

Website Uptime Monitor using AWS

Project Overview

This project implements a Website Uptime Monitoring System using AWS managed services. The system continuously monitors the availability of a website and automatically sends email alerts when the website becomes unavailable.

The solution is serverless, cost-effective, and suitable for real-world production monitoring as well as interview demonstrations.

Objective

- Monitor website availability (HTTP/HTTPS)
- Detect downtime automatically
- Trigger alerts within 1 minute of failure
- Send email notifications when downtime occurs

Architecture Overview

Flow

Route 53 Health Check → CloudWatch Metrics → CloudWatch Alarm → Amazon SNS → Email Notification

Explanation:

- Route 53 checks website health from multiple AWS regions
- Health data is sent to CloudWatch as metrics
- CloudWatch Alarm evaluates the metric
- SNS sends email alerts when alarm triggers

AWS Services Used

Service	Purpose
Amazon Route 53	Website health monitoring
Amazon CloudWatch	Metrics & alarm evaluation
Amazon SNS	Email notifications

Step-by-Step Implementation

Step 1: Create Route 53 Health Check

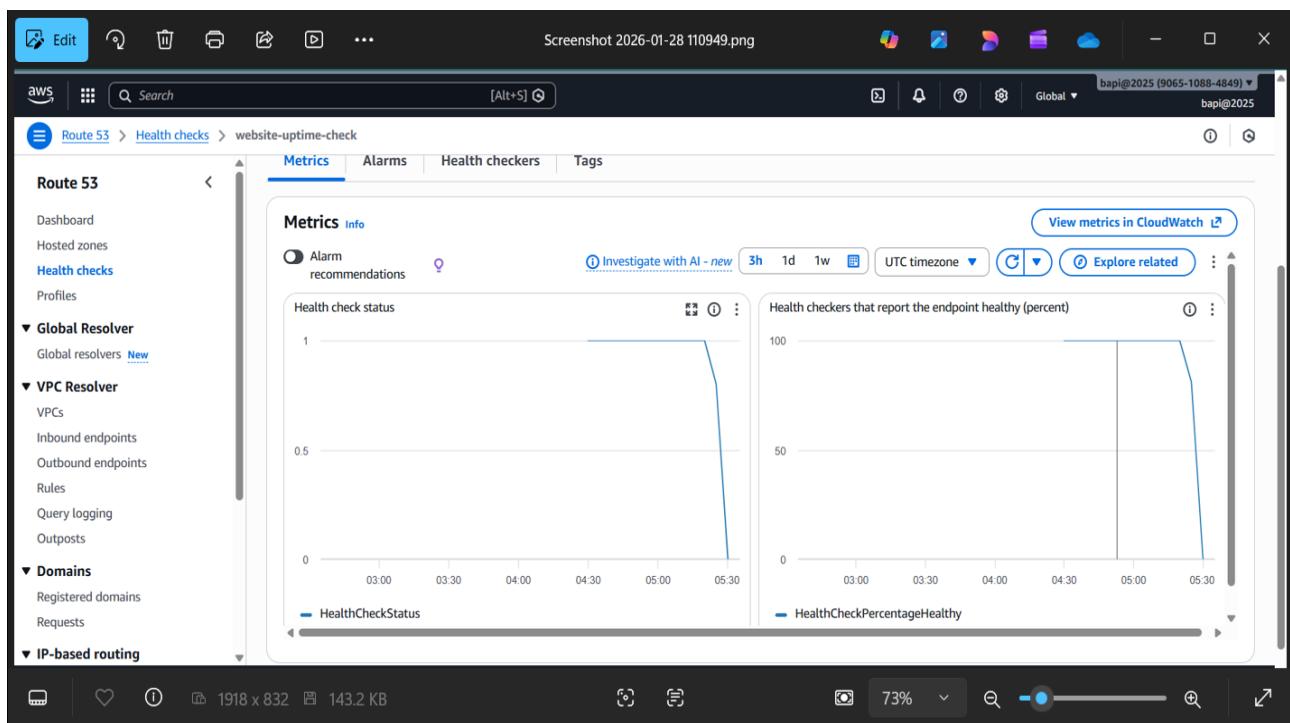
AWS Console Path: Route 53 → Health checks → Create health check

Configuration:

- Name: website-uptime-check
- Resource: Endpoint
- Endpoint type: Domain name
- Protocol: HTTPS
- Domain name: test-down-123.com
- Port: 443
- Path: /
- Request interval: 30 seconds
- Failure threshold: 3
- Health checker regions: Multiple regions selected

This health check continuously monitors the website availability.

