## Oxford 5000 exclusive grouped by CEFR

Contents		Word	Definition
1 A1	1	activate (verb)	to make something such as a device or chemical process start working
I AI	•	addiction (noun)	the condition of being unable to stop
2 A2	1		using or doing something as a habit,
3 B1	1	additionally (ad-	especially something harmful in a way that is more than was first
4 PO		verb)	mentioned or is usual
4 B2	1	adequate (adjec-	enough in quantity, or good enough in quality, for a particular purpose or
5 C1	16	tive)	need
		adequately (ad-	in a way that is enough in quantity, or
1 A1		verb)	good enough in quality, for a particular purpose or need
		adjust (verb)	to change something slightly to make
2 A2		, ,	it more suitable for a new set of condi-
		affordable (adjec-	tions or to make it work better cheap enough that people can afford
3 B1		tive)	to pay it or buy it
4 PO		agriculture (noun)	the science or practice of farming
4 B2		AIDS (noun)	a serious illness caused by a virus called HIV that attacks the body's abil-
Word	Definition		ity to resist infection (the abbreviation
absorb (verb)	to take in a liquid, gas or other sub- stance from the surface or space		for 'Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome'
	around	alien (noun)	drome') a person who is not a citizen of the
abstract (adjective)	based on general ideas and not on	, ,	country in which they live or work
	any particular real person, thing or sit- uation	alongside <i>(preposi-tion)</i>	next to or at the side of something
accent (noun)	a way of pronouncing the words of a	altogether (adverb)	(used to emphasize something) com-
	language that shows which country,	,	pletely; in every way
	area or social class a person comes from; how well somebody pronounces	ambulance (noun)	a vehicle with special equipment, used for taking sick or injured people
	a particular language		to a hospital
accidentally <i>(ad- verb)</i>	by chance; in a way that was not planned	amusing (adjective)	funny and giving pleasure
accommodate	to provide somebody with a room or	analyst (noun)	a person whose job involves examining facts or materials in order to give
(verb)	place to sleep, live or sit		an opinion on them
accomplish (verb)	to succeed in doing or completing something	ancestor (noun)	a person in your family who lived a
accountant (noun)	a person whose job is to keep or	animation (noun)	long time ago the process of making films, videos
()	check financial accounts	,	and computer games in which draw-
accuracy (noun)	the state of being exact or correct; the ability to do something with skill and		ings, models or images of people and animals seem to move
	without making mistakes	annually (adverb)	once a year
accurately (adverb)		anticipate (verb)	to expect something
acid (noun)		anxiety (noun)	
,	tains hydrogen and has a pH of less	apology (noun)	a word or statement saying sorry for
	than seven. The hydrogen can be re-	•	something that has been done wrong
			or that causes a problem
	can often burn holes in or damage		
accurately (adverb) acid (noun)	in a way that is correct and true in every detail a chemical, usually a liquid, that contains hydrogen and has a pH of less than seven. The hydrogen can be replaced by a metal to form a salt. Acids usually have a bitter sharp taste and	anticipate (verb) anxiety (noun)	to expect something the state of feeling nervous or worried that something bad is going to happen a word or statement saying sorry for

things they touch.

Word applicant (noun)	<b>Definition</b> a person who makes a formal request	<b>Word</b> barely <i>(adverb)</i>	<b>Definition</b> in a way that is just possible but only
	for something (= applies for it), especially for a job, a place at a college or university, etc.	bargain (noun)	with difficulty a thing bought for less than the usual price
appropriately (adverb)	in a way that is suitable, acceptable or correct for the particular circumstances	basement (noun)	a room or rooms in a building, partly or completely below the level of the ground
arrow (noun)	a thin stick with a sharp point at one end, which is shot from a bow	basket (noun)	a container for holding or carrying things. Baskets are made of long
artwork (noun) aside (adverb)	pictures and photographs prepared for books, magazines, etc. to one side; out of the way		thin pieces of material that bends and twists easily, for example plastic, wire or wicker.
asset (noun)	a person or thing that is valuable or useful to somebody/something	bat (noun)	a piece of wood with a handle, made in various shapes and sizes, and used
assign (verb)	to give somebody something that they can use, or some work or responsibility	beneficial (adjec-	for hitting the ball in games such as baseball, cricket and table tennis improving a situation; having a helpful
assistance (noun) assumption (noun)	help or support a belief or feeling that something is	tive) beside (preposi-	or useful effect next to or at the side of some-
assure <i>(verb)</i>	true or that something will happen, al- though there is no proof to tell somebody that something is	tion) besides (adverb)	body/something used for making an extra comment that adds to what you have just said
	definitely true or is definitely going to happen, especially when they have	besides (preposition)	in addition to somebody/something; apart from somebody/something
astonishing (adjective)	doubts about it very surprising; difficult to believe	bias (noun)	a strong feeling in favour of or against one group of people, or one side in an argument, often not based on fair
attachment (noun)	a document that you send to some- body using email	bid (noun)	judgement an offer by a person or a company to
auction (noun)	a public sale in which things are sold to the person who offers the most money for them	bid (verb)	pay a particular amount of money for something to offer to pay a particular price for
audio (adjective) automatic (adjec- tive)	connected with sound that is recorded having controls that work without needing a person to operate them	biological (adjec- tive)	something, especially at an auction connected with the science of biology
automatically (adverb)	without needing a person to operate controls	blanket (noun)	a large cover, often made of wool, used especially on beds to keep peo-
awareness (noun) awkward (adjec-	knowing something; knowing that something exists and is important making you feel embarrassed	blow (noun)	ple warm a hard hit with the hand, a weapon, etc.
tive) badge (noun)	a small piece of metal or plastic, with	bold (adjective)	brave and confident; not afraid to say what you feel or to take risks
	a design or words on it, that a person wears or carries to show that they belong to an organization, sup-	bombing (noun)	an occasion when a bomb is dropped or left somewhere; the act of doing this
halanada (ada	port something, have achieved something, have a particular rank, etc.	booking (noun)	an arrangement that you make in advance to buy a ticket to travel some-
balanced (adjec- tive)	keeping or showing a balance so that different things or different parts of something exist in equal or correct	boost (noun)	where, go to the theatre, etc. something that helps or encourages somebody/something
ballet (noun)	amounts a style of dancing that tells a dra- matic story with music but no talking	boost (verb) bound (adjective)	to make something increase, or be- come better or more successful certain or likely to happen, or to do or
balloon (noun)	or singing a small bag made of very thin rub-	brick (noun)	be something baked clay used for building walls,
	ber that becomes larger and rounder when you fill it with air or gas. Bal- loons are brightly coloured and used	briefly (adverb)	houses and other buildings; an indi- vidual block of this for a short time
	as decorations or toys.	broadcaster (noun)	a person whose job is presenting or talking on television or radio pro- grammes

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broadly (adverb)	generally, without considering details	clip (noun)	a short part of a film that is shown
bug <i>(noun)</i> cabin <i>(noun)</i>	any small insect a small room on a ship in which you	coincidence (noun)	separately the fact of two things happening at the
odom (modn)	live or sleep	comoracinos (nearly	same time by chance, in a surprising
canal (noun)	a long straight passage dug in the		way
	ground and filled with water for boats and ships to travel along; a smaller	collector (noun)	a person who collects things, either as a hobby or as a job
	passage used for carrying water to	colony (noun)	a country or an area that is governed
	fields, crops, etc.		by people from another, more power-
candle (noun)	a round stick of wax with a piece of	colourful (adioativa)	full of bright colours or boying a lot of
	string (called a wick) through the mid- dle that is lit to give light as it burns	colourful (adjective)	full of bright colours or having a lot of different colours
carbon (noun)	a chemical element. Carbon is found	comic (adjective)	humorous and making you laugh
	in all living things, existing in a pure	comic (noun)	a magazine, usually for children, that
casual (adjective)	state as diamond and graphite. not formal	commander (noun)	tells stories through pictures a person who is in charge of some-
cave (noun)	a large hole in the side of a hill or cliff	communication (mounty	thing, especially an officer in charge
	or under the ground		of a particular group of soldiers or a
certainty <i>(noun)</i> certificate <i>(noun)</i>	the state of being certain an official document that may be used	comparative (ad-	military operation measured or judged by how similar or
certificate (noun)	to prove that the facts it states are true	jective)	different it is to something else
challenging (adjec-	difficult in an interesting way that tests	completion (noun)	the act or process of finishing some-
<i>tive)</i> championship	your ability a competition to find the best player or		thing; the state of being finished and complete
(noun)	team in a particular sport	compose (verb)	to write music
charming (adjec-	very pleasant or attractive	composer (noun)	a person who writes music, especially
<i>tive)</i> chase <i>(noun)</i>	an act of running or driving af-	compound (noun)	classical music a thing consisting of two or more sep-
chase (noun)	ter somebody/something in order to	compound ( <i>noun)</i>	arate things combined together
	catch them or it	comprehensive	including all, or almost all, the items,
chase (verb)	to run, drive, etc. after some- body/something in order to catch	(adjective)	details, facts, information, etc., that may be involved
	them or it	comprise (verb)	to have somebody/something as
cheek (noun)	either side of the face below the eyes	,	parts or members
cheer <i>(noun)</i> cheer <i>(verb)</i>	a shout of joy, support or praise to shout loudly, in order to show sup-	compulsory (adjec- tive)	that must be done because of a law or a rule
cheel (verb)	port or praise for somebody, or to en-	concrete (adjective)	made of concrete
	courage them	concrete (noun)	building material that is made by
choir (noun)	a group of people who sing together, for example in church services or pub-		mixing together cement, sand, small stones and water
	lic performances	confess (verb)	to admit, especially formally or to the
chop (verb)	to cut something into pieces with a		police, that you have done something
oirouit (noun)	sharp tool such as a knife	confucion (noun)	wrong or illegal
circuit <i>(noun)</i> civilization <i>(noun)</i>	a line, route or journey around a place a state of human society that is very	confusion (noun)	a state of not being certain about what is happening, what you should do,
	developed and organized		what something means, etc.
clarify (verb)	to make something clearer or easier	consequently (ad-	as a result; therefore
classify (verb)	to understand to arrange something in groups ac-	<i>verb)</i> conservation	the protection of the natural environ-
oldony (volo)	cording to features that they have in	(noun)	ment
.11. (	common	considerable (ad-	great in amount, size, importance,
clerk (noun)	a person whose job is to serve customers in a shop	<i>jective)</i> considerably <i>(ad-</i>	etc. much; a lot
cliff (noun)	a high area of rock with a very steep	verb)	maon, a for
	side, often at the edge of the sea or	consistently (ad-	always the same
clinic <i>(noun)</i>	ocean a building or part of a hospital where	<i>verb)</i> conspiracy <i>(noun)</i>	a secret plan by a group of people to
omno (nodri)	people can go for special medical	conspiracy (noun)	do something harmful or illegal
	treatment or advice	consult (verb)	to go to somebody for information or
			advice

Word consultant (noun)	<b>Definition</b> a person who knows a lot about a particular subject and is employed to give advice about it to other people	Word cute (adjective) dairy (adjective) dairy (noun)	Definition pretty and attractive made from milk milk, cheese and other milk products
consumption (noun) controversial (ad-	the act of using energy, food or materials; the amount used causing a lot of angry public discus-	dare (verb) darkness (noun)	to be brave enough to do something the state of being dark, without any light
jective) controversy (noun)	sion and disagreement public discussion and argument about something that many people strongly	database (noun)	an organized set of data that is stored in a computer and can be looked at and used in various ways
	disagree about, think is bad, or are shocked by	deadline (noun)	a point in time by which something must be done
convenience (noun) convention (noun)	the quality of being useful, easy or suitable for somebody the way in which something is done	deadly <i>(adjective)</i> dealer <i>(noun)</i>	causing or likely to cause death a person whose business is buying and selling a particular product
	that most people in a society expect and consider to be polite or the right way to do it	deck (noun) defender (noun)	the top outside floor of a ship or boat a player who must stop the other team from scoring in games such as foot-
conventional (ad- jective)	tending to follow what is done or considered acceptable by society in general; normal and ordinary, and perhaps not very interesting	delete (verb)	ball (soccer), hockey, etc. to remove something that has been written or printed, or that has been stored on a computer
convey (verb)	to make ideas, feelings, etc. known to somebody	democracy (noun)	a system of government in which the people of a country can vote to elect
convincing (adjec- tive) cope (verb)	that makes somebody believe that something is true to deal successfully with something	democratic (adjec- tive)	their representatives controlled by representatives who are elected by the people of a country;
	difficult	,	connected with this system
corporation (noun) corridor (noun)	a large business company a long narrow passage in a building, with doors that open into rooms on ei- ther side	demonstration (noun)	a public meeting or a march (= an organized walk by many peo- ple) at which people show that they are protesting against or supporting
counter (noun)	a long flat surface over which goods are sold or business is done in a shop, bank, etc.	depart (verb)	somebody/something to leave a place, especially to start a trip
coverage (noun)	the reporting of news and sport in the media	dependent (adjec- tive)	needing somebody/something in order to survive or be successful
crack (noun)	a line on the surface of something where it has broken but not split into separate parts	deposit (noun) depression (noun)	a sum of money that is given as the first part of a larger payment a medical condition in which a person
crack (verb)	to break without dividing into separate parts; to break something in this way		feels very sad, anxious and without hope and often has physical symp-
craft (noun)	an activity involving a special skill at making things with your hands		toms such as being unable to sleep, etc.
creativity (noun)	the use of skill and imagination to produce something new or to produce art	derive <i>(verb)</i> desperately <i>(ad-</i>	in a way that shows you have lit-
critically (adverb)	in a way that says what you think is bad about somebody/something	verb)	tle hope and are ready to do any- thing without worrying about danger
cruise (noun)	a journey by sea, visiting different places, especially as a holiday	destruction (noun)	to yourself or others the act of destroying something; the
cruise (verb)	to travel in a ship or boat visiting dif- ferent places, especially as a holiday	determination	process of being destroyed the quality that makes you continue
cue (noun)	an action or event that is a signal for somebody to do something	(noun)	trying to do something even when this is difficult
curious (adjective)	having a strong desire to know about something	devote (verb) differ (verb)	to be different from some-
curriculum (noun)	the subjects that are included in a course of study or taught in a school, college, etc.	disability (noun)	body/something a physical or mental condition that makes it difficult for somebody to do some things that most other people can do

Word disabled (adjective)	<b>Definition</b> having a condition that makes it difficult for you to do some things that	Word dull (adjective) dump (verb)	<b>Definition</b> not interesting or exciting to get rid of something you do not
disagreement (noun)	most other people can do a situation where people have different opinions about something and of-	duration (noun)	want, especially in a place that is not suitable the length of time that something lasts
disappoint (verb)	ten argue to make somebody feel sad because	dynamic (adjective)	or continues having a lot of energy and a strong
изарронн ( <i>vens)</i>	something that they hope for or expect to happen does not happen or is not	economics (noun)	personality the study of how a society organizes
disappointment (noun)	as good as they hoped the feeling of being sad because something has not happened or been	economist (noun)	its money, trade and industry a person who studies or writes about economics
	as good, successful, etc. as you expected or hoped	editorial (adjective)	connected with the task of preparing something such as a newspaper,
discourage (verb)	to try to prevent something or to prevent somebody from doing some- thing, especially by making it difficult to do or by showing that you do not	efficiently (adverb)	a book or a television or radio pro- gramme, to be published or broadcast in a good and careful way, with no waste of time, money or energy
disorder (noun)	approve of it a condition or illness that causes problems with the way part of the	elbow (noun)	the joint between the upper and lower parts of the arm where it bends in the middle
distant (adjective) distinct (adjective)	body or brain works far away in space or time easily or clearly heard, seen, felt, etc.	electronics (noun)	the branch of science and technology that studies electric currents in elec- tronic equipment
distinguish (verb)	to recognize the difference between two people or things	elegant (adjective)	attractive and showing a good sense of style
distract (verb)	to take somebody's attention away from what they are trying to do	elementary (adjec- tive)	in or connected with the first stages of a course of study
disturb (verb)	to interrupt somebody when they are	eliminate (verb)	to remove or get rid of something
dive (noun)	trying to work, sleep, etc. a jump into deep water with your head	embrace (verb)	to put your arms around somebody as a sign of love or friendship
dive (verb)	first and your arms in front of you to jump into water with your head and	emission (noun)	the production or sending out of light, heat, gas, etc.
diverse (adjective)	arms going in first very different from each other and of	emotionally (ad- verb)	in a way that is connected with peo- ple's feelings (= with the emotions)
diversity (noun)	various kinds a range of many people or things that are very different from each other	empire (noun)	a group of countries or states that are controlled by one leader or government
divorce (noun) divorce (verb)	the legal ending of a marriage to end your marriage to somebody	enjoyable <i>(adjec-tive)</i>	giving pleasure
dominant (adjec-	legally more important, powerful or easy to	entertaining (adjec- tive)	that you enjoy watching, listening to, doing or experiencing
tive)	notice than other things	entrepreneur	a person who makes money by start-
donation (noun)	something that is given to a person or an organization such as a charity, in order to help them; the act of giving	(noun)	ing or running businesses, especially when this involves taking financial risks
dot (noun)	something in this way a small round mark, especially one that is printed	envelope (noun)	a flat paper container used for send- ing letters in, with a part that you stick down to close it
downtown (adjective)	in, towards or typical of the centre of a city, especially its main business area	equip (verb)	to provide your- self/somebody/something with the
downtown (adverb)	in or towards the centre of a city, especially its main business area		things that are needed for a particular purpose or activity
downtown (noun)	the centre of a city, especially its main business area	equivalent <i>(adjec-tive)</i>	equal in value, amount, meaning, importance, etc.
dramatically <i>(ad- verb)</i>	very suddenly and to a very great and often surprising degree	equivalent (noun)	a thing, amount, word, etc. that is equal in value, meaning or purpose to
drought (noun)	a long period of time when there is lit- tle or no rain		something else

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era (noun)	a period of time, usually in history, that is different from other periods be-	extension (noun)	the act of increasing the area of activity, group of people, etc. that is af-
	cause of particular characteristics or events	extensive (adjec-	fected by something covering a large area; great in amount
erupt (verb)	when a volcano erupts or burning	tive)	covering a large area, great in amount
, , ,	rocks, smoke, etc. erupt or are erupted, the burning rocks, etc. are	extensively (ad- verb)	in a way that covers a large area
and the Hall of the day	thrown out from the volcano	extract (noun)	a short passage from a book, piece of
essentially (adverb)	when you think about the true, important or basic nature of some-		music, etc. that gives you an idea of what the whole thing is like
	body/something	fabric (noun)	material made by weaving wool, cot-
ethic (noun)	moral principles that control or influ-		ton, silk, etc., used for making clothes,
ethnic (adjective)	ence a person's behaviour connected with or belonging to a		curtains, etc. and for covering furni- ture
cumo (aajeenve)	group of people that share a cultural	fabulous (adjective)	extremely good
	tradition	failed (adjective)	not successful
evaluation (noun)	the act of forming an opinion of the	fake (adjective)	not what somebody claims it is; ap-
	amount, value or quality of something after thinking about it carefully	fame (noun)	pearing to be something it is not the state of being known and talked
evident (adjective)	clear; easily seen	(1.001.)	about by many people
evolution (noun)	the slow steady development of	fantasy (noun)	a pleasant situation that you imagine
	plants, animals, etc. during the history of the earth, as they adapt to changes	fare (noun)	but that is unlikely to happen the money that you pay to travel by
	in their environment	iare (noun)	bus, plane, taxi, etc.
evolve (verb)	to develop gradually, especially from a	federal (adjective)	having a system of government in
	simple to a more complicated form; to develop something in this way		which the individual states of a country have control over their own affairs,
exceed (verb)	to be greater than a particular number		but are controlled by a central govern-
	or amount		ment for national decisions, etc.
exception (noun)	a person or thing that is not included	fever (noun)	a medical condition in which a person
excessive (adjec-	in a general statement greater than what seems reasonable		has a temperature that is higher than normal
tive)	or appropriate	firefighter (noun)	a person whose job is to put out fires
exclude (verb)	to deliberately not include something	firework (noun)	a small device containing powder
exhibit (noun)	in what you are doing or considering an object or a collection of objects put		that burns or explodes and produces bright coloured lights and loud noises,
ommone (modin)	in a public place, for example a mu-		used especially at celebrations
	seum, so that people can see it	firm (adjective)	fairly hard; not easy to press into a dif-
exhibit (verb)	to show something in a public place for people to enjoy or to give them in-	firmly (adverb)	ferent shape in a strong or definite way
	formation	flavour (noun)	how food or drink tastes
exit (noun)	a way out of a public building or vehi-	fond (adjective)	having warm or loving feelings for
exotic (adjective)	cle from or in another country, especially		somebody, especially somebody you have known for a long time
exolio (dajeolive)	a tropical one; seeming exciting and	fool (noun)	a person who you think behaves or
	unusual because it seems to be con-		speaks in a way that lacks intelligence
ovpansion (noun)	nected with foreign countries	forbid (verb)	or good judgement
expansion (noun)	an act of increasing or making some- thing increase in size, amount or im-	iorbia ( <i>verb)</i>	to order somebody not to do some- thing; to order that something must
	portance		not be done
expertise (noun)	expert knowledge or skill in a particu-	forecast (noun)	a statement about what will happen in
exploit (verb)	lar subject, activity or job to treat a person or situation as an		the future, based on information that is available now
exploit (vers)	opportunity to gain an advantage for	forecast (verb)	to say what you think will happen in
	yourself		the future based on information that
exposure (noun)	the state of being in a place or situa- tion where there is no protection from	format (noun)	you have now the general arrangement, plan, de-
	something harmful or unpleasant	.ormat (noun)	sign, etc. of something
	-	formation (noun)	the action of forming something; the
			process of being formed

