

Total No. of Questions: 8]

SEAT No. :

PA-1242

[5925]-265

[Total No. of Pages : 4

S.E. (IT)

**DISCRETE MATHEMATICS**  
**(2019 Pattern) (Semester-III) (214441)**

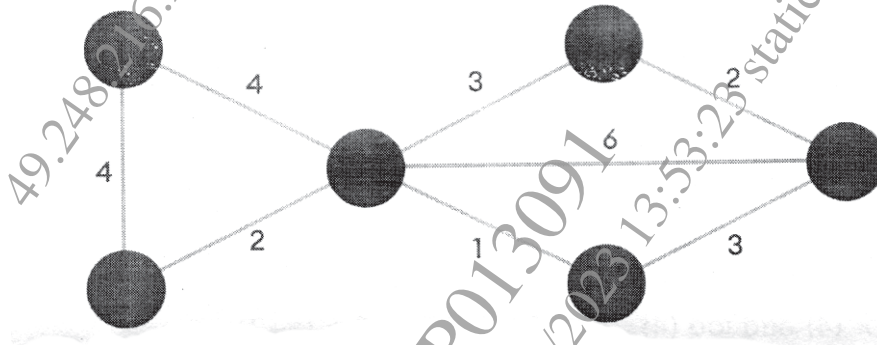
Time : 2½ Hours]

[Max. Marks : 70

Instructions to the candidates:

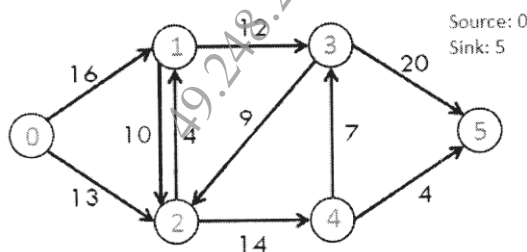
- 1) Answer Q.1, or Q2, Q3 or Q4, Q5 or Q6, Q7 or Q8.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

**Q1) a)** Find the Shortest Path algorithm using Dijkstra's Shortest path algorithm. [6]



b) Construct an optimal tree for the weights 3, 4, 5, 6, 12 Find the weight of the optimal tree. [6]

c) Find the maximum flow for the following transport network. [6]



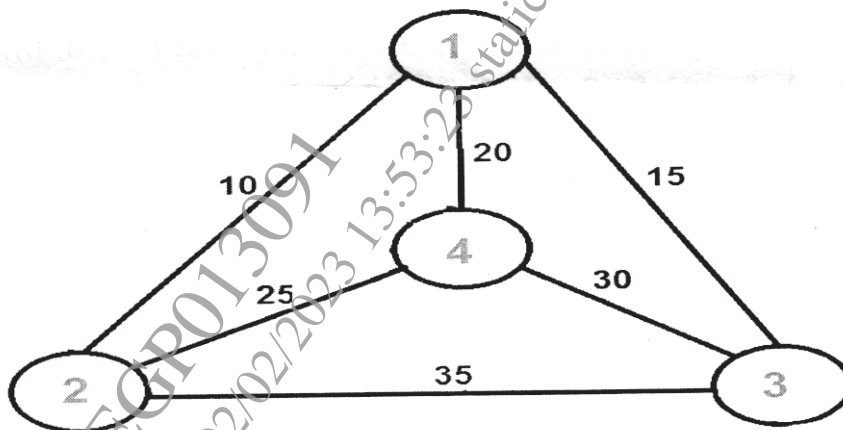
OR

**Q2) a)** Define Following with examples: [6]

- i) rooted tree
- ii) Spanning tree
- iii) Binary Tree

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- b) Use nearest Neighbourhood method to solve Travelling Salesman problem. [6]

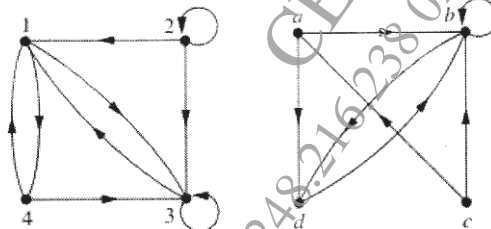


- c) Explain Hamiltonian and Euler path and circuits with example. [6]

Q3) a)  $X = \{2, 3, 6, 12, 24, 36\}$  and  $x \leq y$  iff  $x$  divides  $y$ . Find [6]

- Maximal Element
- Minimal Element
- Draw the graph and its equivalent hasse diagram for divisibility on the set:  $\{2, 3, 6, 12, 24, 36\}$ .