The screenshot shows the AWS Route 53 Health checks console. A single health check named "website-uptime-check" is listed. The configuration details show an ID of 1a35ef75-c669-46b4-b08a-b0eddd09f9e3, a URL of https://test-down-123.com:443/, and a status of Unhealthy. The Metrics tab is selected, displaying two line graphs. The first graph, "Health check status", shows a value of 1 until approximately 05:00 UTC, then dropping sharply to 0. The second graph, "Health checkers that report the endpoint healthy (percent)", shows a value of 100% until approximately 05:00 UTC, then dropping sharply to 0%. Both graphs have a legend indicating the series: "HealthCheckStatus" and "HealthCheckPercentageHealthy".



Step 2: Verify Health Check Status

After creation, the health check status is visible in Route 53:

- Healthy (1) → Website is UP
- Unhealthy (0) → Website is DOWN

This confirms that AWS is actively monitoring the endpoint.

Step 3: Monitor Health Metrics

Metrics Available:

- HealthCheckStatus (1 = Up, 0 = Down)
- HealthCheckPercentageHealthy

These metrics are automatically published to CloudWatch.

Step 4: Create CloudWatch Alarm

AWS Console Path: CloudWatch → Alarms → Create alarm

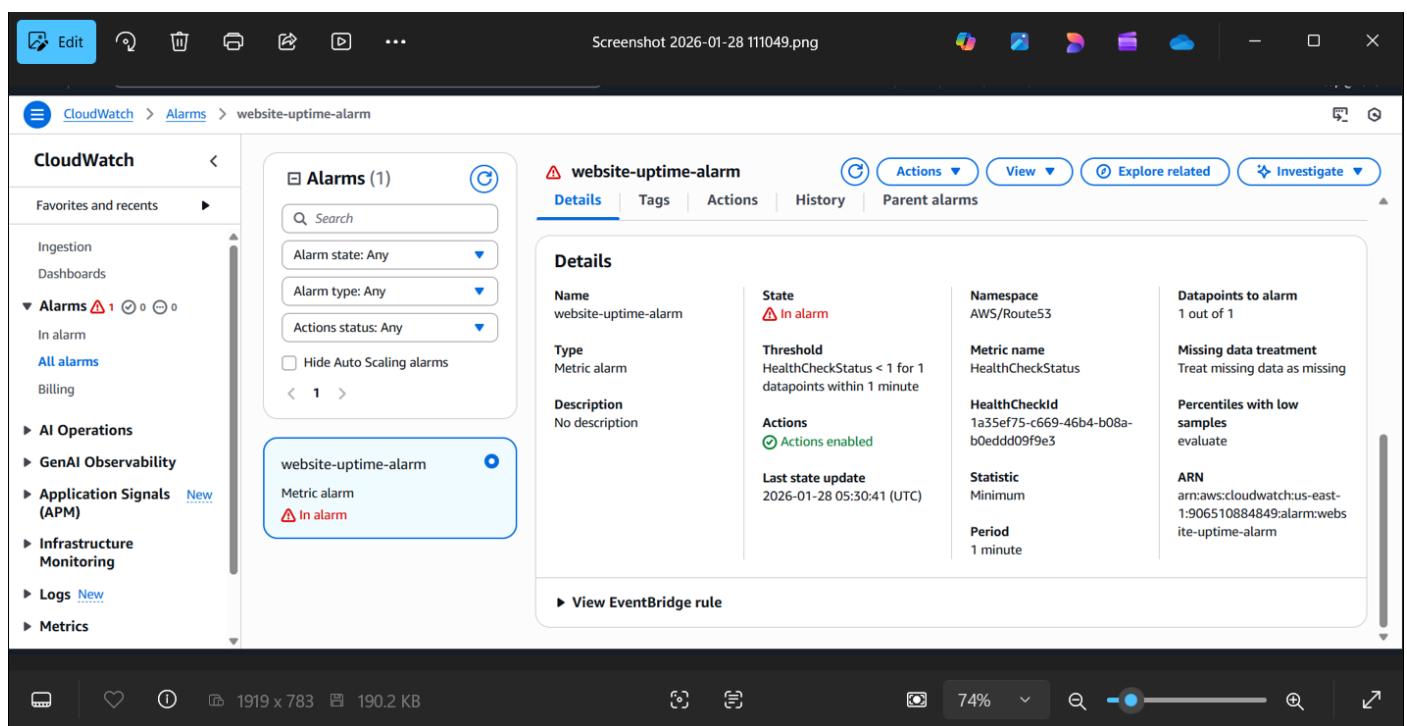
Metric Selection:

