SuffixTreeAppl.java

```
package SuffixTreePackage;
import java.util.*;
/**
 * Class with methods for carrying out applications of suffix trees
 * @author David Manlove
 */

public class SuffixTreeAppl {

	/** The suffix tree */
	private SuffixTree t;

	/**
	 * Default constructor.
	 */
	public SuffixTreeAppl () {
		t = null;
	}

	/**
	 * Constructor with parameter.
	 *
	 * @param tree the suffix tree
	 */
	public SuffixTreeAppl (SuffixTree tree) {
		t = tree;
	}

	/**
	 * Search the suffix tree t representing string s for a target x.
	 * Stores -1 in Task1Info.pos if x is not a substring of s,
	 * otherwise stores p in Task1Info.pos such that x occurs in s
	 * starting at s[p] (p counts from 0)
	 * - assumes that characters of s and x occupy positions 0 onwards
	 *
	 * @param x the target string to search for
	 *
	 * @return a Task1Info object
	 */
	//modified insert
	public Task1Info searchSuffixTree(byte[] x) {
		Task1Info task1Info = new Task1Info();
		int pos, j, k;   //j:len to find
		SuffixTreeNode current, next;
		pos = 0;  // position in s
		current = t.getRoot();
		int len=x.length;

		while (true) {
			// search for child of current with left label x such that
s[x]==s[pos]
			next = t.searchList(current.getChild(), x[pos]);
			if (next == null) {
```

```
                        break;
                }
                else {
                        // try to match
s[node.getLeftLabel()+1..node.getRightLabel()] with
                        // segment of s starting at position pos+1
                        j = next.getLeftLabel() + 1;
                        k = pos + 1;

                        while (j <= next.getRightLabel()) {
                                if (t.getString()[j]==x[k]) {
                                        j++;
                                        k++;
                                }
                                else
                                        break;
                        }
                        //completed
                        if (k >= len) {
                                task1Info.setMatchNode(next);//i did find this
useful
                                task1Info.setPos(j-len);
                                break;
                        }
                        if (j > next.getRightLabel()) {
                                // succeeded in matching whole segment, so go
further down tree
                                pos = k;
                                current = next;
                        }
                        else {
                                break;
                        }
                }
        }
        return task1Info;
    }

    /**
     * Search suffix tree t representing string s for all occurrences of target x.
     * Stores in Task2Info.positions a linked list of all such occurrences.
     * Each occurrence is specified by a starting position index in s
     * (as in searchSuffixTree above).  The linked list is empty if there
     * are no occurrences of x in s.
     * - assumes that characters of s and x occupy positions 0 onwards
     *
     * @param x the target string to search for
     *
     * @return a Task2Info object
     */

    public Task2Info allOccurrences(byte[] x) {

        //use task1's matchnode to find first occurence
        Task1Info task1Info = searchSuffixTree(x);
```

```
	if(task1Info.getPos()==-1) {
		return new Task2Info();
	}
	Task2Info task2Info = new Task2Info();

	SuffixTreeNode current;
	current=task1Info.getMatchNode().getChild();
	//
	if(current!=null) {
		t2recursive(task2Info, current);
	}
	return task2Info;

}

public void t2recursive(Task2Info task2Info, SuffixTreeNode current) {
	SuffixTreeNode next=current.getChild(),sibling=current.getSibling();
	if(next!=null) {
		t2recursive(task2Info,next);
	}else {
		//if not a branch add position to the linked list
		task2Info.addEntry(current.getSuffix());
	}
	//continue for siblings
	if(sibling!=null) {
		t2recursive(task2Info,current.getSibling());
	}
}



/**
 * Traverses suffix tree t representing string s and stores ln, p1 and
 * p2 in Task3Info.len, Task3Info.pos1 and Task3Info.pos2 respectively,
 * so that s[p1..p1+ln-1] = s[p2..p2+ln-1], with ln maximal;
 * i.e., finds two embeddings of a longest repeated substring of s
 * - assumes that characters of s occupy positions 0 onwards
 * so that p1 and p2 count from 0
 *
 * @return a Task3Info object
 */
//
public Task3Info traverseForLrs () {
	Task3Info task3Info = new Task3Info();
	SuffixTreeNode current=t.getRoot();
	int len=0;
	//empty tree check
