## SDN Practical 7: Implementing BGP Communities

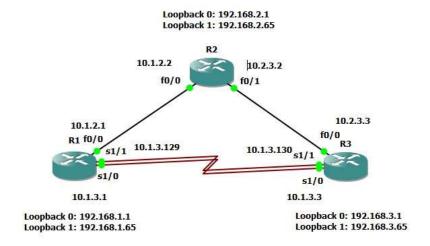
Aim: Implement BGP Communities

- 1. Implement eBGP for Ipv4.
- 2. Implement MP (Multi protocol) -BGP
- 3. Implement BGP path Manipulation
- 1. Implement eBGP for Ipv4.

Part 1: Build the Network and Configure Basic Device Settings and Interface

Addressing

Step 1:Design the Topology



Step 2: Configure all 3 Routers.

```
Rimeonf t
Enter configuration communds, one per line. End with CNTL/2.

Al(config)Mus is domain luckup

Bl(config)Wine con 0

Rl(config-line)Wogginf myn

Rl(config-line)Wogging mynchronous

Rl(config-line)Wogging mynchronous

Rl(config-line)Wogging mynchronous

Rl(config-line)Wosec-ti

Rl(config-line)Wesec-ti

Rl(config-line)Wesec-ti

Rl(config-line)Wesec-timesou 0 0

Rl(config
            mi(config)#Interface Loopback!
Bl(config)if)#
Par 1 00:02:33.975: %LINEPECTO-5-UPOCAN: Line protocol on Interface Loopback!, changed state to up
U(config)if)#ip address 192.168.1.65 255.255.192
Bl(config-if)#no sh
           var 1 00:04:16.863: %LINK'3-UPOCNA: Interface FastEthernet0/0, changed state to up
Nar 1 00:04:17.063: %LINEPROTO-5-UPOCNA: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/0, changed state to up
R1(config)#
R1(config)#interface Serial 1/0
RI(config-if)#ip address 10.1.3.1 255.255.255.128
RI(config-if)#no shut
RI(config-if)#
*Mar 1 00:05:19.847: %LINK-3-UPDOWN: Interface Serial1/0, changed state to up
*Mar 1 00:05:20.847: %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Serial1/0, changed state to up
 R1(config-if)#exit
RI(config-if)#exit
R1(config)#
R1(config)#
R1(config)#interface Ser

*Mar 1 00:05:42.107: %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Serial1/0, changed state to down
R1(config)#interface Serial 1/1
R1(config-if)#ip address 10.1.3.129 255.255.255.128
R1(config-if)#no shut
R1(config-if)#exit
R1(config-if)#
 R1(config)#
*Mar 1 00:06:31.131: %LINK-3-UPDOWN: Interface Serial1/1, changed state to up

*Mar 1 00:06:32.131: %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Serial1/1, changed state to up

R1(config)#

*Mar 1 00:07:03 103 00:100
   Mar 1 00:07:02.107: %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Serial1/1, changed state to down
 R1(config)#
```

```
Enter configuration commands, one per line, End with Chfi/Z.

Ricorfa(g)mo ip does/n lookup

Ricorfa(g)mo ip does/n lookup

Ricorfa(g)mo ip does/n lookup

Ricorfa(g)mo ip does/n lookup

Ricorfa(g)mo in plans in property

Ricorfa(g)mo in plans in plans

Ricorfa(g)mo in plans in plans

Ricorfa(g)mo in plans
```

## Router R3:

```
Allocoming and the configuration commends, one per line, End with CNTL/Z.

(3)(config) and 10 demain lookup

(3)(config) allow on (0)

* Invalid input detected at "" warker.

(3)(config) allow allogating on (0)

(3)(config) invalid ging (0)

(3)(config) invalid ging (0)

(3)(config) invalid ging (0)

(3)(config) invalid (0)

(4)(config) invalid (0)

(4)(config) invalid (0)

(5)(config) invalid (0)

(6)(config) invalid
```

# Part 2: Configure and Verify eBGP for IPv4 on all Routers Step 1: Implement BGP and neighbor relationships on R1.

```
R1(config)#
R1(config)#
R1(config)#router bgp 1000
R1(config-router)#bgp router-id 1.1.1.1
R1(config-router)#neighbor 10.1.2.2 remote-as 500
R1(config-router)#neighbor 10.1.3.3 remote-as 300
R1(config-router)#neighbor 10.1.3.130 remote-as 300
R1(config-router)#neighbor 10.1.3.130 remote-as 300
R1(config-router)#network 192.168.1.0 mask 255.255.255.224
R1(config-router)#network 192.168.1.64 mask 255.255.255.192
R1(config-router)#
```

Step 2: Implement BGP and neighbor relationships on R2.

```
R2(config)#
R2(config)#
R2(config)#router bgp 500
R2(config-router)#bgp router-id
*Mar 1 00:27:16,411: %BGP-3-NOTIFICATION: sent to neighbor 10.1.2.1 2/2 (peer in wrong AS) 2 bytes 03E8 R2(config-router)#bgp router-id FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF 602D 0104 03E8 00B4 0101 0101 1002
R2(config-router)#bgp router-id 2.2.2.2
R2(config-router)#neighbor 10.1.2.1 rem
*Mar 1 00:27:44.027: %BGP-3-NOTIFICATION: sent to neighbor 10.1.2.1 2/2 (peer in wrong AS) 2 bytes 03E8
00
R2(config-router)#neighbor 10.1.2.1 remote-as 1000
R2(config-router)#
*Mar 1 00:28:18.251: %BGP-5-ADJCHANGE: neighbor 10.1.2.1 Up
R2(config-router)#neighbor 10.2.3.3 remote-as 300
R2(config-router)#neighbor 192.168.2.0 mask 255.255.255.224
% Invalid input detected at '^' marker.
R2(config-router)#network 192.168.2.0 mask 255.255.255.224
R2(config-router)#network 192.168.2.64 mask 255.255.255.192
R2(config-router)#
```

## Step 3: Implement BGP and neighbor relationships on R3.

```
R3(config)#router bgp 300
R3(config-router)#bgp router-id 3.3.3.3
R3(config-router)#bgp router-id 3.3.3.3
R3(config-router)#no bgp default ipv4-unicast
R3(config-router)#neighbor 10.2.3.2 remote-as 500
R3(config-router)#neighbor 10.1.3.1 remote-as 1000
R3(config-router)#neighbor 10.1.3.129 remote-as 1000
R3(config-router)#
```

Step 4: Verifying BGP neighbor relationships.

```
R1#
R1#show ip route bgp

192.168.2.0/24 is variably subnetted, 2 subnets, 2 masks
B 192.168.2.64/26 [20/0] via 10.1.2.2, 00:04:27
B 192.168.2.0/27 [20/0] via 10.1.2.2, 00:04:57
R1#
```

```
R2#
R2#show ip route bgp
192.168.1.0/24 is variably subnetted, 2 subnets, 2 masks
B 192.168.1.64/26 [20/0] via 10.1.2.1, 00:07:08
B 192.168.1.0/27 [20/0] via 10.1.2.1, 00:07:08
R2#
```

```
Exception is Dep neighbors

BOW version 4, remote router 10 1.1.1:

SOW tata = Established, up for 00:10:50

Last rend 00:00:40, last wite 00:00:40, hold time is 180, keepalive interval is 80 seconds

Marighbor capabilities:

Route refresh: advertised and received(old & new)

Address family 19v0 Unicast: edvertised and received

Hersage valuatistic:

100 depth is 0

Oute depth is 0

Oute depth is 0

Oute depth is 0

For offications: 7 7

Rotifications: 5 0

Updates: 2 3

Keepalives: 14 14

Route Refresh: 0 0

Updates: 7

For address family: 19v0 Unicast:

SOW table version 5, neighbor version 3/0

Outer depen size: 0

Index: 1, Office 0, Mask &c2 1

update group member

Perfa activity: Sent Roud

Perfa activity: S
```

