

ECE 443/518 – Computer Cyber Security

Lecture 01 Introduction

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Outline

Administrative Issues

Computer Cyber Security

Reading Assignment

- ▶ This lecture: Course Syllabus, ICS 1
- ▶ Next lecture: UC 1

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Administrative Issues

Computer Cyber Security

Instructor

- ▶ Professor Jia Wang
- ▶ E-Mail: jwang34@iit.edu
- ▶ Office hours: TBD

Lectures

- ▶ Mon./Wed. 11:15 AM – 12:30 PM
- ▶ Stuart Building 113
- ▶ Course website:
<http://www.ece.iit.edu/~jwang/ece443-2022f>

Textbooks

► Required Textbook

UC “Understanding Cryptography: A Textbook for Students and Practitioners”

C. Paar and J. Pelzl, Springer, 2010. ISBN-13:

978-3642446498

<https://i-share.carli.illinois.edu/vf-iit/Record/IITdb.809772>

► Recommended Textbook

ICS “Introduction to Computer Security”

M. Bishop, Addison-Wesley, 2005. ISBN: 0321247442

Useful Websites

- ▶ <http://www.crypto-textbook.com/>
 - ▶ Website of the textbook UC, with lecture slides and videos from the authors.
- ▶ <https://www.schneier.com/>
 - ▶ Schneier on Security, with a lot of blog and news articles.

Prerequisite

- ▶ Computer programming
- ▶ Digital logic and computer organization
- ▶ Probability

The Security Mindset

- ▶ Computer cyber systems: software and hardware, collaboration via (network) communications.
- ▶ Secure communication: introductory cryptography.
- ▶ Secure collaboration: advanced cryptography.
- ▶ System security and hardware security.
- ▶ Digital forensics.
- ▶ Languages and libraries for cryptography applications.

Course Objectives (ABET)

After completing this course, you should be able to:

1. Describe computer cyber security as threats and defense mechanisms.
2. Understand stream ciphers, block ciphers, cryptographic hash functions, and public-key cryptography.
3. Explain authenticated encryption, man-in-the-middle attack, perfect forward secrecy, and their impact on secure communication protocol designs.
4. Understand system security concepts including security policies and access control.
5. Describe vulnerabilities in software and hardware systems.
6. Explain digital forensics processes.

Homeworks/Projects

- ▶ 5 Homeworks
 - ▶ Submit online in Blackboard only.
- ▶ 4 Projects
- ▶ 2 Advanced Projects
 - ▶ Optional for ECE 443
 - ▶ Required for ECE 518
- ▶ Late homeworks and projects will not be graded.

Project Setup

- ▶ For Project 5, a computer desktop or laptop that is able to run VirtualBox is required, with the following recommendations.
 - ▶ Solid-state drive(s).
 - ▶ At least 16GB of memory.
 - ▶ At least 4 physical processor cores.
- ▶ For all other projects, please install VSCode and Go following the instructions on:
`https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/developer/go/configure-visual-studio-code`

Ethics (Very Seriously)

- ▶ Read “IIT Code of Academic Honesty” and “IEEE Code of Conduct” (posted on the course website).
 - ▶ Projects/homeworks should be done individually.
 - ▶ Discussions on homeworks/projects are encouraged.
 - ▶ Source code from the lectures and instructions in this course can be used directly.
- ▶ All other writings and code should be **BY YOURSELF**.
 - ▶ **NEVER SHARE YOUR WRITINGS/CODE WITH OTHERS!**
 - ▶ **NEVER USE WRITINGS/CODE FROM OTHERS!**
- ▶ Please review our **Academic Honesty Guidelines**.
<https://web.iit.edu/ugaa/academic-honesty>

Exams

- ▶ Midterm: 11:25 AM – 12:40 PM, Wed., 10/13
- ▶ Closed book/notes, cheat sheet allowed
- ▶ Makeup exams will **NOT** be given.

