Word abolish (verb)	Definition to officially end a law, a system or an	Word accumulation	Definition the process of gradually increasing or
abortion (noun)	institution the deliberate ending of a pregnancy at an early stage	(noun) accuracy (noun)	getting more and more of something over a period of time the state of being exact or correct; the
absence (noun)	the fact of somebody being away from a place where they are usually ex-	, , ,	ability to do something with skill and without making mistakes
absent (adjective)	pected to be; the occasion or period of time when somebody is away not in a place because of illness, etc.	accurately (adverb) accusation (noun)	in a way that is correct and true in every detail a statement saying that you think a
absorb (verb)	to take in a liquid, gas or other sub- stance from the surface or space around		person is guilty of doing something wrong or illegal; the fact of accusing somebody
abstract (adjective)	based on general ideas and not on any particular real person, thing or sit-	accused (noun)	a person who is on trial for committing a crime
absurd (adjective)	uation extremely silly; not logical and sensi- ble	acid (adjective)	that contains acid or has the essential characteristics of an acid; that has a pH of less than seven
abundance (noun)	a large quantity that is more than enough	acid (noun)	a chemical, usually a liquid, that contains hydrogen and has a pH of less
abuse (noun) abuse (verb)	the use of something in a way that is wrong or harmful to make bad use of something, or		than seven. The hydrogen can be re- placed by a metal to form a salt. Acids usually have a bitter sharp taste and
academy (noun)	to use so much of something that it harms your health a school or college for special training	acquisition (noun)	can often burn holes in or damage things they touch. the act of getting something, espe-
accelerate (verb)	to happen faster or earlier; to make something happen faster or earlier	acre (noun)	cially knowledge, a skill, etc. a unit for measuring an area of land;
accent (noun)	a way of pronouncing the words of a language that shows which country, area or social class a person comes	activate (verb)	4 840 square yards or about 4 050 square metres to make something such as a device
	from; how well somebody pronounces a particular language	activation (noun)	or chemical process start working the act of making something such as
acceptance (noun)	the act of accepting a gift, an invitation, an offer, etc.	activation (noun)	a device or chemical process start working
accessible (adjective)	that can be reached, entered, used, seen, etc.	activist (noun)	a person who works to achieve political or social change, especially as a
accidentally (adverb) accommodate	by chance; in a way that was not planned to provide somebody with a room or	acute <i>(adjective)</i>	member of an organization with par- ticular aims very serious or severe
(verb) accomplish (verb)	place to sleep, live or sit to succeed in doing or completing	adaptation (noun)	the action or process of changing something, or of being changed, to
accomplishment (noun)	something an impressive thing that is done or achieved after a lot of work	addiction (noun)	suit a new purpose or situation the condition of being unable to stop using or doing something as a habit,
accordance (noun)	according to a rule or the way that somebody says that something should be done	additionally (adverb)	especially something harmful in a way that is more than was first mentioned or is usual
accordingly (adverb)	in a way that is appropriate to what has been done or said in a particular situation	adequate (adjec- tive)	enough in quantity, or good enough in quality, for a particular purpose or need
accountability (noun)	the fact of being responsible for your decisions or actions and expected to explain them when you are asked	adequately (adverb)	in a way that is enough in quantity, or good enough in quality, for a particular purpose or need
accountable (adjec- tive)	responsible for your decisions or actions and expected to explain them when you are asked	adhere (verb) adjacent (adjective) adjust (verb)	to stick to something next to something to change something slightly to make
accountant (noun) accumulate (verb)	a person whose job is to keep or check financial accounts to gradually get more and more of	, , ,	it more suitable for a new set of condi- tions or to make it work better
accumulate (VEID)	something over a period of time		

Word	Definition	Word	Definition
adjustment (noun)	a small change made to something in order to correct or improve it	alien (adjective)	strange and frightening; different from what you are used to
administer (verb)	to manage and organize the affairs of a company, an organization, a coun-	alien (noun)	a person who is not a citizen of the country in which they live or work