- b) What are the ordered pairs in the relation  $R$  represented by the directed graph shown in below Figures? [6]



- c) Let functions  $f$  and  $g$  be defined by [5]

$$f(X) = 2X + 1, g(X) = X^2 - 2$$

Find

- $\text{gof}(4)$  and  $\text{fog}(4)$
- $\text{gof}(a+2)$  and  $\text{fog}(a+2)$
- $\text{fog}(5)$
- $\text{gof}(a+3)$
- $\text{gof}(a+4)$

OR

- Q4) a)** What is the reflexive closure of the relation  $R = \{(a, b) \mid a < b\}$  on the set of integers and symmetric closure of the relation  $R = \{(a, b) \mid a > b\}$  on the set of positive integers? [6]
- b)** Determine whether the relations for the directed graphs shown in Figure are reflexive, symmetric, antisymmetric, and/or transitive. [6]



- c)** Let  $X = \{a, b, c\}$ . Define  $f: X \rightarrow X$  such that  $f = \{(a, b), (b, a), (c, c)\}$  [5]  
Find  
i)  $f^{-1}$   
ii)  $f^{-1}$  of  
iii)  $f \circ f^{-1}$
- Q5) a)** Solve the congruence  $8x = 13 \pmod{29}$  [6]
- b)** For each pair of integer  $a$  and  $b$ , find integers  $q$  and  $r$  such that  $a = bq + r$  such that  $0 \leq r < |b|$ , where  $a$  is dividend,  $b$  is divisor,  $q$  is quotient and  $r$  is remainder. [8]  
i)  $a = -381$  and  $b = 14$   
ii)  $a = -433$  and  $b = -17$
- c)** Find all positive divisors of [4]  
i)  $256 = 2^8$   
ii)  $392 = 2^3 \cdot 7^2$

OR

- Q6) a)** Which of the following congruence is true? Justify the answer. [6]  
i)  $446 \equiv 278 \pmod{7}$   
ii)  $793 \equiv 682 \pmod{9}$   
iii)  $445 \equiv 536 \pmod{18}$
- b)** Compute GCD of the following using Euclidian algorithm. [6]  
i)  $\text{GCD}(2071, 206)$   
ii)  $\text{GCD}(1276, 244)$
- c)** Using Chinese Remainder Theorem, find the value of  $P$  using following data. [6]  
 $p \equiv 2 \pmod{3}$   
 $p \equiv 2 \pmod{5}$   
 $p \equiv 3 \pmod{7}$

**Q7) a)** Let  $R = \{0^\circ, 45^\circ, 90^\circ, 135^\circ, 180^\circ, 225^\circ, 270^\circ, 315^\circ\}$  and  $*$  = binary operation, so that  $a*b$  is overall angular rotation corresponding to successive rotations by  $a$  and then by  $b$ . Show that  $(R, *)$  is a Group. [9]

**b)** Let  $I$  be the set of all integers. For each of the following determine whether  $*$  is a commutative operation or not: [8]

- i)  $a*b = \max(a, b)$
- ii)  $a*b = \min(a+2, b)$
- iii)  $a*b = 2a-2b$
- iv)  $a*b = \min(2a-b, 2b-a)$
- v)  $a*b = \text{LCM}(a, b)$
- vi)  $a*b = a/b$
- vii)  $a*b = \text{power}(a, b)$
- viii)  $a*b = a^2 + 2b + ab$

OR

**Q8) a)** Show that set  $G$  of all numbers of the form  $a+b\sqrt{2}$ ,  $a, b \in I$  forms a group under the operation addition i.e.  $(a+b\sqrt{2}) + (c+d\sqrt{2}) = (a+c) + (b+d)\sqrt{2}$ . [9]

**b)** Determine whether the set together with the binary operation is a semigroup, group or a monoid, or neither.

$S = \{1, 2, 5, 10, 20\}$ , where  $a*b$  is defined as  $\text{GCD}(a, b)$  [8]