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formerly (adverb) fortunate (adjec-	in the past having or bringing an advantage, an	gesture (noun)	a movement that you make with your hands, your head or your face to show
tive)	opportunity, a piece of good luck, etc.		a particular meaning
forum <i>(noun)</i>	an event or medium where people can exchange opinions and ideas on a	gig (noun)	a performance by musicians playing popular music or jazz in front of an au-
	particular issue; a meeting organized		dience; a similar performance by a co-
fossil (noun)	for this purpose the parts of a dead animal or a plant	globalization (noun)	median
, ,	that have become hard and turned	globe (noun)	the world (used especially to empha-
foundation (noun)	into rock a principle, an idea or a fact that	golden (adjective)	size its size) made of gold
ioanidation (nodin)	something is based on and that it	goodness (noun)	the quality of being good
founder (noun)	grows from a person who starts an organization,	gorgeous (adjec- tive)	very beautiful and attractive; giving great pleasure
ioundor ( <i>noun</i> )	institution, etc. or causes something	governor (noun)	a person who is the official head of a
fraction (noun)	to be built a small part or amount of something		country or region that is governed by another country
fragment (noun)	a small part of something that has	graphic (adjective)	connected with drawings and design,
	broken off or comes from something		especially in the production of books,
framework (noun)	larger the parts of a building or an object that	graphics (noun)	magazines, websites, etc. designs, drawings or pictures that are
, ,	support its weight and give it shape		used especially in the production of
fraud (noun)	the crime of cheating somebody in or- der to get money or goods illegally	greatly (adverb)	books, magazines, websites, etc. very much
freely (adverb)	without anyone trying to prevent or	greenhouse (noun)	·
frequent (adjective)	control something happening or doing something often	grocery (noun)	a shop that sells food and other things used in the home. In American En-
fulfil (verb)	to do or achieve what was hoped for		glish 'grocery store' is often used to
full-time (adjective)	or expected for all the hours of a week during	guideline (noun)	mean 'supermarket'. a set of rules or instructions that are
ian inno (aajoonto)	which people normally work or study,	gaidemie ( <i>nean)</i>	given by an official organization telling
full-time (adverb)	rather than just for a part of it for all the hours of a week during		you how to do something, especially something difficult
idii tiirie (daveib)	which people normally work or study,	habitat (noun)	the place where a particular type of
fundamentally (ad-	rather than just for a part of it in every way that is important; com-	harbour (noun)	animal or plant is normally found an area of water on the coast, pro-
verb)	pletely	Harbour (Hourr)	tected from the open sea by strong
furious (adjective)	very angry	hoodquartore	walls, where ships can shelter
gaming <i>(noun)</i> gay <i>(adjective)</i>	playing computer games sexually attracted to people of the	headquarters (noun)	a place from which an organization or a military operation is controlled; the
	same sex	la a al. (comb.)	people who work there
gender (noun)	the fact of being male or female, especially when considered with ref-	heal (verb)	to become healthy again; to make something healthy again
	erence to social and cultural differ-	healthcare (noun)	the service of providing medical care
	ences, rather than differences in biology; members of a particular gender	helmet (noun)	a type of hard hat that protects the head, worn, for example, by a police
( )	as a group		officer, a soldier or a person riding
gene (noun)	a unit inside a cell that controls a par- ticular quality in a living thing that has		a bike or motorbike or playing some sports
	been passed on from its parents	hence (adverb)	for this reason
genetic (adjective)	connected with genes (= the units in the cells of a living thing that control	herb (noun)	a plant whose leaves, flowers or seeds are used to add taste to food, in
	its physical characteristics) or genet-		medicines or for their pleasant smell.
genius (noun)	ics (= the study of genes) unusually great intelligence, skill or		parsley, mint and oregano are all herbs.
	artistic ability	hidden (adjective)	something that is hidden is kept or lo-
genuine (adjective)	real; exactly what it appears to be; not artificial		cated in a place where it cannot be seen
genuinely (adverb)	truly; in a way that is exactly what it		33011
	appears to be and is not artificial		

<b>Word</b> highway <i>(noun)</i>	<b>Definition</b> a main road for travelling long dis-	Word indication (noun)	<b>Definition</b> a remark or sign that shows that
	tances, especially one connecting and going through cities and towns	, ,	something is happening or what somebody is thinking or feeling
hilarious <i>(adjective)</i> hip <i>(noun)</i>	extremely funny the area at either side of the body be-	inevitable (adjec- tive)	that you cannot avoid or prevent
,	tween the top of the leg and the mid- dle part of the body; the joint at the top of the leg that connects it with the top part of the body	inevitably (adverb) infer (verb)	as is certain to happen to reach an opinion or decide that something is true on the basis of in- formation that is available
historian (noun)	a person who studies or writes about history; an expert in history	inflation (noun)	a general rise in the prices of services and goods in a particular country, re-
homeless (adjec- tive)	having no home, and therefore typically living on the streets		sulting in a fall in the value of money; the rate at which this happens
honesty <i>(noun)</i> hook <i>(noun)</i>	the quality of being honest a curved piece of metal, plastic or wire	info <i>(noun)</i> infrastructure	information
Hook (Houri)	for hanging things on, catching fish	(noun)	
	with, etc.	inhabitant (noun)	a person or an animal that lives in a
hopefully (adverb)	used to express what you hope will happen	inherit (verb)	particular place to receive money, property, etc. from
hunger (noun)	the state of not having enough food	11110111 (VOID)	somebody when they die
	to eat, especially when this causes illness or death	ink (noun)	coloured liquid for writing, drawing and printing
hypothesis (noun)	an idea or explanation of something that is based on a few known facts but	innovation (noun)	the introduction of new things, ideas or ways of doing something
	that has not yet been proved to be true or correct	innovative (adjec- tive)	introducing or using new ideas, ways of doing something, etc.
icon (noun)	a small symbol on a computer or	input (noun)	time, knowledge, ideas, etc. that you
	smartphone screen that represents a		put into work, a project, etc. in order
ID (noun)	program or a file an official way of showing who you		to make it succeed; the act of putting something in
(	are, for example a document with your	insert (verb)	to put something into something else
	name, date of birth and often a photograph on it (the abbreviation for 'iden-	inspector (noun)	or between two things an officer of middle rank in the police
	tity' or 'identification')	inspector (nour)	force
identical (adjective)	similar in every detail	installation (noun)	the act of fixing equipment or furniture
illusion (noun)	a false idea or belief, especially about somebody or about a situation	instant (adjective)	in position so that it can be used happening immediately
immigration (noun)	the process of coming to live perma-	instantly (adverb)	immediately
,	nently in a different country from the	integrate (verb)	to combine two or more things so that
	one you were born in; the number of people who do this		they work together; to combine with something else in this way
immune (adjective)	that cannot catch or be affected by a	intellectual (adjec-	connected with or using a person's
	particular disease or illness	tive)	ability to think in a logical way and un-
implement (verb)	to make something that has been of- ficially decided start to happen or be	interact (verb)	derstand things to communicate with somebody, es-
	used	intoract (vore)	pecially while you work, play or spend
implication (noun)	a possible effect or result of an action or a decision	interaction (noun)	time with them the act of communicating with some-
incentive (noun)	something that encourages you to do something	,	body, especially while you work, play or spend time with them
incorporate (verb)	to include something so that it forms a part of something	interpretation (noun)	the particular way in which something is understood or explained
incorrect (adjective)	not accurate or true	interval (noun)	a period of time between two events
independence (noun)	freedom from political control by other countries	invade (verb)	to enter a country, town, etc. using military force in order to take control
index (noun)	a list of names or topics that are re-		of it
	ferred to in a book, etc., usually ar-	invasion (noun)	the act of an army entering another
	ranged at the end of a book in alpha- betical order or listed in a separate file		country by force in order to take control of it
	or book		

Word	Definition	Word	Definition
investor (noun)	a person or an organization that invests money in something	logo <i>(noun)</i>	a printed design or symbol that a com- pany or an organization uses as its
isolate (verb)	to separate somebody/something physically or socially from other	lottery (noun)	special sign a way of raising money for a govern-
isolated (adjective) jail (noun) jail (verb)	people or things far away from any others a prison to put somebody in prison		ment, charity, etc. by selling tickets that have different numbers on them that people have chosen. Numbers are then chosen by chance and the
jet <i>(noun)</i> joint <i>(adjective)</i>	a plane driven by jet engines involving two or more people together		people who have those numbers on their tickets win prizes.
joint (noun)	a place where two bones are joined together in the body in a way that en-	loyal (adjective)	remaining constant in your support of somebody/something
journalism <i>(noun)</i>	ables them to bend and move the work of collecting and writing	lyric <i>(noun)</i> magnificent <i>(adjec</i> -	the words of a popular song extremely attractive and impressive;
	news stories for newspapers, magazines, radio, television or online news sites; the news stories that are written	<i>tive)</i> make-up (noun)	deserving praise coloured substances used on the skin to make yourself look more attractive
jury <i>(noun)</i>	a group of members of the public who	making (naun)	or to change your appearance
	listen to the facts of a case in a court and decide whether or not somebody	making <i>(noun)</i>	the act or process of making or pro- ducing something
	is guilty of a crime, or whether a claim has been proved	manufacture (verb)	to make goods in large quantities, using machines
kit <i>(noun)</i>	a set of tools or equipment that you use for a particular purpose	manufacturing (noun)	the business or industry of producing goods in large quantities in factories,
ladder (noun)	a piece of equipment for climbing up	,	etc.
	and down a wall, the side of a build- ing, etc., consisting of two lengths of	marathon (noun)	a long running race of about 42 kilo- metres or 26 miles
	wood or metal that are joined together	margin (noun)	the empty space at the side of a writ-
landing (nam)	by steps or rungs	mantan (marm)	ten or printed page
landing (noun)	an act of bringing an aircraft or a spacecraft down to the ground after a	marker (noun)	an object or a sign that shows the po- sition of something
	journey	martial (adjective)	-
lane <i>(noun)</i> lately <i>(adverb)</i>	a narrow road in the country recently; in the recent past	mate <i>(noun)</i> mate <i>(verb)</i>	a friend to have sex in order to produce young
leaflet (noun)	a printed sheet of paper or a few	mayor <i>(noun)</i>	the head of the government of a town
,	printed pages that are given free to	. , ,	or city, etc., elected by the public
	advertise or give information about something	mechanic <i>(noun)</i>	a person whose job is repairing ma- chines, especially the engines of ve-
legend (noun)	a story from ancient times about peo- ple and events, that may or may not	mechanical (adjec-	hicles operated by power from an engine
	be true; this type of story	tive)	
lens <i>(noun)</i>	a curved piece of glass or plastic that makes things look larger, smaller or	mechanism (noun)	a set of moving parts in a machine that performs a task
lifetime (noun)	clearer when you look through it the length of time that somebody lives or that something lasts	medal (noun)	a flat piece of metal, usually like a coin in shape, that is given to the winner of a competition or to somebody who
lighting (noun)	the arrangement or type of light in a place	medication (noun)	has been brave, for example in war a drug or another form of medicine
likewise <i>(adverb)</i> limitation <i>(noun)</i>	the same; in a similar way the act or process of limiting or con-	, ,	that you take to prevent or to treat an illness; treatment involving drugs
literally (adverb)	trolling somebody/something in a literal way	membership (noun)	the state of being a member of a group, a club, an organization, etc.
literary (adjective)	connected with literature	memorable (adjec-	worth remembering or easy to re-
litre (noun)	a unit for measuring volume, equal to 1.76 British pints or 2.11 American	tive)	member, especially because of being special or unusual
litter (noun)	pints small pieces of rubbish such as paper,	metaphor (noun)	a word or phrase used to describe somebody/something else, in a way
inter (noun)	cans and bottles, that people have left lying in a public place		that is different from its normal use, in order to show that the two things have the same qualities and to make
			the description more powerful, for example She has a heart of stone; the use of such words and phrases
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Word miner (noun)	<b>Definition</b> a person who works in a mine taking	Word notebook (noun)	<b>Definition</b> a small book of plain paper for writing
miserable (adjec- tive)	out coal, gold, diamonds, etc. very unhappy or uncomfortable	novelist <i>(noun)</i> nowadays <i>(adverb)</i>	notes in a person who writes novels at the present time, in contrast with
mode (noun)	a particular way of doing something; a particular type of something	nursing (noun)	the past the job or skill of caring for people who
modest (adjective)	not very large, expensive, important, etc.	nutrition (noun)	are sick or injured the process by which living things re-
monster (noun)	(in stories) an imaginary creature that is very large, ugly and frightening		ceive the food necessary for them to grow and be healthy
monthly (adjective)	happening once a month or every month	obesity (noun)	the quality or fact of being very fat, in a way that is not healthy
monument (noun)	a building, column, statue, etc. built to remind people of a famous person or	observer (noun)	a person who watches some- body/something
moreover (adverb)	event used to introduce some new information that adds to or supports what you	obstacle (noun)	a situation, an event, etc. that makes it difficult for you to do or achieve something
mortgage (noun)	have said previously a legal agreement by which a bank or similar organization lends you money	occupation (noun) occupy (verb)	a job or profession to fill or use a space, an area or an amount of time
	to buy a house, etc., and you pay the money back over a particular number of years; the sum of money that you borrow	offender (noun) ongoing (adjective) openly (adverb)	a person who commits a crime continuing to exist or develop without hiding any feelings, opinions or information
mosque (noun)	a building where Muslims go to wor- ship (= praise God)	opera (noun)	a dramatic work in which all or most of the words are sung to music; works of
motion (noun)	the act or process of moving or the way something moves		this type as an art form or entertainment
motivate (verb)	to be the reason why somebody does something or behaves in a particular	operator (noun)	a person who operates equipment or a machine
motivation (noun)	way the reason why somebody does something or behaves in a particular	optimistic (adjec- tive)	expecting good things to happen or something to be successful; showing this feeling
moving (adjective)	way causing strong, often sad, feelings about somebody/something	orchestra (noun)	a large group of people who play vari- ous musical instruments together, led by a conductor
myth (noun)	a story from ancient times, especially one that was told to explain natural	organic (adjective)	produced or practised without using artificial chemicals
naked <i>(adjective)</i>	events or to describe the early history of a people; this type of story not wearing any clothes	outfit (noun)	a set of clothes that you wear to- gether, especially for a particular oc- casion or purpose
nasty (adjective) navigation (noun)	very bad or unpleasant the skill or the process of planning a route for a ship or other vehicle and	output (noun)	the amount of something that a person, a machine or an organization produces
nearby (adjective)	taking it there near in position; not far away	outstanding (adjec- tive)	extremely good; excellent
nearby (adverb)	a short distance from some- body/something; not far away	overcome (verb)	to succeed in dealing with or control- ling a problem that has been prevent-
necessity (noun)	the fact that something must happen or be done; the need for something	overnight (adverb)	ing you from achieving something during or for the night
negotiate (verb)	to try to reach an agreement by formal discussion	overseas (adjec- tive)	connected with foreign countries, especially those separated from your
negotiation (noun)	formal discussion between people who are trying to reach an agreement	overseas (adverb)	country by the sea or ocean to or in a foreign country, especially
neutral (adjective)	not supporting or helping either side in a disagreement, competition, etc.	, ,	those separated from your country by the sea or ocean
newly (adverb) norm (noun)	recently a situation or a pattern of behaviour that is usual or expected	ownership (noun) oxygen (noun)	the fact of owning something a chemical element. Oxygen is a gas that is present in air and water and is necessary for people, animals and plants to live.

Word packet (noun)	<b>Definition</b> a small container made of paper or	Word portion (noun)	<b>Definition</b> one part of something larger
palm (noun)	card in which goods are packed for selling a straight tree with a mass of long leaves at the top, growing in tropical	potentially (adverb) precede (verb)	used to say that something may develop into something to happen before something or come before something/somebody in order
	countries. There are several types of palm tree, some of which produce fruit.	precious (adjective) precise (adjective) precisely (adverb)	rare and worth a lot of money clear and accurate exactly
panic <i>(noun)</i>	a sudden feeling of great fear that cannot be controlled and prevents you from thinking clearly	predictable (adjective)	if something is predictable, you know in advance that it will happen or what it will be like
parade (noun)	a public celebration of a special day or event, usually with bands in the streets and decorated vehicles	preference (noun)	a greater interest in or desire for somebody/something than some-body/something else
parallel (adjective)	two or more lines that are parallel to each other are the same distance apart at every point	pride (noun)	a feeling of being pleased or satis- fied that you get when you or peo- ple who are connected with you have
parallel (noun)	a person, a situation, an event, etc. that is very similar to another, espe- cially one in a different place or time	primarily (adverb)	done something well or own some- thing that other people admire mainly
part-time (adjective) participation (noun)	for part of the day or week in which people work the act of taking part in an activity or	principal (adjective) prior (adjective)	most important; main happening or existing before something else or before a particular time
partnership (noun)	event the state of being a partner in busi- ness	probability (noun) probable (adjec- tive)	how likely something is to happen likely to happen, to exist or to be true
passionate (adjec- tive) password (noun)	having or showing strong feelings of sexual love or of anger, etc. a series of letters, numbers, etc. that	proceed (verb)	to continue doing something that has already been started; to continue be- ing done
	you must type into a computer or computer system in order to be able to use it	programming (noun) progressive (adjec-	the process of writing and testing computer programs in favour of new ideas, modern meth-
patience (noun)	the ability to stay calm and accept a delay or something annoying without complaining	tive) prohibit (verb)	ods and change to stop something from being done or used especially by law
pause (noun)	a period of time during which some- body stops talking or stops what they are doing	promising (adjec- tive) promotion (noun)	showing signs of being good or suc- cessful a move to a more important job or
pause <i>(verb)</i> peer <i>(noun)</i>	to stop talking or doing something for a short time before continuing a person who is the same age or who	prompt (verb)	rank in a company or an organization to make somebody decide to do something; to cause something to
penalty (noun)	has the same social status as you a punishment for breaking a law, rule or contract	proportion (noun) protein (noun)	happen a part or share of a whole a substance, found within all living
perceive (verb) perception (noun)	to understand or think of some- body/something in a particular way an idea, a belief or an image you have		things, that forms the structure of muscles, organs, etc. There are many different proteins and they are an es-
permanently (ad-	as a result of how you see or under- stand something in a way that lasts for a long time or		sential part of what humans and animals eat to help them grow and stay healthy.
verb) pill (noun)	for all time in the future; in a way that exists all the time a small flat round piece of medicine	protester (noun) psychological (ad- jective)	a person who makes a public protest connected with a person's mind and the way in which it works
pity (noun)	that you swallow whole, without biting it used to show that you are disap-	publicity (noun)	the attention that is given to some- body/something by newspapers, tele- vision, etc.
placement (noun)	pointed about something the act of finding somebody a suitable job or place to live	publishing (noun)	the profession or business of preparing and printing books, magazines, CD-ROMs, etc. and selling or making them available to the public
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Word	<b>Definition</b>	Word	<b>Definition</b>
punk <i>(noun)</i>	a type of loud and aggressive rock music popular in the late 1970s and	reckon (verb)	to think something or have an opinion about something
purely (adverb)	early 1980s only; completely	recognition (noun)	the act of remembering who some- body is when you see them, or of
pursuit (noun)	the act of looking for or trying to get something	recovery (noun)	identifying what something is the process of becoming well again
puzzle (noun)	a game, etc. that you have to think about carefully in order to answer it or	recruit (noun)	after an illness or injury a person who has recently joined the
	do it	, ,	armed forces or the police
questionnaire (noun)	a written list of questions that are answered by a number of people so that	recruit (verb)	to find new people to join a company, an organization, the armed forces,
	information can be collected from the answers	recruitment (noun)	etc. the act or process of finding new peo-
racial (adjective)	happening or existing between people of different races	rooraniment (maari)	ple to join a company, an organization, the armed forces, etc.
racism (noun)	the unfair treatment of people who be-	referee (noun)	the official who controls the game in
	long to a different race; violent be- haviour towards them	refugee (noun)	some sports a person who has been forced to
racist (adjective)	having the belief that some races of people are better than others or hav-		leave their country or home, because there is a war or for political, religious
	ing general beliefs about other people based only on their race; showing this	registration (noun)	or social reasons the act of making an official record of
	through violent or unfair treatment of	, ,	something/somebody
racist (noun)	people of other races a person who believes that some	regulate (verb)	to control something by means of rules
	races of people are better than others or who has general beliefs about	reinforce (verb)	to make a feeling, an idea, etc. stronger
	other people based only on their race, and may show this in violent or unfair	relieve (verb)	to remove or reduce an unpleasant feeling or pain
radiation (noun)	treatment of people of other races	relieved (adjective)	feeling happy because something un-
radiation (noun)	powerful and very dangerous rays that are sent out from radioactive sub-		pleasant has stopped or has not hap- pened; showing this
rail <i>(noun)</i>	stances a wooden or metal bar placed around	remarkable <i>(adjec-tive)</i>	unusual or surprising in a way that causes people to take notice
	something as a barrier or to provide support	remarkably <i>(ad- verb)</i>	in a way that is unusual or surprising and causes people to take notice
random (adjective)	done, chosen, etc. without somebody deciding in advance what is going to	reporting (noun)	the presenting of and writing about news on television and radio, and in
	happen, or without any regular pattern		newspapers
rat (noun)	a small animal with a long tail, that looks like a large mouse, usually con-	resign (verb)	to officially tell somebody that you are leaving your job, an organization, etc.
	sidered a pest (= an animal which is disliked because it destroys food or	resolution (noun)	a definite decision to do or not to do something
rating <i>(noun)</i>	spreads disease) a measurement of how good, popular,	restore (verb)	to bring back a situation or feeling that existed before
( · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	important, etc. somebody/something is, especially in relation to other peo-	restrict (verb)	to limit the size, amount or range of something
	ple or things	restriction (noun)	a rule or law that limits what you can
reasonably <i>(ad- verb)</i>	to a degree that is fairly good but not very good	retail (noun)	do or what can happen the selling of goods to the public, usu-
rebuild (verb)	to build or put something together again	retirement (noun)	ally through shops the fact of leaving your job and stop-
receiver (noun)	the part of a phone that you hold close to your mouth and ear	- ( /	ping work, usually because you have reached a particular age; the time
recession (noun)	a difficult time for the economy of a	rovonus (550-1)	when you do this
	country, when there is less trade and industrial activity than usual and more people are unemployed	revenue (noun)	the money that a government receives from taxes or that an organization, etc. receives from its business