	try, etc.	align (verb)	to arrange something in the correct
administrative (ad- jective)	connected with organizing the work of a business or an institution		position, or to be in the correct position, in relation to something else, es-
administrator	a person whose job is to manage and	allamana ant (a a con)	pecially in a straight line
(noun)	organize the public or business affairs of a company or an institution, or a	alignment <i>(noun)</i> alike <i>(adjective)</i>	arrangement in a straight line very similar
	person who works in an office dealing with records, accounts, etc.	alike <i>(adverb)</i> allegation <i>(noun)</i>	in a very similar way a public statement that is made with-
admission (noun)	the act of accepting somebody into an	anegation (noun)	out giving proof, accusing somebody
	institution, organization, etc.; the right to enter a place or to join an institution		of doing something that is wrong or illegal
	or organization	allege (verb)	to state something as a fact but with-
adolescent (noun)	a young person who is developing from a child into an adult	allegedly (adverb)	out giving proof expressed as though something is a
adoption (noun)	the act of adopting a child; the fact of		fact but without giving any proof
adverse (adjective)	being adopted negative and unpleasant; not likely to	alliance (noun)	an agreement between countries, political parties, etc. to work together in
advocate (noun)	produce a good result a person who supports or speaks in		order to achieve something that they all want
advocate (noun)	favour of somebody or of a public plan	allocate (verb)	to give something officially to some-
advocate (verb)	or action to support something publicly		body/something for a particular purpose
aesthetic (adjec-	connected with beauty and art and the	allocation (noun)	an amount of money, space, etc. that
<i>tive)</i> affection <i>(noun)</i>	understanding of beautiful things the feeling of liking or loving some-		is given to somebody for a particular purpose
	body/something very much and car- ing about them	allowance (noun)	an amount of money that is given to somebody regularly or for a particular
affordable (adjec-	cheap enough that people can afford		purpose
<i>tive)</i> aftermath <i>(noun)</i>	to pay it or buy it the situation that exists as a result of	ally (noun)	a country that has agreed to help and support another country, especially in
,	an important (and usually unpleasant) event, especially a war, an accident,	alongside <i>(preposi-</i>	case of a war next to or at the side of something
	etc.	tion)	next to or at the side of something
aggression (noun)	feelings of anger and hate that may result in threatening or violent be-	altogether (adverb)	(used to emphasize something) com- pletely; in every way
	haviour	aluminium (noun)	a chemical element. Aluminium is a
agricultural (adjec- tive)	connected with the science or practice of farming		light, silver-grey metal used for making pans, etc.
agriculture <i>(noun)</i> aide <i>(noun)</i>	the science or practice of farming a person who helps another person,	amateur (adjective)	doing something for pleasure or interest, not as a job
,	especially a politician, in their job	amateur (noun)	a person who takes part in a sport or
AIDS (noun)	a serious illness caused by a virus called HIV that attacks the body's abil-	ambassador (noun)	other activity for pleasure, not as a job an official who lives in a foreign coun-
	ity to resist infection (the abbreviation	,	try as the senior representative there
	for 'Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome')	ambulance (noun)	of their own country a vehicle with special equipment,
albeit <i>(conjunction)</i> alert <i>(adjective)</i>	although able to think quickly; quick to notice		used for taking sick or injured people to a hospital
	things	amend (verb)	to change a law, document, state-
alert (noun)	a situation in which people are watching for danger and ready to deal with		ment, etc. slightly in order to correct a mistake or to improve it
alert <i>(verb)</i>	it to warn somebody about a dangerous	amendment (noun)	a small change or improvement that is made to a document or proposed
aloi (((((((((((((((((((situation or one that requires immedi-		new law; the process of changing a
	ate action		document or proposed new law

Word amid (preposition)	Definition in the middle of or during something, especially something that causes ex-	Word arbitrary (adjective)	Definition not seeming to be based on a reason, system or plan and sometimes seem-
amusing <i>(adjective)</i> analogy <i>(noun)</i>	citement or fear funny and giving pleasure a comparison of one thing with an-	architectural (ad-	ing unfair relating to architecture and buildings
analyst (noun)	other thing that has similar features; a feature that is similar a person whose job involves examin-	archive (noun)	a collection of historical documents or records of a government, a family, a place or an organization; the place