- ▶ Percentage
 - ▶ Homeworks: 20%
 - ▶ Projects: 60% (20% extra)
 - ▶ Midterm: 40%
- ▶ Letter grade
 - ▶ A: 90
 - ▶ B: 80
 - ▶ C: 60
 - ▶ D: 55

- ▶ Percentage
 - ▶ Homeworks: 10%
 - ▶ Projects: 60%
 - ▶ Midterm: 30%
- ▶ Letter grade
 - ▶ A: 90
 - ▶ B: 80
 - ▶ C: 60

Outline

Administrative Issues

Computer Cyber Security

Any Risk?

- ▶ Use simple passwords.
- ▶ Use the same password for many websites.
- ▶ Click links in emails.
- ▶ Open attached files in emails.
- ▶ Use USB drives.
- ▶ Send your laptop or cell phone for repair.
- ▶ Can you prevent others to do such things that may affect you?

More to Evaluate

- ▶ Throw out broken Wifi bulbs.
- ▶ Leave cryptocurrency in exchange's accounts.
- ▶ Install apps.
- ▶ Post photos and videos online.

Recent Years

- ▶ 2020 United States federal government data breach
- ▶ May 2021 Colonial Pipeline ransomware attack
- ▶ Too many data breaches to be listed here, with some affecting more than 1 billion people.

CIA: Basic Components of (Computer Cyber) Security

- ▶ A king need to send messages to a general fighting in a war.
 - ▶ War and banking are two most common recurring themes when discussing security.
- ▶ Confidentiality
 - ▶ Only the king and the general can read the messages.
- ▶ Integrity
 - ▶ The general should only accept messages sent by the king.
- ▶ Availability
 - ▶ Some of the messages must be able to reach the general.
- ▶ We will focus on confidentiality and integrity for this course, and discuss other important components including authentication, authorization, and nonrepudiation later.

Threats and Attacks

- ▶ Threats: potential violation of security
 - ▶ E.g. snooping, alteration, spoofing, repudiation of origin, denial of receipt, delay, denial of service in a messaging system.
 - ▶ And many more.
- ▶ Attacks: what cause violations to occur
- ▶ Need to guard against attacks that might happen.
 - ▶ Before an attack actually happens.
- ▶ The security mindset: can you envision an attack to a system even before the existence of the attack?

Security Policy and Mechanism

- ▶ Policy: what is, and what is not, allowed.
 - ▶ E.g. only the king and the general can read the messages.
- ▶ Mechanism: how to enforce the policy.
 - ▶ E.g. to encrypt the messages using a secret key known only to the king and the general.
- ▶ In many cases, it is impossible to enforce the policy without a proper mechanism.
 - ▶ E.g. how to enforce the policy that only the king and the general can read the messages without encryption?
- ▶ The use of a mechanism may require additional policies.
 - ▶ E.g. neither the king nor the general should tell anyone else about the secret key, and they should choose a complex secret key.

Assumptions and Trust

- ▶ But how could we be sure that a policy together with the mechanism will correctly guarantee desired security?
- ▶ We need assumptions!
 - ▶ E.g., we assume that attackers cannot decrypt the messages without the secret key.
 - ▶ We have to make additional assumptions if the king and the general use computers and networks to communicate.
- ▶ Trusts: assumptions based on other assumptions
 - ▶ Hardware is secure. By secure we mean that it computes correctly and will not leak key or messages.
 - ▶ OS and libraries are secure.
 - ▶ Software implementations are secure.
 - ▶ And so on.
- ▶ Assumptions may be undermined over time.
 - ▶ What if we could factor large integers efficiently tomorrow?

Practical Issues

- ▶ Policy and mechanism that are good in theory may still fail in practice.
- ▶ Operational Issues
 - ▶ Some mechanisms are too costly to enforce
 - ▶ Some subsystem needs less protection than others
 - ▶ What if encryption is illegal?
- ▶ Human Issues
 - ▶ Underestimating the loss, responsibility vs. power, lack of workforce and resource
 - ▶ Attacks from insiders, lack of training, human errors

Summary

- ▶ Computer cyber security as threats and defense mechanisms.
- ▶ Practical issues.