# Tanzanian Wells

Predicting non functional water wells



## Table Of Contents

1.
Overview

Objectives and Context

2.
Modeling

Models and Tuning Techniques 3. Evaluation

Best Model's Classification Metrics Recos

How to Achieve Better Predictions 5.
Next Steps

Limits and Overcoming Them



## 1. Overview

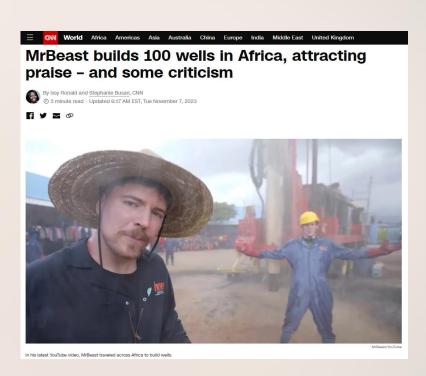
Objectives and Context

## A Predictive Tool for Wells in Tanzania









### **Current Situation:**

In Tanzania, only 61% have basic water access, 32% have basic sanitation, and less than half enjoy basic hygiene.

Source: World Bank

### Objectives:

- Develop a machine learning classifier
- To predict non-functionality of water wells in Tanzania

### **Intended Users**:

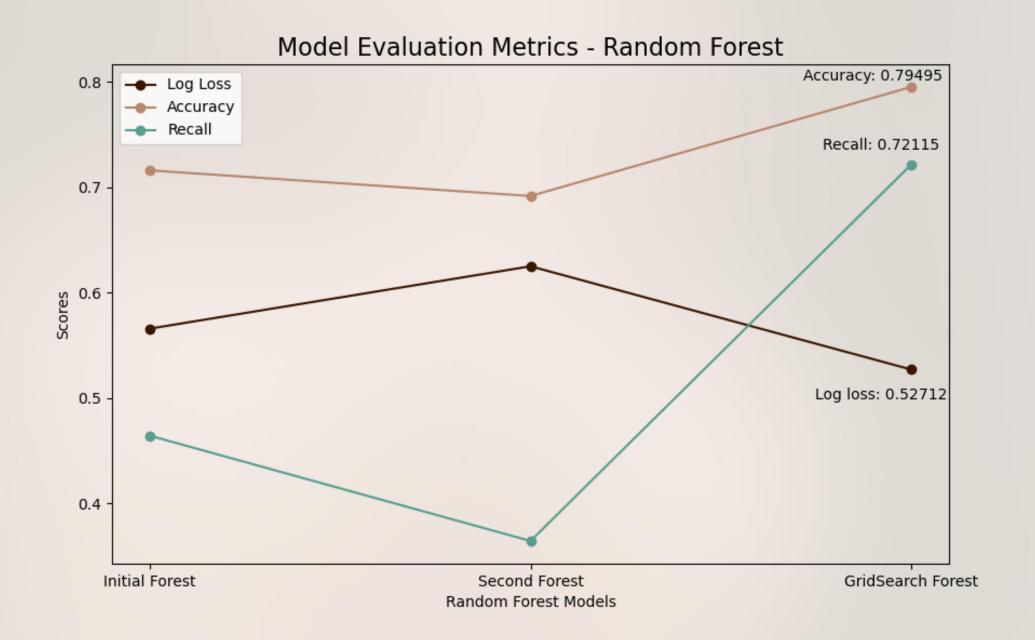
- Organizations involved in water & infrastructure management
  - Non-Governmental
  - Non-Profit
  - o YouTubers?



# 2. Modeling

Models and Tuning Techniques

## Predictive Models to Assess Well Functionality



### 4 models:

- 1. Logistic Regression
- 2. K-Nearest Neighbor
- 3. Decision Tree
- 4. Random Forest

### Preprocessing:

- Categorization
- Missing values
- Encoding categorical features
- Scaling

### **Modeling Techniques**

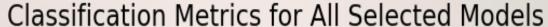
- Synthetic Minority Over-sampling Techniques (SMOTE)
- Recursive Features Elimination
- Combinatoric Grid Searching

