This is CS50

data structures

abstract data types

queues

FIFO

enqueue

dequeue

```
const int CAPACITY = 50;

typedef struct
{
    person people[CAPACITY];
    int size;
} queue;
```

stacks

LIFO

push

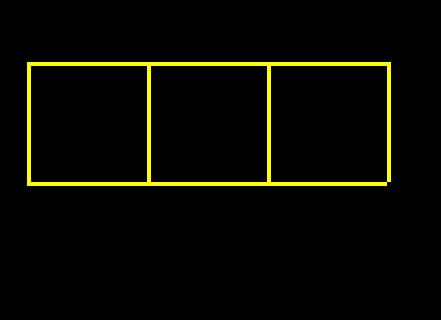
pop

```
const int CAPACITY = 50;

typedef struct
{
    person people[CAPACITY];
    int size;
} stack;
```



arrays



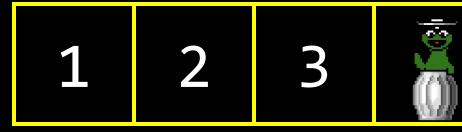
1	2	3		

	1	2	3	h	e	1	1
O)		W	O	r	1	d
\0							
199	<u> </u>						









1 2 3 4

1 2 3 4

data structures

struct

.

*

struct

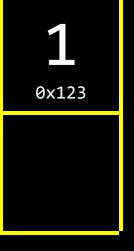
->

linked lists

	1 0x123			

	1 0x123			
		2 0x456		

	1 0x123			
		2 0x456		
			3 0x789	







10x123

0x456

2

0x456

0x789

10x123

0x456

2

0x456

0x789

789

0x789

10x123

0x456

2

0x456

0x789

3 0x789

0x0

10x123

0x456

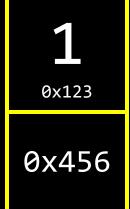
2

0x456

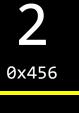
0x789

3 0x789

NULL



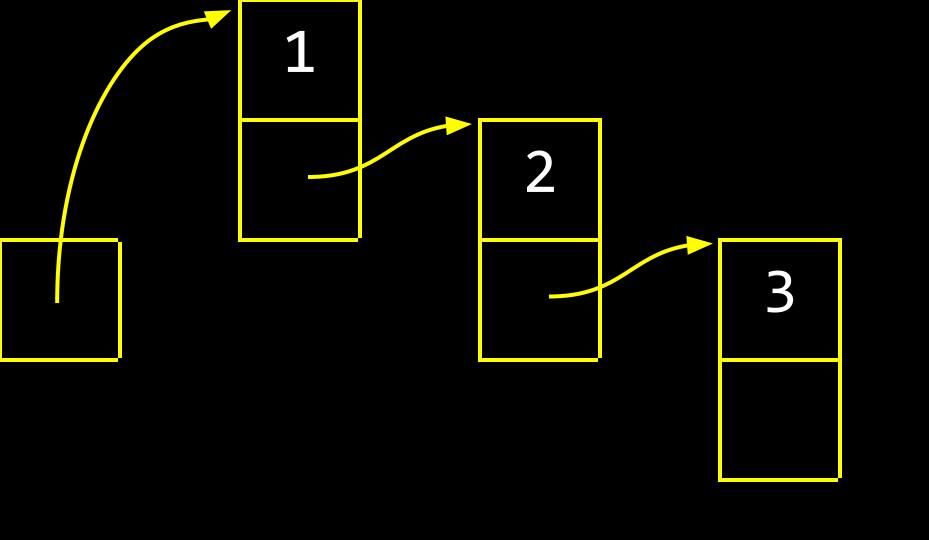
0x123



0x789

0x789

NULL



```
typedef struct
{
    string name;
    string number;
} person;
```

```
typedef struct
{
    char *name;
    char *number;
} person;
```

```
typedef struct
{
```

} person;

```
typedef struct
{
```

} node;

```
typedef struct
{
   int number;
```

} node;

```
typedef struct
{
    int number;
    node *next;
} node;
```

```
typedef struct node
{
    int number;
    node *next;
} node;
```

```
typedef struct node
{
    int number;
    struct node *next;
} node;
```

```
node *list;
```

node *list;

list



```
node *list = NULL;
```

list



```
node *list = NULL;
 list
```

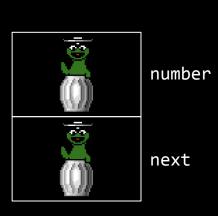
```
node *n = malloc(sizeof(node));
  list
```

```
node *n = malloc(sizeof(node));
  list
   n
```

node *n = malloc(sizeof(node));

```
list
```





```
node *n = malloc(sizeof(node));
  list
                                   number
   n
                                   next
```

```
(*n).number = 1;
  list
                                      number
    n
                                      next
```

```
(*n).number = 1;
  list
                                      number
    n
                                      next
```

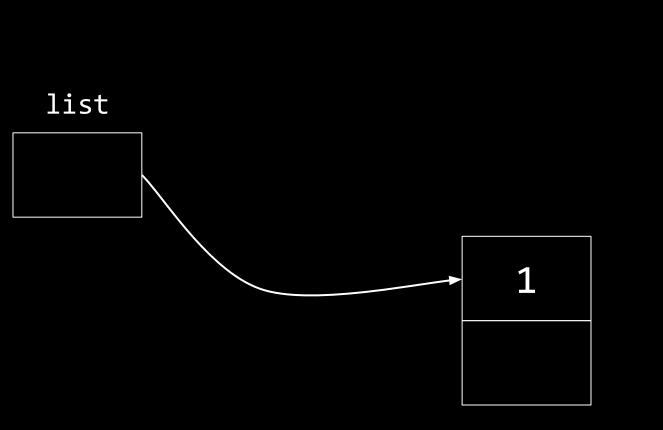
```
n->number = 1;
  list
                                       number
    n
                                       next
```

```
n->next = NULL;
  list
                                      number
    n
                                      next
```

```
n->next = NULL;
  list
                                      number
    n
                                      next
```

```
list = n;
  list
                                         number
    n
                                         next
```

```
list = n;
  list
                                         number
    n
                                         next
```



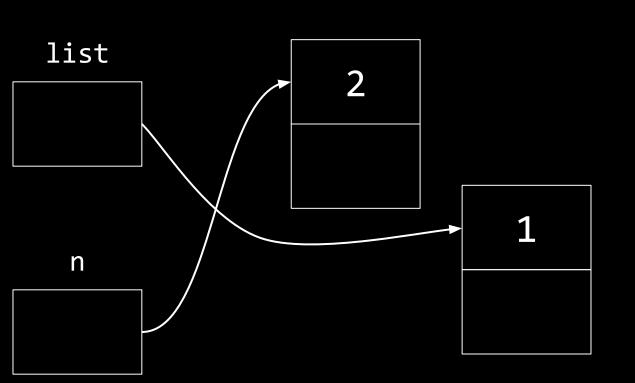
```
node *n = malloc(sizeof(node));
  list
```

```
n->number = 2;
  list
   n
```

```
n->number = 2;
  list
   n
```

```
n->next = NULL;
  list
   n
```