• The interfaces on R3 need to be activated in IPv4 AF configuration mode.

```
R3(config-router)#
R3(config-router)#address-family ipv4
R3(config-router-af)#neighbor 10.1.3.1 activate
R3(config-router-af)#neighbor 10.1.3.129 activate
*Mar 1 00:56:45.435: %BGP-5-ADJCHANGE: neighbor 10.1.3.1 Up
R3(config-router-af)#neighbor 10.1.3.129 activate
R3(config-router-af)#neighbor 10.2.3. activate
*Mar 1 00:57:16.187: %BGP-5-ADJCHANGE: neighbor 10.1.3.129 Up
R3(config-router-af)#neighbor 10.2.3.2 activate
R3(config-router-af)#network 192.168.3.0 mask 255.255.255.224
*Mar 1 00:58:01.019: %BGP-5-ADJCHANGE: neighbor 10.2.3.2 Up
R3(config-router-af)#network 192.168.3.0 mask 255.255.255.254
R3(config-router-af)#network 192.168.3.0 mask 255.255.255.192
R3(config-router-af)#network 192.168.3.64 mask 255.255.255.192
R3(config-router-af)#
```

Verify that the BGP state between R2 and R3 has now been established.

```
R2#
R2#show ip bgp neighbors | begin BGP neighbor is 10.2.3.3
BGP neighbor is 10.2.3.3, remote AS 300, external link
BGP version 4, remote router ID 3.3.3.3
BGP state = Established, up for 00:05:23
Last read 00:00:22, last write 00:00:22, hold time is 180, keepalive interval is 60 seconds
Neighbor capabilities:
Route refresh: advertised and received(old & new)
Address family IPv4 Unicast: advertised and received
Message statistics:
InQ depth is 0
OutQ depth is 0
Sent Rcvd
Opens: 1 1
Notifications: 0 0
Updates: 3 4
Keepalives: 8 8
Route Refresh: 0 0
Total: 12 13
Default minimum time between advertisement runs is 30 seconds

For address family: IPv4 Unicast
BGP table version 7, neighbor version 7/0
Output queue size: 0
Index 1, Offset 0, Mask 0x2
1 update-group member
```

Step 5: Examining the running-configs.

```
R1#
R1#show running-config | section bgp
router bgp 1000
no synchronization
bgp router-id 1.1.1.1
bgp log-neighbor-changes
network 192.168.1.0 mask 255.255.255.224
network 192.168.1.64 mask 255.255.255.192
neighbor 10.1.2.2 remote-as 500
neighbor 10.1.3.3 remote-as 300
neighbor 10.1.3.130 remote-as 300
no auto-summary
R1#
```

```
R2#show running-config | section bgp router bgp 500 no synchronization bgp router-id 2.2.2.2 bgp log-neighbor-changes network 192.168.2.0 mask 255.255.255.224 network 192.168.2.64 mask 255.255.255.192 neighbor 10.1.2.1 remote-as 1000 neighbor 10.2.3.3 remote-as 300 no auto-summary R2#
```

```
R3#show running-config | section bgp
router bgp 300
bgp router-id 3.3.3.3
no bgp default ipv4-unicast
bgp log-neighbor-changes
neighbor 10.1.3.1 remote-as 1000
neighbor 10.1.3.129 remote-as 1000
neighbor 10.2.3.2 remote-as 500
!
address-family ipv4
neighbor 10.1.3.129 activate
neighbor 10.1.3.129 activate
neighbor 10.2.3.2 activate
no auto-summary
no synchronization
network 192.168.3.0 mask 255.255.255.224
network 192.168.3.64 mask 255.255.255.192
exit-address-family
R3#
```

## Step 6: Verifying BGP operations.

```
R2#sh ip bgp
BGP table version is 7, local router ID is 2.2.2.2
Status codes: s suppressed, d damped, h history, * valid, > best, i - internal,
r RIB-failure, S Stale
Origin codes: i - IGP, e - EGP, ? - incomplete
                                                       Metric LocPrf Weight Path
    Network
                                                                                   0 300 1000 i
                           10.2.3.3
                                                                                   0 1000 i
* 192.168.1.64/26 10.2.3.3
                                                                                  0 1000 i
                            10.1.2.1
*> 192.168.2.0/27 0.0.0.0
*> 192.168.2.64/26 0.0.0.0
                            0.0.0.0
                                                                              32768 i
                                                                              32768 i
                                                                                 0 1000 300 i
                            10.2.3.3
                                                                                 0 1000 300 i
   192.168.3.64/26 10.1.2.1
                            10.2.3.3
```

```
R2#
R2#sh ip bgp 192.168.1.0
BGP routing table entry for 192.168.1.0/27, version 3
Paths: (2 available, best #2, table Default-IP-Routing-Table)
Advertised to update-groups:
1
300 1000
10.2.3.3 from 10.2.3.3 (3.3.3.3)
Origin IGP, localpref 100, valid, external
1000
10.1.2.1 from 10.1.2.1 (1.1.1.1)
Origin IGP, metric 0, localpref 100, valid, external, best
R2#
```

```
R2#show ip bgp neighbors
BGP neighbor is 10.1.2.1, remote AS 1000, external link
  up neighbor is 10:1.2:1, remote AS 1000, external link

BGP version 4, remote router ID 1:1.1.1

BGP state = Established, up for 00:51:07

Last read 00:00:07, last write 00:00:07, hold time is 180, keepalive interval is 60 seconds

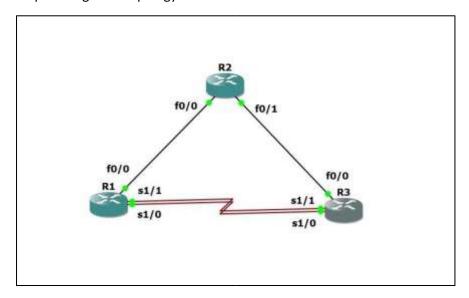
Neighbor capabilities:
  Route refresh: advertised and received(old & new)
Address family IPv4 Unicast: advertised and received
Message statistics:
     InQ depth is 0
      OutQ depth is 0
     Keepalives:
      Total:
  Default minimum time between advertisement runs is 30 seconds
 BGP table version 7, neighbor version 7/0
Output queue size : 0
Index 1, Offset 0, Mask 0x2
1 update-group member
                                                  Sent
                                                                   Rcvd
     Implicit Withdraw:
     Explicit Withdraw:
      Used as bestpath:
     Used as multipath:
  Local Policy Denied Prefixes:
     AS_PATH loop:
      Bestpath from this peer:
```

```
The most of the content of the conte
```

## 2. Implement MP(Multi protocol) -BGP

## Part 1: Build the Network and Configure Basic Device Settings and Interface Addressing

## Step 1:Design the Topology



Step 2: Configure basic settings for each router.