	if(current.getChild()!=null) {
		t3recursive(task3Info,current,len);
	}

	return task3Info;
}
```

```
	public void t3recursive(Task3Info task3Info, SuffixTreeNode current,int len) {
		SuffixTreeNode next=current.getChild(),sibling=current.getSibling();



		if(next!=null) {
			//move down p keeping track of current length
			t3recursive(task3Info,next,len+current.getRightLabel()-
current.getLeftLabel()+1);
		}else {

			//System.out.println("gll"+current.getLeftLabel());
				//check if repeated if so its valid
				if(sibling !=null) {

					//overwrite old longest
					if(task3Info.getLen()<=len-1) {
						//
						task3Info.setLen(len-1);

						task3Info.setPos1(current.getSuffix());
						task3Info.setPos2(sibling.getSuffix());
					}
				}
		}
		//check sibling
		if (sibling!=null) {
			t3recursive(task3Info,sibling,len);
		}
	}

	/**
	 * Traverse generalised suffix tree t representing strings s1 (of length
	 * s1Length), and s2, and store ln, p1 and p2 in Task4Info.len,
	 * Task4Info.pos1 and Task4Info.pos2 respectively, so that
	 * s1[p1..p1+ln-1] = s2[p2..p2+ln-1], with len maximal;
	 * i.e., finds embeddings in s1 and s2 of a longest common substring
	  * of s1 and s2
	 * - assumes that characters of s1 and s2 occupy positions 0 onwards
	 * so that p1 and p2 count from 0
	 *
	 * @param s1Length the length of s1
	 *
	 * @return a Task4Info object
	 */
	public Task4Info traverseForLcs (int s1Length) {
		Task4Info task4Info = new Task4Info();
		SuffixTreeNode current=t.getRoot();


		//empty tree check.
		if(current.getChild()!=null) {
			t4recursive(task4Info,current,0,s1Length);
```

```
		}
		return task4Info;
	}


	public void t4recursive(Task4Info task4Info, SuffixTreeNode current,int
len,int s1Length) {
		SuffixTreeNode next=current.getChild(),sibling=current.getSibling();

		//branch v
		if(current.getSuffix()==-1) {
		//bi(v)
			if (current.getLeafNodeString1()) {
				task4Info.setString1Leaf(true);
			}if(current.getLeafNodeString2()) {
				task4Info.setString2Leaf(true);
			}
		}

		if(next!=null) {
			//move down
			t4recursive(task4Info,next,len+current.getRightLabel()-
current.getLeftLabel()+1,s1Length);
		}else {

			//System.out.println("gll"+current.getLeftLabel());
				//b1(v)and b2(v)
				if(task4Info.getString1Leaf() &&
task4Info.getString2Leaf()) {

					//common so overwrite old longest
					if(task4Info.getLen()<=len-1) {
						task4Info.setLen(len-1);

						//task4Info.setPos1(current.getSuffix());
						//task4Info.setPos2(sibling.getSuffix());
					}

				}
		}
		//check sibling
		if (sibling!=null) {

			t4recursive(task4Info,sibling,len,s1Length);
		}
	}
}
```

Main.java

```
	public static SuffixTreeAppl helper(String file) {
		FileInput one = new FileInput(file);
		byte[] s = one.readFile();
		SuffixTree tree = new SuffixTree(s);
		SuffixTreeAppl appl = new SuffixTreeAppl(tree);
		return appl;
	}



	public static void main(String args[]) {
		 String errorMessage = "Required syntax:\n";
		  errorMessage += "  java Main SearchOne <filename> <query string> for
Task 1\n";
		  errorMessage += "  java Main SearchAll <filename> <query string> for
Task 2\n";
		  errorMessage += "  java Main LRS <filename> for Task 3\n" ;
		  errorMessage += "  java Main LCS <filename1> <filename2> for Task 4";

		if (args.length < 2)
			System.out.println(errorMessage+"trigger");
		else {
			// get the command from the first argument
			String command = args[0];

			switch (command) {
				case "SearchOne": {
					if (args.length < 3) {
					  System.out.println(errorMessage);
				  }
					SuffixTreeAppl sTree1 = helper(args[1]);
					Task1Info
task1=sTree1.searchSuffixTree(args[2].getBytes());
					if(task1.getPos()<0) {
						System.out.println("Search string
\""+args[2]+"\" not found in "+args[1] );
					}else {
						System.out.println("Search string
\""+args[2]+"\" occurs at position "+task1.getPos()+" of "+args[1] );
					}
					break;
				}



				case "SearchAll": {
				  if (args.length < 3) {
					 System.out.println(errorMessage);
				  }
				     SuffixTreeAppl sTree2 = helper(args[1]);
```

```
                                    Task2Info
task2=sTree2.allOccurrences(args[2].getBytes());
                                    if(task2.getPositions().isEmpty()) {
                                          System.out.println("Search string
\""+args[2]+"\" not found in "+args[1] );
                                    }else {
                                          System.out.println("Search string
\""+args[2]+"\" occurs in "+args[1]+" at positions:" );
                                          int i=0;