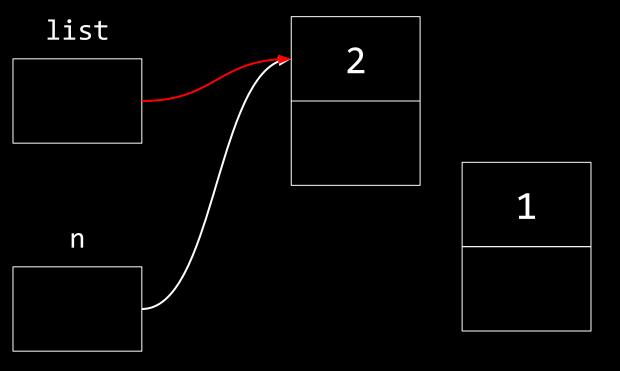
```
n->next = NULL;
  list
   n
```

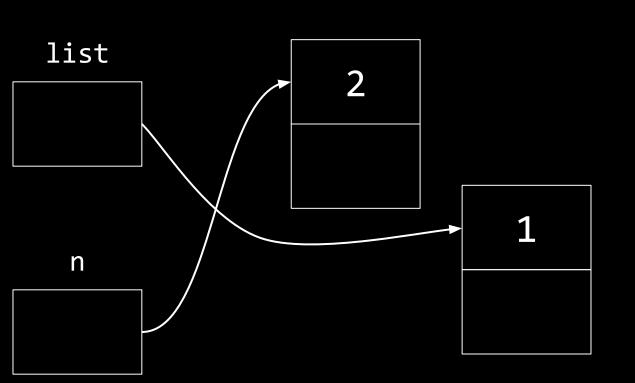


```
list = n;
  list
   n
```

list = n;list n

list = n;