#### • Router R1:

```
Ri#conf t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Ri(config)#no jp domain lookup
Ri(config)#line con 0
Ri(config)#line con 0
Ri(config)#line)#exec-t
Ri(config)#line)#exec-t
Ri(config)#line)#exec-t
Ri(config)#line)#exec-t
Ri(config)#line)#logging syn
Ri(config)#line)#logging synchronous
Ri(config)#line)#exit
Ri(config)#line)#exit
Ri(config)#line)#exit
Ri(config)#line)#exit
Ri(config)#line)#exit
Ri(config)#line)#exit
Ri(config)#line)#exit
Ri(config)#line)#exit
Ri(config-ff)#pip address 10:1.2.1 255.255.255.0
Ri(config-ff)#ip address 2001:db8:acad:1012::1/64
Ri(config-ff)#pip address 2001:db8:acad:1012::1/64
Ri(config-ff)#exit
Ri(config)#
Mar 1 00:04:02.775: KLINK-3-UPDOWN: Interface FastEthernet0/0, changed state to up
Ri(config)#linterface sI/0
Ri(config-ff)#pip dadress 10:1.3.1 255.255.255.128
Ri(config-ff)#ip dadress 10:1.3.1 255.255.255.128
Ri(config-ff)#ip dadress 10:1.3.1 255.255.255.128
Ri(config-ff)#pip dadress 2001:db8:acad:1013::1/80
Ri(config-ff)#exit
*Mar 1 00:05:37.407: KLINK-3-UPDOWN: Interface Seriall/0, changed state to up
Ri(config-ff)#exit
*Mar 1 00:05:37.407: KLINK-7-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Seriall/0, changed state to up
Ri(config-ff)#exit
*Mar 1 00:05:37.407: KLINK-7-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Seriall/0, changed state to down
Ri(config-ff)#exit
*Mar 1 00:05:22.135: KLINK-7-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Seriall/0, changed state to down
Ri(config-ff)#exit
*Mar 1 00:05:22.135: KLINK-7-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Seriall/0, changed state to down
Ri(config-ff)#exit
*Mar 1 00:05:22.135: KLINK-7-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Seriall/0, changed state to down
Ri(config-ff)#exit
*Mar 1 00:05:22.135: KLINK-7-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Seriall/0, changed state to down
Ri(config-ff)#exit
*Mar 1 00:05:22.135: KLINK-7-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Seriall/0, changed state to down
Ri(config-ff)#exit
*Mar 1 00:05:21.35: KLINK-7-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Seriall/0, changed state to down
Ri(config-ff)#exit
```

```
R1(config)#

*Mar 1 00:08:54.623: %LINK-3-UPDOWN: Interface Serial1/1, changed state to up
R1(config)#

*Mar 1 00:08:55.631: %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Serial1/1, changed state to up
R1(config)#interface loopback 0

*Mar 1 00:09:22.139: %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Serial1/1, changed state to down
R1(config)#interface loopback 0
R1(config-if)#ip addre

*Mar 1 00:09:27.983: %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Loopback0, changed state to up
R1(config-if)#ip address 192.168.1.1 255.255.255.224
R1(config-if)#ipv6 address fe80::1:4 link-local
R1(config-if)#ipv6 address 2001:db8:acad:1000::1/64
R1(config-if)#ip sh osh
R1(config-if)#ip address 2001:db8:acad:1000::1/64
R1(config-if)#ip address

*Mar 1 00:11:22.511: %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Loopback1, changed state to up
R1(config-if)#ip address 192.168.1.65 255.255.255.192
R1(config-if)#ipv6 address fe80::1:5 link-local
R1(config-if)#ipv6 address fe80::1:5 link-local
R1(config-if)#ipv6 address fe80::1:5 link-local
R1(config-if)#ipv6 address 2001:db8:acad:1001::1/64
R1(config-if)#ipv6
```

#### • Router R2:

```
R2Econf t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.

A)(configuration is density lookup

R)(configuration of density lookup

R)(configuration is density lookup

R)(configuration) eloging syn

R2(configuration) eloging syn

R2(configuration) eloging syn

R2(configuration) eloging syn

R2(configuration) eloging synchronous

R2(configuration) eloging eloging eloging eloging eloging eloging eloging

R2(configuration) eloging eloging eloging eloging eloging eloging

R2(configuration) eloging elogi
```

#### • Router R3

```
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
R3(config)#no ip domain lookup
R3(config)#line con 0
R3(config-line)#exec-ti
R3(config-line)#exec-timeout 0 0
R3(config-line)#logging sync
R3(config-line)#logging synchronous
R3(config-line)#exit
R3(config)#banner motd # This is R3, BGP Path Manipulation Lab #
R3(config)#ipv6 unicast-routing
R3(config)#interface f0/0
R3(config-if)#ip address 10.2.3.3 255.255.255.0
R3(config-if)#ipv6 address fe80::3:1 link-local
R3(config-if)#ipv6 address 2001:db8:acad:1023::3/64
R3(config-if)#exit
R3(config)#
*Mar 1 00:55:46.539: %LINK-3-UPDOWN: Interface FastEthernet0/0, changed state to up
*Mar 1 00:55:47.539: %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/0, changed state to up
R3(config)#interface s1/0
R3(config-if)#ip address 10.1.3.3 255.255.255.128
R3(config-if)#ipv6 address fe80::3:2 link-local
R3(config-if)#ipv6 address 2001:db8:acad:1013::3/80
R3(config-if)#no sh
R3(config-if)#exit
R3(config)#
 Mar 1 00:57:31.219: %LINK-3-UPDOwN: Interface Serial1/0, changed state to up
Mar 1 00:57:32.219: %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOwN: Line protocol on Interface Serial1/0, changed state to up
R3(config)#interface s1/1
 R3(config-if)#ip address 10.1.3.130 255.255.255.128
R3(config-if)#ipv6 address fe80::3:3 link-local
R3(config-if)#ipv6 address fe80::3:3 link-local
R3(config-if)#ipv6 address 2001:db8:acad:1014::3/80
R3(config-if)#no sh
R3(config-if)#exit
         1 00:59:39.419: %LINK-3-UPDOWN: Interface Serial1/1, changed state to up
R3(config)#in
*Mar 1 00:59:40.427: %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Serial1/1, changed state to up
```

```
R3(config)#interface loopback 0
R3(config-if)#ip address
*Mar 1 00:59:59.675: %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Loopback0, changed state to up
R3(config-if)#ip address 192.168.3.1 255.255.255.224
R3(config-if)#ipv6 address fe80::3:4 link-local
R3(config-if)#ipv6 address 2001:db8:acad:3000::1/64
R3(config-if)#no sh
R3(config-if)#no sh
R3(config-if)#exit
R3(config-if)#exit
R3(config-if)#ip address
*Mar 1 01:02:36.075: %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Loopback1, changed state to up
R3(config-if)#ip address 192.168.3.65 255.255.255.192
R3(config-if)#ipv6 address fe80::3:5 link-local
R3(config-if)#ipv6 address 2001:db8:acad:3001::1/64
R3(config-if)#ipv6 address 2001:db8:acad:3001::1/64
R3(config-if)#ipv6 address 2001:db8:acad:3001::1/64
R3(config-if)#ipv6 address 2001:db8:acad:3001::1/64
```

