

## ⇒ Pre Computations :-

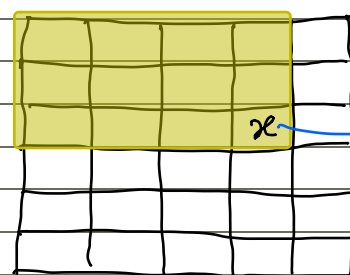
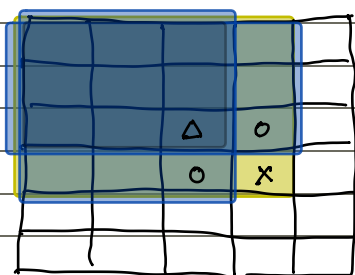
→ Prefix Sum :-  
 arr : 3 6 2 8 9 2  
 sumArr: 3 9 11 19 28 30

Query: Return Sum of  $i$ th to  $j$ th Index in Arr

O/P :  $\text{sumArr}[j] - \text{sumArr}[i-1]$

E.g. → 1 to 4 index Sum =  $28 - 3 = 25$   
 expected:  $6 + 2 + 8 + 9 = 25$

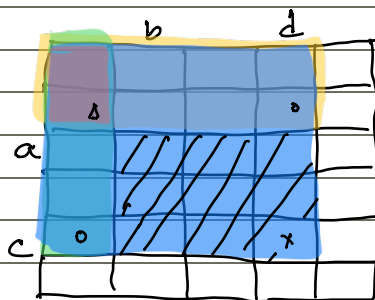
## → Prefix Sum 2D :-



$$\text{sum}[x] = \text{sum}[0] + \text{sum}[0] + \text{arr}[x] - \text{sum}[\Delta]$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{sumArr}[i][j] &= \text{arr}[i][j] \\ &+ \text{sumArr}[i-1][j] + \text{sumArr}[i][j-1] \\ &- \text{sumArr}[i-1][j-1] \end{aligned}$$

✓ Query :- return sum of  $(a,b)$  to  $(c,d)$



$$\text{X} = \text{X} - \text{O} - \text{O} + \Delta$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{O/P} &= \text{sumArr}[c][d] \\ &- \text{sumArr}[c][b-1] - \text{sumArr}[a-1][d] \\ &+ \text{sumArr}[a-1][b-1] \end{aligned}$$

These 3 term may become 0 when  $a==0$  or  $b==0$  accordingly.

Q // array = [ 1, 2, 3... ] return GCD of elements from index = 2 to 5.

↳ Store forward GCD & backward GCD.

#Trick

Q //

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
$i=2$ to 5 add 25	0	0	25	0	0	0	-25	0	0
$i=3$ to 9 sub 11	0	0	25	-11	0	11	-25	0	0

✓

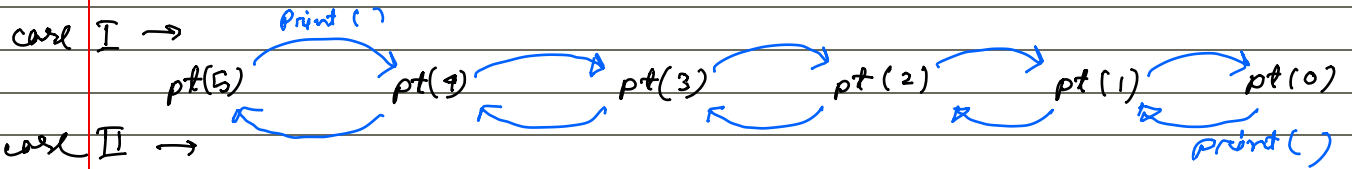
# Recursion & Backtracking

(I) 

def pt(n):	<u>00</u>
if n == 0: return	5
print(n)	4
pt(n-1)	3
	2
	1

(II) 

def pt(n):	<u>00</u>
if n == 0: return	1
pt(n-1)	2
print(n)	3
	4
	5



Q Paranthesis generator :- if  $\rightarrow$  count of open == close.

```
void parangren ( &temp, int open, int close) {  
    if (open == 0 && close == 0) {  
        ans.pushback(temp);  
        return;  
    }  
    if (open > 0) {  
        temp.pushback("(");  
        parangren(temp, open-1, close);  
        temp.popback();  
    }  
    if (close > 0 && close > open) {  
        temp.pushback(")");  
        parangren(temp, open, close-1);  
        temp.popback();  
    }  
}
```