ancestor (noun)	ing facts or materials in order to give an opinion on them a person in your family who lived a long time ago	arena (noun)	where these records are stored a place with a flat open area in the middle and seats around it where peo- ple can watch sports and entertain-
anchor (noun)	a heavy metal object that is attached to a rope or chain and dropped over the side of a ship or boat to keep it in	arguably (adverb)	ment used (often before a comparative or superlative adjective) when you are
angel (noun)	one place a spirit who is believed to be a servant of God, and is sent by God to deliver a message or perform a task. Angels are often shown dressed in white, with	arm <i>(verb)</i>	stating an opinion that you believe you could give reasons to support to provide weapons for your-self/somebody in order to fight a battle or a war
animation (noun)	wings. the process of making films, videos and computer games in which draw-	array (noun)	a group or collection of things or peo- ple, often one that is large or impres- sive
	ings, models or images of people and animals seem to move	arrow (noun)	a thin stick with a sharp point at one end, which is shot from a bow
annually (adverb) anonymous (adjec-	once a year with a name that is not known or that	articulate (verb)	to express or explain your thoughts or feelings clearly in words
tive) anticipate (verb) anxiety (noun)	is not made public to expect something the state of feeling nervous or worried that something bad is going to happen	artwork <i>(noun)</i> ash <i>(noun)</i>	pictures and photographs prepared for books, magazines, etc. the grey or black powder that is left after something, especially tobacco,
apology (noun)	a word or statement saying sorry for something that has been done wrong or that causes a problem	aside (adverb) aspiration (noun)	wood or coal, has burnt to one side; out of the way a strong desire to have or do some-
apparatus (noun)	the tools or other pieces of equipment that are needed for a particular activity or task	aspire (verb)	thing to have a strong desire to achieve or to become something
appealing (adjec- tive)	attractive or interesting	assassination (noun)	the murder of an important or famous person, especially for political reasons
appetite (noun) applaud (verb)	physical desire for food to show your approval of some-	assault (noun)	the crime of attacking somebody physically
	body/something by clapping your hands (= hitting your open hands to- gether several times)	assault (verb) assemble (verb)	to attack somebody violently, espe- cially when this is a crime to come together as a group; to bring
applicable (adjec- tive)	that can be said to be true in the case of somebody/something	assembly (noun)	people or things together as a group a group of people who have been
applicant (noun)	a person who makes a formal request for something (= applies for it), espe- cially for a job, a place at a college or	, ,	elected to meet together regularly and make decisions or laws for a particular region or country
appoint (verb)	university, etc. to choose somebody for a job or posi-	assert (verb)	to state clearly and definitely that something is true
appreciation (noun)	tion of responsibility pleasure that you have when you rec-	assertion (noun)	a statement saying that you strongly believe something to be true
appropriately (ad-	ognize and enjoy the good qualities of somebody/something in a way that is suitable, acceptable	asset (noun) assign (verb)	a person or thing that is valuable or useful to somebody/something to give somebody something that they
verb)	or correct for the particular circumstances	assign (VGID)	can use, or some work or responsibility

Word	Definition	Word	Definition
assistance (noun) assumption (noun)	help or support a belief or feeling that something is	backdrop (noun)	everything that can be seen around an event or scene
accumption (nearly	true or that something will happen, al-	backing (noun)	help and support from somebody to
assurance (noun)	though there is no proof a statement that something will cer-		do something; financial support for something
assurance (nearly	tainly be true or will certainly hap-	backup (noun)	extra help or support that you can get
	pen, particularly when there has been doubt about it	hadaa (naun)	if necessary a small piece of metal or plastic, with
assure (verb)	to tell somebody that something is	badge (noun)	a design or words on it, that a per-
, ,	definitely true or is definitely going to		son wears or carries to show that
	happen, especially when they have doubts about it		they belong to an organization, sup- port something, have achieved some-
astonishing (adjec-	very surprising; difficult to believe		thing, have a particular rank, etc.