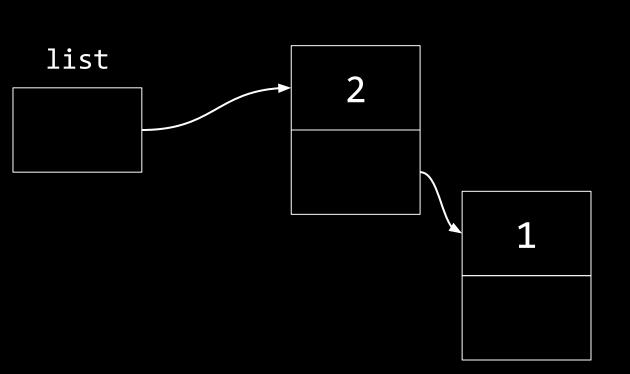


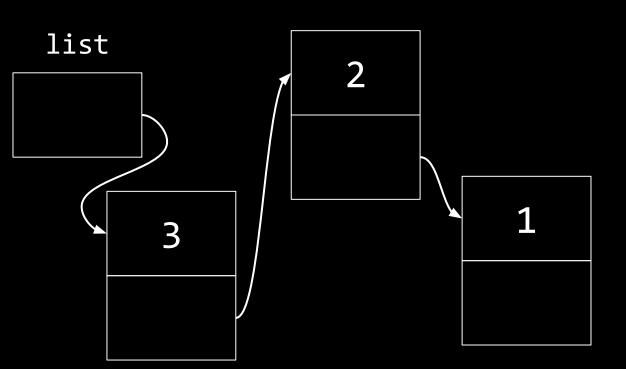
```
n->next = list;
  list
   n
```

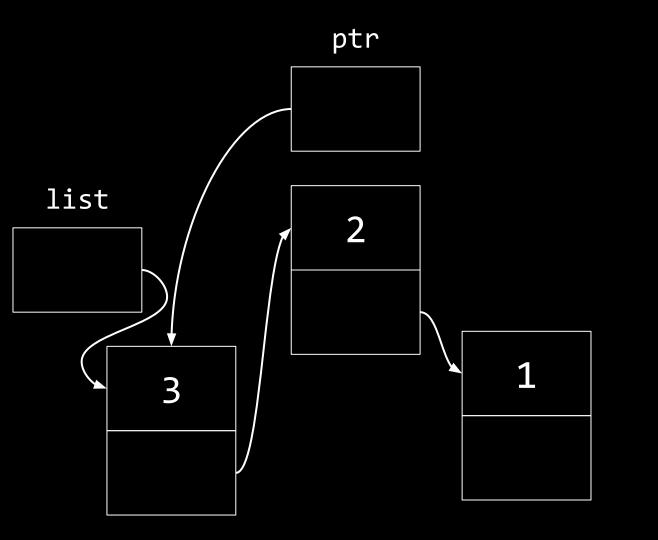
```
n->next = list;
  list
   n
```

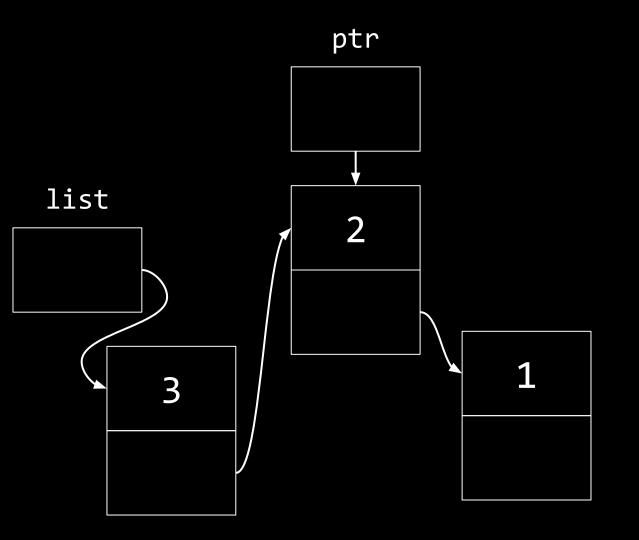
```
list = n;
  list
   n
```

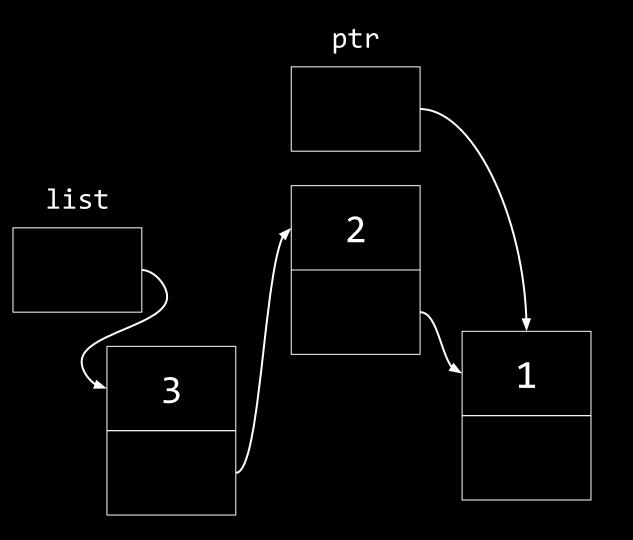
```
list = n;
  list
   n
```

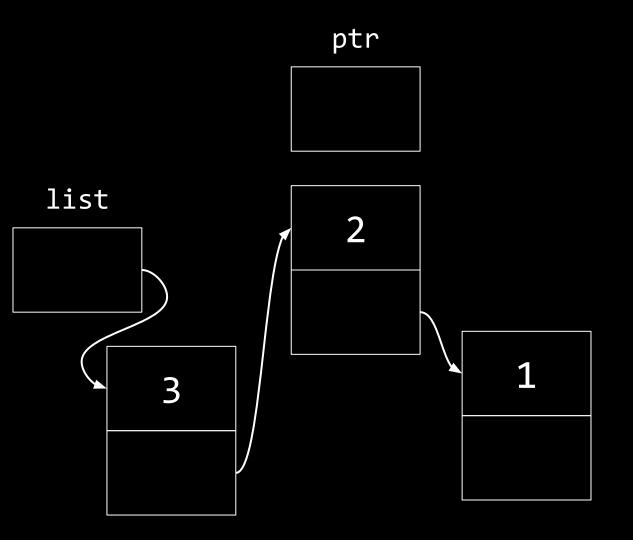


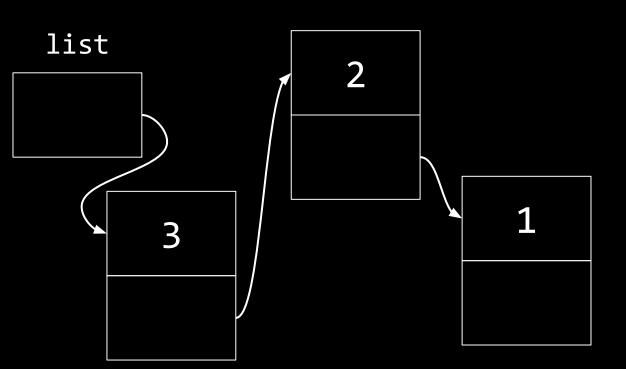












 $O(n^2)$

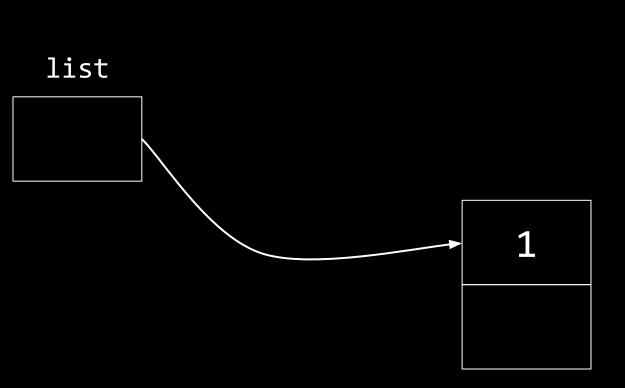
 $O(n \log n)$

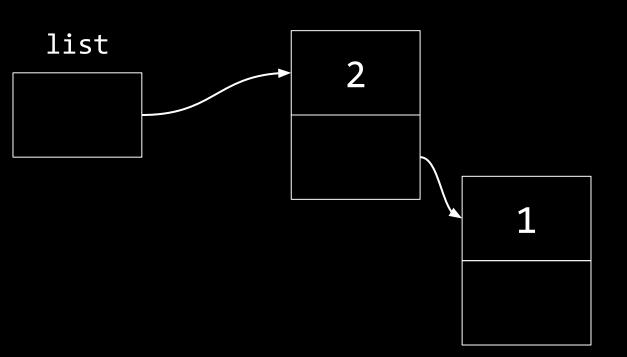
O(*n*)

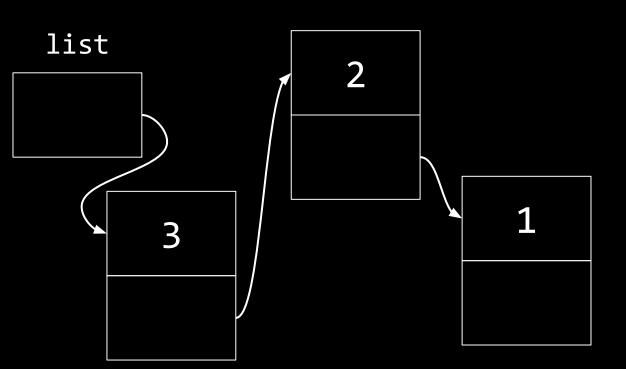
 $O(\log n)$

O(1)

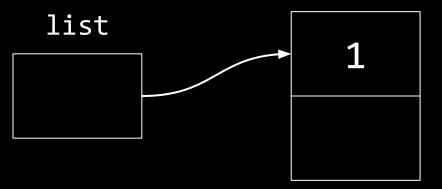
list

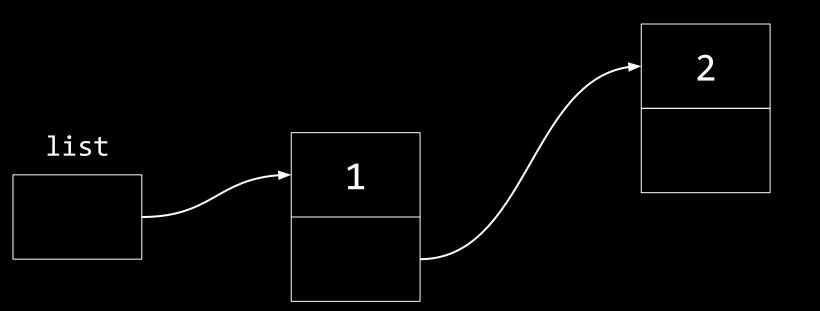


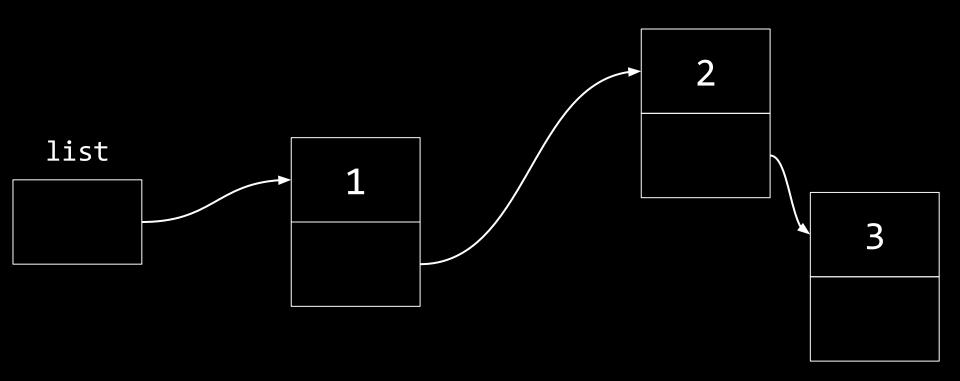




list







 $O(n^2)$

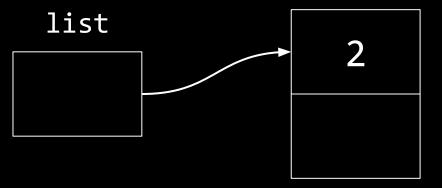
 $O(n \log n)$

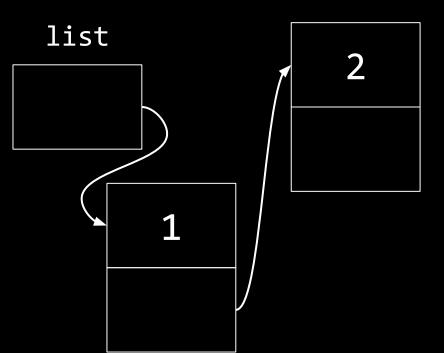
O(*n*)

