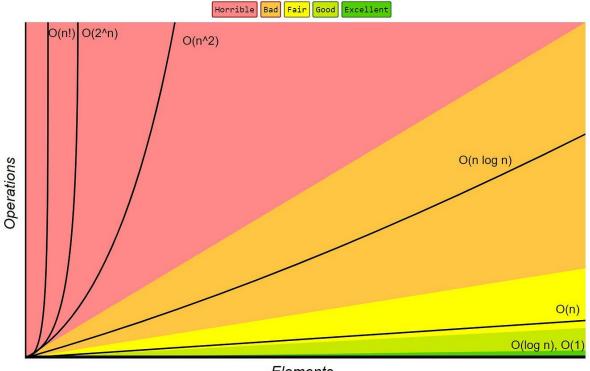
## **Recitation III: Asymptotic** Complexity

: Tags	
Date	@February 9, 2024
Files & media	DS recitation 3.pdf

**Big-O Complexity Chart** 



```
/** Returns true if there are no duplicate elements in the array. */
   public static boolean unique1(int[] data) {
3
     int n = data.length;
4
     for (int j=0; j < n-1; j++)
        for (int k=j+1; k < n; k++)
5
         if (data[i] == data[k])
6
            return false:
7
                                                 // found duplicate pair
8
                                                 // if we reach this, elements are unique
     return true;
   }
          Code Fragment 4.7: Algorithm unique1 for testing element uniqueness.
    /** Returns true if there are no duplicate elements in the array. */
    public static boolean unique2(int[] data) {
      int n = data.length;
      int[] temp = Arrays.copyOf(data, n);
 4
                                                // make copy of data
 5
      Arrays.sort(temp);
                                                 // and sort the copy
      for (int j=0; j < n-1; j++)
        if (temp[j] == temp[j+1])
                                                // check neighboring entries
8
          return false;
                                                 // found duplicate pair
9
                                                 // if we reach this, elements are unique
      return true;
10 }
          Code Fragment 4.8: Algorithm unique2 for testing element uniqueness.
     /** Returns the sum of the prefix sums of given array. */
    public static int example3(int[] arr) {
18
19
      int n = arr.length, total = 0;
20
      for (int j=0; j < n; j++)
                                                                // loop from 0 to n-1
                                                                // loop from 0 to j
         for (int k=0; k <= j; k++)
21
22
           total += arr[j];
23
      return total;
24
     }
25
26
    /** Returns the sum of the prefix sums of given array. */
     public static int example4(int[] arr) {
      int n = arr.length, prefix = 0, total = 0;
28
29
      for (int j=0; j < n; j++) {
                                                                // loop from 0 to n-1
30
         prefix += arr[j];
31
         total += prefix;
32
33
       return total;
```

**34** }