## Part 2: Configure and Verify Multi-Protocol BGP on all Routers

## Step 1: On R1, create the core BGP configuration

```
R1(config)#router bgp 6500
R1(config-router)#bgp router-id 1.1.1.1
R1(config-router)#no bgp default ipv4-unicast
R1(config-router)#neighbor 10.1.2.2 remote-as 500
R1(config-router)#neighbor 10.1.3.3 remote-as 300
R1(config-router)#neighbor 10.1.3.130 remote-as 300
R1(config-router)#neighbor 2001:db8:acad:1013::3 remote 500
R1(config-router)#neighbor 2001:db8:acad:1013::3 remote 500
R1(config-router)#neighbor 2001:db8:acad:1012::2 remote-as 500
R1(config-router)#neighbor 2001:db8:acad:1013::3 remote-as 300
R1(config-router)#neighbor 2001:db8:acad:1013::3 remote-as 300
R1(config-router)#neighbor 2001:db8:acad:1014::3 remote-as 300
```

Step 2: On R1, configure the IPv4 unicast address family.

```
R1(config-router)#address-family ipv4 unicast
R1(config-router-af)#network 192.168.1.0 mask 255.255.255.224
R1(config-router-af)#network 192.168.1.64 mask 255.255.255.192
R1(config-router-af)#no neighbor 2001:db8:acad:1012::2 activate
R1(config-router-af)#no neighbor 2001:db8:acad:1013::3 activate
R1(config-router-af)#no neighbor 2001:db8:acad:1014::3 activate
R1(config-router-af)#neighbor activate 10.1.2.2 activate

% Invalid input detected at '^' marker.

R1(config-router-af)#neighbor activate 10.1.3.3 activate
% Invalid input detected at '^' marker.

R1(config-router)#neighbor activate 10.1.2.2 activate
% Invalid input detected at '^' marker.

R1(config-router)#neighbor activate 10.1.2.2 activate
% Invalid input detected at '^' marker.

R1(config-router)#address-family ipv4 unicast
R1(config-router-af)#neighbor 10.1.2.2 activate
R1(config-router-af)#neighbor 10.1.3.3 activate
R1(config-router-af)#neighbor 10.1.3.130 activate
R1(config-router-af)#neighbor 10.1.3.130 activate
R1(config-router-af)#
R1(config-router-af)#
```

## Step 3: On R1, configure the IPv6 unicast address family.

```
R1(config-router)#address-family ipv6 unicast
R1(config-router-af)#network 2001:db8:acad:1000::/64
R1(config-router-af)#network 2001:db8:acad:1001::/64
R1(config-router-af)#network 2001:db8:acad:1012::2 activate

% Invalid input detected at '^' marker.

R1(config-router-af)#neighbor 2001:db8:acad:1012::2 activate
R1(config-router-af)#neighbor 2001:db8:acad:1013::3 activate
R1(config-router-af)#neighbor 2001:db8:acad:1014::3 activate
R1(config-router-af)#neighbor 2001:db8:acad:1014::3 activate
R1(config-router-af)#
```

## Step 4: Verify that MP-BGP is operational.

```
R1#show bgp ipv4 unicast summary
BGP router identifier 1.1.1.1, local AS number 6500
BGP table version is 3, main routing table version 3
2 network entries using 234 bytes of memory
2 path entries using 104 bytes of memory
2/1 BGP path/bestpath attribute entries using 248 bytes of memory
0 BGP route-map cache entries using 0 bytes of memory
0 BGP filter-list cache entries using 0 bytes of memory
BGP using 586 total bytes of memory
BGP activity 4/0 prefixes, 4/0 paths, scan interval 60 secs
 Neighbor
                                    AS MsgRcvd MsgSent TblVer InO OutO Up/Down State/PfxRcd
                      4 500
4 300
4 300
                                                                                        0 0 never
0 0 never
0 0 never
 10.1.3.3
R1#show bgp ipv6 unicast summary
BGP router identifier 1.1.1.1, local AS number 6500
BGP table version is 3, main routing table version 3
2 network entries using 298 bytes of memory
2 path entries using 152 bytes of memory
2/1 BGP path/bestpath attribute entries using 248 bytes of memory
0 BGP route-map cache entries using 0 bytes of memory
 0 BGP filter-list cache entries using 0 bytes of memory
 BGP using 698 total bytes of memory
 BGP activity 4/0 prefixes, 4/0 paths, scan interval 60 secs
                                         AS MsgRcvd MsgSent TblVer InQ OutQ Up/Down State/PfxRcd
 Neighbor
2001:DB8:ACAD:1012::2
                               4 500
                                                                                                                    0 never
                               4 300
                                                                                                                    0 never
                                                                                                                                          Active
 2001:DB8:ACAD:1014::3
                                                                                                                    0 never
```

• Use the show bgp ipv4 unicast and show bgp ipv6 unicast commands to view the specified BGP tables.

• Viewing Routing tables.

```
R1#show ipv6 route bgp

IPv6 Routing Table - 12 entries

Codes: C - Connected, L - Local, S - Static, R - RIP, B - BGP

U - Per-user Static route

I1 - ISIS L1, I2 - ISIS L2, IA - ISIS interarea, IS - ISIS summary

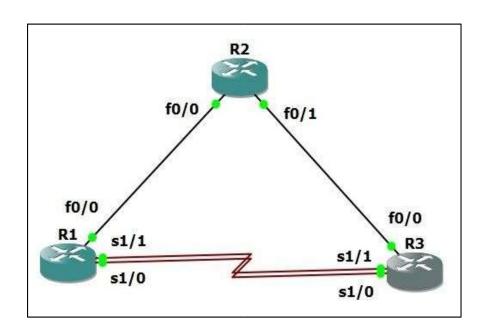
O - OSPF intra, OI - OSPF inter, OE1 - OSPF ext 1, OE2 - OSPF ext 2

ON1 - OSPF NSSA ext 1, ON2 - OSPF NSSA ext 2

R1#
```

## 3. Implement BGP path Manipulation

Part 1: Build the Network and Configure Basic Device Settings and Interface Addressing Step 1: Topology