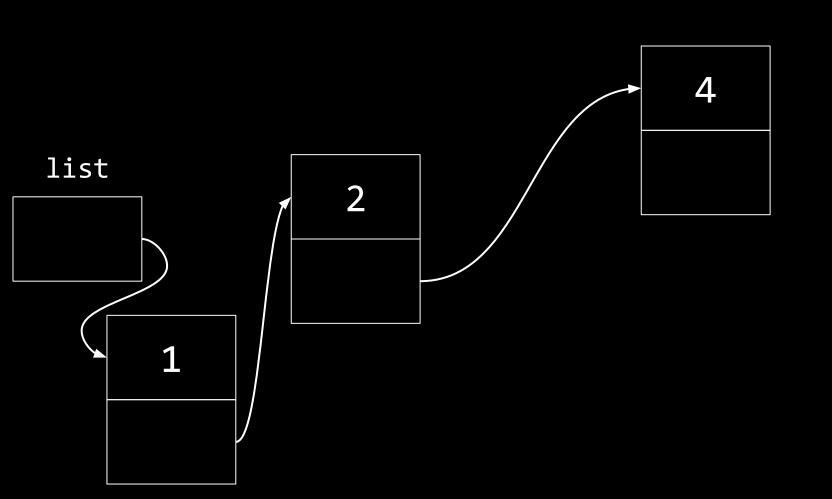
 $O(\log n)$

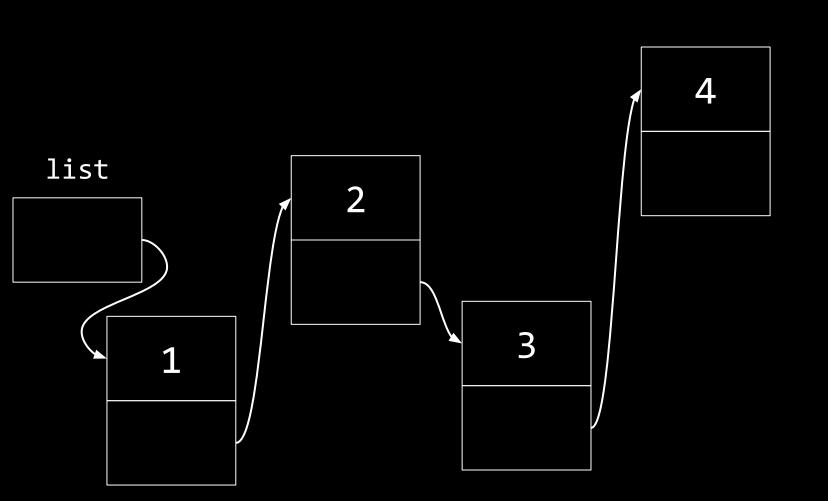
O(1)

list









 $O(n^2)$

 $O(n \log n)$

O(*n*)

 $O(\log n)$

O(1)



trees

binary search trees

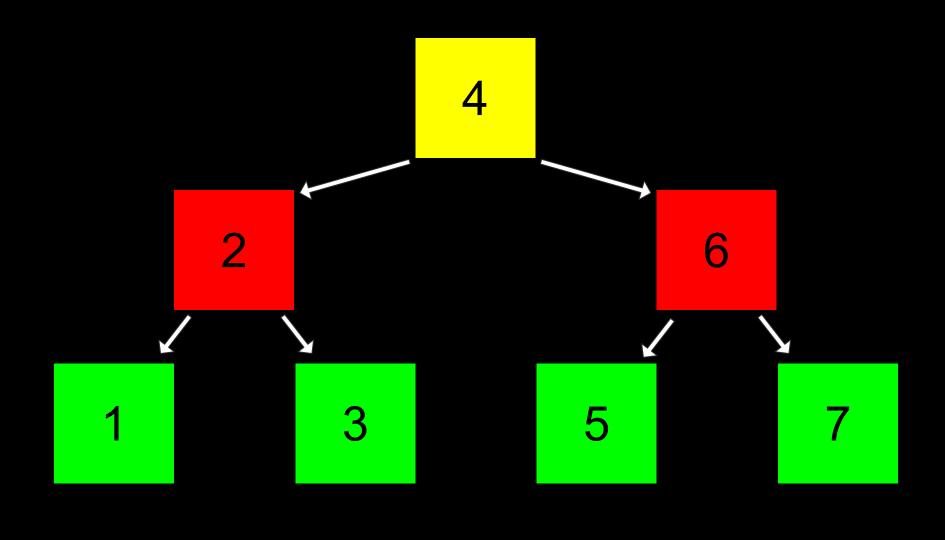
1 2 3 4 5	6	7
-----------	---	---

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
---	---	---	---	---	---	---

1 2 3 4 5 6 7

1 2 3 4 5 6 7

1 3 5 7



```
typedef struct node
{
    int number;
    struct node *next;
} node;
```

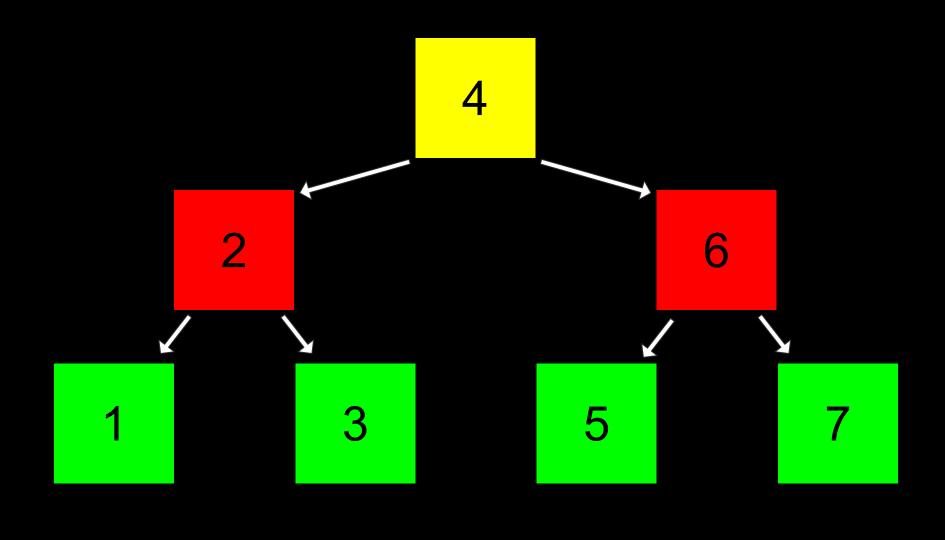
```
typedef struct node
{
   int number;
```

} node;

```
typedef struct node
{
   int number;
```

} node;

```
typedef struct node
{
    int number;
    struct node *left;
    struct node *right;
} node;
```



```
bool search(node *tree, int number)
{
```

