## Geodesic Patterns

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Discretize a given freeform surface into panels with the following properties:

- 1. Panels must be *developable* (Shelden 2002)
- 2. Panels should be of approximate equal width
- 3. Panels should be as straight as possible
- 4. Panels should **bend by their weak axis** to approximate the surface.





Some text





Some text



Figure 1: Some figure





# Background





# **Boat-building**

The use of *sraight developable planks* is widely used in traditional boat building





## Some Algorithm

- 1: **for** i = 1 to N **do**
- 2: **for** j = 1 to JJJJ **do**
- 3: energy[i\*JJJ+j] = interpolate(AAA[i\*JJJ+j], ZZZ)
- 4: end for
- 5: end for

**Algorithm 1:** pseudocode for the calculation of





## Developable hulls

Connected developable patches for boat hull design.

1. Common practice in naval engineering industry.



Figure 2: Developable hull model





## Frank Ghery

This techniques have also been used in the architecture world, mainly by **Frank Ghery**.

His façades are usually a collection of connected developable surfaces.





# Burj Khalifa

Latest architectural work following this techiques was:

Burj Khalifa by Frank Ghery





## Burj Khalifa

It was designed as a collection of:

- Developable surfaces
  - Which can be covered by equal width planks
- Surfaces of constant cuvrature
  - Which can be covered by repeating the same profile





## Burj Khalifa





# Construction technique





### Geodesic curves

A geodesic curve is the generalization of a *straight line* into *curved spaces*.

$$\nabla + \alpha^2 = \sqrt{8} * A$$





### Geodesic curves

It could be easiy understood as:

The path that a bug follows on a surface if it only moves forward





# Straightest geodesics

In this research, we concentrate on the concept of *straightest geodesics*.





## Developable surfaces

Surfaces with *0 gaussian curvature*. Meaning, they can be flattened onto a plane *without distorsion* 





## Developable surfaces

### $Developable\ surfaces$

- can be flattened
- can be generated by a single curve.

#### and

#### Geodesic curves

• are straight lines in a curved space.





### Therefore

## Therefore

We wish to generate panels using geodesic curves in order to achieve straight developable panels





## Developable surfaces

In other words:

We wish to cover a given freeform surface with a pattern of **geodesic curves** with equal spacing.

This can only be achieved if the provided surface is already developable.

A compromise exists between the curve spacing and the curve geodesic property





# Algorithmic strategies





## **Obtaining Geodesic Patterns**

There are three main methods for the obtaining successful geodesic patterns:

- 1. The parallel transport method
- 2. The evolution method
- 3. The piecewise geodesic vector-field method





# The parallel transport method





# Vector parallel transport

Parallel transport of a vector on a sphere





## Implementation details

Parallel transport method over positive curvature surface





## Results

Results





# The evolution method





## Implementation details





## Results





# The piecewise evolution method





## Implementation details





## Results





## The level set method





## Implementation details





## Results





# Modeling planks





### Tangent developable method





#### Bi-Normal method





### Comparisson





# Optimization





### Piecewise geodesic vector-fields





#### Developability of triangle meshes





# Analysis





### Conclusion





### Thanks





### Conclusion





### Thanks





#### References i

Shelden, Dennis Robert. 2002. "Digital Surface Representation and the Constructibility of Gehry's Architecture." PhD thesis, Massachusetts Institute of Technology. http://hdl.handle.net/1721.1/16899.