Word	Definition	Word	Definition
revision (noun)	a change or set of changes to some- thing	seeker (noun)	a person who is trying to find or get the thing mentioned
ridiculous <i>(adjec-tive)</i>	very silly or unreasonable	seminar (noun)	a class at a university or college when a small group of students and a
risky (adjective)	involving the possibility of something bad happening		teacher discuss or study a particular topic
rival <i>(adjective)</i>	competing with another person, company, thing, etc.	settler (noun)	a person who goes to live in a new country or region
rival <i>(noun)</i>	a person, company or thing that competes with another in sport, business,	severely (adverb)	very badly or seriously sexually attractive
	etc.	sexy (adjective) shaped (adjective)	having the type of shape mentioned
rob <i>(verb)</i>	to steal money or property from a person or place	shocking <i>(adjec-tive)</i>	that offends or upsets people; that is morally wrong
robbery (noun)	the crime of stealing money or goods from a bank, shop, person, etc., espe-	shore (noun)	the land along the edge of the sea, the ocean or a lake
rocket (noun)	cially using violence or threats a spacecraft in the shape of a tube	short-term (adjec- tive)	lasting a short time; designed only for a short period of time in the future
rooker (nearly	that is driven by a stream of gases let	shortage (noun)	a situation when there is not enough
	out behind it when fuel is burned inside		of the people or things that are needed
romance (noun)	an exciting, usually short, relationship between two people who are in love	shortly <i>(adverb)</i> sibling <i>(noun)</i>	a short time; not long a brother or sister
rose (noun)	with each other a flower with a sweet smell that grows	signature (noun)	your name as you usually write it, for example at the end of a letter
,	on a bush with thorns (= sharp points) on its stems	significance (noun)	the importance of something, especially when this has an effect on what
roughly (adverb)	approximately but not exactly		happens in the future
ruin <i>(noun)</i>	the state or process of being de- stroyed or severely damaged	skilled (adjective)	having enough ability, experience and knowledge to be able to do something
ruin <i>(verb)</i>	to damage something so badly that it loses all its value, pleasure, etc.	skull <i>(noun)</i>	well the bone structure that forms the head
satisfaction (noun)	the good feeling that you have when you have achieved something or when	slogan <i>(noun)</i>	and surrounds and protects the brain a word or phrase that is easy to re-
	something that you wanted to happen does happen; something that gives	oregan (recery	member, used for example by a political party or in advertising to attract
	you this feeling		people's attention or to suggest an
scandal (noun)	behaviour or an event that people think is morally or legally wrong and	so-called (adjec-	idea quickly used to show that you do not think that
	causes public feelings of shock or anger	tive)	the word or phrase that is being used to describe somebody/something is
scare (noun)	a situation in which a lot of people are anxious or frightened about some-	somehow (adverb)	appropriate in a way that is not known or certain
scare (verb)	thing to frighten somebody	sometime (adverb)	at a time that you do not know exactly or has not yet been decided
scenario (noun)	a description of how things might hap-	sophisticated (ad-	clever and complicated in the way that
scholar (noun)	pen in the future a person who knows a lot about a	<i>jective)</i> spare <i>(adjective)</i>	it works or is presented available to do what you want with
	particular subject because they have studied it in detail	specialize (verb)	rather than work to become an expert in a particular
scholarship (noun)	an amount of money given to some- body by an organization to help pay		area of work, study or business; to spend more time on one area of work,
scratch (noun)	for their education a mark, a cut or an injury made	specify (verb)	etc. than on others to state something, especially by giv-
Solution (noun)	by scratching somebody's skin or the	specify (verb)	ing an exact measurement, time, ex-
scratch (verb)	surface of something to rub your skin with your nails, usu-	spectacular (adjec-	act instructions, etc. very impressive
screening (noun)	ally because it is itching the act of showing a film or television programme	tive) spectator (noun)	a person who is watching an event, especially a sports event
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Word	Definition	Word	Definition
speculate (verb)	to form an opinion about something without knowing all the details or facts	survival <i>(noun)</i>	the state of continuing to live or exist, often despite difficulty or danger
speculation (noun)	the act of forming opinions about what has happened or what might happen without knowing all the facts	survivor (noun)	a person who continues to live, espe- cially despite being nearly killed or ex- periencing great danger or difficulty
spice (noun)	one of the various types of powder or seed that come from plants and are used in cooking. Spices have a strong	suspend (verb) sustainable (adjec-	to hang something from something else involving the use of natural products
anill (varb)	taste and smell.	tive)	and energy in a way that does not harm the environment
spill (verb)	to flow over the edge of a container by accident; to make liquid do this	swallow (verb)	to make food, drink, etc. go down your
spite (noun)	a feeling of wanting to hurt or upset somebody	sympathetic (adjec-	throat into your stomach kind to somebody who is hurt or sad;
spoil (verb)	to change something good into something bad, unpleasant, etc.	tive)	showing that you understand and care about their problems
spokesman (noun)	a person who speaks for a group or an organization	tackle (verb)	to make a determined effort to deal with a difficult problem or situation
spokesperson (noun)	a person who speaks for a group or an organization	tag (noun)	a small piece of paper, cloth, plastic, etc. attached to something to identify
spokeswoman (noun)	a woman who speaks for a group or an organization	tag <i>(verb)</i>	it or give information about it to fasten a tag onto some-
sponsorship (noun) sporting (adjective)	financial support from a sponsor connected with sports	tap (noun)	thing/somebody a device for controlling the flow of wa-
stall (noun)	a table or small shop with an open		ter from a pipe into a bath or sink
	front that people sell things from, especially at a market	tap (verb)	to hit somebody/something quickly and lightly
stance (noun)	the opinions that somebody has about something and expresses publicly	technological (ad- jective)	connected with technology
starve (verb)	to suffer or die because you do not have enough food to eat; to make	teens (noun)	the years of a person's life when they are between 13 and 19 years old
steadily (adverb)	somebody suffer or die in this way gradually and in an even and regular way	temple (noun)	a building used for religious wor- ship, especially in religions other than Christianity
steam (noun)	the hot gas that water changes into when it boils	temporarily (ad- verb)	in a way that lasts or is intended to last or be used only for a short time; in a
stimulate (verb)	to make something develop or be- come more active; to encourage something	tendency (noun)	way that is not permanent if somebody/something has a particular tendency, they are likely to behave
strengthen (verb)	to become more powerful or effective; to make somebody/something more powerful or effective	tension (noun)	or act in a particular way a situation in which people do not trust each other, or feel unfriendly towards
strictly (adverb)	with a lot of control and rules that must be obeyed		each other, and that may cause them to attack each other
stroke (noun)	an act of hitting a ball, for example with a bat or racket	terminal (noun)	a building or set of buildings at an airport where passengers arrive and
stunning (adjective) subsequent (adjec-	extremely attractive or impressive happening or coming after something	terms (noun)	leave the conditions that people offer, de-
tive) subsequently (ad-	else afterwards; later; after something else	- ( ,	mand or accept when they make an agreement, an arrangement or a con-
verb)	has happened	torribly (advorb)	tract
suburb (noun)	an area where people live that is outside the centre of a city	terrify (verb)	to make somebody feel extremely
suffering (noun) sufficient (adjec-	physical or mental pain enough for a particular purpose; as	territory (noun)	frightened land that is under the control of a par-
tive) sufficiently (adverb)	much as you need enough for a particular purpose; as much as you need	terror (noun) terrorism (noun)	ticular country or political leader a feeling of extreme fear the use of violent action in order to
super (adjective) surgeon (noun)	extremely good a doctor who is trained to perform surgery (= medical operations that in- volve cutting open a person's body)		achieve political aims or to force a government to act

Mord	Definition	Word	Definition
Word terrorist (noun)	<b>Definition</b> a person who takes part in terrorism	tribe (noun)	<b>Definition</b> a social group in a traditional soci-
testing (noun)	the activity of testing some-	tribe (ribari)	ety consisting of people with the same
<b>3</b> ( )	body/something in order to find		language, culture, religion, etc., living
	something out, see if it works, etc.		in a particular area and often having
textbook (noun)	a book that teaches a particular sub-		one leader known as a chief
	ject and that is used especially in	trigger (verb)	to make something happen suddenly
thaft (name)	schools and colleges	trillion (number)	
theft (noun)	the crime of stealing something from a person or place	troop <i>(noun)</i> tsunami <i>(noun)</i>	soldiers, especially in large groups an extremely large wave in the sea
therapist (noun)	a specialist who treats a particular	isunami (noun)	caused, for example, by an earth-
morapiot (noun)	type of illness or problem, or who uses		quake
	a particular type of treatment	ultimate (adjective)	happening at the end of a long pro-
thesis (noun)	a long piece of writing completed by a		cess
	student as part of a university degree,	unacceptable (ad-	so bad that you think it should not be
the average (a die a	based on their own research	jective)	allowed
thorough (adjec-	done completely; with great attention to detail	uncertainty <i>(noun)</i> undergo <i>(verb)</i>	the state of being uncertain to experience something, especially a
tive) thoroughly (adverb)	very much; completely	undergo (verb)	change or something unpleasant
thumb (noun)	the short, thick finger at the side of the	undertake (verb)	to make yourself responsible for
(	hand, slightly apart from the other four	(*****)	something and start doing it
timing (noun)	the act of choosing when something	unfold (verb)	to spread open or flat something that
	happens; a particular point or period		has previously been folded; to be-
	of time when something happens or	afa da a la Madha	come open and flat
tissue (noun)	is planned	unfortunate (adjec- tive)	having bad luck; caused by bad luck
lissue (noun)	a piece of soft paper, used especially as a handkerchief	unite (verb)	to join together with other people in or-
ton (noun)	a unit for measuring weight, in the UK	unite (verb)	der to do something as a group
, ,	2 240 pounds (long ton) and in the US	unity (noun)	the state of being in agreement and
	2 000 pounds (short ton)		working together; the state of being
tonne (noun)	a unit for measuring weight, equal to		joined together to form one unit
I	1 000 kilograms	universal (adjec-	done by or involving all the people in
tournament (noun)	a sports competition involving a num- ber of teams or players who take part	<i>tive)</i> urgent <i>(adjective)</i>	the world or in a particular group that needs to be dealt with or happen
	in different games and must leave the	urgerii (aujective)	immediately
	competition if they lose. The compe-	usage (noun)	the way in which words are used in a
	tition continues until there is only the	<b>3</b> ( )	language
	winner left.	useless (adjective)	not useful; not doing or achieving
trace (verb)	to find or discover some-		what is needed or wanted
	body/something by looking carefully	valid (adjective)	that is legally or officially acceptable
trading (noun)	for them/it the activity of buying and selling	variation (noun)	a change, especially in the amount or level of something
trading (noun)	things	vertical (adjective)	going straight up or down from a level
tragedy (noun)	a very sad event or situation, espe-	(2.0) (3.0)	surface or from top to bottom in a pic-
	cially one that involves death		ture, etc.
tragic (adjective)	making you feel very sad, usually be-	viewpoint (noun)	a way of thinking about a subject
	cause somebody has died or suffered	visa <i>(noun)</i>	a stamp or mark put in your passport
troit (noun)	a lot		by officials of a foreign country that
trait <i>(noun)</i> transmit <i>(verb)</i>	a particular quality in your personality to send an electronic signal, radio or		gives you permission to enter, pass through or leave their country
transmit (verb)	television broadcast, etc.	visible (adjective)	that can be seen
transportation	a system for carrying people or goods	voluntary (adjec-	done willingly, not because you are
(noun)	from one place to another using vehi-	tive)	forced
	cles, roads, etc.	voting (noun)	the action of choosing some-
trap <i>(noun)</i>	a piece of equipment for catching ani-		body/something in an election or
tran (varh)	mals	wandar (varh)	at a meeting
trap (verb)	to put somebody in a dangerous place that they cannot get out of	wander (verb)	to walk slowly around or to a place, often without any particular sense of
treasure (noun)	a collection of valuable things such as		purpose or direction
( - /	gold, silver and jewellery		
	•		

Word	Definition	Word	Definition
warming (noun)	the process of making something, or	accomplishment	an impressive thing that is done or
	of becoming, warm or warmer	(noun)	achieved after a lot of work
weekly (adjective)	happening, done or published once a	accordance (noun)	according to a rule or the way
waind (adiaativa)	week or every week		that somebody says that something
weird (adjective)	very strange or unusual and difficult to	accordingly (ad	should be done in a way that is appropriate to what
welfare (noun)	explain the general health, happiness and	accordingly (ad- verb)	has been done or said in a particular
wenare (nouri)	safety of a person, an animal or a	verb)	situation
	group	accountability	the fact of being responsible for your
wheat (noun)	a plant grown for its grain that is used	(noun)	decisions or actions and expected to
Wilder (Houri)	to produce the flour for bread, cakes,	(noun)	explain them when you are asked
	pasta, etc.; the grain of this plant	accountable (adjec-	responsible for your decisions or ac-
whoever (pronoun)	the person or people who; any person	tive)	tions and expected to explain them
u ,	who	,	when you are asked
widespread (adjec-	existing or happening over a large	accumulate (verb)	to gradually get more and more of
tive)	area or among many people		something over a period of time
wisdom (noun)	the ability to make sensible decisions	accumulation	the process of gradually increasing or
	and give good advice because of the	(noun)	getting more and more of something
	experience and knowledge that you		over a period of time
	have	accusation (noun)	a statement saying that you think a
withdraw (verb)	to take money out of a bank account		person is guilty of doing something
workforce (noun)	all the people who work for a particu-		wrong or illegal; the fact of accusing
workplace (noun)	lar company, organization, etc. the office, factory, etc. where people	accused (noun)	somebody a person who is on trial for committing
workplace (Houri)	work	accused (Houri)	a crime
workshop (noun)	a period of discussion and practical	acid (adjective)	that contains acid or has the essential
womenop (mount)	work on a particular subject, in which	aoia (aajooiivo)	characteristics of an acid; that has a
	a group of people share their knowl-		pH of less than seven
	edge and experience	acquisition (noun)	the act of getting something, espe-
worm (noun)	a long, thin creature with a soft body	, ,	cially knowledge, a skill, etc.
, ,	and no bones or legs	acre (noun)	a unit for measuring an area of land;
wrist (noun)	the joint between the hand and the		4840 square yards or about 4050
	arm		square metres
		activation (noun)	the act of making something such as
			a device or chemical process start
5 C1		11	working
		activist (noun)	a person who works to achieve polit-
Word	Definition		ical or social change, especially as a
abolish <i>(verb)</i>	to officially end a law, a system or an		member of an organization with particular aims
aboution (noun)	institution	acute (adjective)	very serious or severe
abortion <i>(noun)</i>	the deliberate ending of a pregnancy	adaptation (noun)	the action or process of changing
absence (noun)	at an early stage the fact of somebody being away from	adaptation (modin)	something, or of being changed, to
absence (noun)	a place where they are usually ex-		suit a new purpose or situation
	pected to be; the occasion or period	adhere (verb)	to stick to something
	of time when somebody is away	adjacent (adjective)	next to something
absent (adjective)	not in a place because of illness, etc.	adjustment (noun)	a small change made to something in
absurd ( <i>adjective</i> )	extremely silly; not logical and sensi-		order to correct or improve it
, ,	ble	administer (verb)	to manage and organize the affairs of
abundance (noun)	a large quantity that is more than		a company, an organization, a coun-
	enough	and a Callada all and Card	try, etc.
abuse <i>(noun)</i>	the use of something in a way that is	administrative (ad-	connected with organizing the work of
ala a a Z	wrong or harmful	<i>jective)</i> administrator	a business or an institution
abuse (verb)	to make bad use of something, or	(noun)	a person whose job is to manage and organize the public or business affairs
	to use so much of something that it	(Houri)	of a company or an institution, or a
acadomy (nam)	harms your health		person who works in an office dealing
academy <i>(noun)</i> accelerate <i>(verb)</i>	a school or college for special training to happen faster or earlier; to make		with records, accounts, etc.
accelerate (VEID)	something happen faster or earlier		,,
acceptance (noun)	the act of accepting a gift, an invita-		
acceptance (noun)	tion, an offer, etc.		
accessible (adjec-	that can be reached, entered, used,		

tive)

seen, etc.