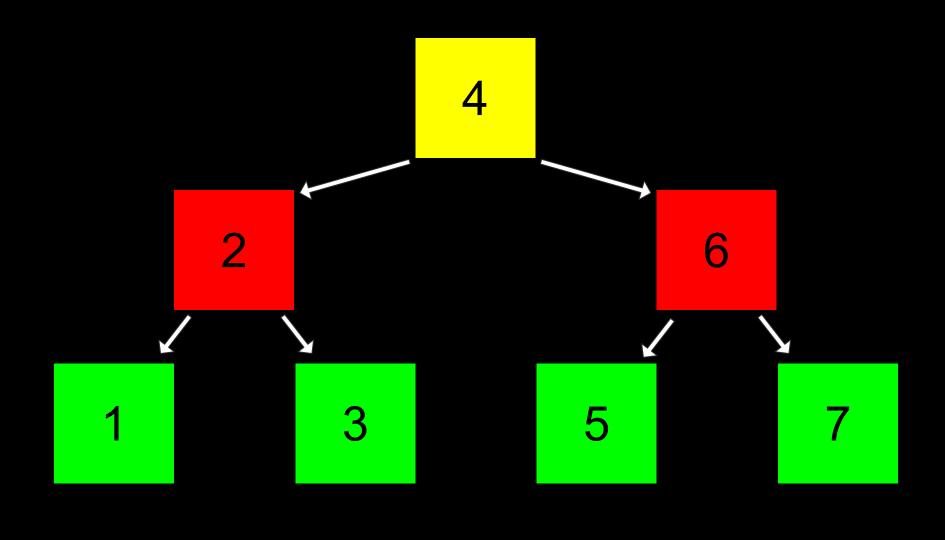
```
bool search(node *tree, int number)
{
    if (tree == NULL)
    {
       return false;
    }
}
```

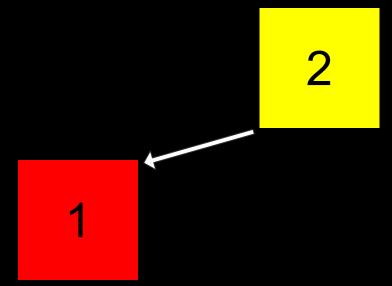
```
bool search(node *tree, int number)
{
    if (tree == NULL)
    {
        return false;
    }
    else if (number < tree->number)
    {
        return search(tree->left, number);
    }
```

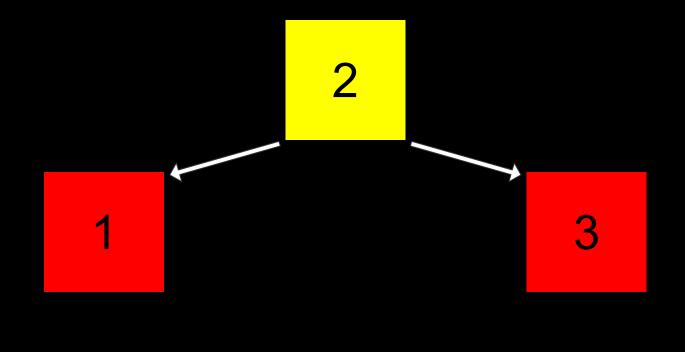
```
bool search(node *tree, int number)
   if (tree == NULL)
       return false;
    else if (number < tree->number)
        return search(tree->left, number);
    else if (number > tree->number)
        return search(tree->right, number);
```

```
bool search(node *tree, int number)
   if (tree == NULL)
       return false;
    else if (number < tree->number)
        return search(tree->left, number);
    else if (number > tree->number)
       return search(tree->right, number);
    else if (number == tree->number)
       return true;
```

```
bool search(node *tree, int number)
   if (tree == NULL)
       return false;
    else if (number < tree->number)
        return search(tree->left, number);
    else if (number > tree->number)
       return search(tree->right, number);
    else
       return true;
```







 $O(n^2)$

 $O(n \log n)$

O(*n*)

 $O(\log n)$

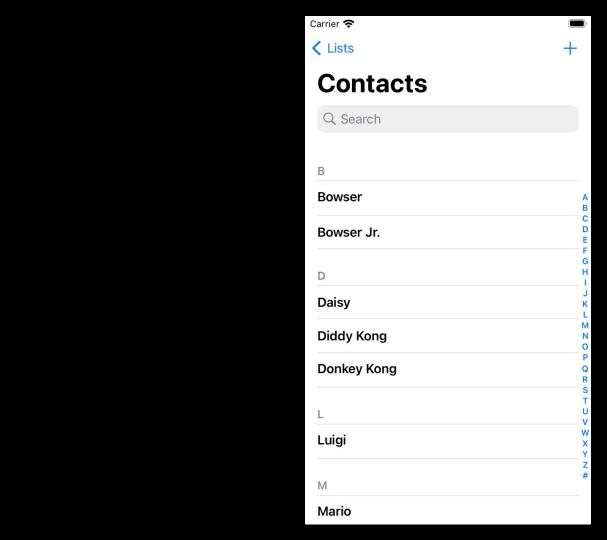
O(1)