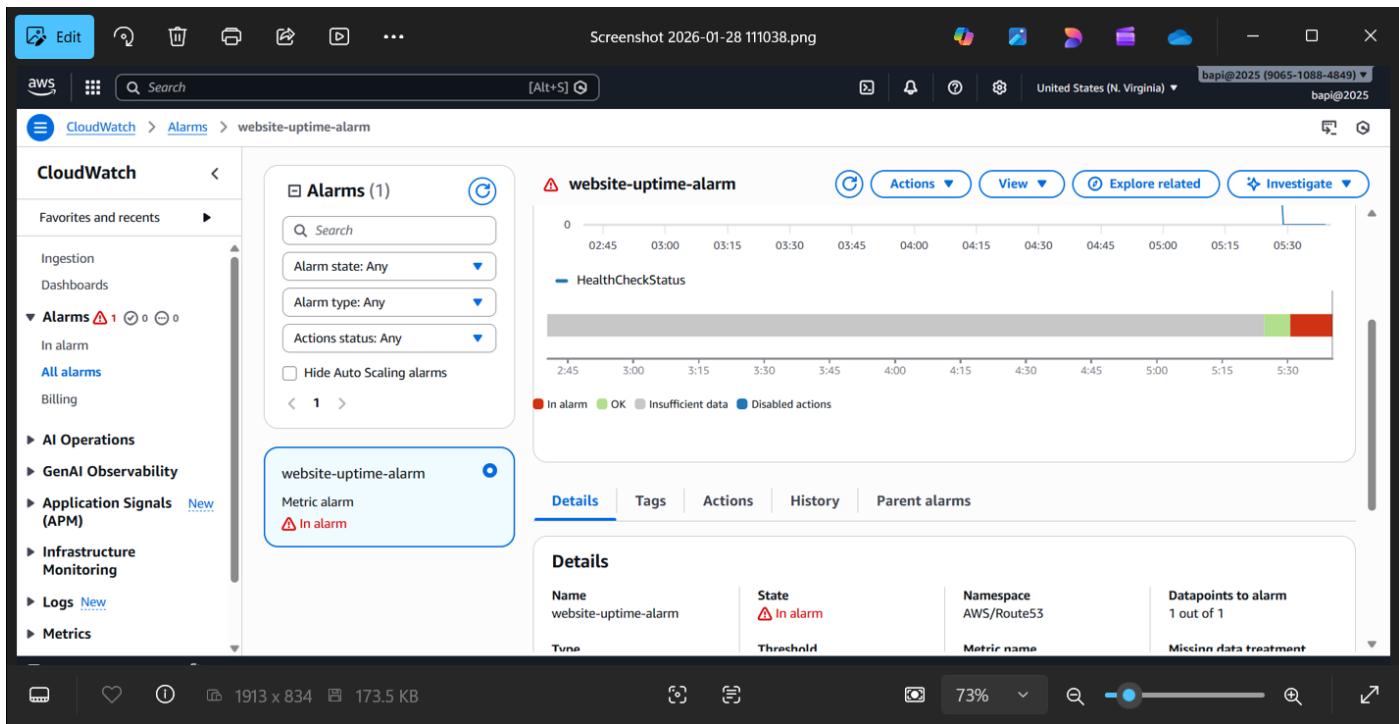
- Namespace: AWS/Route53
- Metric: HealthCheckStatus
- HealthCheckId: Select the created health check

Alarm Condition:

- Threshold type: Static
- Condition: Lower than 1
- Period: 1 minute
- Datapoints: 1 out of 1

Meaning: If the website goes down even once within a 1-minute period, the alarm triggers.