## Step 2: Configure basic settings for each router.

#### • Router R1

```
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
R1(config)#line con 0
R1(config-line)#exec timeout 0 0
% Invalid input detected at '^' marker.
R1(config-line)#exec-timeout 0 0
R1(config-line)#logging sy
R1(config-line)#logging synchronous
R1(config-line)#banner motd # This is R1, BGP Path Manipultaion Lab #
R1(config)#ipv6 unicast-routing
R1(config)#ipvo unicast-routing
R1(config)#interface f0/0
R1(config-if)#ip address 10.1.2.1 255.255.255.0
R1(config-if)#ipv6 address fe80::1:1 link-local
R1(config-if)#ipv6 address 2001:db8:acad:1012::1/64
R1(config-if)#no sh
 "Mar 1 00:03:55.915: %LINK-3-UPDOWN: Interface FastEthernet0/0, changed state to up

*Mar 1 00:03:56.915: %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/0, changed state to up

R1(config-if)#exit
R1(config-if)#esit
 R1(config)#interface s1/0
R1(config-if)#ip address 10.1.3.1 255.255.255.128
R1(config-if)#ipv6 address fe80::1:2 link-local
R1(config-if)#ipv6 address 2001:db8:acad:1013::1/64
R1(config-if)#no sh
R1(config-if)#exit
P1(config-if)#
 "Mar 1 00:05:27.015: %LINK-3-UPDOWN: Interface Serial1/0, changed state to up
 R1(config)#
 *Mar 1 00:05:28.023: %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Serial1/0, changed state to up
R1(config)#interface s1/1
 R1(config-if)#ip address 10.1.3.1
*Mar 1 00:05:53.719: %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Serial1/0, changed state to down
R1(config-if)#ip address 10.1.3.129 255.255.255.128
Ri(config-if)#ipv6 address fe80::1:3 1ink-local
R1(config-if)#ipv6 address 2001:db8:acad:1014::1/64
R1(config-if)#no sh
R1(config-if)#exit
R1(config-if)#exit
R1(config)#interface loopback 0
R1(config-if)#ip address
 *Mar 1 00:08:06.447: %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Loopback0, changed state to up
R1(config-if)#ip address 192.168.1.1 255.255.255.224
R1(config-if)#ipv6 address fe80::1:4 link-local
R1(config-if)#ipv6 address 2001:db8:acad:1000::1/64
R1(config-if)#no sh
R1(config-if)#exit
R1(config)#interface loopback 1
R1(config-if)#ip addres
*Mar 1 00:09:45.139: %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Loopback1, changed state to up R1(config-if)#ip address 192.168.1.65 255.255.255.192 R1(config-if)#ipv6 address fe80::1:5 link-local
R1(config-if)#ipv6 address 2001:db8:acad:1001::1/64
R1(config-if)#no sh
R1(config-if)#exit
R1(config)#
```

```
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
R2(config)#no ip domain lookup
R2(config)#line con 0
R2(config)#line con 0

R2(config-line)#exec-timeout 0 0

R2(config-line)#logging syn

R2(config-line)#logging synchronous

R2(config-line)#banner motd # This is R2, BGP Path Manipulation Lab #

R2(config)#ipv6 unicast-routing

R2(config)#inteface f0/0
 % Invalid input detected at '^' marker.
 R2(config)#interface f0/0
R2(config)#interface f0/0
R2(config-if)#ip address 10.1.2.2 255.255.0
R2(config-if)#ipv6 address fe80::2:1 link-local
R2(config-if)#ipv6 address 2001:db8:acad:1012::2/64
R2(config-if)#no sh
R2(config-if)#exit
R2(config-if)#exit
R2(config)#
*Mar 1 00:15:56.991: %LINK-3-UPDOWN: Interface FastEthernet0/0, changed state to up
R2(config)# *Mar 1 00:15:57.991: %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/0, changed state to up
 R2(config)#interface f0/1
R2(config-if)#ip address 10.2.3.2 255.255.255.0
R2(config-if)#ipv6 address fe80::2:2 link-local
 R2(config-if)#ipv6 address 2001:db8:acad:1023::2/64
 R2(config-if)#no sh
R2(config-if)#exit
R2(config)#
 *Mar 1 00:17:11.147: %LINK-3-UPDOwN: Interface FastEthernet0/1, changed state to up
*Mar 1 00:17:12.147: %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOwN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/1, changed state to up
R2(config)#interface loopback 0
 R2(config-if)#ip a
R2(config-if)#ip a
*Mar 1 00:17:46.455: %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Loopback0, changed state to up
R2(config-if)#ip address 192.168.2.1 255.255.255.224
R2(config-if)#ipv6 address fe80::2:3 link-local
R2(config-if)#pv6 address 2001:db8:acad:2000::2/64
R2(config-if)#no sh
R2(config-if)#exit
R2(config-if)#exit
R2(config-if)#o ipv6 address 2001:db8:acad:2000::2/64
R2(config-if)#ipv6 address 2001:db8:acad:2000::1/64
R2(config-if)#ipv6 address 2001:db8:acad:2000::1/64
R2(config-if)#no shut
 R2(config-if)#no shut
R2(config-if)#exit
R2(config)#interface loopback 1
 R2(config-if)#
 *Mar 1 00:20:07.227: %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Loopback1, changed state to up R2(config-if)#ip address 192.168.2.65 255.255.255.192 R2(config-if)#ipv6 address fe80::2:4 link-local
R2(config-if)#ipv6 address 2001:db8:acad:2001::1/64
R2(config-if)#no shut exit
 % Invalid input detected at '^' marker.
R2(config-if)#no shut
R2(config-if)#exit
R2(config)#
```

```
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
 R3(config)#no ip domain lookup
R3(config)#line con 0
 R3(config-line)#exec-timeout 0 0
R3(config-line)#logging syn
R3(config-line)#logging synchronous
R3(config-line)#logging synchronous
R3(config-line)#banner motd # This is R3,BGP Path Manipulation Lab #
  R3(config)#ipv6 uncast-routing
 % Invalid input detected at '^' marker.
 R3(config)#ipv6 unicast-routing
 R3(config)#interface f0/0
 R3(config-if)#ip address 10.2.3.3 255.255.255.0
R3(config-if)#ipv6 address fe80::3:1 link-local
R3(config-if)#ipv6 address 2001:db8:acad:1023::3/64
 R3(config-if)#no sh
 R3(config-if)#exit
 R3(config)#

*Mar 1 00:24:27.647: %LINK-3-UPDOWN: Interface FastEthernet0/0, changed state to up

*Mar 1 00:24:28.647: %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/0, changed state to up
 R3(config)#interface s1/0
R3(config)#interface s1/0
R3(config)#ip address 10.1.3.3 255.255.255.128
R3(config-if)#ipv6 address fe80::3:2 link-local
R3(config-if)#ipv6 address 2001:db8:acad:1013::3/64
R3(config-if)#no sh
R3(config-if)#exit
R3(config)#
*Mar 1 00:25:54.775: %LINK-3-UPDOWN: Interface Serial1/0, changed state to up
 R3(config)#
*Mar 1 00:25:55.783: %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Serial1/0, changed state to up
*Mar 1 00:25:55./83: %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Serial/0
R3(config)#interface s1/1
R3(config-if)#ip address 10.1.3.130 255.255.255.128
R3(config-if)#ipv6 address fe80::3:3 link-local
R3(config-if)#ipv6 address 2001:db8:acad:1014::3/64
R3(config-if)#no sh
R3(config-if)#exit
R3(config)#
*Mar 1 00:26:39.783: %LINK-3-UPDOWN: Interface Serial1/1, changed state to up
 R3(config)#
   "Mar 1 00:26:40.791: %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Serial1/1, changed state to up
 R3(config)#interface loopback 0
R3(config)#interface loopback 0
R3(config-if)#
*Mar 1 00:26:53.915: %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Loopback0, changed state to up
R3(config-if)#ip address 192.168.3.1 255.255.255.224
R3(config-if)#ipv6 address fe80::3:4 link-local
R3(config-if)#ipv6 address 2001:db8:acad:3000::1/64
R3(config-if)#no sh
R3(config-if)#exit
R3(config)#interface loopback 1
R3(config-if)#
*Mar 1 00:28:05.039: %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Loopback1, changed state to up
R3(config-if)#ip address 192.168.3.65 255.255.255.192
*Mar 1 00:28:05.039: %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line proto:
R3(config-if)#ip address 192.168.3.65 255.255.255.192
R3(config-if)#ipv6 address fe80::3:5 link-local
R3(config-if)#ipv6 address 2001:db8:acad:3001::1/64
R3(config-if)#no sh
R3(config-if)#exit
R3(config)#
```