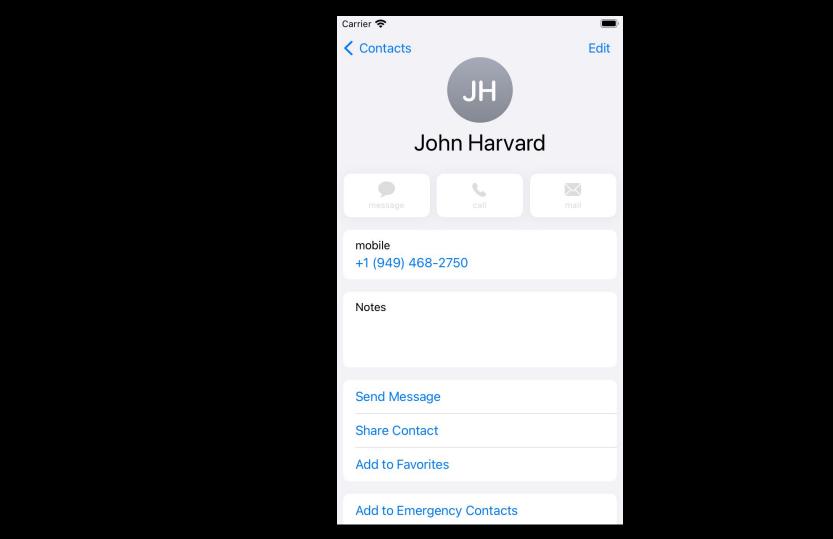
dictionaries

word	definition

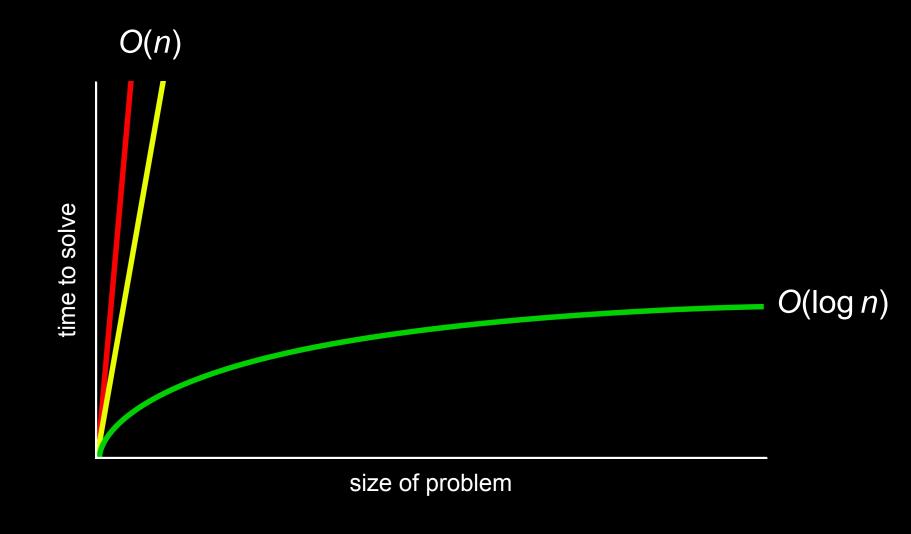
key	value

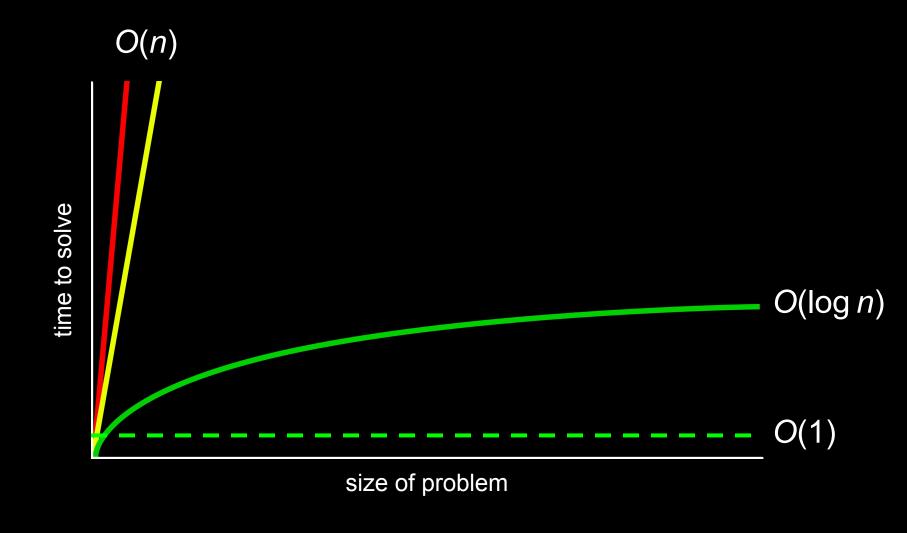






name	number



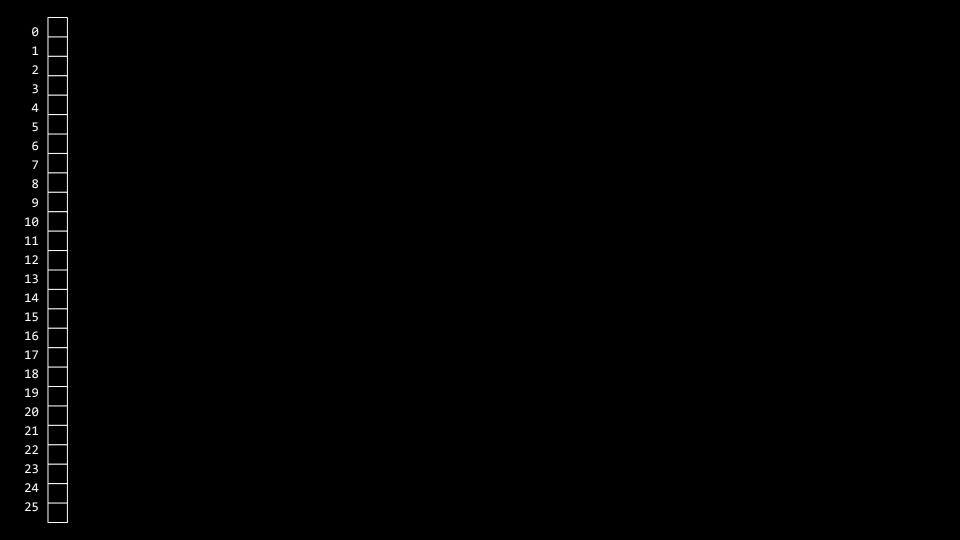


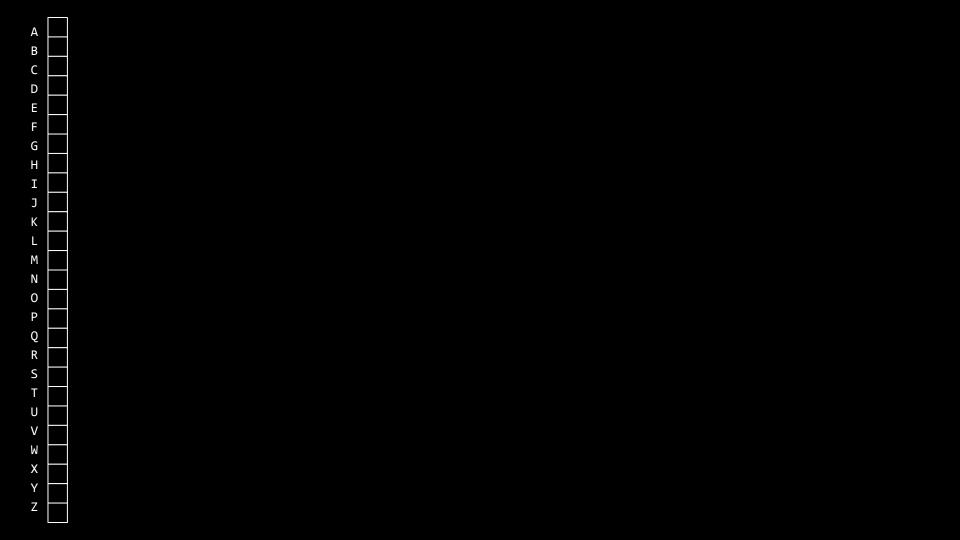
hashing

hash function

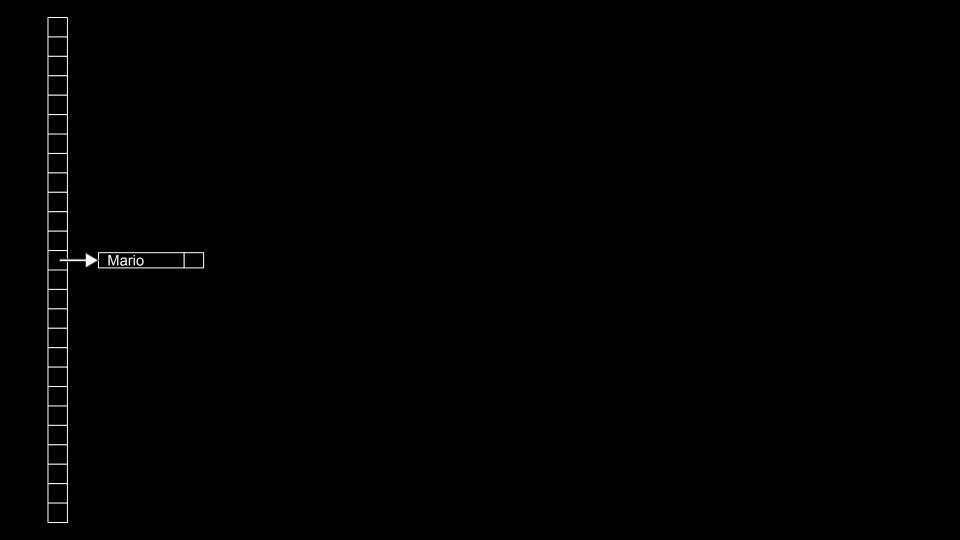
hash tables

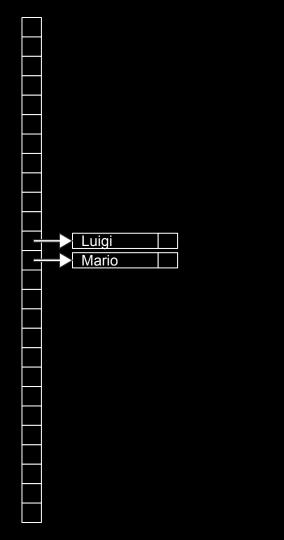
-				

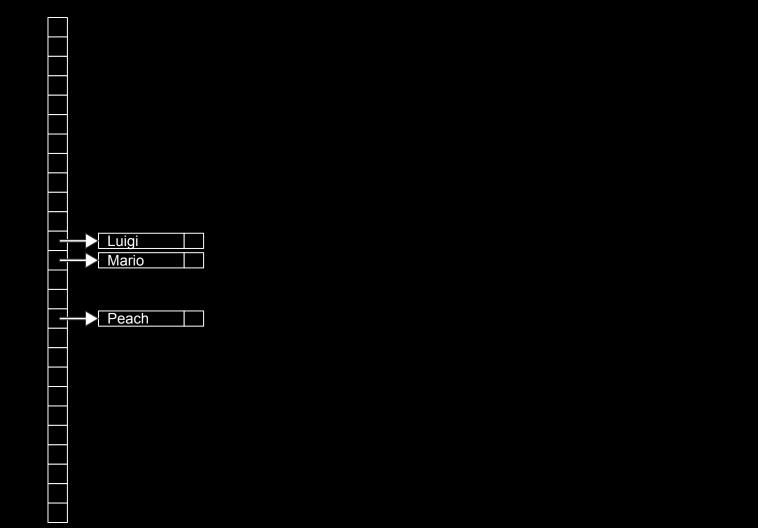




-				

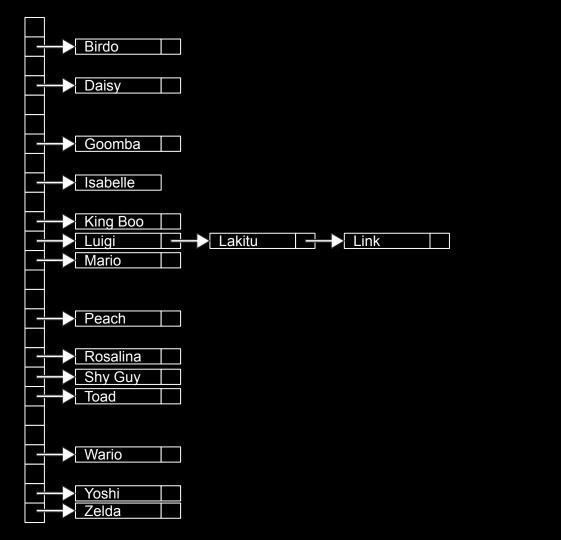


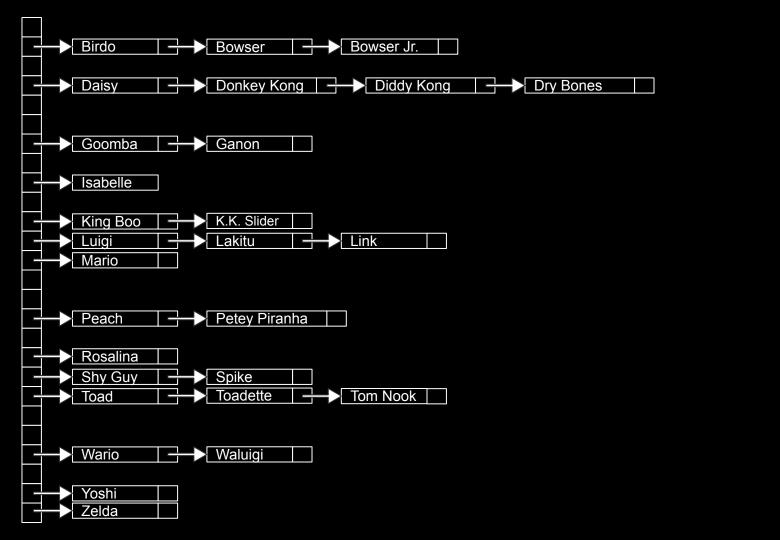












 $O(n^2)$

 $O(n \log n)$

O(*n*)

 $O(\log n)$