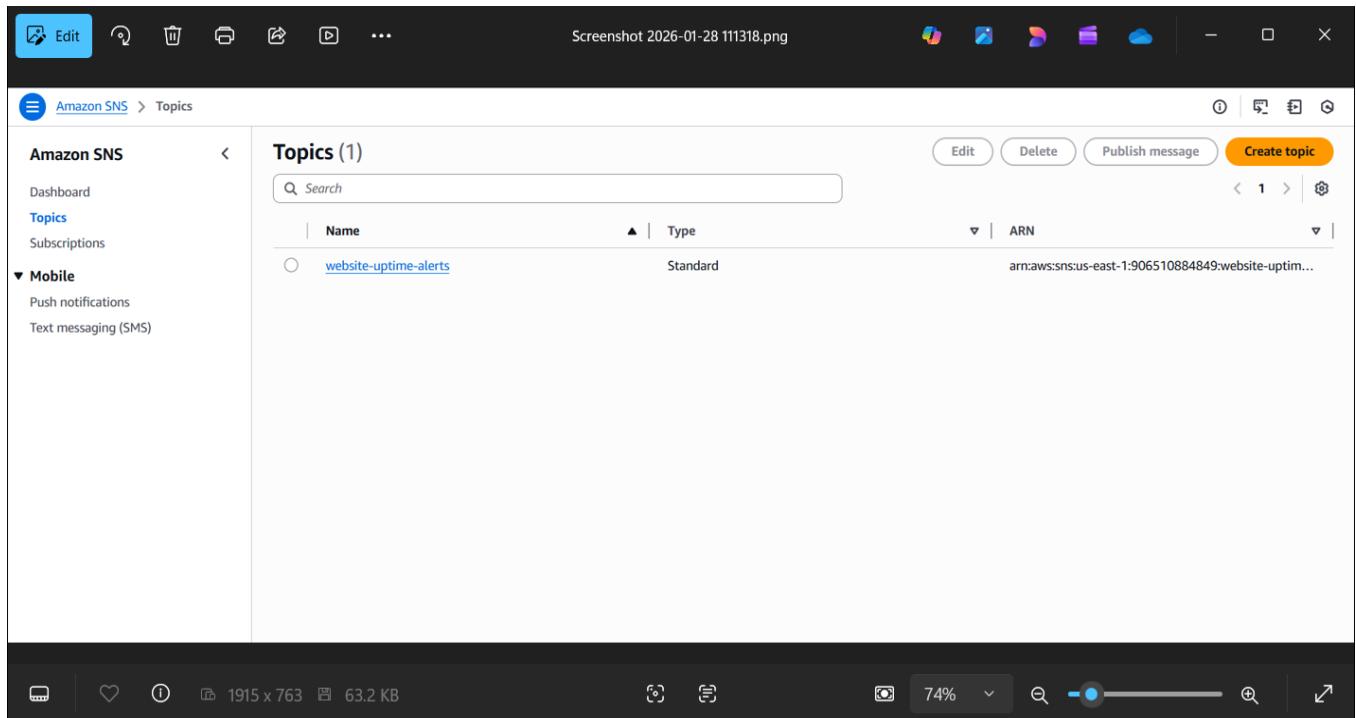


Step 5: Create SNS Topic

AWS Console Path: Amazon SNS → Topics → Create topic

Configuration:

- Topic name: website-uptime-alerts
- Type: Standard



Step 6: Create SNS Email Subscription

AWS Console Path: SNS → Subscriptions → Create subscription

Configuration:

- Topic: website-uptime-alerts
- Protocol: Email
- Endpoint: your-dishahota23@gmail.com