Part 2: Configure and Verify Multi-Protocol BGP on all Routers Step 1: On R1, create the core BGP configuration.

```
R1(config)#router bgp 6500
R1(config-router)#bgp router-id 1.1.1.1
R1(config-router)#no bgp default ipv4-unicast
R1(config-router)#neighbor
% Incomplete command.

R1(config-router)#neighbor 10.1.2.2 remote-as 500
R1(config-router)#neighbor 10.1.3.3 remote-as 300
R1(config-router)#neighbor 10.1.3.130 remote-as 300
R1(config-router)#neighbor 2001:db8:acad:1012::2 remote-as 500
R1(config-router)#neighbor 2001:db8:acad:1013::3 remote-as 300
R1(config-router)#neighbor 2001:db8:acad:1014::3 remote-as 300
R1(config-router)#neighbor 2001:db8:acad:1014::3 remote-as 300
R1(config-router)#
```

Step 2: On R1, configure the IPv4 unicast address family.

```
R1(config-router)#
R1(config-router)#address-family ipv4 unicast
R1(config-router-af)#network 192.168.1.0 mask 255.255.255.224
R1(config-router-af)#network 192.168.1.64 mask 255.255.255.192
R1(config-router-af)#no neighbor 2001:db8:acad:1012::2 activate
R1(config-router-af)#no neighbor 2001:db8:acad:1013::3 activate
R1(config-router-af)#no neighbor 2001:db8:acad:1014::3 activate
R1(config-router-af)#neighbor 10.1.2.2 activate
R1(config-router-af)#neighbor 10.1.3.3 activate
R1(config-router-af)#neighbor 10.1.3.130 activate
```

Step 3: On R1, configure the IPv6 unicast address family.

```
R1(config-router-af)#
R1(config-router-af)#address-family ipv6 unicast
R1(config-router-af)#address-family ipv6 unicast
R1(config-router-af)#network 2001:db8:acad:1000::/64
R1(config-router-af)#neighbor 2001:db8:acad:10112::2 activate
R1(config-router-af)#neighbor 2001:db8:acad:1013::3 activate
R1(config-router-af)#neighbor 2001:db8:acad:1014::3 activate
R1(config-router-af)#
```

Step 4: Configure MP-BGP on R2 and R3 as you did in the previous step.

```
R2(config)#router bgp 500
R2(config-router)#bgp router-id 2.2.2.2
R2(config-router)#no bgb default ipv4-unicast
R2(config-router)#neighbor 10.1.2.1 remote-as 6500
R2(config-router)#neighbor 10.2.3.3 remote-as 300
R2(config-router)#neighbor 2001:db8:acad:1012::1 remote-as 6500 R2(config-router)#neighbor 2001:db8:acad:1023::3 remote-as 300 R2(config-router)#neighbor 2001:db8:acad:1023::3 remote-as 300 R2(config-router)#address-family ipv4 R2(config-router-af)#network 192.168.2.0 mask 255.255.255.224
R2(config-router-af)#network 192.168.2.64 mask 255.255.255.192
R2(config-router-af)#neighbor 10.1.2.1 activate R2(config-router-af)#neighbor 10.2.3.3 activate
R2(config-router-af)#no neighbor 2001:db8:acad:1012::1 activate
R2(config-router-af)#no neighbor 2001:db8:acad:1023::3 activate
R2(config-router-af)#exit-address-family
R2(config-router)#
R2(config-router)#
R2(config-router)#address-family ipv6
R2(config-router-af)#network 2001:db8:acad:2000::/64
R2(config-router-af)#network 2001:db8:acad:2001::/64
R2(config-router-af)#neighbor 2001:db8:acad:1012::1 activate
R2(config-router-af)#neighbor 2001:db8:acad:1023::3 activate R2(config-router-af)#
 *Mar 1 00:48:22.739: %BGP-5-ADJCHANGE: neighbor 2001:DB8:ACAD:1012::1 Up
 R2(config-router-af)#exit-address-family
 R2(config-router)#
```

```
R3(config)#router bg 300
R3(config)#router)#bgp router-id 3.3.3.3
R3(config-router)#bgp router-id 3.3.3.3
R3(config-router)#neighbor 10.1.3.1 remote-as 6500
R3(config-router)#neighbor 10.1.3.1 remote-as 6500
R3(config-router)#neighbor 10.1.3.1 remote-as 6500
R3(config-router)#neighbor 10.1.3.1 remote-as 6500
R3(config-router)#neighbor 2001:db8:acad:1013:11 remote-as 6500
R3(config-router)#neighbor 2001:db8:acad:1014:11 remote-as 6500
R3(config-router)#neighbor 2001:db8:acad:1023::2 remote-as 5000
R3(config-router)#neighbor 2001:db8:acad:1023::2 remote-as 5000
R3(config-router)#neighbor 2001:db8:acad:1023::2 remote-as 5000
R3(config-router-af)#network 192.168.3.0 mask 255.255.255.224
R3(config-router-af)#neighbor 10.1.3.1 pactivate
R3(config-router-af)#neighbor 10.1.3.129 activate
R3(config-router-af)#ne neighbor 2001:db8:acad:1013::1 activate
R3(config-router-af)#no neighbor 2001:db8:acad:1013::1 activate
R3(config-router-af)#no neighbor 2001:db8:acad:1023::2 activate
R3(config-router-af)#no neighbor 2001:db8:acad:1014::1 activate
R3(config-router-af)#network 2001:db8:acad:1014::1 activate
R3(config-router-af)#network 2001:db8:acad:1014::1 activate
R3(config-router-af)#network 2001:db8:acad:1014::1 activate
R3(config-router-af)#neighbor 2001:db8:acad:1014::1 activate
R3(config
```