O(1)

```
typedef struct
{
    char *name;
    char *number;
} person;
```

```
typedef struct node
{
    char *name;
    char *number;
    struct node *next;
} node;
```

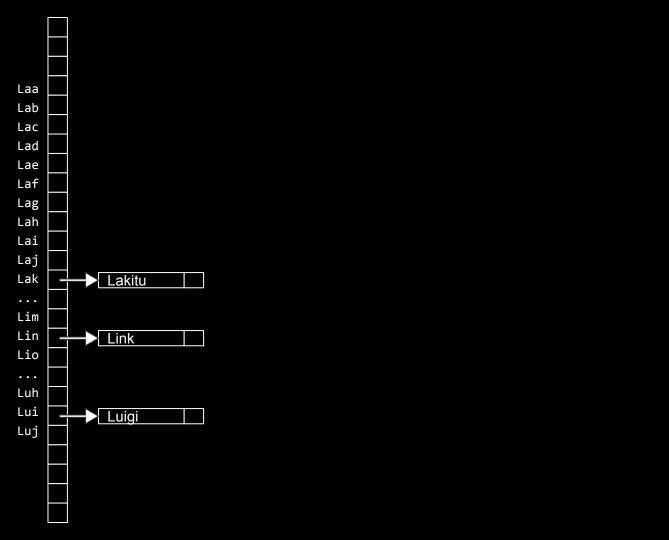
node *table[26];



hash function

Mario → 12

Luigi → 11



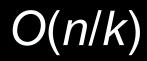
```
#include <ctype.h>
int hash(char *word)
{
    return toupper(word[0]) - 'A';
```

```
#include <ctype.h>
int hash(const char *word)
{
    return toupper(word[0]) - 'A';
```

```
#include <ctype.h>
unsigned int hash(const char *word)
```

return toupper(word[0]) - 'A';