<i>tive)</i> asylum <i>(noun)</i>	protection that a government gives to	bail <i>(noun)</i>	money that somebody agrees to pay if a person accused of a crime does not
, . (,	people who have left their own coun-		appear at their trial. When bail has
	try, usually because they were in dan- ger for political reasons		been arranged, the accused person is allowed to go free until the trial.
atrocity (noun)	a cruel and violent act, especially in a	balanced (adjec-	keeping or showing a balance so that
attachmant (naun)	war	tive)	different things or different parts of
attachment (noun)	a document that you send to some- body using email		something exist in equal or correct amounts
attain (verb)	to succeed in getting something, usu-	ballet (noun)	a style of dancing that tells a dra-
attendance (noun)	ally after a lot of effort the act of being present at a place, for		matic story with music but no talking or singing
, ,	example at school	balloon (noun)	a small bag made of very thin rub-
attorney (noun)	a lawyer, especially one who can act for somebody in court		ber that becomes larger and rounder when you fill it with air or gas. Bal-
attribute (noun)	a quality or feature of some-		loons are brightly coloured and used
attribute (verb)	body/something to say or believe that something is the	ballot (noun)	as decorations or toys. the system of voting in writing and
attribute (verb)	result of a particular thing	ballot (Houri)	usually in secret; an occasion on
auction (noun)	a public sale in which things are sold	hannay (naun)	which a vote is held
	to the person who offers the most money for them	banner (noun)	a long piece of cloth with a message on it that is carried between two poles
audio (adjective)	connected with sound that is recorded		or hung in a public place to show sup-
audit (noun)	an official examination of business and financial records to see that they	bare (adjective)	port for something not covered by any clothes
	are true and correct	barely (adverb)	in a way that is just possible but only
authentic (adjec- tive)	known to be real and what somebody claims it is and not a copy	bargain (noun)	with difficulty a thing bought for less than the usual
authorize <i>(verb)</i>	to give official permission for some-	bargain (noan)	price
	thing, or for somebody to do some- thing	barrel (noun)	a large round container, usually made of wood or metal, with flat ends and,
auto (noun)	a car		usually, curved sides
automatic (adjec-	having controls that work without	basement (noun)	a room or rooms in a building, partly
tive) automatically (ad-	needing a person to operate them without needing a person to operate		or completely below the level of the ground
verb)	controls	basket (noun)	a container for holding or carrying
autonomy (noun)	the freedom for a country, a region or an organization to govern itself inde-		things. Baskets are made of long thin pieces of material that bends and
	pendently		twists easily, for example plastic, wire
availability (noun)	the fact that something is possible to get, buy or find	bass (noun)	or wicker. the lowest tone or part in music, for
await (verb)	to wait for somebody/something		instruments or voices
awareness (noun)	knowing something; knowing that something exists and is important	bat <i>(noun)</i>	a piece of wood with a handle, made in various shapes and sizes, and used
awkward (adjec-	making you feel embarrassed		for hitting the ball in games such as
tive)			baseball, cricket and table tennis

Word	Definition	Word	Definition
bat (verb)	to hit a ball with a bat, especially in a	blast (noun)	an explosion or a powerful movement
1 11 6 11 (game of baseball or cricket		of air caused by an explosion
battlefield (noun)	a place where a battle is being fought or has been fought	blast (verb)	to violently destroy or break some- thing into pieces, using explosives
bay (noun)	a part of the sea, or of a large lake,	bleed (verb)	to lose blood, especially from a wound
	partly surrounded by a wide curve of	, ,	or an injury
hoom (noun)	the land	blend (noun)	a mixture of different types of the
beam (noun)	a line of light, electromagnetic waves or particles	blend (verb)	same thing to mix two or more substances to-
beast (noun)	an animal, especially one that is large	5.6.14 (10.0)	gether
	or dangerous, or one that is unusual	bless (verb)	to ask God to protect some-
behalf <i>(noun)</i> beloved <i>(adjective)</i>	in order to help somebody loved very much	blessing (noun)	body/something God's help and protection, or a prayer
bench (noun)	a long seat for two or more people,	blessing (noun)	asking for this
,	usually made of wood	blow (noun)	a hard hit with the hand, a weapon,
benchmark (noun)	something that can be measured and used as a standard that other things	boast (verb)	etc.