Step 5: Verify that MP-BGP is operational.

```
RI#show bgp ipv4 unicast summary
BGP router identifier 1.1.1.1, local AS number 6500
BGP table version is 7, main routing table version 7
6 network entries using 702 bytes of memory
8 path entries using 416 bytes of memory
6/3 BGP path/bestpath attribute entries using 744 bytes of memory
4 BGP AS-PATH entries using 96 bytes of memory
0 BGP route-map cache entries using 0 bytes of memory
0 BGP filter-list cache entries using 0 bytes of memory
 BGP using 1958 total bytes of memory
 BGP activity 12/0 prefixes, 22/0 paths, scan interval 60 secs
                                            AS MsgRcvd MsgSent TblVer InQ OutQ Up/Down State/PfxRcd
                              4 500
4 300
                                                                                            7 0 0 00:14:16
7 0 0 00:04:48
 10.1.3.130
                                            300
                                                                                                                           0 00:04:22
 R1#
R1#show bgp ipv6 unicast summary
BGP router identifier 1.1.1.1, local AS number 6500
BGP table version is 9, main routing table version 9
6 network entries using 894 bytes of memory
14 path entries using 1064 bytes of memory
6/3 BGP path/bestpath attribute entries using 744 bytes of memory
4 BGP AS-PATH entries using 96 bytes of memory
0 BGP route-map cache entries using 0 bytes of memory
BGP gilter-list cache entries using 0 bytes of memory
BGP using 2798 total bytes of memory
  BGP using 2798 total bytes of memory
BGP activity 12/0 prefixes, 22/0 paths, scan interval 60 secs
                                            AS MsgRcvd MsgSent TblVer InQ OutQ Up/Down State/PfxRcd
  Neighbor
  2001:DB8:ACAD:1012::2
                                                                                                    9 0 0 00:12:35
                                                                                                  9 0 0 00:03:09
 4 300 12 11 9 0 00:03:31
% NOTE: This command is deprecated. Please use 'show bgp ipv6 unicast'
```

```
R1#show bgp ipv4 unicast | begin Network
                Next Hop
                                 Metric LocPrf Weight Path
Network
                0.0.0.0
                                              32768 i
*> 192.168.1.64/26 0.0.0.0
                                              32768 i
                                               0 500 i
0 500 i
                                                 0 300 i
                10.1.3.3
                                                 0 300 i
192.168.3.64/26 10.1.3.130
                                                 0 300
                                                 0 300 i
R1#
```

```
R1#show bgp ipv6 unicast | begin Network
                                       Metric LocPrf Weight Path
*> 2001:DB8:ACAD:1000::/64
                                                       32768 i
                                                       32768 i
  2001:DB8:ACAD:2000::/64
                   2001:DB8:ACAD:1014::3
                                                           0 300 500 i
                   2001:DB8:ACAD:1013::3
                                                          0 300 500 i
                   2001:DB8:ACAD:1012::2
                                                           0 500 i
  2001:DB8:ACAD:2001::/64
                   2001:DB8:ACAD:1014::3
                                                           0 300 500 i
                   2001:DB8:ACAD:1013::3
                                                           0 300 500 i
                   2001:DB8:ACAD:1012::2
                                                           0 500 i
  2001:DB8:ACAD:3000::/64
                   2001:DB8:ACAD:1012::2
                                                           0 500 300 i
                   2001:DB8:ACAD:1013::3
                                                           0 300 i
                   2001:D88:ACAD:1014::3
                                                           0 300 i
                                                           0 500 300 i
                   2001:DB8:ACAD:1013::3
                                                           0 300 i
                   2001:DB8:ACAD:1014::3
                                                           0 300 i
```

• View Routing Tables:

```
R1#show ipv6 route bgp

IPv6 Routing Table - 16 entries

Codes: C - Connected, L - Local, S - Static, R - RIP, B - BGP

U - Per-user Static route

I1 - ISIS L1, I2 - ISIS L2, IA - ISIS interarea, IS - ISIS summary

0 - OSPF intra, OI - OSPF inter, OE1 - OSPF ext 1, OE2 - OSPF ext 2

ON1 - OSPF NSSA ext 1, ON2 - OSPF NSSA ext 2

B 2001:D88:ACAD:2000::/64 [20/0]

via FE80::2:1, FastEthernet0/0

B 2001:D88:ACAD:2001::/64 [20/0]

via FE80::3:2, Serial1/0

B 2001:D88:ACAD:3001::/64 [20/0]

via FE80::3:2, Serial1/0

R1#
```

Part 3: Configure and Verify BGP Path Manipulation Settings on all Routers Step 1: Configure ACL-based route filtering.

• On R1, issue the command show bgp ipv4 unicast | i 300 to see what prefixes ASN300 is sharing via BGP. Take note of those prefixes that do not originate in ASN300.

```
R1#
R1#show bgp ipv4 unicast | i 300

* 192.168.3.0/27 10.1.3.130 0 0 300 i

* 192.168.3.64/26 10.1.3.130 0 0 300 i

* 192.168.3.64/26 10.1.3.130 0 0 300 i

R1#show bgp ipv4 unicast | i 300

* 192.168.3.0/27 10.1.3.130 0 0 300 i

* 192.168.3.64/26 10.1.3.130 0 0 300 i

* 192.168.3.64/26 10.1.3.130 0 0 300 i

R1#show bgp ipv4 unicast | begin 192.168.3

* 192.168.3.0/27 10.1.3.130 0 0 300 i

R1#show bgp ipv4 unicast | begin 192.168.3

* 192.168.3.64/26 10.1.3.130 0 0 300 i

R1#show bgp ipv4 unicast | begin 192.168.3
```

 On R3, configure an access list designed to match the source address and mask of the networks belonging to ASN300:

```
R3(config)#ip access-list extended ALLOWED_TO_R!
R3(config-ext-nacl)#permit ip 192.168.3.0 0.0.0 255.255.255.224 0.0.0.0
R3(config-ext-nacl)#permit ip 192.168.3.64 0.0.0.0 255.255.255.192 0.0.0.0
R3(config-ext-nacl)#exit
R3(config)#
```

• On R3, apply the ALLOWED\_TO\_R1 ACL as a distribute list to the IPv4 neighbor adjacencies with R1.

```
R3(config)#router bgp 300
R3(config)#router)#address-family ipv4 unicast
R3(config-router)#address-family ipv4 unicast
R3(config-router-af)#neighbor 10.1.3.129 distribute-list ALLOWED_TO_R1 out
R3(config-router-af)#neighbor 10.1.3.129 distribute-list ALLOWED_TO_R1 out
R3(config-router-af)#end
R3#
*Mar 1 01:47:41.011: %SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console
```

• Perform a reset of the IPv4 adjacency with R1 for the outbound traffic without tearing down the session.

```
R3#clear bgp ipv4 unicast 6500 out
```

• On R1, issue the command show bgp ipv4 unicast | i 300 to see what prefixes routes ASN300 is now sharing via BGP. All of the prefixes should now originate in ASN300:

Step 2: Configure prefix-list-based route filtering.

• On R1, issue the command show bgp ipv4 unicast | begin 192.168.3 to see what prefixes ASN500 is sharing via BGP. Take note of those prefixes that do not originate in ASN500.

```
R1#show bgp ipv4 unicast | begin 192.168.3

* 192.168.3.0/27 10.1,3.130 0 0 300 i

*> 10.1.3.3 0 0 300 i

* 192.168.3.64/26 10.1.3.130 0 0 300 i

*> 10.1.3.3 0 0 300 i

R1#
```

• On R1, configure a prefix list designed to match the source address and mask of networks belonging to ASN500.

```
R1(config)#ip prefix-list ALLOWED_FROM_R2 seq 5 permit 192.168.2.0/24 le 27
```

Apply the ALLOWED\_FROM\_R2 prefix list to the IPv4 neighbor adjacencies for R2.

```
R1(config)#router bgp 6500
R1(config-router)#address-family ipv4 unicast
R1(config-router-af)#neighbor 10.1.2.2 prefix-list ALLOWED_FROM_R2 in
R1(config-router-af)#end
R1#
```

 Perform a reset of the IPv4 adjacency with R2 for the inbound traffic without tearing down the session

```
R1#clear bgp ipv4 unicast 500 in
```

• On R1, issue the command show bgp ipv4 unicast | i 500 to see what prefixes routes ASN500 is now sharing via BGP. All of the prefixes should now originate in ASN500.

