ITMS 538 Forensics Analysis Investigation Midterm

My supervisor has personally selected me for a case in a big IT company. The case weapon is not found yet. The suspect seems to have hidden the weapon in a locker. During the search at the suspect's residence, a USB drive and an old coffee-stained scrap of paper was found.

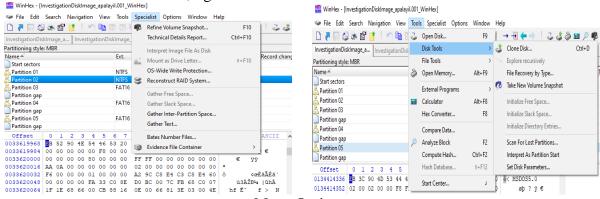
The items are given to me to investigate the case. I first look over the scrap paper and note down the information written over it. From left to right, the paper contained the following information:

- Start Here: P8 (Bootstrap Code) in red circle.
- Key:
 - o Format: P < number>; S < number>
 - o P -> partition number
 - S -> logical partition sector address
- What Forensics Tools???
 - o Autopsy helps some, too
 - WinHex testdisk
- Idea... use FAT partition Boot Sector
 - o https://www.ntfs.com/fat-partition-sector.html
- RGB color mapping stuff...
 - o https://www.rapidtables.com/web/color/RGB Color.html
 - o https://colors.dopey.top/color-pedia/
- Partition #s can differ/use...
 - testdisk
 - Autopsy
 - o WinHex
 - ○ mmls
 - FTK Imager

After viewing the paper, I connected the USB drive and created a forensic copy of the drive to work on.

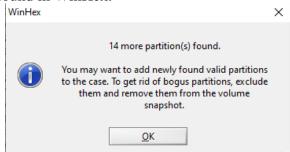
The forensic copy is created to my folder, and it contains the disk raw image. I start my investigation by opening the raw disk image in WinHex and click 'Interpret as a Disk' under the Specialist Menu.

WinHex shows the viewable partitions. While looking over the partitions, I see that the partition numbers are discontinuous. So, I go to the Tools Menu> Disk Tools> 'Scan for Lost Partitions'.



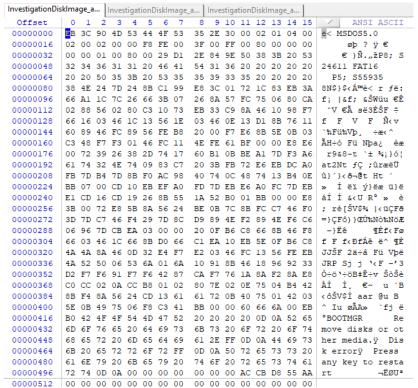
Menu Options.

Fourteen partitions were found in WinHex.



Partition(s) found

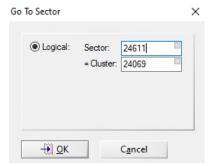
In the new partitions, Partition 8 is included. Since the scrap paper contained P8, I look over the ANSI ASCII of Partition 8.



Partition 8 ANSI ASCII

While going over the ANSI ASCII, I see something which is like 'the Key' in the paper. P8; S24611 and P5; S55935.

I have got two LBA addresses, one in Partition 8 and the other in Partition 5. I start with Partition 8 and click on the left-hand bottom corner to go to specific sector (24611).



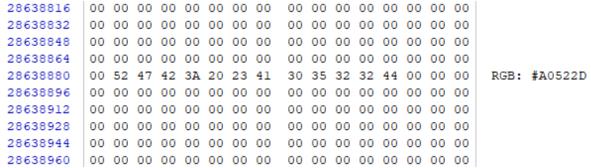
Go To Sector

I am then shown an RGB value in the ANSI window:

```
00 00 00 00 00 00 00
                                  00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
12600944
         00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
                                  00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
12600960
         00 00 00 00 00 00 00
                                  00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
12600976
         00 00 00 00 00 00 00
                                  00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
12600992
         00 00 00 00 00 00 00
                                  00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
12601008
         00 00 52 47 42 3A 20 23
                                  44 38 42 46 44 38
                                                   00 00
                                                            RGB: #D8BFD8
          00 00 00 00 00 00 00
                              00
                                  00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
12601024
12601040
         00 00 00 00 00 00 00
                                 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
12601056
         00 00 00 00 00 00 00
                                 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
```

Partition 8 RGB value.

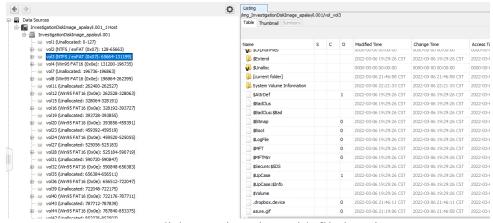
Using the URL from the scrap paper, I search the value I got the name 'Thistle' and after which I look over the sector in Partition 5. Going over the same steps above, I am shown another RGB value in the ANSI window:



Partition 5 RGB value.

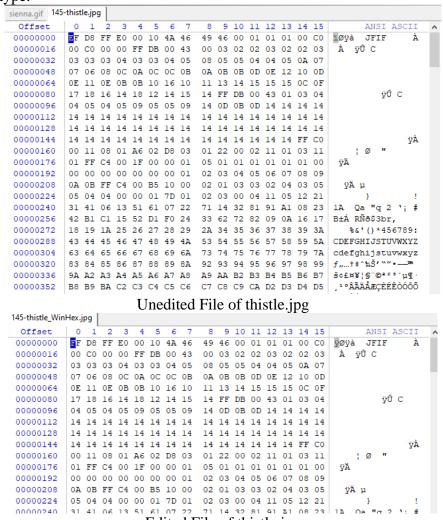
I searched the value in the color mapping URL and get the name 'Sienna'.