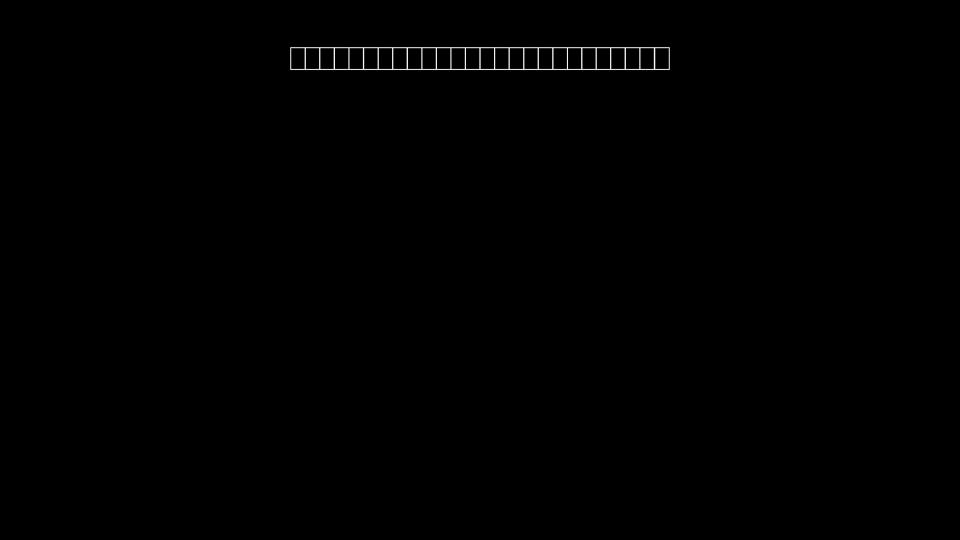




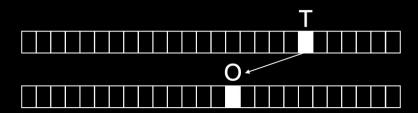


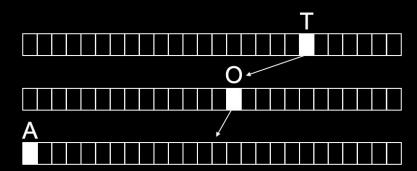
O(1)

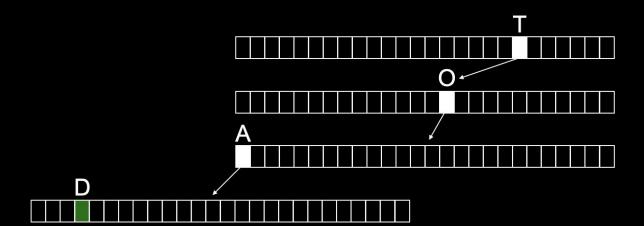
tries

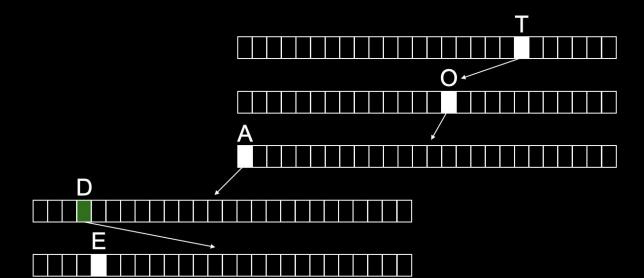


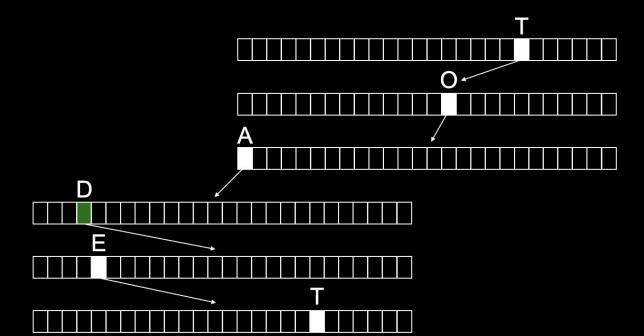
ABCD						

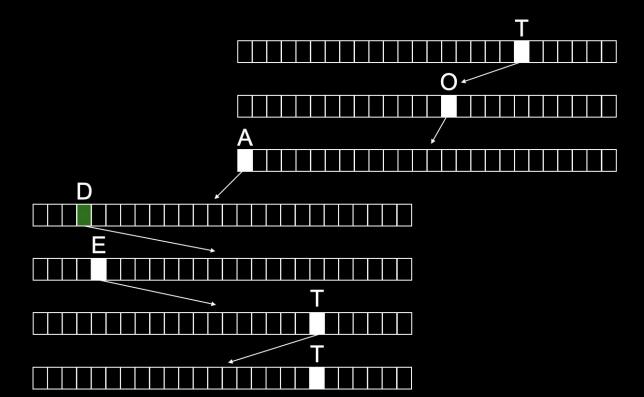


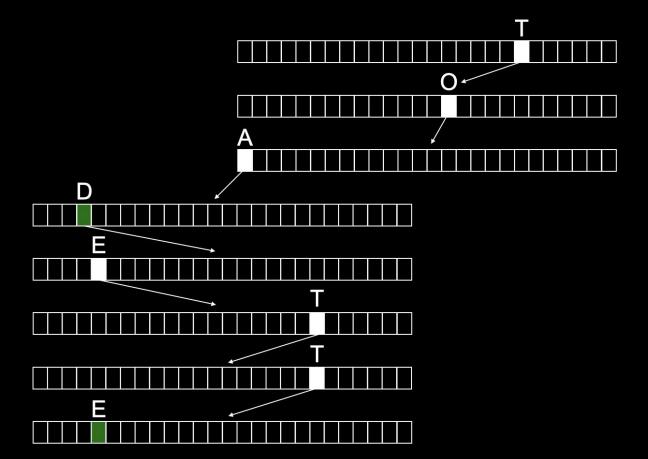


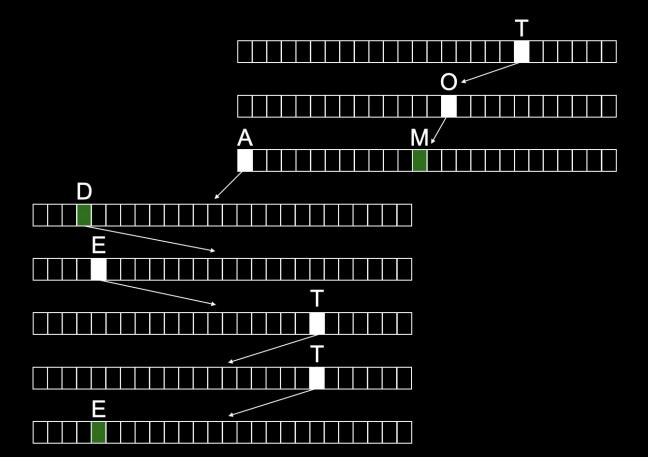












```
typedef struct node
{
    struct node *children[26];
    char *number;
} node;
```

node *trie;

 $O(n^2)$

 $O(n \log n)$

O(*n*)

 $O(\log n)$

O(1)



This is CS50