Step 3: Configure an AS-PATH ACL to filter routes being advertised.

• On R2, issue the command show bgp ipv4 unicast | begin Network to see what prefixes ASN6500 is sharing via BGP.

```
R2#show bgp ipv4 unicast | begin Networ
                     Next Hop
                                            Metric LocPrf Weight Path
   Network
> 192.168.1.0/27
                                                                  0 6500 i
*> 192.168.1.64/26 10.1.2.1
*> 192.168.2.0/27 0.0.0.0
                                                                  0 6500 i
*> 192.168.2.0/27
                                                             32768 i
                                                  ø
                                                  0
                                                             32768 i
                     10.1.2.1
                                                                  0 6500 300 i
  192.168.3.64/26 10.1.2.1
```

• On R1, configure AS-PATH ACL to match the routes from the local ASN.

```
R1#conf t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
R1(config)#ip as-path access-list 1 permit ^$
R1(config)#
```

• On R1, apply the AS-PATH ACL as a filter-list on the adjacency configured with R2.

```
R1(config)#router bgp 6500
R1(config-router)#address-family ipv4 unicast
R1(config-router-af)#neighbor 10.1.2.2 filter-list 1 out
R1(config-router-af)#end
```

• On R1, perform a reset of the IPv4 adjacency with R2 for the outbound traffic without tearing down the session

```
R1#clear bgp ipv4 unicast 500 out
```

• On R2, issue the command show bgp ipv4 unicast | i 6500 to see what prefixes routes ASN6500 is now sharing via BGP. All of the prefixes should now originate in ASN6500.

Step 4: Configure IPv6 prefix-list-based route filtering.

• On R1, issue the command show bgp ipv6 unicast neighbors 2001:db8:acad:1012::2 routes to see what IPv6 prefixes ASN500 is sharing via BGP.

```
R1#show bgp ipv6 unicast neighbors 2001;db8:acad:1012::2 routes
BGP table version is 9, local router ID is 1.1.1.1
Status codes: s suppressed, d damped, h history, * valid, > best, i - internal,
r RIB-failure, S Stale
Origin codes: i - IGP, e - EGP, ? - incomplete
                                           Metric LocPrf Weight Path
   Network
 > 2001:DB8:ACAD:2000::/64
                       2001:DB8:ACAD:1012::2
                                                                   0 500 i
*> 2001:DB8:ACAD:2001::/64
                      2001:DB8:ACAD:1012::2
                                                                   0 500 i
   2001:DB8:ACAD:3000::/64
                      2001:DB8:ACAD:1012::2
                                                                   0 500 300 i
   2001:DB8:ACAD:3001::/64
                       2001:DB8:ACAD:1012::2
                                                                   0 500 300 i
Total number of prefixes 4
```

 On R1, configure an IPv6 prefix list designed to match the source address and mask of networks belonging to ASN500.

```
R1(config)#ipv6 prefix-list IPV6_ALLOWED_FROM_R2 seq 5 permit 2001:db8:acad:20$
R1(config)#$-list IPV6_ALLOWED_FROM_R2 seq 10 permit 2001:db8:acad:2001::/64
R1(config)#
```

Apply the IPV6\_ALLOWED\_FROM\_R2 prefix list to the IPv6 neighbor adjacencies for R2

```
R1(config)#router bgp 6500
R1(config-router)#address-family ipv6 unicast
R1(config-router-af)#$01:db8:acad:1012::2 prefix-list IPV6_ALLOWED_FROM_R2 in
R1(config-router-af)#end
```

 Perform a reset of the IPv6 adjacency with R2 for the inbound traffic without tearing down the session.

```
R1#clear bgp ipv6 unicast 500 in
```

On R1, issue the command show bgp ipv6 unicast neighbors 2001:db8:acad:1012::2 routes to see what IPv6 prefixes routes ASN500 is now sharing via BGP. All of the IPv6 prefixes should now originate in ASN500.

Step 5: Configure BGP path attribute manipulation to effect routing

```
R1#show bgp ipv4 unicast 192.168.3.0

BGP routing table entry for 192.168.3.0/27, version 7

Paths: (2 available, best #2, table Default-IP-Routing-Table)

Advertised to update-groups:

1

300

10.1.3.130 from 10.1.3.130 (3.3.3.3)

Origin IGP, metric 0, localpref 100, valid, external

300

10.1.3.3 from 10.1.3.3 (3.3.3.3)

Origin IGP, metric 0, localpref 100, valid, external, best

R1#
```

 On R1, configure a prefix list designed to match the source address and mask of networks belonging to ASN300.

```
R1#conf t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
R1(config)#$ist PREFERRED_IPV4_PATH seq 5 permit 192.168.3.0/24 le 27
R1(config)#
```

• Create a route-map named USE\_THIS\_PATH\_FOR\_IPV4 that matches on the prefix list you just created and sets the local preference to 250.

```
R1(config)#route-map USE_THIS_PATH_FOR_IPV4 permit 10
R1(config-route-map)#match ip address prefix-list PREFERRED_IPV4_PATH
R1(config-route-map)#set local-preference 250
R1(config-route-map)#exit
```

• Next, apply this route map to the BGP neighbor 10.1.3.130.

```
R1(config)#router bgp 6500
R1(config-router)#address-family ipv4 unicast
R1(config-router-af)#neighbor 10.1.3.130 route-map USE_THIS_PATH_FOR_IPV4 in
R1(config-router-af)#end
```

• Perform a reset of the IPv4 adjacency with R3 for the inbound traffic without tearing down the session.

```
R1#clear bgp ipv4 unicast 300 in
```

• On R1, issue the command show ip route bgp and take note of the next hop addresses for the 192.168.3.0/27 and 192.168.3.64/26 networks; it should be 10.1.3.130 for both. Issue the command show bgp ipv4 unicast and you should see the local preference value in the appropriate column.

```
R1#show ip route bgp

192.168.2.0/24 is variably subnetted, 2 subnets, 2 masks

B 192.168.2.64/26 [20/0] via 10.1.2.2, 02:00:47

B 192.168.2.0/27 [20/0] via 10.1.2.2, 02:00:47

192.168.3.0/24 is variably subnetted, 2 subnets, 2 masks

B 192.168.3.64/26 [20/0] via 10.1.3.130, 00:00:10

B 192.168.3.0/27 [20/0] via 10.1.3.130, 00:00:10
```

```
R1#show bgp ipv4 unicast | begin Network
Network Next Hop Metric LocPrf Weight Path
*> 192.168.1.0/27 0.0.0.0 0 32768 i
*> 192.168.1.54/26 0.0.0.0 0 32768 i
*> 192.168.2.0/27 10.1.2.2 0 0500 i
*> 192.168.2.64/26 10.1.2.2 0 0500 i
*> 192.168.3.0/27 10.1.3.130 0 250 0300 i
* 10.1.3.3 0 0300 i
*> 192.168.3.64/26 10.1.3.130 0 250 0300 i
*| 10.1.3.3 0 0300 i
```