	can be compared with	boast (verb)	to talk in a way that shows you are too proud of something that you have or
beneath (preposi-	in or to a lower position than		can do
tion)	somebody/something; under some-	bold (adjective)	brave and confident; not afraid to say
beneficial (adjec-	body/something improving a situation; having a helpful	bombing (noun)	what you feel or to take risks an occasion when a bomb is dropped
tive)	or useful effect	bombing (noam)	or left somewhere; the act of doing
beneficiary (noun)	a person who gains as a result of		this
beside (preposi-	something next to or at the side of some-	bonus (noun)	an extra amount of money that is added to a payment, especially to
tion)	body/something		somebody's wages or salary as a re-
besides (adverb)	used for making an extra comment		ward
besides (preposi-	that adds to what you have just said in addition to somebody/something;	booking (noun)	an arrangement that you make in advance to buy a ticket to travel some-
besides (preposi- tion)	apart from somebody/something		where, go to the theatre, etc.
betray (verb)	to give information about some-	boom (noun)	a sudden increase in trade and eco-
hina (navan)	body/something to an enemy		nomic activity; a period of wealth and
bias <i>(noun)</i>	a strong feeling in favour of or against one group of people, or one side in	boost (noun)	success something that helps or encourages
	an argument, often not based on fair	book (mount)	somebody/something
	judgement	boost (verb)	to make something increase, or be-
bid <i>(noun)</i>	an offer by a person or a company to pay a particular amount of money for	bounce (verb)	come better or more successful if something bounces or you bounce
	something	bouriec (verb)	it, it moves quickly away from a sur-
bid (verb)	to offer to pay a particular price for		face it has just hit or you make it do
bind (verb)	something, especially at an auction to tie somebody/something with rope,	bound (adjective)	this certain or likely to happen, or to do or
billa (<i>verb)</i>	string, etc. so that they/it cannot move	bound (adjective)	be something
	or are held together strongly	boundary (noun)	a real or imagined line that marks the
biography (noun)	the story of a person's life written by		limits or edges of something and sep-
biological (adjec-	somebody else; this type of writing connected with the science of biology		arates it from other things or places; a dividing line
tive)	connected with the colonics of biology	bow (noun)	the act of bending your head or the
bishop (noun)	a senior priest in charge of the work		upper part of your body forward in or-
bizarre (adjective)	of the Church in a city or district very strange or unusual		der to say hello or goodbye to some- body or to show respect
blade (noun)	the flat part of a knife, tool or machine,	bow (verb)	to move your head or the top half of
, ,	which has a sharp edge or edges for	, ,	your body forwards and downwards
blankot (noun)	cutting		as a sign of respect or to say hello or
blanket (noun)	a large cover, often made of wool, used especially on beds to keep peo-	breach (noun)	goodbye a failure to do something that must be
	ple warm	, ,	done by law
		breach (verb)	to not keep to an agreement or not
			keep a promise

Word	Definition	Word	Definition
breakdown (noun)	an occasion when a vehicle or ma- chine stops working	candle (noun)	a round stick of wax with a piece of string (called a wick) through the mid-
breakthrough	an important development that may		dle that is lit to give light as it burns
(noun) breed (noun)	lead to an agreement or achievement a particular type of animal that has	canvas (noun)	a strong heavy rough material used for making tents, sails, etc. and by
bieed (flouri)	been developed by people in a certain		artists for painting on
	way, especially a type of dog, cat or	capability (noun)	the ability or qualities necessary to do
breed (verb)	farm animal	capitalism (noun)	something
brick (noun)	to have sex and produce young baked clay used for building walls,	Capitalisi (noun)	an economic system in which a country's businesses and industry are con-
,	houses and other buildings; an indi-		trolled and run for profit by private
briefly (adverb)	vidual block of this for a short time	capitalist (adjec-	owners rather than by the government based on the principles of capitalism
broadband (noun)	a way of connecting to the internet	tive)	based on the principles of capitalism
,	that allows you to receive information,	carbon (noun)	a chemical element. Carbon is found
	including pictures, etc., very quickly and that is always active (so that the		in all living things, existing in a pure state as diamond and graphite.