Word admission (noun)	<b>Definition</b> the act of accepting somebody into an	Word allocate (verb)	<b>Definition</b> to give something officially to some-
adolescent (noun)	institution, organization, etc.; the right to enter a place or to join an institution or organization a young person who is developing	allocation (noun)	body/something for a particular pur- pose an amount of money, space, etc. that is given to somebody for a particular
adoption (noun)	from a child into an adult the act of adopting a child; the fact of	allowance (noun)	purpose an amount of money that is given to
	being adopted	anowance (noun)	somebody regularly or for a particular
adverse (adjective)	negative and unpleasant; not likely to produce a good result	ally <i>(noun)</i>	purpose a country that has agreed to help and
advocate (noun)	a person who supports or speaks in favour of somebody or of a public plan		support another country, especially in case of a war
advocate (verb)	or action to support something publicly	aluminium (noun)	a chemical element. Aluminium is a light, silver-grey metal used for mak-
aesthetic (adjec- tive)	connected with beauty and art and the understanding of beautiful things	amateur (adjective)	ing pans, etc. doing something for pleasure or inter-
affection (noun)	the feeling of liking or loving some- body/something very much and car-	amateur (noun)	est, not as a job a person who takes part in a sport or
aftermath <i>(noun)</i>	ing about them the situation that exists as a result of	ambassador (noun)	other activity for pleasure, not as a job an official who lives in a foreign coun-
a	an important (and usually unpleasant) event, especially a war, an accident,	ambabbabb (mban)	try as the senior representative there of their own country
aggression (noun)	etc. feelings of anger and hate that may	amend (verb)	to change a law, document, state- ment, etc. slightly in order to correct
aggression (noun)	result in threatening or violent be-	amandaant (naun)	a mistake or to improve it
agricultural (adjec-	haviour connected with the science or practice	amendment (noun)	a small change or improvement that is made to a document or proposed
tive) aide (noun)	of farming a person who helps another person,		new law; the process of changing a document or proposed new law
albeit (conjunction)	especially a politician, in their job although	amid (preposition)	in the middle of or during something, especially something that causes ex-
alert (adjective)	able to think quickly; quick to notice things	analogy (noun)	citement or fear a comparison of one thing with an-
alert (noun)	a situation in which people are watching for danger and ready to deal with		other thing that has similar features; a feature that is similar
alert (verb)	it to warn somebody about a dangerous	anchor (noun)	a heavy metal object that is attached to a rope or chain and dropped over
	situation or one that requires immediate action		the side of a ship or boat to keep it in one place
alien <i>(adjective)</i>	strange and frightening; different from what you are used to	angel (noun)	a spirit who is believed to be a servant of God, and is sent by God to deliver
align <i>(verb)</i>	to arrange something in the correct position, or to be in the correct posi-		a message or perform a task. Angels are often shown dressed in white, with
	tion, in relation to something else, especially in a straight line	anonymous <i>(adjec-</i>	wings. with a name that is not known or that
alignment <i>(noun)</i> alike <i>(adjective)</i>	arrangement in a straight line very similar	tive) apparatus (noun)	is not made public the tools or other pieces of equipment
alike (adverb) allegation (noun)	in a very similar way a public statement that is made with-	,	that are needed for a particular activity or task
anoganon (noun)	out giving proof, accusing somebody of doing something that is wrong or il-	appealing (adjec- tive)	attractive or interesting
allege (verb)	legal to state something as a fact but with-	appetite (noun) applaud (verb)	physical desire for food to show your approval of some-
allegedly (adverb)	out giving proof expressed as though something is a	app.aca (1010)	body/something by clapping your hands (= hitting your open hands to-
	fact but without giving any proof		gether several times)
alliance <i>(noun)</i>	an agreement between countries, political parties, etc. to work together in order to achieve something that they		
	all want		

Word	Definition	Word	Definition
applicable (adjec-	that can be said to be true in the case	asylum (noun)	protection that a government gives to
tive)	of somebody/something		people who have left their own coun-
appoint (verb)	to choose somebody for a job or position of responsibility		try, usually because they were in danger for political reasons
appreciation (noun)	pleasure that you have when you rec-	atrocity (noun)	a cruel and violent act, especially in a
	ognize and enjoy the good qualities of somebody/something	attain (verb)	war to succeed in getting something, usu-
arbitrary (adjective)	not seeming to be based on a reason,		ally after a lot of effort
	system or plan and sometimes seeming unfair	attendance (noun)	the act of being present at a place, for
architectural (ad-	relating to architecture and buildings	attorney (noun)	example at school a lawyer, especially one who can act
jective)	relating to aromicotare and samanige	and may (main)	for somebody in court
archive (noun)	a collection of historical documents or	attribute (noun)	a quality or feature of some-
	records of a government, a family, a	attuilata (auh)	body/something
	place or an organization; the place where these records are stored	attribute (verb)	to say or believe that something is the result of a particular thing
arena (noun)	a place with a flat open area in the	audit (noun)	an official examination of business
,	middle and seats around it where peo-	, ,	and financial records to see that they
	ple can watch sports and entertain-		are true and correct
arguably (adverb)	ment used (often before a comparative or	authentic (adjec- tive)	known to be real and what somebody claims it is and not a copy
arguably (adverb)	superlative adjective) when you are	authorize <i>(verb)</i>	to give official permission for some-
	stating an opinion that you believe you	(******)	thing, or for somebody to do some-
	could give reasons to support		thing
arm <i>(verb)</i>	to provide weapons for your- self/somebody in order to fight a	auto <i>(noun)</i> autonomy <i>(noun)</i>	a car the freedom for a country, a region or
	battle or a war	autonomy ( <i>noum)</i>	an organization to govern itself inde-
array (noun)	a group or collection of things or peo-		pendently
	ple, often one that is large or impres-	availability (noun)	the fact that something is possible to
articulate (verb)	sive to express or explain your thoughts or	await (verb)	get, buy or find to wait for somebody/something
articulate (Verb)	feelings clearly in words	backdrop (noun)	everything that can be seen around
ash (noun)	the grey or black powder that is left		an event or scene
	after something, especially tobacco,	backing (noun)	help and support from somebody to
aspiration (noun)	wood or coal, has burnt a strong desire to have or do some-		do something; financial support for something
aspiration (noan)	thing	backup (noun)	extra help or support that you can get
aspire (verb)	to have a strong desire to achieve or	,	if necessary
	to become something	bail <i>(noun)</i>	money that somebody agrees to pay if
assassination (noun)	the murder of an important or famous person, especially for political reasons		a person accused of a crime does not appear at their trial. When bail has
assault (noun)	the crime of attacking somebody		been arranged, the accused person is
	physically		allowed to go free until the trial.
assault (verb)	to attack somebody violently, espe-	ballot (noun)	the system of voting in writing and
assemble (verb)	cially when this is a crime to come together as a group; to bring		usually in secret; an occasion on which a vote is held
4000ms.0 (1010)	people or things together as a group	banner (noun)	a long piece of cloth with a message
assembly (noun)	a group of people who have been		on it that is carried between two poles
	elected to meet together regularly and		or hung in a public place to show sup-
	make decisions or laws for a particular region or country	bare (adjective)	port for something not covered by any clothes
assert (verb)	to state clearly and definitely that	barrel (noun)	a large round container, usually made
, ,	something is true		of wood or metal, with flat ends and,
assertion (noun)	a statement saying that you strongly	book (noun)	usually, curved sides
assurance (noun)	believe something to be true a statement that something will cer-	bass (noun)	the lowest tone or part in music, for instruments or voices
3003.41100 (110011)	tainly be true or will certainly hap-	bat (verb)	to hit a ball with a bat, especially in a
	pen, particularly when there has been	, ,	game of baseball or cricket
	doubt about it	battlefield (noun)	a place where a battle is being fought
			or has been fought

Word	Definition	Word	Definition
bay <i>(noun)</i>	a part of the sea, or of a large lake,	boundary (noun)	a real or imagined line that marks the
bay (noan)	partly surrounded by a wide curve of	bodildary (noun)	limits or edges of something and sep-
	the land		arates it from other things or places; a
beam (noun)	a line of light, electromagnetic waves		dividing line
	or particles	bow (noun)	the act of bending your head or the
beast (noun)	an animal, especially one that is large		upper part of your body forward in or-
behalf (noun)	or dangerous, or one that is unusual in order to help somebody		der to say hello or goodbye to some- body or to show respect
beloved (adjective)	loved very much	bow (verb)	to move your head or the top half of
bench (noun)	a long seat for two or more people,	5011 (1515)	your body forwards and downwards
,	usually made of wood		as a sign of respect or to say hello or
benchmark (noun)	something that can be measured and		goodbye
	used as a standard that other things	breach <i>(noun)</i>	a failure to do something that must be
beneath (preposi-	can be compared with in or to a lower position than	broach (vorh)	done by law
beneath (preposition)	somebody/something; under some-	breach (verb)	to not keep to an agreement or not keep a promise
uon	body/something	breakdown (noun)	an occasion when a vehicle or ma-
beneficiary (noun)	a person who gains as a result of	(**************************************	chine stops working
,	something	breakthrough	an important development that may
betray (verb)	to give information about some-	(noun)	lead to an agreement or achievement
la line al. (c. ca sula )	body/something to an enemy	breed (noun)	a particular type of animal that has
bind (verb)	to tie somebody/something with rope, string, etc. so that they/it cannot move		been developed by people in a certain way, especially a type of dog, cat or
	or are held together strongly		farm animal
biography (noun)	the story of a person's life written by	breed (verb)	to have sex and produce young
	somebody else; this type of writing	broadband (noun)	a way of connecting to the internet
bishop (noun)	a senior priest in charge of the work		that allows you to receive information,
hi-ama (adiaatiwa)	of the Church in a city or district		including pictures, etc., very quickly
bizarre <i>(adjective)</i>	very strange or unusual the flat part of a knife, tool or machine,		and that is always active (so that the user does not have to connect each
blade (noun)	which has a sharp edge or edges for		time)
	cutting	browser (noun)	a computer program that lets you look
blast (noun)	an explosion or a powerful movement	( /	at or read documents on the World
	of air caused by an explosion		Wide Web
blast <i>(verb)</i>	to violently destroy or break some-	brutal <i>(adjective)</i>	violent and cruel
bleed (verb)	thing into pieces, using explosives	buck (noun)	a US, Australian or New Zealand dol- lar; a South African rand; an Indian
bieed (verb)	to lose blood, especially from a wound or an injury		rupee
blend (noun)	a mixture of different types of the	buddy (noun)	a friend
,	same thing	buffer (noun)	a thing or person that reduces a shock
blend (verb)	to mix two or more substances to-		or protects somebody/something
	gether	1 11 7	against difficulties
bless (verb)	to ask God to protect some- body/something	bulk <i>(noun)</i>	the main part of something; most of something
blessing (noun)	God's help and protection, or a prayer	burden (noun)	a duty, responsibility, etc. that causes
blooding (noan)	asking for this	bardon (noan)	worry, difficulty or hard work
boast (verb)	to talk in a way that shows you are too	bureaucracy (noun)	the system of official rules and ways
, ,	proud of something that you have or	• , ,	of doing things that a government or
	can do		an organization has, especially when
bonus <i>(noun)</i>	an extra amount of money that is	la dal (a. a.a.)	these seem to be too complicated
	added to a payment, especially to somebody's wages or salary as a re-	burial <i>(noun)</i>	the act or ceremony of burying a dead body
	ward	burst (verb)	to break open or apart, especially
boom (noun)	a sudden increase in trade and eco-	20.01 (70.2)	because of pressure from inside; to
, ,	nomic activity; a period of wealth and		make something break in this way
	success	cabinet (noun)	a group of senior members of a gov-
bounce (verb)	if something bounces or you bounce		ernment that is responsible for advis-
	it, it moves quickly away from a sur-		ing and deciding on government pol-
	face it has just hit or you make it do this		icy
	uns		

Word	Definition	Word	Definition
calculation (noun)	the act or process of using numbers to find out an amount	circulation (noun)	the movement of blood around the body
canvas (noun)	a strong heavy rough material used for making tents, sails, etc. and by	citizenship (noun)	the legal right to belong to a particular country
capability (noun)	artists for painting on the ability or qualities necessary to do	civic (adjective) civilian (adjective)	officially connected with a town or city connected with people who are not
capitalism (noun)	something an economic system in which a coun-		members of the armed forces or the police
	try's businesses and industry are con- trolled and run for profit by private	civilian <i>(noun)</i>	a person who is not a member of the armed forces or the police
capitalist (adjec-	owners rather than by the government based on the principles of capitalism	clarity <i>(noun)</i> clash <i>(noun)</i>	the quality of being expressed clearly a short fight between two groups of
tive)	·	,	people
cargo (noun)	the goods carried in a ship, an aircraft or a motor vehicle	classification (noun)	the act or process of putting people or things into a group or class (= of clas-
carriage (noun)	a separate section of a train for carrying passengers	cling (verb)	sifying them) to hold on tightly to some-
carve (verb)	to make objects, patterns, etc. by	. , ,	body/something
	cutting away material from a piece of wood or stone, or another hard mate-	clinical (adjective)	relating to the examination and treat- ment of patients and their illnesses
opoino (noun)	rial	closure (noun)	the situation when a factory, school, hospital, etc. shuts permanently
casino (noun)	a public building or room where peo- ple play gambling games for money	cluster (noun)	a group of things of the same type that
casualty (noun)	a person who is killed or injured in war or in an accident	coalition (noun)	grow or appear close together a government formed by two or more
catalogue (noun)	a complete list of items, for example of	, ,	political parties working together
cater (verb)	things that people can look at or buy to provide food and drinks for a social	coastal <i>(adjective)</i> cocktail <i>(noun)</i>	of or near a coast a drink usually made from a mixture of
cattle (noun)	event cows and bulls that are kept as farm		one or more spirits (= strong alcoholic drinks) and fruit juice. It can also be
	animals for their milk or meat		made without alcohol.
caution (noun)	care that you take in order to avoid danger or mistakes; the fact of not tak- ing any risks	cognitive (adjec- tive) coincide (verb)	connected with mental processes of understanding to take place at the same time
cautious (adjective)	being careful about what you say or	collaborate (verb)	to work together with somebody in or-
	do, especially to avoid danger or mistakes; not taking any risks	collaboration	der to produce or achieve something the act of working with another person
cease (verb)	to stop happening or existing; to stop	(noun)	or group of people to create or pro-
cemetery (noun)	something from happening or existing an area of land used for burying dead	collective (adjec-	duce something done or shared by all members of a
	people, especially one that is not next to a church	tive)	group of people; involving a whole group or society
chamber (noun)	a hall in a public building that is used	collision (noun)	an accident in which two vehicles or
chaos (noun)	for formal meetings a complete lack of order	colonial (adjective)	people crash into each other connected with or belonging to a
characterize (verb)	to be typical of a person, place or thing	columnist (noun)	country that controls another country a journalist who writes regular articles
charm (noun)	the power of pleasing or attracting	, ,	for a newspaper or magazine
charter (noun)	people a written statement describing the	combat (noun)	fighting or a fight, especially during a time of war
,	rights that a particular group of people should have	combat (verb)	to stop something unpleasant or
chronic (adjective)	lasting for a long time; difficult to cure		harmful from happening or from get- ting worse
chunk (noun)	a thick, solid piece that has been cut or broken off something	commence (verb)	to begin to happen; to begin some- thing
circulate (verb)	when a liquid, gas or air circulates or is circulated, it moves continuously around a place or system	commentary (noun)	a spoken description of an event that is given while it is happening, especially on the radio or television

Word commentator	<b>Definition</b> a person who describes an event	Word compromise (verb)	<b>Definition</b> to give up some of your demands in
(noun)	while it is happening, especially on television or radio	compromise (vers)	order to reach an agreement after disagreeing with somebody
commerce (noun)	trade, especially between countries; the buying and selling of goods and services	compute (verb) conceal (verb) concede (verb)	to calculate something to hide somebody/something to admit that something is true, logi-
commissioner (noun)	a member of a commission (= an official group of people who are responsi-	oonocae (vene)	cal, etc. after first denying it or resisting it
W. (	ble for controlling something or finding out about something)	conceive (verb)	to form an idea, a plan, etc. in your mind
commodity (noun) communist (adjec-	a product or a raw material that can be bought and sold connected with communism	conception (noun)	an understanding or a belief of what something/somebody is or what something/somebody should be
tive) companion (noun)	a person or an animal that travels with	concession (noun)	something that you allow or do, or allow somebody to have, in order to end
comparable (adjec-	you or spends a lot of time with you similar to somebody/something else		an argument or to make a situation less difficult
tive) compassion (noun)	and able to be compared a strong feeling of sympathy for peo- ple or animals who are suffering and	condemn (verb)	to say very strongly that you think something is bad, usually for moral reasons
compel (verb)	a desire to help them to force somebody to do something;	confer (verb)	to discuss something with somebody, in order to exchange opinions or get
compelling (adjec-	to make something necessary that makes you pay attention to it be-	confession (noun)	advice a statement that a person makes, admitting that they are guilty of a crime:
tive) compensate (verb)	cause it is so interesting and exciting to provide something good to balance or reduce the bad effects of damage,	configuration	mitting that they are guilty of a crime; the act of making such a statement an arrangement of the parts of some-
compensation	loss, etc. something, especially money, that	(noun)	thing or a group of things; the form or shape that this arrangement produces
(noun)	somebody gives you because they have hurt you, or damaged something that you own; the act of giving this to	confine (verb)	to keep somebody/something inside the limits of a particular activity, sub- ject, area, etc.
competence (noun)	somebody the ability to do something well	confirmation (noun)	a statement, letter, etc. that shows that something is true, correct or defi-
competent (adjec- tive)	having enough skill or knowledge to do something well or to the necessary	confront (verb)	nite to appear and need to be dealt with by
compile (verb)	standard to produce a book, list, report, etc. by bringing together different items, arti-	confrontation (noun)	somebody a situation in which there is anger be- tween people or groups who disagree
	cles, songs, etc.; to collect information in order to produce a book, list, etc.	congratulate (verb)	because they have different opinions to tell somebody that you are pleased
complement (verb)	to add to something in a way that improves it or makes it more attractive	congregation	about their success or achievements a group of people who are gathered
complexity (noun)	the state of being formed of many parts; the state of being difficult to understand	(noun)	together in a church for a religious service, not including the priest and choir
compliance (noun)	the practice of obeying rules or requests made by people in authority	congressional (ad- jective)	related to or belonging to a congress or the Congress in the US
complication (noun)	a thing that makes a situation more complicated or difficult	conquer (verb)	to take control of a country or city and its people by force
comply (verb) composition (noun)	to obey a rule, an order, etc.; to meet particular standards the different parts that something is	conscience (noun)	the part of your mind that tells you whether your actions are right or wrong
, , ,	made of; the way in which the different parts are organized	consciousness (noun)	the state of being able to use your senses and mental powers to under-
compromise (noun)	an agreement made between two people or groups in which each side gives up some of the things they want	consecutive (adjec- tive)	stand what is happening following one after another in a continuous series
	so that both sides are happy at the end	consensus (noun)	an opinion that all members of a group agree with

Word	Definition	Word	Definition
consent (noun)	permission to do something, espe- cially given by somebody in authority	cooperate (verb)	to work together with somebody else in order to achieve something
consent (verb)	to agree to something or give your permission for something	cooperative (adjec- tive)	involving doing something together or working together with others towards
conserve (verb)	to protect something and prevent it from being changed or destroyed	coordinate (verb)	a shared aim to organize the different parts of an
consistency (noun)	the quality of always behaving in the same way or of having the same opin- ions, standard, etc.; the quality of be-	coordination (noun)	activity and the people involved in it so that it works well the act of making parts of something,
consolidate (verb)	ing consistent to make a position of power or success stronger so that it is more likely to continue	coordinator (noun)	groups of people, etc. work together in an efficient and organized way a person who organizes the different parts of an activity and the people in-
constituency (noun)	a district that elects its own representative to parliament	cop (noun)	volved in it so that it works well a police officer
constitute (verb) constitution (noun)	to be considered to be something the system of laws and basic princi- ples that a state, a country or an or- ganization is governed by	copper (noun) copyright (noun)	a chemical element. Copper is a soft red-brown metal used for making electric wires, pipes and coins. if a person or an organization holds
constitutional (ad- jective)	gaa.too go.ooz o,	(a)	the copyright on a piece of writing, music, etc., they are the only people
constraint (noun)	a thing that limits something, or limits your freedom to do something		who have the legal right to publish, broadcast, perform it, etc., and other
consultation (noun)	the act of discussing something with somebody or with a group of people		people must ask their permission to use it or any part of it
contemplate (verb)	before making a decision about it to think about whether you should do something, or how you should do something	correction (noun) correlate (verb)	a change that makes something more accurate than it was before if two or more facts, figures, etc. cor- relate or if a fact, figure, etc. cor-
contempt (noun)	the feeling that somebody/something is without value and deserves no respect at all		relates with another, the facts are closely connected and affect or depend on each other
contend (verb)	to say that something is true, espe- cially in an argument	correlation (noun)	a connection between two things in which one thing changes as the other
contender (noun)	a person or team with a chance of winning a competition	correspond (verb)	does to be the same as or match something
content (adjective)	happy and satisfied with what you have	correspondence (noun)	the letters, emails, etc. a person sends and receives
contention (noun) continually (adverb)	anger between people who disagree in a way that is repeated many times	correspondent (noun)	a person who reports news from a particular country or on a particular
contractor (noun)	so that it is annoying a person or company that has a con- tract to do work or provide goods or	corresponding (ad-	subject for a newspaper or a television or radio station matching or connected with something that you have just martiaged.
contradiction (noun) contrary (adjective)	services for another company a lack of agreement between facts, opinions, actions, etc.	jective) corrupt (adjective)	thing that you have just mentioned willing to use their power to do dishon- est or illegal things in return for money or to get an advantage
contrary (noun) contributor (noun)	the opposite fact, event or situation a person who writes articles for a	corruption (noun)	dishonest or illegal behaviour, espe- cially of people in authority
contributor (noun)	magazine, book or website, or who talks on a radio or television pro-	costly (adjective)	costing a lot of money, especially more than you want to pay
conversion (noun)	gramme or at a meeting the act or process of changing some- thing from one form, use or system to another	councillor (noun) counselling (noun) counsellor (noun)	a member of a city or county council professional advice about a problem a person who has been trained to ad- vise people with problems, especially
convict (verb)	to decide and state officially in court that somebody is guilty of a crime	counter (verb)	personal problems to reply to somebody by trying to
conviction (noun)	the act of finding somebody guilty of a crime in court; the fact of having been found guilty	counterpart (noun)	prove that what they said is not true a person or thing that has the same position or function as some- body/something else in a different place or situation