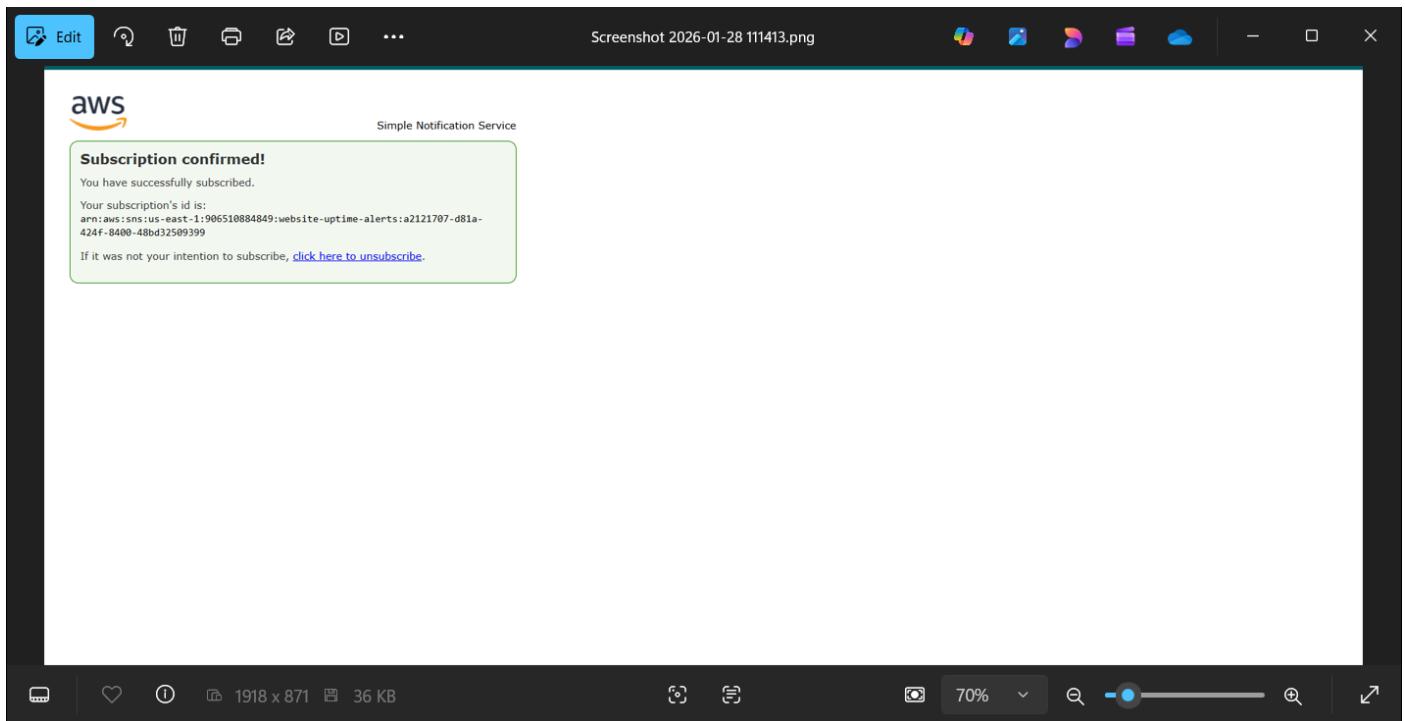
The subscription is confirmed via email.

Screenshot 2026-01-28 111328.png

The screenshot shows the AWS SNS Subscriptions page. On the left, there's a sidebar with links like Dashboard, Topics, Subscriptions, and Mobile. The main area has a header "Subscriptions (1)" with buttons for Edit, Delete, Request confirmation, Confirm subscription, and Create subscription. A search bar is at the top. Below is a table with columns ID, Endpoint, Status, Protocol, and Topic. One row is shown: ID is a2121707-d81a-424f-8400..., Endpoint is dishahota23@gmail.com, Status is Confirmed (green checkmark), Protocol is EMAIL, and Topic is website-uptime-alerts. The status bar at the bottom indicates the image is 1907 x 813 pixels and 95.7 KB.

Screenshot 2026-01-28 111357.png

The screenshot shows a Gmail inbox with a search bar for "in:spam". The left sidebar is open, showing labels: Snoozed, Sent, Drafts, Purchases, Less, Important, Scheduled, All Mail, and Spam (which is selected). The main area shows one email from "AWS Notifications <no-reply@sns.amazonaws.com>" to "me" at 10:46 AM. The subject is "You have chosen to subscribe to the topic: arn:aws:sns:ap-south-1:906510884849:website-uptime-alerts". The email content includes a message about being identified as spam, a "Report not spam" button, and instructions to confirm the subscription by clicking a link or using the "Confirm subscription" button. The status bar at the bottom indicates the image is 1911 x 861 pixels and 160.4 KB.

