The Hong Kong Polytechnic University Department of Computing COMP5121 Data Mining and Data Warehousing

Assignment 1

Due: October 7, 2011

- 1. Your friend owns a computer store in Shatin, selling Desktop and Notebook PCs and other computer peripherals. Having been rather successful with his business there, he decided to venture into the infamous Mongkok Computer Center and he has already been there for three months. As expected, compared to his Shatin store, his new store has been recording much higher revenue but when it comes to profit, he is not so sure. He needs to pay several times more in rent! In order to stimulate sales, your friend feels that he needs to understand his customers in Mongkok more. To help him do so, you have asked for a sample of the transactional data he collected and they are shown in Table 1.
 - **A)** Before we go through the *Apriori* algorithm, explain whether or not we should include the item, "*Maintenance*" for analysis.

(10%)

B) Set the *Minimum Support* to 14% and *Minimum Confidence* to 85%, find all interesting rules using the *Apriori* algorithm. (*Please do it manually and show your work step by step.*)

(30%)

C) Set the minimum *Lift Ratio* to 2, which rules you discovered in **Part A** are still interesting?

(10%)

- **D)** Given the results with the sampled data, you decided that data mining might well give your friend some useful information about customer behavior. You have decided to obtain all 20,000+ transaction records (*data-qle.csv*) your friend collected for analysis.
 - i. Using the Apriori algorithm available in PASW Modeler 13, show how interesting association relations can be discovered. Discuss the results and, based on the interesting associations discovered, make some suggestions to your friend to improve their sales.

(10%)

ii. In mining the data, you may like to note that the data are "noisy" and you may need to "clean" them. If cleaning is necessary, please describe the steps you took to do so.

(10%)

iii. Also, please explain how you arrived at the Minimum Support and Minimum Confidence you used in finding the interesting association rules.

(10%)

E) By taking into considerations the product taxonomy shown in *Figure 1* below, can you discover anything more useful? Again, you may use the Apriori algorithm in PASW or other tools to help you to prepare your work or findings.

Read the attached article, "Mining Multiple-Level Association Rules in Large Database" (ieee1999_v11_5_c417.pdf), and write a brief report (in less than 800 words) to explain how the product taxonomy could be used during the data mining process to discover patterns at different levels.

(20%)

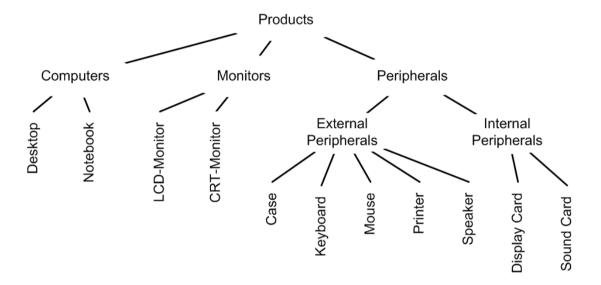


Figure 1: Computer products taxonomy

Table 1. A sample the transactional database kept by the computer store

Torrib Brown	20.0
TransID,Items	26,Case
1,Display Card	26,Display Card
1,Speaker	26,Speaker
2,Desktop	27,Case
2,Display Card	27,Desktop
3,Case	27,Display Card
3,Speaker	28,Case
4,Speaker	28,Desktop
5,Display Card	28,Display Card
5,Mouse	28,Mouse
6,Maintenance	28,Speaker
7,Mouse	29,Desktop
7,Desktop	30,Display Card
8,Case	31,Display Card
9,Desktop	32,Maintenance
10,Mouse	33,Case
11,Maintenance	34,Maintenance
12,Case	35,Case
13,Case	36,Display Card
13,Desktop	37,Case
13,Display Card	37,Desktop
13,Mouse	37,Mouse
13,Speaker	38,Desktop
14,Display Card	38,Case
15,Maintenance	39,Maintenance
16,Mouse	40,Desktop
17,Maintenance	41,Case
18,Display Card	42,Desktop
19,Case	43,Maintenance
19,Desktop	44,Case
19,Display Card	45,Display Card
19,Mouse	46,Desktop
19,Speaker	46,Display Card
20,Maintenance	46,Mouse
21,Case	47,Case
22,Case	48, Maintenance
22,Display Card	49,Case
23,Desktop	49,Display Card
23, Display Card	49,Speaker
23,Mouse	50,Case
23,Speaker	50,Desktop
24,Desktop	50,Display Card
24, Display Card	50,Mouse
25,Case	50,Speaker
25,Desktop	
25, Display Card	
25,Mouse	
25,Speaker	