Word	Definition	Word	Definition
countless (adjec-	very many; too many to be counted or	debris (noun)	pieces of wood, metal, building mate-
tive)	mentioned		rials, etc. that are left after something
coup (noun)	a sudden change of government that is illegal and often violent	debut (noun)	has been destroyed the first public appearance of a per-
courtesy (noun)	polite behaviour that shows respect		former or sports player
	for other people	decision-making	the process of deciding about some-
craft (verb)	to make something using special skills, especially with your hands	(noun)	thing important, especially in a group of people or in an organization
crawl (verb)	to move forward on your hands and	decisive (adjective)	very important for the final result of a
(:)	knees or with your body close to the		particular situation
	ground	declaration (noun)	an official or formal statement, espe-
creator (noun)	a person who has made or invented a		cially about the plans of a government
credibility (noun)	particular thing the quality that somebody/something		or an organization; the act of making such a statement
or oalbility (noun)	has that makes people believe or trust	dedicated (adjec-	working hard at something because it
	them	tive)	is very important to you
credible (adjective)	that can be believed or trusted	dedication (noun)	the hard work and effort that some-
creep (verb)	to move slowly, quietly and carefully, because you do not want to be seen		body puts into an activity or a purpose because they think it is important
	or heard	deed (noun)	a thing that somebody does that is
critique (noun)	a piece of written criticism of a set of	,	usually very good or very bad
	ideas, a work of art, etc.	deem (verb)	to have a particular opinion about
crown (noun)	an object in the shape of a circle, usually made of gold and precious	default (noun)	somebody/something what happens or appears if you do not
	stones, that a king or queen wears on	delauit (Houri)	make any other choice or change, es-
	his or her head on official occasions		pecially in a computer program
crude (adjective)	in its natural state, before it has been	defect (noun)	a fault in something or in the way it
orugh (vorh)	processed or refined		has been made that means that it is
crush (verb)	to press something so hard that it is damaged or injured, or loses its shape	defensive (adjec-	not perfect protecting somebody/something
crystal (noun)	a small piece of a substance with	tive)	against attack
. ,	many even sides, that is formed nat-	deficiency (noun)	the state of not having, or not having
	urally when the substance becomes	deficit (neum)	enough of, something that is essential
cult (adjective)	solid very popular with a particular group of	deficit (noun)	the amount by which money spent or owed is greater than money earned in
dan (dajoonvo)	people		a particular period of time
cult (noun)	a way of life, an attitude, an idea, etc.	defy (verb)	to refuse to obey or show respect for
aultiventa (venda)	that has become very popular		somebody in authority, a law, a rule,
cultivate (verb)	to prepare and use land for growing plants or crops	delegate (noun)	etc. a person who is chosen or elected to
curiosity (noun)	a strong desire to know about some-	delegate (Houri)	represent the views of a group of peo-
	thing		ple and vote and make decisions for
custody (noun)	the legal right or duty to take care of or	-lala-satia-sa (-a)	them
	keep somebody/something; the act of taking care of something/somebody	delegation (noun)	a group of people who represent the views of an organization, a country,
cutting (noun)	an article or a story that you cut from		etc.
<b>0</b> (	a newspaper or magazine and keep	delicate (adjective)	easily damaged or broken
cynical (adjective)	believing that people only do things to	demon (noun)	an evil spirit
	help themselves rather than for good or honest reasons	denial <i>(noun)</i>	a statement that something is not true or does not exist; the action of deny-
dam <i>(noun)</i>	a barrier that is built across a river in		ing something
( /	order to stop the water from flowing,	denounce (verb)	to strongly criticize some-
	used especially to make a reservoir (=		body/something that you think is
	a lake for storing water) or to produce electricity	dense (adjective)	wrong, illegal, etc. containing a lot of people, things,
damaging (adjec-	causing damage; having a bad effect	acrise (aujective)	plants, etc. with little space between
tive)	on somebody/something		them
dawn (noun)	the time of day when light first ap-	density (noun)	the quality of being dense; the degree
	pears		to which something is dense

Word	Definition	Word	Definition
dependence (noun)	the state of needing the help and sup- port of somebody/something in order	differentiate (verb)	to recognize or show that two things are not the same
donict (varh)	to survive or be successful	dignity (noun)	a calm and serious manner that de-
depict (verb)	to show an image of some-body/something in a picture	dilemma (noun)	serves respect a situation that makes problems, of-
deploy (verb)	to move soldiers or weapons into a position where they are ready for mili-		ten one in which you have to make a very difficult choice between things of
deployment (noun)	tary action the act of moving soldiers or weapons	dimension (noun)	equal importance a measurement in space, for example
acployment (noan)	into a position where they are ready	, ,	how high, wide or long something is
deposit (verb)	for military action to put money into a bank account	diminish (verb)	to become smaller, weaker, etc.; to make something become smaller,
deprive (verb)		din (vorh)	weaker, etc.
deputy (noun)	a person who is the next most impor- tant person below a business man-	dip (verb)	to put something quickly into a liquid and take it out again
	ager, a head of a school, a political leader, etc. and who does that per-	diplomat (noun)	a person whose job is to represent his or her country in a foreign country, for
	son's job when they are away		example, in an embassy
descend (verb)	to come or go down from a higher to a lower level	diplomatic (adjec- tive)	connected with managing relations between countries (= diplomacy)
descent <i>(noun)</i> designate <i>(verb)</i>	an action of coming or going down to say officially that some-	directory (noun)	a book or electronic resource containing lists of information, usually in al-
designate (verb)	body/something has a particular		phabetical order, for example people's
	character or name; to describe somebody/something in a particular		phone numbers or the names and addresses of businesses in a particular
desirable (adjec-	way that you would like to have or do;	disastrous (adjec-	area very bad, harmful or unsuccessful
tive)	worth having or doing	tive)	•
desktop (noun)	a screen on a computer that shows the icons of programs and files that	discard (verb)	to get rid of something that you no longer want or need
destructive (adjec-	can be used causing destruction or damage	discharge (verb)	to give somebody official permission to leave the police or the armed
tive)			forces; to make somebody leave the
detain (verb)	to keep somebody in an official place, such as a police station, a prison or a	disclose (verb)	police or the armed forces to give somebody information about
	hospital, and prevent them from leaving		something, especially something that was previously secret
detection (noun)	the process of discovering or noticing	disclosure (noun)	the act of making something known
	something, especially something that is not easy to see, hear, etc.; the fact		or public that was previously secret or private
detention (noun)	of being discovered or noticed the state of being kept in a place, es-	discourse (noun)	a long and serious treatment or dis- cussion of a subject in speech or writ-
determion (noun)	pecially a prison, and prevented from		ing
deteriorate (verb)	leaving to become worse	discretion (noun)	the freedom or power to decide what should be done in a particular situa-
devastate (verb)	to completely destroy a place or an area	discrimination	tion the practice of treating somebody or
devil (noun)	the most powerful evil being	(noun)	a particular group in society less fairly
devise (verb)	to invent something new or a new way of doing something	dismissal (noun)	than others the act of dismissing somebody from
diagnose (verb)	to say exactly what an illness or the	, ,	their job; an example of this
diagnosis (noun)	cause of a problem is the act of discovering or identifying	displace (verb)	to take the place of some- body/something
	the exact cause of an illness or a prob- lem	disposal <i>(noun)</i> dispose <i>(verb)</i>	the act of getting rid of something to arrange things or people in a par-
dictate (verb)	to tell somebody what to do, espe-	,	ticular way or position
dictator (noun)	cially in an annoying way a political leader who has complete	dispute (noun)	an argument between two people, groups or countries; discussion about
	power over a country, especially one who has gained it using military force		a subject on which people disagree
	g		

Word	Definition	Word	Definition
dispute (verb)	to question whether something is true	dual (adjective)	having two parts or aspects
,	or legally or officially acceptable	dub (verb)	to give somebody/something a partic-
disrupt (verb)	to make it difficult for something to		ular name, often in a humorous or crit-
disruption (noun)	continue in the normal way a situation in which it is difficult for	dumb (adjective)	ical way stupid
distuption (noun)	something to continue in the normal	duo (noun)	two people who perform together or
	way; the act of stopping something		are often seen or thought of together
	from continuing in the normal way	dynamic <i>(noun)</i>	the way in which people or things be-
dissolve (verb)	to mix with a liquid and become part		have and react to each other in a par-
distinction (noun)	of it a clear difference or contrast espe-	eager (adjective)	ticular situation very interested and excited by some-
distinction (noun)	cially between people or things that	eager (aujective)	thing that is going to happen or about
	are similar or related		something that you want to do; show-
distinctive (adjec-	having a quality or characteristic that		ing this
tive)	makes something different and easily noticed	earnings (noun)	the money that you earn for the work that you do
distort (verb)	to change the shape, appearance	ease (noun)	lack of difficulty
G. G. G. T. (10.12)	or sound of something so that it is	ease (verb)	to become less unpleasant, painful or
	strange or not clear	,	severe; to make something less un-
distress (noun)	a feeling of great worry or unhappi-		pleasant, etc.
distress (verb)	ness; great mental pain to make somebody feel very worried	echo (noun)	the reflecting of sound off a wall or inside a particular space so that a noise
distress (verb)	or unhappy		appears to be repeated; a sound that
disturbing (adjec-	making you feel anxious and upset or		is reflected back in this way
tive)	shocked	echo (verb)	if a sound echoes, it is reflected off a
divert (verb)	to make somebody/something		wall, the side of a mountain, etc. so
divine (adjective)	change direction coming from or connected with God or	ecological (adjec-	that you can hear it again connected with the relation of plants
divine (adjective)	a god	tive)	and living creatures to each other and
doctrine (noun)	a belief or set of beliefs held and	,	to their environment
	taught by a Church, a political party,	educator (noun)	a person whose job is to teach or ed-
documentation	etc. the documents that are required for	effectiveness	ucate people the fact of producing the result that is
(noun)	something, or that give evidence or	(noun)	wanted or intended; the fact of pro-
( )	proof of something	( )	ducing a successful result
domain (noun)	an area of knowledge or activity; es-	efficiency (noun)	the quality of doing something well
	pecially one that somebody is responsible for	ogo (noun)	with no waste of time or money
dominance (noun)	the fact of being more important, pow-	ego (noun)	your sense of your own value and importance
	erful or easy to notice than some-	elaborate (adjec-	very complicated and detailed; care-
	body/something else	tive)	fully prepared and organized
donor <i>(noun)</i>	a person or an organization that		connected with elections
	makes a gift of money, clothes, food, etc. to a charity, etc.	elevate (verb)	to give somebody/something a higher position or rank, often more important
dose (noun)	an amount of a medicine or a drug		than they deserve
, ,	that is taken once, or regularly over a	eligible (adjective)	a person who is eligible for something
	period of time		or to do something, is able to have or
drain <i>(verb)</i>	to make something empty or dry by removing the liquid from it; to become		do it because they have the right qualifications, are the right age, etc.
	empty or dry in this way	elite (noun)	a small group of people in a society,
drift (verb)	to move along smoothly and slowly in	omo (mouny	etc. who are powerful and have a lot
	water or air		of influence, because they are rich, in-
driving (adjective)	strong and powerful; having a strong	a mala a vis () sa vib )	telligent, etc.
	influence in making something hap- pen	embark (verb)	to get onto a ship or plane; to put somebody/something onto a ship or
drown (verb)	to die because you have been un-		plane
, ,	derwater too long and you cannot	embarrassment	shy, uncomfortable or guilty feelings;
	breathe; to kill somebody by holding	(noun)	a feeling of being embarrassed
	them underwater	embassy (noun)	a group of officials led by an ambas- sador who represent their government
			in a foreign country
			,

Word	Definition	Word	Definition
embed (verb)	to fix something in a substance or solid object	equality (noun)	the fact of being equal in rights, status, advantages, etc.
embody (verb)	to express or represent an idea or a quality	equation (noun)	a statement showing that two amounts or values are equal, for
emergence (noun)	the fact of somebody/something mov- ing out of or away from something and becoming possible to see	erect (verb) escalate (verb)	example 2x + y = 54 to build something to become greater, worse, more seri-
empirical (adjec- tive)	based on experiments or experience rather than ideas or theories		ous, etc.; to make something greater, worse, more serious, etc.
empower (verb)	to give somebody the power or authority to do something	essence (noun)	the most important quality or feature of something, that makes it what it is
enact (verb) encompass (verb)	to pass a law to include a large number or range of things	establishment (noun) eternal (adjective)	an organization, a large institution or a hotel without an end; existing or continuing
encouragement (noun)	the act of encouraging somebody to do something; something that encour-	evacuate (verb)	forever to move people from a place of danger
encouraging <i>(ad-</i>	ages somebody that gives somebody support,	evoke (verb)	to a safer place to bring a feeling, a memory or an im-
<i>jective)</i> endeavour <i>(noun)</i>	courage or hope an attempt to do something, espe-	evolutionary (adjec-	age into your mind connected with evolution; connected
endless (adjective)	cially something new or difficult very large in size or amount and	tive)	with slow steady development and change
endorse (verb)	seeming to have no end to say publicly that you support a per-	exaggerate (verb)	to make something seem larger, bet- ter, worse or more important than it re-
endorsement	son, statement or course of action a public statement or action	excellence (noun)	ally is the quality of being extremely good
(noun)	showing that you support some- body/something	exceptional (adjec- tive)	unusually good
endure (verb)	to experience and deal with some- thing that is painful or unpleasant	excess (adjective)	in addition to an amount that is necessary, usual or legal
enforce (verb)	without giving up to make sure that people obey a par-	excess (noun)	more than is necessary, reasonable or acceptable
enforcement (noun)	ticular law or rule the act of making people obey a par- ticular law or rule	exclusion (noun)	the act of preventing some- body/something from entering a place or taking part in something
engagement (noun)	an agreement to marry somebody; the period during which two people are engaged	exclusive (adjective)	only to be used by one particular person or group; only given to one particular person or group
engaging (adjec- tive)	interesting or pleasant in a way that attracts your attention	exclusively (ad- verb)	for only one particular person, group or use
enquire <i>(verb)</i> enrich <i>(verb)</i>	to ask somebody for some information to improve the quality of something,	execute (verb)	to kill somebody, especially as a legal punishment
enrol (verb)	often by adding something to it to arrange for yourself or for some-	execution (noun)	the act of killing somebody, especially as a legal punishment
ana (conta	body else to officially join a course, school, etc.	exert (verb)	to use power or influence to affect somebody/something
ensue (verb)	to happen after or as a result of another event	exile (noun)	the state of being sent to live in another country that is not your own, especially for political research or an another country that is not your own, especially for political research
enterprise (noun) enthusiast (noun)	a company or business a person who is very interested in something and spends a lot of time doing it	exit (verb)	pecially for political reasons or as a punishment to go out; to leave a building, stage, vehicle, etc.
entitle (verb)	to give somebody the right to have or to do something	expenditure (noun)	the act of spending or using money; an amount of money spent
entity (noun)	something that exists separately from other things and has its own identity	experimental (ad- jective)	based on new ideas, forms or methods that are used to find out what ef-
epidemic (noun)	a large number of cases of a particular disease or medical condition happening at the same time in a particular community	expire (verb)	fect they have to be no longer legally acceptable be- cause the period of time for which it could be used has ended

Word	Definition	Word	Definition
explicit (adjective)	clear and easy to understand, so that you have no doubt what is meant	fine (noun)	a sum of money that must be paid as punishment for breaking a law or rule
explicitly (adverb)	clearly or directly, so that the meaning is easy to understand	fine (verb)	to make somebody pay money as an official punishment
exploitation (noun)	a situation in which somebody treats somebody else in an unfair way, es- pecially in order to make money from	firearm (noun) fit (noun)	a gun that can be carried a sudden attack of an illness, such as epilepsy, in which somebody be-
explosive (adjec-	their work easily able or likely to explode		comes unconscious and their body may make violent movements
tive) explosive (noun)	a substance that is able or likely to	fixture (noun)	a sports event that has been arranged to take place on a particular date and
extract (verb)	cause an explosion to remove or obtain a substance from something, for example by using an industrial or a chemical process	flaw (noun)	at a particular place a mistake in something that means that it is not correct or does not work correctly
extremist (noun)	a person whose opinions, especially about religion or politics, are extreme, and who may do things that are vio-	flawed (adjective) flee (verb)	having a flaw; not perfect or correct to leave a person or place very quickly, especially because you are
facilitate (verb)	lent or illegal for what they believe to make an action or a process possi-	fleet (noun)	afraid of possible danger a group of military ships commanded
faction (noun)	ble or easier a small group of people within a larger	flesh (noun)	by the same person the soft substance between the skin
	one, whose members have some dif- ferent aims and beliefs to those of the	flexibility (noun)	and bones of animal or human bodies the ability to change to suit new con-
faculty (noun)	larger group a department or group of related de-	flourish (verb)	ditions or situations to develop quickly and become suc-
fade (verb)	partments in a college or university to become or to make something be-	fluid (noun)	cessful or common a liquid; a substance that can flow
fairness (noun)	come paler or less bright the quality of treating people equally	footage (noun)	part of a film showing a particular event
	or in a way that is reasonable	foreigner (noun)	a person who comes from a different
fatal <i>(adjective)</i> fate <i>(noun)</i>	causing or ending in death the things, especially bad things, that will happen or have happened to	forge (verb)	to put a lot of effort into making some- thing successful or strong so that it will
favourable (adjec- tive)	somebody/something making people have a good opinion of somebody/something	formula (noun)	a series of letters, numbers or symbols that represent a rule or law
feat (noun)	an action or a piece of work that needs skill, strength or courage	formulate (verb)	bols that represent a rule or law to create or prepare something care- fully, giving particular attention to the
feminist (adjective)	having or based on the belief that women should have the same rights	forth <i>(adverb)</i>	details away from a place; out
feminist (noun)	and opportunities as men a person who supports the belief that women should have the same rights	forthcoming (adjective) foster (verb)	going to happen, be published, etc. very soon to encourage something to develop
fibre (noun)	and opportunities as men the part of food that helps to keep a person healthy by keeping the bowels working and moving other food quickly	fragile ( <i>adjective</i> ) franchise ( <i>noun</i> )	easily broken or damaged formal permission given by a com- pany to somebody who wants to sell its goods or services in a particular
fierce (adjective)	through the body angry and aggressive in a way that is frightening		area; formal permission given by a government to somebody who wants to operate a public service as a busi-
film-maker (noun) filter <i>(noun)</i>	a device containing paper, sand,	frankly (adverb)	ness in an honest and direct way that peo-
filtor (code)	chemicals, etc. that a liquid or gas is passed through in order to remove any materials that are not wanted	frustrated (adjective)	ple might not like feeling annoyed and impatient be- cause you cannot do or achieve what
filter <i>(verb)</i>	to pass liquid, light, etc. through a special device, especially to remove something that is not wanted	frustrating (adjective)	you want causing you to feel annoyed and impatient because you cannot do or achieve what you want