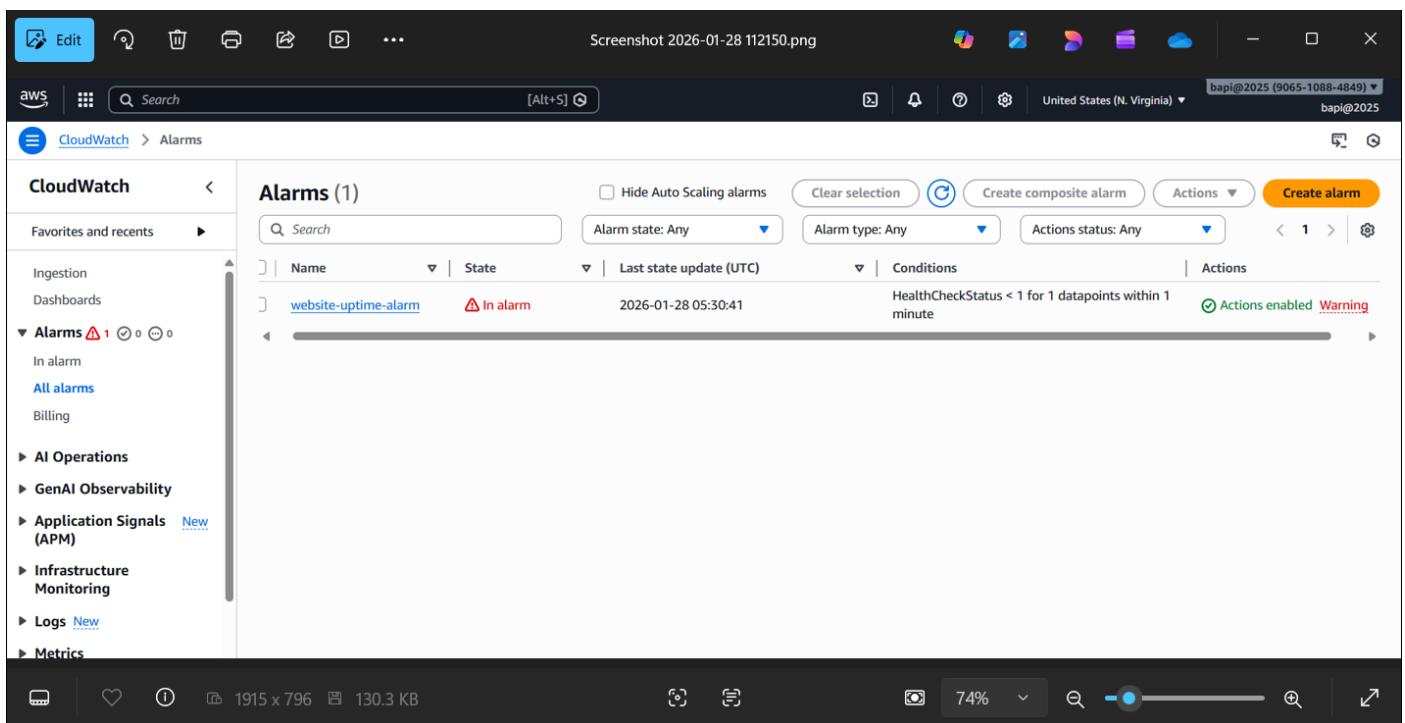


Step 7: Attach SNS to CloudWatch Alarm

In the CloudWatch Alarm configuration:

- Alarm state trigger: In alarm
- Notification target: website-uptime-alerts

This connects downtime detection to email alerts.



Step 8: Simulate Website Failure

A test domain (test-down-123.com) is used to simulate downtime. When the endpoint becomes unreachable:

- Route 53 marks it as Unhealthy
- CloudWatch Alarm enters ALARM state
- SNS sends an email notification