	user does not have to connect each	cargo (noun)	the goods carried in a ship, an aircraft
	time)	. , ,	or a motor vehicle
broadcaster (noun)	a person whose job is presenting	carriage (noun)	a separate section of a train for carry-
	or talking on television or radio programmes	carve (verb)	ing passengers to make objects, patterns, etc. by
broadly (adverb)	generally, without considering details	,	cutting away material from a piece of
browser (noun)	a computer program that lets you look at or read documents on the World		wood or stone, or another hard material
	Wide Web	casino (noun)	a public building or room where peo-
brutal (adjective)	violent and cruel		ple play gambling games for money
buck (noun)	a US, Australian or New Zealand dol- lar; a South African rand; an Indian	casual (adjective) casualty (noun)	not formal a person who is killed or injured in war
	rupee	casualty (Houri)	or in an accident
buddy (noun)	a friend	catalogue (noun)	a complete list of items, for example of
buffer (noun)	a thing or person that reduces a shock or protects somebody/something	cater (verb)	things that people can look at or buy to provide food and drinks for a social
	against difficulties	oater (verb)	event
bug (noun)	any small insect	cattle (noun)	cows and bulls that are kept as farm
bulk (noun)	the main part of something; most of something	caution (noun)	animals for their milk or meat care that you take in order to avoid
burden (noun)	a duty, responsibility, etc. that causes	Gadion (noan)	danger or mistakes; the fact of not tak-
I	worry, difficulty or hard work		ing any risks
bureaucracy (noun)	the system of official rules and ways of doing things that a government or	cautious (adjective)	being careful about what you say or do, especially to avoid danger or mis-
	an organization has, especially when		takes; not taking any risks
la Pal (a.a.a.)	these seem to be too complicated	cave (noun)	a large hole in the side of a hill or cliff
burial <i>(noun)</i>	the act or ceremony of burying a dead body	cease (verb)	or under the ground to stop happening or existing; to stop
burst (verb)	to break open or apart, especially	00000 (10.0)	something from happening or existing
	because of pressure from inside; to	cemetery (noun)	an area of land used for burying dead
cabin (noun)	make something break in this way a small room on a ship in which you		people, especially one that is not next to a church
cac (mca)	live or sleep	certainty (noun)	the state of being certain
cabinet (noun)	a group of senior members of a gov-	certificate (noun)	an official document that may be used
	ernment that is responsible for advising and deciding on government pol-	challenging (adjec-	to prove that the facts it states are true difficult in an interesting way that tests
	icy	tive)	your ability
calculation (noun)	the act or process of using numbers	chamber (noun)	a hall in a public building that is used
canal (noun)	to find out an amount a long straight passage dug in the	championship	for formal meetings a competition to find the best player or
(ground and filled with water for boats	(noun)	team in a particular sport
	and ships to travel along; a smaller	chaos (noun)	a complete lack of order
	passage used for carrying water to fields, crops, etc.	characterize (verb)	to be typical of a person, place or thing
	, , ,		J

Word charm <i>(noun)</i>	Definition the power of pleasing or attracting	Word cling (verb)	Definition to hold on tightly to some-
charming (adjec-	people very pleasant or attractive	clinic (noun)	body/something a building or part of a hospital where
tive)	rely productive amagine		people can go for special medical
charter (noun)	a written statement describing the rights that a particular group of people should have	clinical (adjective)	treatment or advice relating to the examination and treat- ment of patients and their illnesses
chase (noun)	an act of running or driving after somebody/something in order to	clip (noun)	a short part of a film that is shown separately
chase (verb)	catch them or it to run, drive, etc. after some-	closure (noun)	the situation when a factory, school, hospital, etc. shuts permanently
	body/something in order to catch them or it	cluster (noun)	a group of things of the same type that grow or appear close together
cheek (noun)	either side of the face below the eyes	coalition (noun)	a government formed by two or more
cheer <i>(noun)</i> cheer <i>(verb)</i>	a shout of joy, support or praise to shout loudly, in order to show sup-	coastal (adjective)	political parties working together of or near a coast
Cricer (Verb)	port or praise for somebody, or to encourage them	cocktail (noun)	a drink usually made from a mixture of one or more spirits (= strong alcoholic
choir (noun)	a group of people who sing together, for example in church services or pub-		drinks) and fruit juice. It can also be made without alcohol.