Word	Definition	Word	Definition
frustration (noun)	the feeling of being frustrated	grasp (noun)	a strong hold of somebody/something
functional (adjec-	practical and useful; with little or no		or control over somebody/something
tive)	decoration	grasp <i>(verb)</i>	to take a strong hold of some-
fundraising (noun)	the activity of collecting money for a charity or organization, often by orga-	grave (adjective)	body/something very serious and important; giving you
	nizing social events or entertainments	grave (adjeonve)	a reason to feel worried
funeral (noun)	a ceremony, often a religious one, for	grave (noun)	a place in the ground where a dead
	burying or cremating (= burning) a		person is buried
gallon (noun)	dead person a unit for measuring liquid. In the UK,	gravity (noun)	the force that attracts objects in space towards each other, and that on the
gallott ( <i>flouri)</i>	Canada and other countries it is equal		earth pulls them towards the centre
	to about 4.5 litres; in the US it is equal		of the planet, so that things fall to the
	to about 3.8 litres. There are four		ground when they are dropped
gambling (noun)	quarts in a gallon. the activity of playing games of	grid <i>(noun)</i>	a pattern of straight lines, usually crossing each other to form squares
gambling ( <i>noun)</i>	chance for money and of betting on	grief (noun)	a very sad feeling, especially when
	horses, etc.	garar (areala)	somebody dies
gathering (noun)	a meeting of people for a particular	grin (noun)	a wide smile
gaza (naun)	purpose	grin (verb)	to smile widely
gaze (noun)	a long, steady look at some- body/something	grind (verb)	to break or press something into very small pieces between two hard sur-
gaze (verb)	to look steadily at some-		faces or using a special machine
	body/something for a long time,	grip <i>(noun)</i>	an act of holding some-
	either because you are very inter-		body/something tightly; a particular
	ested or surprised, or because you are thinking of something else	grip (verb)	way of doing this to hold something tightly
gear <i>(noun)</i>	equipment in a vehicle that changes	gross (adjective)	being the total amount of something
. ,	the relation between engine speed (or		before anything is taken away
	pedal speed on a bicycle) and the	guerrilla <i>(noun)</i>	a member of a small group of soldiers
	speed of the wheels moving forwards or backwards		who are not part of an official army and who fight against official soldiers,
generic (adjective)	shared by, including or typical of a		usually to try to change the govern-
	whole group of things; not specific		ment
genocide (noun)	the murder of a large number of peo-	guidance <i>(noun)</i>	help or advice that is given to some-
	ple from a particular nation or ethnic group, with the aim of destroying that		body, especially by somebody older or with more experience
	nation or group	guilt (noun)	the unhappy feelings caused by know-
glance (noun)	a quick look		ing or thinking that you have done
glance (verb)	to look quickly at some-	aut (noun)	something wrong
glimpse (noun)	thing/somebody a sight of somebody/something for a	gut (noun)	the tube in the body through which food passes when it leaves the stom-
gpee (ea)	very short time, when you do not see		ach
	the person or thing completely	hail <i>(verb)</i>	to describe somebody/something as
glorious (adjective)	deserving or bringing great success and making somebody/something fa-		being very good or special, especially
	mous	halfway (adverb)	in newspapers, etc. at an equal distance between two
glory (noun)	great success that brings somebody	(aa ,	points; in the middle of a period of
	praise and honour and makes them		time
governance (noun)	famous	halt <i>(noun)</i>	an act of stopping the movement or
governance (noun)	the activity of governing a country or controlling a company or an organi-	halt (verb)	progress of somebody/something to stop; to make some-
	zation; the way in which a country is	( /	body/something stop
	governed or a company or institution	handful <i>(noun)</i>	the amount of something that can be
grace (noun)	is controlled an attractive quality of movement that	handling (noun)	held in one hand the way that somebody deals with or
grace (noun)	is smooth and done with control; a	nanding (noun)	treats a situation, a person, an animal,
	simple and beautiful quality		etc.
		handy (adjective)	easy to use or to do
		harassment (noun)	the act of annoying or worrying some- body by putting pressure on them or
			saying or doing unpleasant things to
			them

Word	Definition	Word	Definition
hardware (noun)	the machines and electronic parts in a	humanity (noun)	people in general
harmony (noun)	computer or other electronic system a state of peaceful existence and agreement	humble (adjective) hydrogen (noun)	showing you do not think that you are as important as other people
harsh <i>(adjective)</i> harvest <i>(noun)</i>	cruel, severe and unkind the time of year when the crops are gathered in on a farm, etc.; the act of cutting and gathering crops	identification (noun)	the process of showing, proving or recognizing who or what some- body/something is based on or connected with an ideol-
harvest (verb)	to cut and gather a crop; to catch a number of animals or fish to eat	ideological (adjec- tive) ideology (noun)	ogy a set of ideas that an economic or po-
hatred (noun)	a very strong feeling of dislike for somebody/something	idiot (noun)	litical system is based on a rude way to refer to somebody who
haunt (verb)	if the ghost of a dead person haunts a place, people say that they have seen it there	ignorance (noun)	you think is very stupid a lack of knowledge or information
hazard (noun)	something that can be dangerous or cause damage	imagery (noun)	about something language that produces pictures in the minds of people reading or listen-
heighten (verb)	if a feeling or an effect heightens, or something heightens it, it becomes	immense (adjec-	ing extremely large or great
heritage (noun)	stronger or increases the history, traditions, buildings and objects that a country or society has	tive) imminent (adjec- tive)	likely to happen very soon
	had for many years and that are considered an important part of its character	implementation (noun)	the act of making something that has been officially decided start to happen or be used
hierarchy (noun)	a system, especially in a society or an organization, in which people are organized into different levels of impor-	imprison (verb)	to put somebody in a prison or an- other place from which they cannot escape
high-profile (adjec- tive)	tance from highest to lowest receiving or involving a lot of attention and discussion in the media	imprisonment (noun)	the act of putting somebody in a prison or another place from which they cannot escape; the state of be-
hint (noun)	something that you say or do in an in- direct way in order to show somebody what you are thinking	inability (noun)	ing there the fact of not being able to do something
hint (verb)	to suggest something in an indirect way	inadequate (adjec- tive)	not enough; not good enough
homeland (noun) hook (verb)	the country where a person was born to fasten or hang something on some- thing else using a hook; to be fas-	inappropriate (ad- jective) incidence (noun)	not suitable or appropriate in a particular situation the extent to which something hap-
hopeful (adjective)	tened or hanging in this way believing that something you want will happen	inclined (adjective) inclusion (noun)	pens or has an effect wanting to do something the fact of including some-
horizon (noun)	the furthest that you can see, where the sky seems to meet the land or the	, ,	body/something; the fact of being included
horn (noun)	sea a hard pointed part that grows, usu- ally in pairs, on the heads of some ani-	incur (verb)	if you incur something unpleasant, you are in a situation in which you have to deal with it
	mals, such as sheep and cows. Horns are often curved.	indicator (noun)	a sign that shows you what something is like or how a situation is changing
hostage (noun)	a person who is captured and held prisoner by a person or group, and	indictment (noun)	a sign that a system, society, etc. is very bad or very wrong
	who may be injured or killed if people do not do what the person or group is asking	indigenous (adjec- tive)	coming from a particular place and having lived there for a long time be- fore other people came there; relating
hostile (adjective)	aggressive or unfriendly and ready to argue or fight		to, belonging to or developed by these people
hostility (noun)	aggressive or unfriendly feelings or behaviour		
humanitarian (ad- jective)	connected with helping people who are suffering and improving the conditions that they are living in		

Word	Definition	Word	Definition
induce (verb)	to persuade or influence somebody to do something	instinct (noun)	a natural quality that makes people and animals tend to behave in a
indulge (verb)	to allow yourself to have or do some-		particular way using the knowledge
<b>3</b> ( )	thing that you like, especially some-		and abilities that they were born with
inoquality (navn)	thing that is considered bad for you	inatitutional (adioa	rather than thought or training
inequality (noun)	the unfair difference between groups of people in society, when some have	institutional (adjec- tive)	connected with a large important organization, for example a university or
	more wealth, status or opportunities		bank
	than others	instruct (verb)	to tell somebody to do something, es-
infamous (adjec- tive)	well known for being bad or evil	instrumental (ad-	pecially in a formal or official way important in making something hap-
infant <i>(noun)</i>	a baby or very young child	jective)	pen
infect (verb)	to make a disease or an illness spread	insufficient (adjec-	not large, strong or important enough
inflict (vorb)	to a person, an animal or a plant	tive)	for a particular purpose a remark or an action that is said or
inflict (verb)	to make somebody/something suffer something unpleasant	insult (noun)	done in order to offend somebody
influential (adjec-	having a lot of influence on some-	insult (verb)	to say or do something that offends
tive)	body/something	'alaal (aal'aal'a)	somebody
inherent (adjective)	that is a basic or permanent part of somebody/something and that cannot	intact <i>(adjective)</i> intake <i>(noun)</i>	complete and not damaged the amount of food, drink, etc. that
	be removed	make (noan)	you take into your body
inhibit (verb)	to prevent something from happening	integral (adjective)	being an essential part of something
	or make it happen more slowly or less frequently than normal	integrated (adjec- tive)	in which many different parts are closely connected and work success-
initiate (verb)	to make something begin	live)	fully together
inject (verb)	to put a drug or other substance into	integration (noun)	the act or process of combining two or
	a person's or an animal's body using	into arity (noven)	more things so that they work together
injection (noun)	a syringe an act of injecting somebody with a	integrity (noun)	the quality of being honest and having strong moral principles
,	drug or other substance	intellectual (noun)	a person who is well educated and en-
injustice (noun)	the fact of a situation being unfair and		joys activities in which they have to
	of people not being treated equally; an unfair act or an example of unfair	intensify (verb)	think seriously about things to increase in degree or strength; to
	treatment	interiory (vers)	make something increase in degree
inmate (noun)	one of the people living in an institu-		or strength
	tion such as a prison or a psychiatric hospital	intensity (noun) intensive (adjec-	the state or quality of being intense involving a lot of work or activity done
insertion (noun)	the act of putting something inside	tive)	in a short time
,	something else; a thing that is put in-	intent (noun)	what you intend to do
incider (noun)	side something else a person who knows a lot about a	interactive (adjec- tive)	that allows information to be passed continuously and in both directions
insider (noun)	group or an organization, because	live)	between a computer or other device
	they are part of it		and the person who uses it
inspect (verb)	to look closely at some-	interface (noun)	the way a computer program presents
	thing/somebody, especially to check that everything is as it should be		information to a user or receives information from a user, in particular the
inspection (noun)	an official visit to a school, factory, etc.		layout of the screen and the menus
	in order to check that rules are be-	interfere (verb)	to get involved in and try to influence a
	ing obeyed and that standards are acceptable		situation that should not really involve you, in a way that annoys other people
inspiration (noun)	the process that takes place when	interference (noun)	the act of getting involved in and try-
,	somebody sees or hears something	,	ing to influence a situation that should
	that causes them to have exciting new		not really involve you, in a way that an-
	ideas or makes them want to create something, especially in art, music or	interim (adjective)	noys other people intended to last for only a short time
	literature	(3.3) - 3 3/	until somebody/something more per-
		interior (adicativa)	manent is found
		interior (adjective)	connected with the inside part of something

Word interior (noun) intermediate (adjective) intervene (verb) intervention (noun) intimate (adjective) intriguing (adjective) investigator (noun) invisible (adjective) invoke (verb) involvement (noun)	Definition the inside part of something located between two places, things, states, etc. to become involved in a situation in or- der to improve or help it action taken to improve or help a situ- ation having a close and friendly relation- ship very interesting because of being un- usual or not having an obvious answer a person who examines a situation such as an accident or a crime to find out the truth that cannot be seen to mention or use a law, rule, etc. as a reason for doing something the act of taking part in something or	Word lap (noun) large-scale (adjective) laser (noun)  latter (adjective) latter (noun) lawn (noun)	Definition the top part of your legs that forms a flat surface when you are sitting down involving many people or things, especially over a wide area a device that gives out light in which all the waves oscillate (= change direction and strength) together, typically producing a powerful beam of light that can be used for cutting metal, in medical operations, etc. used to refer to the second of two things or people mentioned the second of two things or people mentioned an area of ground covered in short grass in a garden or park, or used for playing a game on a claim or complaint against some-
ironic (adjective)	dealing with somebody showing that you really mean the op- posite of what you are saying; ex- pressing irony	layout (noun)	body that a person or an organization can make in court the way in which the parts of something such as the page of a book, a
ironically (adverb)	in a way that shows that you really mean the opposite of what you are saying; in a way that expresses irony	leak <i>(noun)</i>	website, a garden or a building are arranged a small hole that lets liquid or gas flow
irony (noun)	the funny or strange aspect of a situation that is very different from what you expect; a situation like this	leak (verb)	in or out of something by accident to allow liquid or gas to get in or out through a small hole
irrelevant <i>(adjec-</i> <i>tive)</i>	not important to or connected with a situation	leap <i>(noun)</i> leap <i>(verb)</i>	a long or high jump to jump high or a long way
isolation (noun)	the act of separating some- body/something; the state of being separate	legacy (noun) legendary (adjec-	money or property that is given to you by somebody when they die very famous and talked about a lot by
judicial (adjective)	connected with a court, a judge or legal judgement	tive) legislation (noun)	people a law or a set of laws passed by a par-
junction (noun)	the place where two or more roads or railway lines meet	legislative (adjec-	liament connected with the act of making and
jurisdiction (noun)	the authority that an official organiza- tion has to make legal decisions about somebody/something	tive) legislature (noun)	passing laws a group of people who have the power to make and change laws
just <i>(adjective)</i>	that most people consider to be morally fair and reasonable	legitimate (adjec- tive)	for which there is a fair and acceptable reason
justification (noun)	a good reason why something exists or is done	lengthy (adjective)	very long, and often too long, in time or size
kidnap <i>(verb)</i>	to take somebody away illegally and keep them as a prisoner, especially in order to get money or something else	lesbian (adjective) lesser (adjective)	sexually attracted to other women; connected with lesbians not as great in size, amount or impor-
kidney (noun)	for returning them either of the two organs in the body that remove waste products from the	lethal (adjective) liable (adjective)	tance as something/somebody else causing or able to cause death legally responsible for paying the cost of something
kingdom <i>(noun)</i>	blood and produce urine a country that has a king or queen as head of state (= official leader of the country)	liberal (adjective)	willing to understand and respect other people's behaviour, opinions, etc., especially when they are differ-
lad (noun)	a boy or young man		ent from your own; believing people
landlord (noun)	a person or company from whom you rent a room, a house, an office, etc.		should be able to choose how they behave
landmark (noun)	something, such as a large building, that you can see clearly from a distance and that will help you to know where you are		

Word liberal (noun)	<b>Definition</b> a person who understands and respects other people's opinions and	Word mainland (noun)	<b>Definition</b> the main area of land of a country or region, not including any islands near
liberation (noun)	behaviour, especially when they are different from their own the act or process of freeing a country or a person from the control of some-	mainstream (adjective)	to it considered normal because it reflects what is done or accepted by most people
liberty (noun)	body else freedom to live as you choose with- out too many limits from government or authority	mainstream (noun)	the ideas and opinions that are thought to be normal because they are shared by most people; the peo- ple whose ideas and opinions are
license (verb)	to give somebody official permission to do, own, or use something	maintenance	most accepted the act of keeping something in good
lifelong (adjective) likelihood (noun)	lasting or existing all through your life the chance of something happening; how likely something is to happen	(noun) mandate (noun)	condition by checking or repairing it regularly the authority to do something, given to
limb (noun)	an arm or a leg; a similar part of an animal, such as a wing	mandate (noun)	a government or other organization by the people who vote for it in an elec-
line-up (noun) linear <i>(adjective)</i>	the people who are going to take part in a particular event of or in lines	mandatory (adjec- tive)	tion required by law
linger (verb)	to continue to exist for longer than expected	manifest (verb)	to show something clearly, especially a feeling, an attitude or a quality
listing (noun)	a list, especially an official or published list of people or things, often arranged in alphabetical order	manipulate (verb)	to control or influence some- body/something, often in a dishonest way so that they do not realize it
literacy (noun) liver (noun)	the ability to read and write a large organ in the body that cleans the blood and produces bile	manipulation (noun)	behaviour that controls or influences somebody/something, often in a dis- honest way so that they do not realize
lobby (noun)	a large area inside the entrance of a public building where people can meet and wait	manuscript (noun)	it a copy of a book, piece of music, etc. before it has been printed
lobby (verb)	to try to influence a politician or the government and, for example, persuade them to support or oppose a change in the law	march (noun)	an organized walk by many people from one place to another, in order to protest about something, or to express their opinions
log (noun)	•	march (verb)	to walk with stiff regular steps like a soldier
log (verb) logic (noun)	to put information in an official record or write a record of events a way of thinking or explaining some-	marginal (adjective) marine (adjective)	small and not important connected with the sea and the crea- tures and plants that live there
long-standing (adjective)	thing that has existed or lasted for a long time	marketplace (noun)	the activity of competing with other companies to buy and sell goods, services, etc.
long-time (adjec- tive)	having been the particular thing mentioned for a long time	mask (noun)	something that you wear over your face to hide it, or to frighten or enter-
loom (verb) loop (noun)	to appear as a large shape that is not clear, especially in a frightening way a shape like a curve or circle made by	massacre (noun)	tain other people the killing of a large number of people especially in a cruel way
loyalty (noun)	a line curving right round the quality of being constant in your	mathematical (ad- jective)	connected with or involving mathematics
machinery (noun)	support of somebody/something machines as a group, especially large	mature (adjective)	behaving in a sensible way, like an adult
magical (adjective) magistrate (noun)	ones containing magic; used in magic an official who acts as a judge in the	mature (verb) maximize (verb)	to become fully grown or developed to increase something as much as possible
magnetic (adjec-	lowest courts of law behaving like a magnet; that can be attracted by a magnet	meaningful (adjective) meantime (noun)	serious and important  for a short period of time but not per-
magnitude (noun)	the great size or importance of some- thing; the degree to which something is large or important	( /	manently

Word	Definition	Word	Definition
medieval (adjec- tive)	connected with the Middle Ages (about AD 1000 to AD 1450)	minimal (adjective)	very small in size or amount; as small as possible
meditation (noun)	the practice of focusing your mind in silence, especially for religious rea- sons or in order to make your mind	minimize (verb)	to reduce something, especially something bad, to the lowest possible level
melody (noun)	calm a tune, especially the main tune in a piece of music written for several in-	mining (noun)	the process of getting coal and other minerals from under the ground; the industry involved in this
memo (noun)	struments or voices an official note from one person to an-	ministry (noun)	a government department that has a particular area of responsibility
memoir (noun)	other in the same organization an account written by somebody, especially somebody famous, about their life and experiences	minute (adjective) miracle (noun)	extremely small an act or event that does not follow the laws of nature and is believed to be caused by God
memorial (noun)	a statue, stone, etc. that is built in order to remind people of an important past event or of a famous person who has died	misery (noun) misleading (adjec- tive)	great physical or mental pain giving the wrong idea or impression and making you believe something that is not true
mentor (noun)	an experienced person who advises and helps somebody with less expe- rience over a period of time	missile (noun)	a weapon that is sent through the air and that explodes when it hits the thing that it is aimed at
merchant (noun)	a person who buys and sells goods in large quantities, especially one who imports and exports goods	mob (noun)	a large crowd of people, especially one that may become violent or cause trouble
mercy (noun)	a kind or forgiving attitude towards somebody that you have the power to harm or right to punish	mobility (noun) mobilize (verb)	the ability to move easily from one place, social class or job to another to work together in order to achieve a
mere (adjective)	used when you want to emphasize how small, unimportant, etc. some- body/something is	moderate (adjec-	particular aim; to organize a group of people to do this that is neither very good, large, hot,
merely (adverb)	used meaning 'only' or 'simply' to emphasize a fact or something that you are saying	tive) modification (noun)	etc. nor very bad, small, cold, etc. the act or process of changing some- thing in order to improve it or make
merge (verb)	to combine or make two or more things combine to form a single thing		it more acceptable; a change that is made
merger (noun)	the act of joining two or more organizations or businesses into one	momentum (noun)	the ability to keep increasing or developing
merit (noun)	the quality of being good and of de- serving praise or reward	monk <i>(noun)</i>	a member of a religious group of men who often live apart from other people
methodology (noun) midst (noun)	a set of methods and principles used to perform a particular activity the middle part of something	monopoly (noun)	in a monastery and who do not marry or have personal possessions the complete control of trade in partic-
migration (noun)	the movement every year of large numbers of birds or animals from one place to another	monopoly ( <i>noun)</i>	ular goods or the supply of a particular service; a type of goods or a service that is controlled in this way
militant (adjective)	using, or willing to use, force or strong pressure to achieve your aims, especially to achieve social or political	morality (noun)	principles relating to right and wrong or good and bad behaviour a reason for doing something
militant (noun)	change a person who uses, or is willing to use, force or strong pressure to achieve their aims, especially to achieve social	motive (noun) motorist (noun) municipal (adjective)	a person driving a car connected with or belonging to a town, city or district that has its own local government
militia (noun)	or political change a group of people who are not profes- sional soldiers but who have had mili-	mutual <i>(adjective)</i>	used to describe feelings that two or more people have for each other equally, or actions that affect two or
mill <i>(noun)</i>	tary training and can act as an army a building fitted with equipment for grinding grain into flour; a machine for grinding grain	namely (adverb)	more people equally used to introduce more exact and detailed information about something that you have just mentioned