After noting the following data, I open the raw disk image in Autopsy, create a forensic copy with Autopsy. The software sorts the different partitions, file views, and even deleted files. I parsed through the File views and found files named thistle.jpg and sienna.gif, which I extract in my folder. By going over each partition I landed with vol3 (NTFS/ exFAT (0x07): 65664-131199) partition was the location where the files were placed.

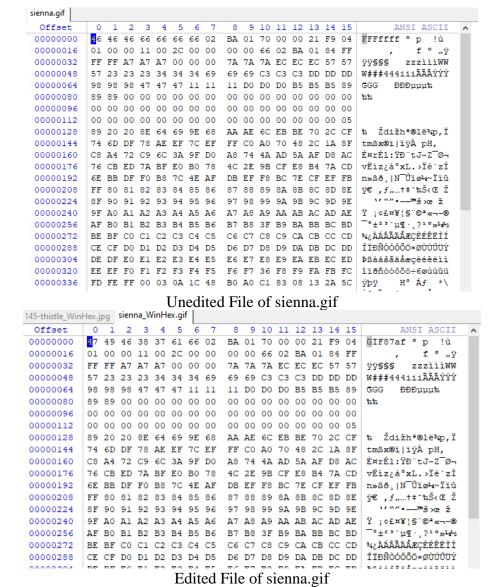


Autopsy disk sortation view with file location

The files are corrupted, so I open them in WinHex and edit the Hex values to match the correct file signature type.



Edited File of thistle.jgp



I create a new copy of the following files and view them. The jpg file contains a set of coordinates which I believe is a false lead and dismiss that evidence. The gif file however, contained a combination of 4 numbers which could possibly be the combinations to the locker.



Thus, I presume 58-97-36-17 is the combination to the locker.

I hereby submit my findings and add the attachment of the progress which is logged in the evidence log and the following is the screenshot of my log.

https://docs.google.com/spreadsheets/d/1UR4ITEDEyMyfvpt0Rx9WJ3h_9fN_6LdPthi6dF10GJI /edit?usp=sharing

				Mechanism by Which Forensic	Forenic Tool(s) Used to		
#		Evidence Description	Evidence Format	Evidence was Discovered	Discover Evidence	Relationship to Other Evidence	Location of Evidence
Forensic Investigator:		Alan Palayil					
Example	SFF20_PPG.pdf	Sundance 2020 Film Festival Guide	PDF	Found file by browsing using the tree viewer on the left panel under Data Sources	Autopsy, v 4.17.0	No link to evidence from the case as this is an example. Normally, you would explain the link of this evidence to clues or other evidence from the case.	Path to file: volume 4/Documents/SomeStuff/Cine ma/SFF20_PPG.pdf
1	InvestigationDiskImag e_apalayil.001	The raw disk image of the USB Drive	raw disk image	Recovered the disk image through the USB drvie in evidence.	File Explorer	Main evidence to find the 4 number combination to the locker	Path to file: E:\Labs\Midterm Forensic exam\InvestigationDiskImage_ apalayii.001
2		Created a copy of disk image to work on without damaging the original data.	raw disk image	Forensic copy to go through the contents without damaging the evidence	WinHex	Main evidence to find the 4 number combination to the locker	Path to file: E:\Labs\Midterm Forensic exam\InvestigationDiskImage_ apalayil_WinHex.001
3	InvestigationDiskImag e_apalayil_Autopsy.0 01	Created a copy of disk image to work on without damaging the original data.	raw disk image	Forensic copy to go through the contents without damaging the evidence	Autopsy, v 4.17.0	Main evidence to find the 4 number combination to the locker	Path to file: E:\Labs\Midterm Forensic exam\InvestigationDiskImage_ apalayilAutopsy.001
4	thistle.jpg	Recovered from Autopsy, and the file is extracted our forensics folder. The file itself is corrupted so we open Winhex to check how the file is corrupted	JPG	Found through the clues in the scrap paper and browsing through the tree viewer on the left panel under Data Sources	Autopsy, v 4.17.0	While cross-checking the RGB value found in Partition 8 of the disk with the color mapping url, the name thistle is recovered and the .jpg file including the same name is found in vol3 of the disk image.	Path to file: /img_InvestigationDiskImage_ apalayil_Autopsy.001/vol_vol3 /thistle.jpg
5	sienna.gif	Recovered from Autopsy, and the file is extracted our forensics folder. The file itself is corrupted so we open Winhex to check how the file is corrupted	GIF	Found through the clues in the scrap paper and browsing through the tree viewer on the left panel under Data Sources	Autopsy, v 4.17.0	While cross-checking the RGB value found in Partition 5 of the disk with the color mapping url, the name sienna is recovered and the .gif file including the same name is found in vol3 of the disk image.	Path to file: /img_investigationDiskimage_ apalayii_Autopsy.001/vol_vol3 /sienna.gif
6	thistle_WinHex.jpg	Created a copy of disk image to work on without damaging the original data. We correct the file signature using the correct dataset and the file is viewable.	JPG	Forensic copy to edit the file contents without damaging the evidence	WinHex	While browsing through the file in WinHex, I corrected the file signature to make the file viewable	Path to file: E:\Labs\Midterm Forensic exam\Extracted File\thistle_WinHex.jpg
7	sienna_WinHex.gif	Created a copy of disk image to work on without damaging the original data. We correct the file signature using the correct dataset and the file is viewable.	GIF	Forensic copy to edit the file contents without damaging the evidence	WinHex	While browsing through the file in WinHex, I corrected the file signature to make the file viewable	Path to file: E:\Labs\Midterm Forensic exam\Extracted File\sienna_WinHex.gif