	lic performances	cognitive (adjec-	connected with mental processes of
chop (verb)	to cut something into pieces with a sharp tool such as a knife	tive) coincide (verb)	understanding to take place at the same time
chronic (adjective)	lasting for a long time; difficult to cure	coincide (<i>verb</i>)	the fact of two things happening at the
chunk (noun)	a thick, solid piece that has been cut or broken off something		same time by chance, in a surprising way
circuit (noun)	a line, route or journey around a place	collaborate (verb)	to work together with somebody in or-
circulate (verb)	when a liquid, gas or air circulates or is circulated, it moves continuously	collaboration	der to produce or achieve something the act of working with another person
circulation (noun)	around a place or system the movement of blood around the	(noun)	or group of people to create or produce something
citizenship (noun)	body the legal right to belong to a particular	collective (adjec- tive)	done or shared by all members of a group of people; involving a whole
civic (adjective)	country officially connected with a town or city	collector (noun)	group or society a person who collects things, either as
civilian <i>(adjective)</i>	connected with people who are not	collector (nour)	a hobby or as a job
	members of the armed forces or the police	collision (noun)	an accident in which two vehicles or people crash into each other
civilian <i>(noun)</i>	a person who is not a member of the armed forces or the police	colonial (adjective)	connected with or belonging to a country that controls another country
civilization (noun)	a state of human society that is very developed and organized	colony (noun)	a country or an area that is governed by people from another, more power-
clarify (verb)	to make something clearer or easier to understand	colourful (adjective)	ful, country full of bright colours or having a lot of
clarity (noun)	the quality of being expressed clearly	colouridi (adjective)	different colours
clash (noun)	a short fight between two groups of people	columnist (noun)	a journalist who writes regular articles for a newspaper or magazine
classification (noun)	the act or process of putting people or things into a group or class (= of clas-	combat (noun)	fighting or a fight, especially during a time of war
1	sifying them)	combat (verb)	to stop something unpleasant or
classify (verb)	to arrange something in groups according to features that they have in	annin (adiantiva)	harmful from happening or from get- ting worse
clerk (noun)	common a person whose job is to serve cus-	comic <i>(adjective)</i> comic <i>(noun)</i>	humorous and making you laugh a magazine, usually for children, that
cliff (noun)	tomers in a shop a high area of rock with a very steep side, often at the edge of the sea or ocean	commander (noun)	tells stories through pictures a person who is in charge of some- thing, especially an officer in charge of a particular group of soldiers or a military operation

Word	Definition	Word	Definition
commence (verb)	to begin to happen; to begin something	comply (verb)	to obey a rule, an order, etc.; to meet particular standards
commentary (noun)	a spoken description of an event that is given while it is happening, espe- cially on the radio or television	compose (verb) composer (noun)	to write music a person who writes music, especially classical music
commentator (noun)	a person who describes an event while it is happening, especially on television or radio	composition (noun)	the different parts that something is made of; the way in which the differ- ent parts are organized
commerce (noun)	trade, especially between countries; the buying and selling of goods and services	compound (noun) comprehensive	a thing consisting of two or more separate things combined together including all, or almost all, the items,
commissioner (noun)	a member of a commission (= an official group of people who are responsible for controlling something or finding	(adjective) comprise (verb)	details, facts, information, etc., that may be involved to have somebody/something as
commodity (noun)	out about something) a product or a raw material that can	compromise (noun)	parts or members an agreement made between two
communist (adjective)	be bought and sold connected with communism		people or groups in which each side gives up some of the things they want so that both sides are happy at the