<b>Word</b> nationwide <i>(adjec-</i>	<b>Definition</b> happening or existing in all parts of a	Word objection (noun)	<b>Definition</b> a reason why you do not like or are
tive) naval (adjective)	particular country connected with the navy of a country	objection (noun)	opposed to something; a statement about this
neglect (noun)	the fact of not giving enough care or attention to something/somebody; the	oblige (verb)	to force somebody to do something, by law, because it is a duty, etc.
	state of not receiving enough care or attention	obsess (verb)	to completely fill your mind so that you cannot think of anything else, in a way
neglect (verb)	to fail to take care of some- body/something	obsession (noun)	that is not reasonable or normal the state in which a person's mind is
neighbouring (ad- jective)	located or living near or next to a place or person		completely filled with thoughts of one particular thing or person in a way that
nest (noun)	a hollow place or structure that a bird makes or chooses for laying its eggs	occasional (adjec-	is not reasonable or normal happening or done sometimes but not
net (adjective)	in and sheltering its young a net amount of money is the amount	<i>tive)</i> occurrence <i>(noun)</i>	often something that happens or exists
	that remains when nothing more is to be taken away	odds (noun)	the degree to which something is likely to happen
newsletter (noun)	a report containing news of the activities of a club or organization that is	offering (noun)	something that is produced for other people to use, watch, enjoy, etc.
niche (noun)	sent regularly to all its members a comfortable or suitable role, job, way	offspring (noun) operational (adjec-	a child of a particular person or couple connected with the way in which
noble <i>(adjective)</i>	of life, etc. having or showing fine personal qual-	tive)	a business, machine, system, etc. works
nosio (aajoonvo)	ities that people admire, such as courage, honesty and care for others	opt (verb)	to choose to take or not to take a par- ticular course of action
nod (verb)	if you nod, nod your head or your head nods, you move your head up	optical (adjective)	connected with the sense of sight or the relationship between light and
	and down to show agreement, under-		sight
nominate (verb)	standing, etc. to formally suggest that some-	optimism (noun)	a feeling that good things will happen and that something will be successful
	body/something should be chosen for an important role, prize, position, etc.	oral <i>(adjective)</i> organizational <i>(ad-</i>	spoken rather than written connected with the way in which the
nomination (noun)	the act of suggesting or choosing somebody as a candidate in an elec-	jective)	different parts of something are arranged; connected with an organiza-
	tion, or for a job or an award; the fact of being suggested for this	orientation <i>(noun)</i>	tion a person's basic beliefs or feelings
nominee (noun)	a person who has been formally sug-	,	about a particular subject
non-profit (adjec-	gested for a job, a prize, etc. without the aim of making a profit	originate (verb)	to happen or appear for the first time in a particular place or situation
tive) nonetheless <i>(ad-</i> <i>verb)</i>	despite this fact	outbreak (noun)	the sudden start of something un- pleasant, especially violence or a dis- ease
nonsense (noun)	ideas, statements or beliefs that you think are silly or not true	outing (noun)	a trip that you go on for pleasure or education, usually with a group of
noon <i>(noun)</i> notable <i>(adjective)</i>	12 o'clock in the middle of the day deserving to be noticed or to receive		people and lasting no more than one day
, , ,	attention; important	outlet (noun)	a shop or an organization that sells
notably (adverb)	used for giving a good or the most important example of something		goods made by a particular company or of a particular type
notify (verb)	to formally or officially tell somebody about something	outlook (noun)	the attitude to life and the world of a particular person, group or culture
notorious (adjec- tive)	well known for being bad	outrage <i>(noun)</i> outrage <i>(verb)</i>	a strong feeling of shock and anger to make somebody very shocked and
novel (adjective)	different from anything known before; new, interesting and often seeming slightly strange	outsider (noun)	angry a person who is not accepted as a member of a society, group, etc.
nursery (noun)	a place where young children are	overlook (verb)	to fail to see or notice something
	cared for while their parents are at work; a day nursery or nursery school	overly (adverb) oversee (verb)	too; very to watch somebody/something and make sure that a job or an activity is done correctly

Word	Definition	Word	Definition
overturn (verb)	if something overturns, or if some- body overturns it, it turns into a posi-	personnel (noun)	the people who work for an organiza- tion or one of the armed forces
	tion in which the top of it is where the	petition (noun)	a written document signed by a large
overwhelm (verb)	bottom of it normally is or on its side to have such a strong emotional effect		number of people that asks some- body in a position of authority to do
	on somebody that it is difficult for them to resist or know how to react	philosopher (noun)	or change something a person who studies or writes about
overwhelming (ad-	very great or very strong; so powerful	priliosopher ( <i>nourl)</i>	philosophy
jective)	that you cannot resist it or decide how to react	philosophical (ad- jective)	connected with philosophy
pad (noun)	a thick piece of soft material that is	physician (noun)	a doctor, especially one who is a spe-
	used, for example, for cleaning or pro- tecting something or for holding liquid		cialist in general medicine and not surgery
parameter (noun)	something that decides or limits the way in which something can be done	pioneer (noun)	a person who is the first to study and develop a particular area of knowl-
parental (adjective)	connected with a parent or parents		edge, culture, etc. that other people
parish <i>(noun)</i>	an area that has its own church and	nionoor (vorb)	then continue to develop
parliamentary (ad-	that a priest is responsible for connected with a parliament; having a	pioneer (verb)	when somebody pioneers something, they are one of the first people to do,
jective)	parliament		discover or use something new
partial <i>(adjective)</i> partially <i>(adverb)</i>	not complete or whole partly; not completely	pipeline (noun)	a series of pipes that are usually un- derground and are used for carrying
passing (noun)	the process of time going by		oil, gas, etc. over long distances
passive (adjective)	accepting what happens or what peo-	pirate (noun)	(especially in the past) a person on a
	ple do without trying to change any- thing or oppose them		ship who attacks other ships at sea in order to steal from them
pastor (noun)	a minister in charge of a Christian	pit (noun)	a large deep hole in the ground
	church or group, especially in some Nonconformist churches	plea <i>(noun)</i>	a serious emotional request, espe- cially for something needing action
patch (noun)	a small area of something, especially		now
	one which is different from the area	plead (verb)	to ask somebody for something in a
patent (noun)	around it an official right to be the only person	pledge (noun)	very strong and serious way a serious promise
. ,	to make, use or sell a product or an	pledge (verb)	to formally promise to give or do
pathway (noun)	invention; a document that proves this a track that serves as a path	plug (noun)	something a small plastic object with two or three
patrol (noun)	the act of going to different parts of a	plag ( <i>ricari)</i>	metal pins that connects a piece of
	building, an area, etc. to make sure		electrical equipment to the main sup-
patrol (verb)	that there is no trouble or crime to go around an area or a building at	plug (verb)	ply of electricity to fill a hole with a substance or piece
. ,	regular times to check that it is safe		of material that fits tightly into it
patron (noun)	and that there is no trouble a person who gives money and sup-	plunge (verb)	to move or make some- body/something move suddenly
	port to artists and writers		forwards and/or downwards
peak <i>(noun)</i>	the point when somebody/something is best, most successful, strongest,	pole (noun)	a long thin straight piece of wood or metal, especially one with the end
	etc.		placed in the ground, used as a sup-
peasant (noun)	(especially in the past, or in poorer	H (	port
	countries) a farmer who owns or rents a small piece of land	poll (noun)	the process of questioning people who are representative of a larger
peculiar (adjective)	strange or unusual, especially in a		group in order to get information about
	way that is unpleasant or makes you worried	pond (noun)	the general opinion a small area of still water, especially
persist (verb)	to continue to do something despite	pona ( <i>nearly</i>	one that is artificial
	difficulties or opposition, in a way that	pop (verb)	to make a short explosive sound; to
persistent (adjec-	can seem unreasonable determined to do something despite	portfolio (noun)	cause something to make this sound a thin flat case used for carrying doc-
tive)	difficulties, especially when other peo-	. , ,	uments, drawings, etc.
	ple are against you and think that you are being annoying or unreasonable	portray (verb)	to show somebody/something in a picture; to describe some-
	and doing annoying or annouseriable		body/something in a piece of writing

Word	Definition	Word	Definition
post-war (adjective)	existing, happening or made in the period after a war, especially the Second	presume (verb)	to suppose that something is true, although you do not have actual proof
postpone (verb)	World War to arrange for an event, etc. to take	prevail (verb)	to exist or be very common at a particular time or in a particular place
	place at a later time or date than originally planned	prevalence (noun)	the fact of existing or being very common at a particular time or in a partic-
practitioner (noun)	a person who works in a profession, especially medicine or law	prevention (noun)	ular place the act of stopping something bad
preach (verb)	to give a religious talk in a public place, especially in a church during a	prey (noun)	from happening an animal, a bird, etc. that is hunted,
precedent (noun)	service an official action or decision that has	principal (noun)	killed and eaten by another the person who is in charge of a col-
procedent (nearly	happened in the past and that is seen as an example or a rule to be followed		lege or (in Scotland and Canada) a university
precision (noun)	in a similar situation later the quality of being exact, accurate and careful	privatization (noun)	the act of selling a business or an in- dustry so that it is no longer owned by the government
predator (noun)	an animal that kills and eats other animals	privilege (noun)	a special right or advantage that a particular person or group of people
predecessor (noun)	a person who did a job before some- body else	probe (noun)	has a complete and careful investigation
predominantly (ad- verb)	mostly; mainly	probe (verb)	of something to ask questions in order to find out
pregnancy (noun) prejudice (noun)	the state of being pregnant an unreasonable dislike of or pref-	F (/	secret or hidden information about somebody/something
prejudice ( <i>noun)</i>	erence for a person, group, custom, etc., especially when it is based on their race, religion, sex, etc.	problematic (adjec- tive)	difficult to deal with or to understand; full of problems; not certain to be successful
preliminary (adjec-	happening before a more important	proceeding (noun)	the process of using a court to settle
tive) premier (adjective)	action or event most important, famous or successful		an argument or to deal with a com- plaint
premise (noun)	a statement or an idea that forms the basis for a reasonable line of argu- ment	proceeds (noun)	the money that you receive when you sell something or organize a perfor- mance, etc.; profits
premium (noun)	an amount of money that you pay once or regularly for an insurance pol- icy	processing (noun)	the treatment of raw material, food, etc. in order to change it, preserve it, etc.
prescribe (verb)	to tell somebody to take a particular medicine or have a particular treat-	processor (noun)	a machine, person or company that processes things
	ment; to write a prescription for a particular medicine, etc.	proclaim (verb)	to publicly and officially tell people about something important
prescription (noun)	an official piece of paper on which a doctor writes the type of medicine you	productive (adjec- tive)	making goods or growing crops, especially in large quantities
	should have, and which enables you	productivity (noun)	the rate at which a worker, a com-
presently (adverb)	to get it from a chemist's at the time you are speaking or writ-		pany or a country produces goods, and the amount produced, compared
preservation (noun)	ing; now the act of keeping something in its		with how much time, work and money is needed to produce them
preside (verb)	original state or in good condition to lead or be in charge of a meeting,	profitable (adjec- tive)	that makes or is likely to make money
	ceremony, etc.	profound (adjec- tive)	very great; felt or experienced very
presidency (noun)	the job of being president of a country or an organization; the period of time	projection (noun)	strongly an estimate or a statement of what fig-
presidential (adjec- tive)	somebody holds this job connected with the position or activi- ties of a president		ures, amounts, or events will be in the future, or what they were in the past, based on what is happening now
prestigious (adjec- tive)	respected and admired as very important or of very high quality	prominent (adjec- tive)	important or well known
presumably (adverb)	used to say that you think that some- thing is probably true	pronounced (adjec- tive)	very obvious, easy to notice or strongly expressed

Word	Definition	Word	Definition
propaganda (noun)	ideas or statements that may be false or present only one side of an argu-	quest (noun)	a long search for something, espe- cially for some quality such as happi-
	ment that are used in order to gain support for a political leader, party, etc.	quota (noun)	ness a limited number or amount of people or things that is officially allowed
proposition (noun)	an idea or a plan of action that is suggested, especially in business	radar (noun)	a system that uses radio waves to find the position and movement of objects,
prosecute (verb)	to officially charge somebody with a crime in court		for example planes and ships, when they cannot be seen
prosecution (noun)	the process of trying to prove in court that somebody is guilty of a crime (= of prosecuting them); the process of	radical (adjective)	relating to the most basic and impor- tant parts of something; complete and detailed
	being officially charged with a crime in court	rage (noun)	a feeling of violent anger that is diffi- cult to control
prosecutor (noun)	a public official who charges some- body officially with a crime and prose-	raid (noun)	a short surprise attack on an enemy by soldiers, ships or aircraft
prospective (adjec-	cutes them in court expected to do something or to be-	raid (verb)	to visit a person or place without warning to look for criminals, illegal goods,
tive) prosperity (noun)	come something the state of being successful, espe-	rally <i>(noun)</i>	drugs, etc. a large public meeting, especially one
protective (adjec-	cially in making money providing or intended to provide pro-	(110011)	held to support a particular idea or po- litical party
<i>tive)</i> protocol <i>(noun)</i>	tection a system of fixed rules and formal be-	rally <i>(verb)</i>	to come together or bring people together in order to help or support
protoco: (mean)	haviour used at official meetings, usu-		somebody/something
province (noun)	ally between governments one of the areas that some countries	ranking (noun)	the position of somebody/something on a scale that shows how good or
province (nearly	are divided into with its own local gov-		important they are in relation to other
provincial (adjec-	ernment connected with one of the large areas		similar people or things, especially in sport
tive)	that some countries are divided into,	rape (noun)	the crime of forcing somebody to have
provision (noun)	with its own local government		sex when they do not want it or are not
provision (noun)	the act of supplying somebody with something that they need or want;	rape (verb)	able to agree to it to force somebody to have sex when
	something that is supplied	,	they do not want it or are not able to
provoke (verb)	to cause a particular reaction or have a particular effect	ratio <i>(noun)</i>	agree to it the relationship between two groups
psychiatric <i>(adjec-tive)</i>	relating to psychiatry or to mental illnesses	(1001)	of people or things that is represented by two numbers showing how much
pulse (noun)	the regular beat of the heart as it		larger one group is than the other
	sends blood around the body, that can be felt in different places, especially on the inside part of the wrist; the	rational <i>(adjective)</i> ray <i>(noun)</i>	based on reason rather than emotions a narrow line of light, heat or other en- ergy
	number of times the heart beats in a	readily (adverb)	quickly and without difficulty
pump <i>(noun)</i>	minute a machine that is used to force liquid,	realization (noun)	the process of becoming aware of something
pump (verb)	gas or air into or out of something to make water, air, gas, etc. flow in	realm (noun)	an area of activity, interest or knowledge
- ()	a particular direction by using a pump	rear (adjective)	at or near the back of something
punch (noun)	or something that works like a pump a hard hit made with the fist (= closed	rear <i>(noun)</i> reasoning <i>(noun)</i>	the back part of something the process of thinking about things in
punch (verb)	hand) to hit somebody/something hard with your fist (= closed hand)	reassure (verb)	a logical way; opinions and ideas that are based on logical thinking to say or do something that makes
query (noun)	a question, especially one asking for information or expressing a doubt	rebel (noun)	somebody less frightened or worried a person who fights against the gov-
	about something	, ,	ernment of their country
		rebellion (noun)	an attempt by some of the people in a country to change their government, using violence

Word	<b>Definition</b>	Word	Definition
recipient (noun) reconstruction	a person who receives something the process of changing or improving	remedy (noun)	a way of dealing with or improving an unpleasant or difficult situation
(noun)	the condition of something or the way	reminder (noun)	something that makes you think about
	it works; the process of putting some-		or remember somebody/something,
	thing back into the state it was in be- fore		that you have forgotten or would like to forget
recount (verb)	sound or pictures that have been	removal (noun)	the act of taking somebody/something
,	recorded on computer files or on CD,	,	away from a particular place
	DVD, video, etc.	render (verb)	to cause somebody/something to be
referendum (noun)	an occasion when all the people of a	ranaw (varb)	in a particular state or condition to begin something again after it
	country can vote on an important is- sue	renew (verb)	stopped or was interrupted
reflection (noun)	an image in a mirror, on a shiny sur-	renowned (adjec-	famous and respected
, ,	face, on water, etc.	tive)	
reform (noun)	change that is made to a social sys-	rental <i>(noun)</i>	the amount of money that you pay to
	tem, an organization, etc. in order to improve or correct it		use something for a particular period of time
reform (verb)	to improve a system, an organization,	replacement (noun)	the act of replacing one thing with
, ,	a law, etc. by making changes to it	. , ,	another, especially something that is
refuge (noun)	shelter or protection from danger,		newer or better
refusal <i>(noun)</i>	trouble, etc. an act of saying or showing that you	reportedly (adverb) representation	according to what some people say the act of presenting some-
reidsar (noarr)	will not do, give or accept something	(noun)	body/something in a particular way;
regain <i>(verb)</i>	to get back something you no longer	,	something that shows or describes
and the second section of the	have, especially an ability or a quality		something
regardless (adverb)	paying no attention, even if the situa- tion is bad or there are difficulties	reproduce (verb)	to make a copy of a picture, piece of text, etc.
regime (noun)	a method or system of government,	reproduction (noun)	the act or process of producing ba-
3 ( )	especially one that has not been	1	bies, young animals or plants
	elected in a fair way	republic (noun)	a country that is governed by a pres-
regulator (noun)	a person or an organization that offi- cially controls an area of business or		ident and politicians elected by the people and where there is no king or
	industry and makes sure that it is op-		queen
	erating fairly	resemble (verb)	to look like or be similar to another
regulatory (adjec-	having the power to control an area		person or thing
tive)	of business or industry and make sure	reside ( <i>verb</i> ) residence ( <i>noun</i> )	to live in a particular place a house, especially a large or impres-
rehabilitation	that it is operating fairly the process of helping somebody to	residence (noun)	sive one
(noun)	return to a normal, healthy life after	residential (adjec-	suitable for living in; consisting of
	they have been in prison or very ill	tive)	houses rather than factories or offices
reign <i>(noun)</i>	the period during which a king, queen,	residue (noun)	a small amount of something that re-
reign (verb)	emperor, etc. rules to rule as king, queen, emperor, etc.	resignation (noun)	mains at the end of a process the act of giving up your job or posi-
rejection (noun)	the act of refusing to accept or con-	rooignamon (moan)	tion; the occasion when you do this
	sider something	resistance (noun)	dislike of or opposition to a plan, an
relevance (noun)	a close connection with the subject	roopoetivo (adioo	idea, etc.; the act of refusing to obey
	you are discussing or the situation you are in	respective (adjec- tive)	belonging or relating separately to each of the people or things already
reliability (noun)	the quality of being able to be trusted	1170)	mentioned
	to do what somebody wants or needs	respectively (ad-	in the same order as the people or
reluctant (adjective)	hesitating before doing something be-	verb)	things already mentioned
	cause you do not want to do it or be- cause you are not sure that it is the	restoration (noun)	the work of repairing and cleaning an old building, a painting, etc. so that
	right thing to do		its condition is as good as it originally
remainder (noun)	the people, things or time that remain		was
remains (noun)	the parts of something that are left af-	restraint (noun)	a rule, a fact, an idea, etc. that limits
	ter the other parts have been used, eaten, removed, etc.	resume (verb)	or controls what people can do if you resume an activity, or if it re-
	53.5.1, 15.115150, 516.	. 3545 (1015)	sumes, it begins again or continues
			after being interrupted

Word	<b>Definition</b> a movement away from a place or an	Word sacrifice (noun)	<b>Definition</b> the fact of giving up something impor-
retreat (noun) retreat (verb)	enemy because of danger or defeat to move away from a place or an en- emy because you are in danger or be-	Sacrince (noun)	tant or valuable to you in order to get or do something that seems more im- portant; something that you give up in
	cause you have been defeated		this way
retrieve (verb)	to bring or get something back, espe- cially from a place where it should not be	sacrifice (verb)	to give up something that is important or valuable to you in order to get or do something that seems more important
revelation (noun)	a fact that people are made aware of, especially one that has been secret	saint <i>(noun)</i>	for yourself or for another person a person that the Christian Church
revenge (noun)	and is surprising something that you do in order to		recognizes as being very holy, be- cause of the way they have lived or
	make somebody suffer because they have made you suffer	sake (noun)	died
reverse (adjective) reverse (noun)	opposite to what has been mentioned the opposite of what has just been mentioned	sanction (noun)	an official order that limits trade, contact, etc. with a particular country, in order to make it do something, such
reverse (verb)	to change something completely so that it is the opposite of what it was before	say (noun)	as obeying international law the right to influence something by giving your opinion before a decision
revival (noun)	an improvement in the condition or strength of something	scattered (adjec-	is made spread far apart over a wide area or
revive (verb)	to become, or to make some-	scattered (adjec- tive)	over a long period of time
	body/something become, conscious or healthy and strong again	sceptical (adjec- tive)	having doubts that a claim or state- ment is true or that something will
revolutionary (ad- jective)	connected with political revolution	scope (noun)	happen the opportunity or ability to do or
rhetoric (noun)	speech or writing that is intended to	scope (noun)	achieve something
	influence people, but that is not completely honest or sincere	screw (noun)	a thin pointed piece of metal like a nail with a raised spiral line (called a
rifle (noun)	a gun with a long barrel which you hold to your shoulder to fire		thread) along it and a line or cross cut into its head. Screws are turned and
riot (noun)	a situation in which a group of peo- ple behave in a violent way in a public		pressed into wood, metal, etc. with a screwdriver in order to fasten two
rip <i>(verb)</i>	place, often as a protest to tear something or to become torn,	screw (verb)	things together. to fasten one thing to another or
ritual <i>(noun)</i>	often suddenly or violently a series of actions that are always	, ,	make something tight with a screw or screws
ilidai (ilodii)	performed in the same way, especially	scrutiny (noun)	careful and complete examination
robust (adjective)	as part of a religious ceremony strong and healthy	seal <i>(noun)</i>	an official design or mark, stamped on a document to show that it is real
rock (verb)	to move gently backwards and for-		and carries the authority of a particu-
	wards or from side to side; to make somebody/something move in this	seal (verb)	lar person or organization to close an envelope, etc. by sticking
	way	, ,	the edges of the opening together
rod (noun)	a long straight piece of wood, metal or glass	secular (adjective)	not connected with spiritual or religious matters
rotate (verb)	to move or turn around a central fixed point; to make something do this	seemingly (adverb)	in a way that appears to be true but may in fact not be
rotation (noun)	the action of an object moving in a cir-	segment (noun)	a part of something that is separate
ruling <i>(noun)</i>	cle around a central fixed point an official decision made by some-		from the other parts or can be considered separately
	body in a position of authority, espe-	seize (verb)	to take somebody/something in your
rumour (noun)	cially a judge a piece of information, or a story, that	seldom (adverb)	hand suddenly and using force not often
	people talk about, but that may not be true	selective (adjective)	affecting or involving only a small number of people or things from a
sack (verb) sacred (adjective)	to dismiss somebody from a job connected with God or a god; considered to be holy		larger group
	•		

