

Finite Elements: examples 1

Colin Cotter

January 27, 2017

1. For a general partition $0 = x_0 < x_1 < \dots < x_n = 1$ of the interval $[0, 1]$, let S be the piecewise linear finite element space known as P1. A finite element discretisation of the 1D Poisson equation

$$-\frac{\partial^2 p}{\partial x^2} = f,$$

defines the numerical solution $u \in P1$ such that

$$a(u, v) = F[v], \quad \forall v \in P1,$$

where

$$a(u, v) = \int_0^1 u' v' \, dx, \quad F[v] = \int_0^1 f v \, dx.$$

Compute the entries of the matrix

$$K_{ij} = a(\phi_i, \phi_j),$$

and the right-hand side vector

$$F_i = (\phi_i, f_I),$$

where $f_I \in S$ is the interpolant of f .

For an equispaced mesh with $h_i = x_i - x_{i-1} := h$, write down the resulting discretisation. How does it relate to finite difference approximations that you have seen before?

2. Using the methodology of the introductory lecture, develop a finite element discretisation for the following ODEs,

(a)

$$-u'' + u = f, \quad u'(0) = u'(1) = 0.$$

(b)

$$-u'' + u = f, \quad u'(0) = 0, \quad u'(1) = \alpha.$$

(c)

$$-u'' = f, \quad u'(0) = u'(1) = 0.$$

3. For a general partition $0 = x_0 < x_1 < \dots < x_n = 1$ of the interval $[0, 1]$, let S be the piecewise quadratic finite element space known as P2, defined by the following:

(a) $S \subset C^0([0, 1])$.

(b) For $v \in S$, $v|_{[x_{j-1}, x_j]}$ is a quadratic function of x .

(c) $v(0) = 0$.

Find a nodal basis for S , using the nodes for P1 plus nodes at element midpoints $(x_j + x_{j+1})/2$. Evaluate the matrix K for this basis.

4. Show that the dual basis for the cubic Hermite element determines the cubic polynomials.
5. Let $\mathcal{I}_K f$ be the interpolant for a finite element K . Show that \mathcal{I}_K is a linear operator.
6. Let K be a rectangle, Q_2 be the space of biquadratic polynomials, and let \mathcal{N} be the dual basis associated with the vertices, edge midpoints and the centre of the rectangle. Show that \mathcal{N} determines the finite element.
7. For K being the unit square, determine the nodal basis for the element in the previous question.