                                          while(!task2.getPositions().isEmpty()) {

      System.out.println(task2.getPositions().pop());
                                                i++;
                                          }
                                          System.out.println("The total number of
occurrences is "+i);

                                    }
                                    break;
                              }




                              case "LRS": {
                                    FileInput three = new FileInput(args[1]);
                                    byte[] s3 = three.readFile();
                                    SuffixTree tree3 = new SuffixTree(s3);
                                    SuffixTreeAppl appl3 = new SuffixTreeAppl(tree3);
                                    Task3Info task3=appl3.traverseForLrs();
                                    int len3 =task3.getLen();
                                    int pos13 = task3.getPos1();


                                    if(len3<=0) {
                                          System.out.println("No LRS in "+args[1]);
                                    }
                                    else {
                                          System.out.print("An LRS in "+args[1]+" is
\"");

                                          for(int i=0;i<len3;i++) {
                                                System.out.print((char)s3[pos13+i]);
                                          }
                                          System.out.print("\"\n");

                                          System.out.println("Its length is "+len3);
                                          System.out.println("Starting position of one
occurence is "+pos13);
                                          System.out.println("Starting position of
another occurence is "+task3.getPos2());
                                    }
                                    break;
```

```
                        }




                        case "LCS": {
                        if (args.length < 3) {
                              System.out.println(errorMessage);
                              break;
                        }
                        FileInput four1 = new FileInput(args[1]);
                        FileInput four2 = new FileInput(args[2]);
                        byte[] s41 = four1.readFile();
                        byte[] s42 = four2.readFile();
                        SuffixTree tree4 = new SuffixTree(s41,s42);
                        SuffixTreeAppl appl4 = new SuffixTreeAppl(tree4);
                        Task4Info task4=appl4.traverseForLcs(s41.length);

                        int len4 =task4.getLen();
                        int pos14 = task4.getPos1();
                        int pos24 = task4.getPos2();

                        if(len4<=0) {
                              System.out.println("No LCS of "+args[1]+" and
"+args[2]);
                        }
                        else {
                              System.out.print("An LCS of "+args[1]+" and
"+args[2]+" is \"");

                              for(int i=0;i<len4;i++) {
                                    System.out.print((char)s41[pos14+i]);
                              }
                              System.out.print("\"\n");

                              System.out.println("Its length is "+len4);
                              System.out.println("Starting position in "+args[1]+"
is "+pos14);
                              System.out.println("Starting position in "+args[2]+"
is "+pos24);
                        }
                        break;
                  }
                  default: System.out.println(errorMessage+"trigger2");
                  }
            }
```

SuffixTree.java

```java
	/**
	 * Builds a generalised suffix tree for two given strings.
	 *
	 * @param sInput1 the first string
	 * @param sInput2 the second string
	 * - assumes that '$' and '#' do not occur as a character anywhere in sInput1
or sInput2
	 * - assumes that characters of sInput1 and sInput2 occupy positions 0 onwards
	 */
	public SuffixTree (byte[] sInput1, byte[] sInput2) {
		root = new SuffixTreeNode(null, null, 0, 0, -1);  // create root node of
suffix tree;
		int l1 = sInput1.length;
		int l2 = sInput2.length;
		stringLen =l1+l2 +1;
		s = new byte[stringLen + 1];
		System.arraycopy(sInput1, 0, s, 0, l1);
		s[l1] = (byte) '#';
		System.arraycopy(sInput1, 0, s, l1, l2);
		s[stringLen] = (byte) '$';
		buildSuffixTree();
	}
```