Word	Definition	Word	Definition
senator (noun)	a member of a senate	skip (verb)	to move forwards lightly and quickly
sensation (noun)	a feeling that you get when something affects your body	slam (verb)	making a little jump with each step to shut, or to make something shut,
sensitivity (noun)	the ability to understand other peo- ple's feelings	slap <i>(verb)</i>	with a lot of force, making a loud noise to hit somebody/something with the
sentiment (noun)	a feeling or an opinion, especially one based on emotions	slash (verb)	flat part of your hand to make a long cut with a sharp object,
separation (noun)	the act of separating people or things; the state of being separate	slavery (noun)	especially in a violent way the state of being forced to work as a
serial (adjective)	doing the same thing in the same way several times; done in the same way	slot <i>(noun)</i>	slave a long, narrow opening, into which
set-up (noun)	several times a way of organizing something; a sys-	smash (verb)	you put or fit something to break something, or to be broken,
settlement (noun)	tem an official agreement that ends an	snap (verb)	violently and noisily into many pieces to break something suddenly with a
	argument between two people or	soak <i>(verb)</i>	sharp noise; to be broken in this way to put something in liquid for a time
sexuality (noun)	groups the feelings and activities connected with a person's sexual desires	SOAR (VEID)	so that it becomes completely wet; to become completely wet in this way
shareholder (noun)	an owner of shares in a company or business	soar <i>(verb)</i>	if the value, amount or level of some-
shatter (verb)	to suddenly break into small pieces; to	socialist (adjective)	thing soars, it rises very quickly connected with socialism
	make something suddenly break into small pieces	sole (adjective) solely (adverb)	only; single only; not involving some-
shed (verb)	to get rid of something that is no longer wanted	solicitor (noun)	body/something else a lawyer who prepares legal docu-
sheer (adjective)	used to emphasize the size, degree or amount of something	Solicitor (noun)	ments, for example for the sale of land or buildings, advises people on legal
shipping (noun)	ships in general or considered as a		matters, and can speak for them in some courts of law
shoot (noun)	group the part that grows up from the ground	solidarity (noun)	support by one person or group
	when a plant starts to grow; a new part that grows on plants or trees		of people for another because they share feelings, opinions, aims, etc.
shrink (verb)	to become smaller, especially when	solo (adjective)	done by one person alone, without
	washed in water that is too hot; to make clothes, cloth, etc. smaller in	solo (noun)	anyone helping them a piece of music, dance or entertain-
shrug (verb)	this way to raise your shoulders and then drop	sound (adjective)	ment performed by only one person sensible; that you can rely on and that
cag (*c)	them to show that you do not know or care about something		will probably give good results complete power to govern a country
sigh <i>(noun)</i>	an act or the sound of sighing	sovereignty (noun) spam (noun)	advertising material sent by email to
sigh (verb)	to take and then let out a long deep	. ,	people who have not asked for it; ad-
	breath that can be heard, to show that you are disappointed, sad, tired, etc.		vertising material on the internet that is not wanted
simulate (verb)	to create particular conditions that ex-	span (noun)	the length of time that something lasts
	ist in real life using computers, models, etc., usually for study or training	span <i>(verb)</i>	or is able to continue to last all through a period of time or
simulation (noun)	purposes a situation in which a particular set of	spare (verb)	to cover the whole of it to make something such as time
Simulation (noun)	conditions is created artificially in or-	spare (verb)	or money available to somebody or
	der to study or experience something that could exist in reality		for something, especially when it requires an effort for you to do this
simultaneously (ad-	at the same time as something else	spark (verb)	to cause something to start or de-
verb)	an offence against God or against a	enecialized (adica	velop, especially suddenly designed or developed for a particular
sin (noun)	an offence against God or against a religious or moral law	specialized (adjec- tive)	purpose or area of knowledge
situated (adjective) sketch (noun)	in a particular place or position a simple picture that is drawn quickly	specification (noun)	a detailed description of how some- thing is, or should be, designed or
	and does not have many details		made

Word	Definition	Word	Definition
specimen (noun)	a small amount of something that	stem (verb)	to stop something that is flowing from
specimen (noun)	shows what the rest of it is like	Stem (verb)	spreading or increasing
spectacle (noun)	two lenses in a frame that rests on the	stereotype (noun)	a fixed idea or image that many peo-
	nose and ears. People wear specta-		ple have of a particular type of person
	cles in order to be able to see better or		or thing, but which is often not true
	to protect their eyes from bright light.		in reality and may cause hurt and of-
spectrum (noun)	a band of coloured lights in order of	otimuluo (noun)	fence something that helps some-
	their wavelengths, as seen in a rain- bow and into which light may be sep-	stimulus (noun)	something that helps some- body/something to develop better
	arated		or more quickly
spell (noun)	a short period of time during which	stir (verb)	to move a liquid or substance around,
. , ,	something lasts	,	using a spoon or something similar, in
sphere (noun)	a solid figure that is completely round,		order to mix it completely
	with every point on its surface at an	storage (noun)	the process of keeping something in a
spin <i>(noun)</i>	equal distance from the centre a very fast turning movement		particular place until it is needed; the space where things can be kept
spin ( <i>noun)</i> spin ( <i>verb</i> )	to turn round and round quickly; to	straightforward (ad-	easy to do or to understand; not com-
3pm ( <i>vc/b)</i>	make something do this	jective)	plicated
spine (noun)	the row of small bones that are con-	strain (noun)	pressure on a system or relationship
. , ,	nected together down the middle of	, ,	because great demands are being
	the back		placed on it
spotlight (noun)	a light with a single, very bright beam	strand (noun)	a single thin piece of thread, wire, hair,
	that can be directed at a particular place or person, especially a per-	stratogia (adiactiva)	etc. done as part of a plan that is meant
	former on the stage	strategic (adjective)	to achieve a particular purpose or to
spouse (noun)	a husband or wife		gain an advantage
spy (noun)	a person who tries to get secret infor-	striking (adjective)	interesting and unusual enough to at-
	mation about another country, orga-		tract attention
	nization or person, especially some-	strip (noun)	a long narrow piece of paper, metal,
	body who is employed by a govern-	atula (caula)	cloth, etc.
eny (vorh)	ment or the police to collect secret information about an-	strip (verb)	to take off all or most of your clothes or another person's clothes
spy (verb)	other country, organization or person	strive (verb)	to try very hard to achieve something
squad (noun)	a section of a police force that deals	structural (adjec-	connected with the way in which
1 ( )	with a particular type of crime	tive)	something is built or organized
squeeze (verb)	to press something, especially with	stumble (verb)	to hit your foot against something
	your fingers		while you are walking or running and
stab <i>(verb)</i>	to push a sharp, pointed object, espe-	atus (varb)	almost fall
	cially a knife, into somebody, killing or injuring them	stun (verb)	to make a person or an animal uncon- scious for a short time, especially by
stability (noun)	the quality or state of being steady		hitting them on the head
orasini, (moan)	and not changing or being upset in	submission (noun)	the act of accepting that somebody
	any way (= the quality of being stable)	,	has defeated you and that you must
stabilize (verb)	to become or to make something be-		obey them
	come steady and unlikely to change;	subscriber (noun)	a person who pays money, usually
otoko (noun)	to make something stable		once a year, to receive regular copies
stake (noun)	money that somebody invests in a company		of a magazine or newspaper or have access to it online
standing (adjective)	done from a position in which you are	subscription (noun)	an amount of money that you pay reg-
otalianing (dayootivo)	standing rather than sitting or running	casconplion (nearly	ularly to receive a service, be a mem-
stark (adjective)	unpleasant; real, and impossible to		ber of a club, support a charity or re-
	avoid		ceive regular copies of a newspaper
statistical (adjec-	connected with or based on statistics		or magazine; the act of paying this
tive)	to control the direction in which a heat	aubaidu (naun)	money
steer (verb)	to control the direction in which a boat, car, etc. moves	subsidy (110011)	money that is paid by a government or an organization to reduce the costs of
stem (noun)	the main long, thin part of a plant		services or of producing goods so that
()	above the ground from which the		their prices can be kept low
	leaves or flowers grow; a smaller part		•
	that grows from this and supports		
	flowers or leaves		

Word substantial (adjec-	<b>Definition</b> large in amount, value or importance	Word supreme (adjec-	<b>Definition</b> highest in rank or position
tive) substantially (ad- verb)	very much; a lot	tive) surge (noun) surge (verb)	a sudden increase of a strong feeling to move quickly and with force in a
substitute (noun)	a person or thing that you use or have instead of the one you normally use or have	surgical (adjective) surplus (noun)	particular direction used in or connected with surgery an amount that is extra or more than
substitute (verb)	to take the place of some- body/something else; to use somebody/something instead of somebody/something else	surrender (verb)	you need to admit that you have been defeated and want to stop fighting; to allow yourself to be caught, taken prisoner,
substitution (noun) subtle (adjective)	an act of using one person or thing in the place of another not very obvious or easy to notice	surveillance (noun)	etc. the act of carefully watching a person suspected of a crime or a place where
suburban (adjec- tive) succession (noun)	in or connected with a suburb  a number of people or things that fol-	suspension (noun)	a crime may be committed the act of officially removing some- body from their job, school, team, etc.
successive (adjec-	low each other in time or order following immediately one after the		for a period of time, usually as a punishment
tive) successor (noun)	other a person or thing that comes after somebody/something else and takes	suspicion (noun)	a feeling that somebody has done something wrong, illegal or dishonest, even though you have no proof
suck (verb)	their/its place to take liquid, air, etc. into your mouth by using the muscles of your lips	suspicious (adjec- tive)	feeling that somebody has done something wrong, illegal or dishonest, without having any proof
sue (verb)	to make a claim against a person or an organization in court about some- thing that they have said or done to	sustain (verb)	to provide enough of what some- body/something needs in order to live or exist
suicide (noun) suite (noun) summit (noun)	harm you the act of killing yourself deliberately a set of rooms, especially in a hotel the highest point of something, espe- cially the top of a mountain	swing <i>(noun)</i> swing <i>(verb)</i>	a swinging movement or rhythm to move backwards or forwards or from side to side while hanging from a fixed point; to make something do this
superb (adjective) superior (adjective)	excellent; of very good quality better in quality than some- body/something else; greater than	sword (noun) symbolic (adjec-	a weapon with a long metal blade (= sharp cutting part) and a handle containing symbols, or being used as
supervise (verb)	somebody/something else to be in charge of some- body/something and make sure that everything is done correctly,	tive) syndrome (noun)	a symbol a set of physical conditions that show you have a particular disease or med- ical problem
supervision (noun)	safely, etc. the work or activity involved in being in charge of somebody/something and making sure that everything is done	synthesis (noun) systematic (adjec-	the act of combining separate ideas, beliefs, styles, etc.; a mixture or com- bination of ideas, beliefs, styles, etc. done according to a system or plan,
supervisor (noun)	correctly, safely, etc. a person who supervises some-body/something	tive) tackle (noun)	in a complete, efficient or determined way an act of trying to take the ball from an
supplement (noun)	a thing that is added to something else to improve or complete it	taonio (noan)	opponent in football <i>(soccer)</i> , hockey, etc.; an act of knocking somebody to
supplement (verb)	to add something to something in or- der to improve it or make it more com- plete	tactic (noun)	the ground, for example in rugby or American football the particular method you use to
supportive (adjective)	encouraging somebody or giving them help or sympathy	tactical (adjective)	achieve something connected with the particular method
supposedly (ad- verb) suppress (verb)	according to what is generally thought or believed but not known for certain to put an end, often by force, to a group or an activity that is believed to threaten authority	taxpayer (noun)	you use to achieve something a person who pays tax to the govern- ment, especially on the money that they earn

Word	Definition	Word	Definition
tempt (verb)	to attract somebody or make some- body want to do or have something,	tighten (verb)	to hold or fix something more securely in position; to make something or be-
	even if they know it is wrong		come more difficult to move, open or
tenant (noun)	a person who pays rent for the use of a room, building, land, etc. to the per-	timber (noun)	separate trees that are grown to be used in
	son who owns it		building or for making things
tender <i>(adjective)</i> tenure <i>(noun)</i>	kind, gentle and loving the period of time when somebody	timely <i>(adjective)</i> tobacco <i>(noun)</i>	happening at exactly the right time the dried leaves of the tobacco plant
tonaro (noun)	holds an important job, especially a	tobacco (noun)	that are used for making cigarettes,
	political one; the act of holding an important job	tolerance (noun)	smoking in a pipe, etc. the quality of being willing to accept or
terminal (adjective)	that cannot be cured and will lead to	tolorarios (riouri)	tolerate somebody/something, espe-
terminate (verb)	death, often slowly to end; to make something end		cially opinions or behaviour that you may not agree with, or people who are
terrain <i>(noun)</i>	used to refer to an area of land when		not like you
	you are mentioning its natural fea- tures, for example, if it is rough, flat,	tolerate (verb)	to allow somebody to do something that you do not agree with or like
	etc.	toll (noun)	money that you pay to use a particular
terrific (adjective) testify (verb)	excellent; wonderful to make a statement that something	top (verb)	road or bridge to be higher than a particular amount
(1010)	happened or that something is true,	torture (noun)	the act of causing somebody severe
testimony (noun)	especially as a witness in court a thing that shows that something else		pain in order to punish them or make them say or do something
	exists or is true	torture (verb)	to hurt somebody physically or men-
texture (noun)	the way a surface, substance or piece of cloth feels when you touch it, for		tally in order to punish them or make them tell you something
	example how rough, smooth, hard or	toss (verb)	to throw something lightly or care-
thankfully (adverb)	soft it is used to show that you are pleased	total (verb)	lessly to reach a particular total
, (,	that something good has happened or	toxic (adjective)	containing poison; poisonous
theatrical (adjec-	that something bad has been avoided connected with the theatre	trace (noun)	a mark, an object or a sign that shows that somebody/something existed or
tive)			was present
theology <i>(noun)</i> theoretical <i>(adjec-</i>	the study of religion and beliefs connected with the ideas and princi-	trademark (noun)	a name, symbol or design that a com- pany uses for its products and that
tive)	ples on which a particular subject is		cannot be used by anyone else
	based, rather than with practice and experiment	trail (noun)	a long line or series of marks that is left by somebody/something
thereafter (adverb)	after the time or event mentioned	trail (verb)	to pull something behind some-
thereby (adverb)	used to introduce the result of the action or situation mentioned		body/something, usually along the ground; to be pulled along in this way
thought-provoking	making people think seriously about a	trailer (noun)	a truck, or a container with wheels,
(adjective) thoughtful <i>(adjec-</i>	particular subject or issue quiet, because you are thinking	transaction (noun)	that is pulled by another vehicle a piece of business that is done be-
<i>tive)</i> thread <i>(noun)</i>	a thin string of cotton, wool, silk, oto		tween people, especially an act of buying or selling
ineau (nouri)	a thin string of cotton, wool, silk, etc. used for sewing or making cloth	transcript (noun)	a written or printed copy of words that
threshold (noun)	the floor or ground at the bottom of a doorway, considered as the entrance	transformation	have been spoken a complete change in some-
	to a building or room	(noun)	a complete change in some- body/something
thrilled <i>(adjective)</i> thrive <i>(verb)</i>	very excited and pleased to become, and continue to be, suc-	transit (noun)	the process of being moved or carried from one place to another
	cessful, strong, healthy, etc.	transmission	the act or process of passing some-
tide (noun)	a regular rise and fall in the level of the sea, caused by the pull of the moon	(noun)	thing from one person, place or thing to another
	and sun; the flow of water that hap-	transparency	the quality of something, such as a sit-
	pens as the sea rises and falls	(noun)	uation or an argument, that makes it easy to understand
			2 maj to an actorion

Word	Definition	Word	Definition
transparent (adjec- tive)	allowing you to see through it	upcoming (adjec- tive)	going to happen soon
trauma (noun)	a mental condition caused by severe shock, stress or fear, especially when the harmful effects last for a long time	upgrade (noun)	the act of making a machine, com- puter system, etc. more powerful and efficient; the more powerful and effi-
treaty (noun)	a formal agreement between two or more countries	upgrade (verb)	cient machine, computer system, etc. to make a machine, computer system,
tremendous (adjec- tive)	very great	,	etc. more powerful and efficient; to start using a new and better version
tribal <i>(adjective)</i> tribunal <i>(noun)</i>	connected with a tribe or tribes a type of court with the authority to deal with a particular problem or dis- agreement	uphold (verb)	of a machine, system, etc. to support something that you think is right and make sure that it continues to exist
tribute (noun)	an act, a statement or a gift that is intended to show your love or respect, especially for a dead person	utility (noun)	a service provided for the public, for example an electricity, water or gas supply
trigger (noun)	the part of a gun that you press in or- der to fire it	utilize (verb)	to use something, especially for a practical purpose
trio (noun)	a group of three people or things	utterly (adverb)	completely
triumph (noun)	a great success, achievement or victory	vacuum (noun)	a space that is completely empty of all substances, including all air or other
trophy (noun)	an object such as a silver cup that is given as a prize for winning a compe-	vague (adjective)	gas not clear in a person's mind
	tition	validity (noun)	the state of being legally or officially
troubled (adjective) trustee (noun)	worried and anxious a person or an organization that has	vanish (verb)	acceptable to disappear suddenly and/or in a way
trustee (nourr)	control of money or property that has	vanish (verb)	that you cannot explain
	been put into a trust for somebody	variable (adjective)	often changing; likely to change
tuition <i>(noun)</i>	the act of teaching something, espe- cially to one person or to people in	variable <i>(noun)</i>	a situation, number or quantity that can vary or be varied
turnout (noun)	small groups the number of people who attend a	varied <i>(adjective)</i> vein <i>(noun)</i>	of many different types any of the tubes that carry blood from
turriout ( <i>riouri)</i>	particular event	vein (noun)	all parts of the body towards the heart
turnover (noun)	the total amount of goods or services sold by a company during a particular	venture (noun)	a business project or activity, espe- cially one that involves taking risks
twist (noun)	period of time the action of turning something with your hand, or of turning a part of your	venture (verb)	to go somewhere even though you know that it might be dangerous or unpleasant
	body	verbal (adjective)	relating to words
twist (verb)	to bend or turn something into a particular shape	verdict (noun)	an official judgement made in court or at an inquest (= an official investiga-
undergraduate <i>(noun)</i>	a university or college student who is studying for their first degree	verify (verb)	tion into somebody's death) to check that something is true or ac-
underlying (adjec-	important in a situation but not always	( · · · · · · )	curate
<i>tive)</i> undermine <i>(verb)</i>	easily noticed or stated clearly to make something, especially some- body's confidence or authority, gradu-	verse (noun)	writing that is arranged in lines, of- ten with a regular rhythm or pattern of rhyme
	ally weaker or less effective	versus (preposi-	used to show that two teams or sides
undoubtedly (ad-	used to emphasize that something ex-	tion)	are against each other
<i>verb)</i> unify <i>(verb)</i>	ists or is definitely true to join people, things, parts of a coun- try, etc. together so that they form a	vessel (noun)	a tube that carries blood through the body of a person or an animal, or liq- uid through the parts of a plant
	single unit	veteran (noun)	a person who has a lot of experience
unprecedented (ad- jective) unveil (verb)	that has never happened, been done or been known before to remove a cover or curtain from a	viable (adjective)	in a particular area or activity that can be done; that will be success- ful
απνοπ ( <i>νοπ)</i>	painting, statue, etc. so that it can be seen in public for the first time	vibrant (adjective) vice (noun)	full of life and energy criminal activities that involve sex or drugs