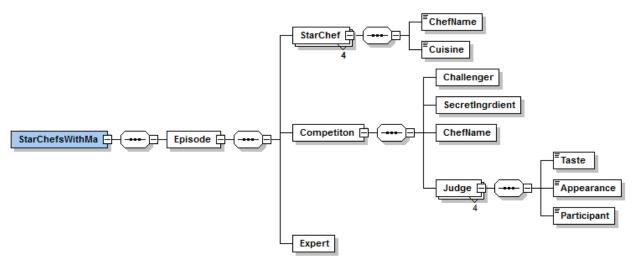
```
COMP5323 - WebDB Assignment 1 (Spring 2012)
Question 1
*** It depends how the XML schema is designed. Below are just examples.
http://www.w3.org/TR/xquery/
http://www.w3.org/TR/xpath/
http://www.w3schools.com/xpath/xpath functions.asp
a)
   for $x in db2-fn:xmlcolumn('xml table.xml column')/Form/Project/Leader
    WHERE $x/Department = "COMP" AND $x/ModeOfStudy = "Full time"
    RETURN $x/Name;
    .//Leader[ModeOfStudy="Full time"][Department="COMP"]/Name
b) let $x := db2-fn:xmlcolumn('xml table.xml column')/Form/Project/Leader
    for $i in db2-fn:xmlcolumn('xml table.xml column')/Form/Project/Member
    WHERE $x/Name = $i/Name RETURN COUNT($x/Name);
    No xpath as nested expression is not supported.
   for $x in db2-fn:xmlcolumn('xml table.xml column')/Form/Project
    WHERE $x/Activity/ActivityDate = date("2012-06-20")
    RETURN $x/ProjectName;
    .//Project[Activity/ActivityDate = "2012-06-20"]/NameOfProject
   let $x := db2-fn:xmlcolumn
    ('xml table.xml column')/Form/Project[Activity/ActivityDate = date("2012-06-20")]
    for $i in db2-fn:xmlcolumn
    ('xml table.xml column')/Form/Project[Activity/ActivityDate = date("2012-06-20")]
    WHERE $x/Activity/Place = $i/Activity/Place
    RETURN <Projec> {($x/NameOfProject), ($i/NameOfProject)} 
    No xpath as nested expression is not supported.
e) It depends whether or not the "Total Expenditure" is stored. If yes, it is
    simply to check the amount whether or not it is over HK$30,000 and the number of
    activities is less than 3. If not, it is first to check the sum of the
    "Amount Applied" whether it is over HK$30,000 or not, and then to check the
    number of activities is less than 3.
    for $x in db2-fn:xmlcolumn('xml table.xml column')/Form/Project[Budget/
    Total Expenditure > 30000]
    WHERE count ($x/Activity/ActivityItem) > 3
    RETURN <Project> {($x/NameOfProject)} </Project>
           <NumberOfMember> { (count($x/Member)) </NumberOfMember>;
    It is possible to have xpath for "Total Expenditure" is used.
    .//Project[Budget/Total Expenditure > 30000][count(Activity/ActivityItem) > 3]
    /NameOfProject/count (Member)
```

```
f) let $i := db2-fn:xmlcolumn('xml table.xml column')/Form/Project
    RETURN
    <Group Below 100>
    { for $x1 in $i
      WHERE $x1/Benefits/ServiceUsers <= 100
      RETURN <Project> {($x1/NameOfProject), ($x1/Budget/Total Expenditure div
      $x1/Beneifits/ServiceUsers)} </Project>;
    </Group Below 100>
    <Group 101 to 1000>
    { for $x2 in $i
     WHERE ($x2/Benefits/ServiceUsers > 100) AND ($x2/Benefits/ServiceUsers <= 1000)
      RETURN <Project> { ($x2) } </Project>;
    </Group 101 to 1000>
    <Group 1000 More>
    { for $x3 in $i
      WHERE $x3/Benefits/ServiceUsers > 1000
      RETURN <Project> { ($x3) } </Project>;
    </Group 1000 More>
    No xpath as nested expression is not supported.
Ouestion 2
***Below is just an example for reference.
a) <!ELEMENT DAG (NODE+, EDGE+)>
        <!ELEMENT NODE (#PCDATA)>
            <!ATTLIST NODE
               NodeID ID #REQUIRED
        <!ELEMENT EDGE (HEAD, TAIL)>
           <!ELEMENT HEAD (#PCDATA)>
               <!ATTLIST HEAD
                  HeadNode IDREF #REQUIRED
            <!ELEMENT TAIL (#PCDATA)>
               <!ATTLIST TAIL
                   TailNode IDREF #REQUIRED
```

b) It seems it is difficult to determine that the graph contains cycle or not from such a DTD schema. For example, there is no restriction that how many edges are to be used to form a cycle. Also, there is no checking that the HEAD and TAIL nodes are to be the same NODE.

a) Just a reference.



b) It is first to find out the list of distinct name of the "Star Chefs". For example,

for \$i in db2-fn:xmlcolumn('xml_table.xml_column')/StarChefsWithMa/Episode
/StarChef[distinct-value(ChefName)] RETURN \$i;

Then, count the appearance of the his/her name in each episode. Get the highest one.

let \$x := db2-fn:xmlcolumn('xml_table.xml_column')/StarChefsWithMa/Episode
/StarChef[distinct-value(ChefName)]

for \$i in db2-fn:xmlcolumn('xml_table.xml_column')/StarChefsWithMa/Episode
/StarChef

WHERE \$x/ChefName = \$i/ChefName
RETURN max(count(\$i/ChefName));

c) It would be better to use existing to explain or illustrate the M:N relationships and discuss about their pros and cons. For example: An episode has more than one "Star Chef". One "Star Chef" can attend more than one episode. Also, it is how the "key" and "keyref" are being used in the schema.

http://www.comp.polyu.edu.hk/~csamak/Ref/xml_m2n.pdf
The article discusses the use of "IDREF" and "IDREFS" to eliminate the many-to-many relationship.

Question 4

It would be better to provide examples to show the differences between the two products. How product A is better than product B, for example, product A (100,000 transactions per minute) has a better processing power than product B (10,000 transactions per minute). You should identify which product could have a better performance rather than just to list out all the functions.