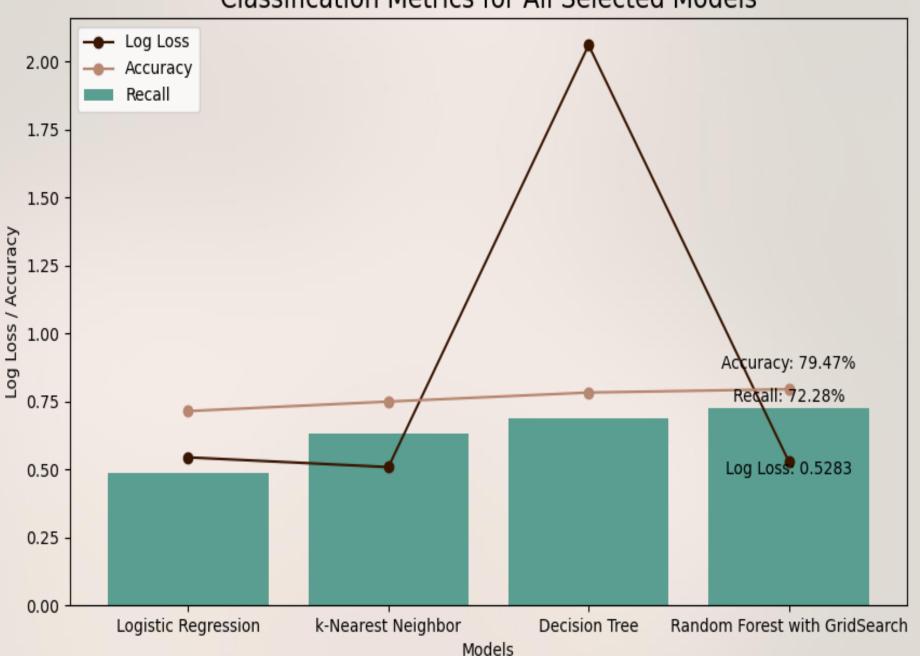


## 3. Evaluation

Best Model's Classification Metrics

## Best Model Selection: Classification Metrics





### Classification Metrics:

- 1. Recall
- 2. Accuracy
- 3. Log loss

Risk for populations' health & lives if a well is predicted functional when it was not (false negative).

### Best model results:

- The model correctly identified over 72% of the actual non-functional water wells
- 2. Model's predictive power: 79% of all water wells were correctly predicted
- High probability that a well predicted as non-functional is actually non functional

## Recommendations



How to Achieve Better Predictions

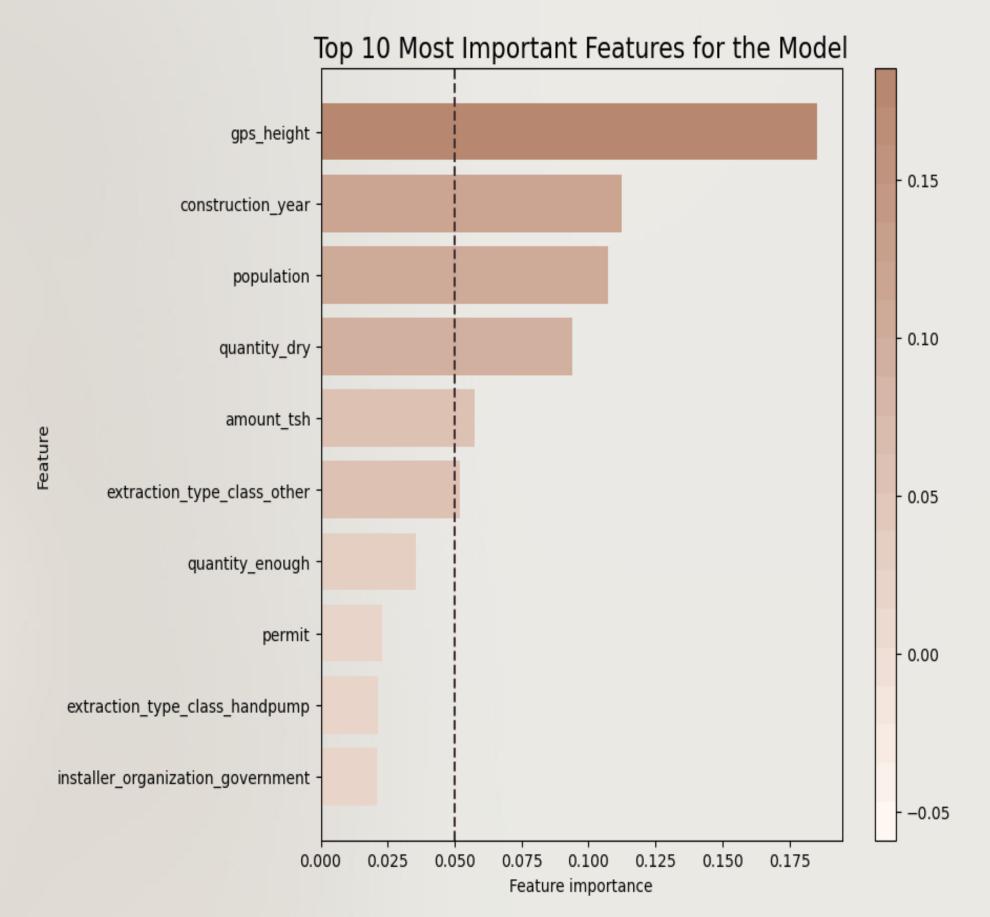
### Recommendations

### Purposes of Model's Predictions

- <u>Useful</u>
  - Prioritize maintenance efforts
  - Allocate resources and funding
- Not Useful
  - Data is outdated or inaccurate
  - Most important features are not reported

#### How to Achieve Better Predictions

- 1. Enhance quality: collect recent & accurate data
- 2. Include local knowledge
- 3. Share knowledge with other NGOs: open data
- 4. Implement a feedback system





# 5. Next Steps

Limits and Overcoming Them

# 5. Next Steps



- 1. Collect More Recent Data: Data recorded is outdated: it is from 2011 to 2013. More recent information must be collected for more accurate predictions.
- 2. Verify Actuals Before Relying on Predictions: Accuracy is good, over 79%. Nevertheless, room for error still exist.
- 3. Scalability Concerns: Consider optimizing the model with more efficient algorithms or modifying processing techniques to predict larger datasets.

## Contact Information

For more details, contact: albane.colmenares@gmail.com