companion (noun) comparable (adjective)	a person or an animal that travels with you or spends a lot of time with you similar to somebody/something else and able to be compared	compromise (verb)	end to give up some of your demands in order to reach an agreement after dis- agreeing with somebody
comparative (ad- jective)	measured or judged by how similar or different it is to something else	compulsory (adjec- tive)	that must be done because of a law or a rule
compassion (noun)	a strong feeling of sympathy for peo- ple or animals who are suffering and a desire to help them	compute (verb) conceal (verb) concede (verb)	to calculate something to hide somebody/something to admit that something is true, logi-
compel (verb)	to force somebody to do something; to make something necessary	conocae (verb)	cal, etc. after first denying it or resisting it
compelling (adjec- tive)	that makes you pay attention to it because it is so interesting and exciting	conceive (verb)	to form an idea, a plan, etc. in your mind
compensate (verb)	to provide something good to balance or reduce the bad effects of damage, loss, etc.	conception (noun)	an understanding or a belief of what something/somebody is or what something/somebody should be
compensation (noun)	something, especially money, that somebody gives you because they have hurt you, or damaged something that you own; the act of giving this to	, ,	something that you allow or do, or allow somebody to have, in order to end an argument or to make a situation less difficult
competence (noun) competent (adjec- tive)	somebody the ability to do something well having enough skill or knowledge to do something well or to the necessary	concrete (adjective) concrete (noun)	made of concrete building material that is made by mixing together cement, sand, small stones and water
compile (verb)	standard to produce a book, list, report, etc. by bringing together different items, arti-	condemn (verb)	to say very strongly that you think something is bad, usually for moral reasons
complement (verb)	cles, songs, etc.; to collect information in order to produce a book, list, etc. to add to something in a way that im-	confer (verb)	to discuss something with somebody, in order to exchange opinions or get advice
completion (noun)	proves it or makes it more attractive the act or process of finishing some-	confess (verb)	to admit, especially formally or to the police, that you have done something
oompronon (nodiny	thing; the state of being finished and complete	confession (noun)	wrong or illegal a statement that a person makes, ad-
complexity (noun)	the state of being formed of many parts; the state of being difficult to understand	configuration	mitting that they are guilty of a crime; the act of making such a statement an arrangement of the parts of some-
compliance (noun)	the practice of obeying rules or requests made by people in authority	(noun)	thing or a group of things; the form or shape that this arrangement produces
complication (noun)	a thing that makes a situation more complicated or difficult		

Word confine (verb)	Definition to keep somebody/something inside	Word constituency (noun)	Definition a district that elects its own represen-
confirmation (noun)	the limits of a particular activity, subject, area, etc. a statement, letter, etc. that shows that something is true, correct or definite	constitute (verb) constitution (noun)	tative to parliament to be considered to be something the system of laws and basic princi- ples that a state, a country or an or- ganization is governed by
confront (verb)	to appear and need to be dealt with by somebody	constitutional (ad- jective)	gamento go omos e,
confrontation (noun)	a situation in which there is anger be- tween people or groups who disagree	constraint (noun)	a thing that limits something, or limits your freedom to do something
confusion (noun)	because they have different opinions a state of not being certain about what	consult (verb)	to go to somebody for information or advice
,	is happening, what you should do, what something means, etc.	consultant (noun)	a person who knows a lot about a particular subject and is employed to give
congratulate (verb)	to tell somebody that you are pleased about their success or achievements	consultation (noun)	advice about it to other people the act of discussing something with
congregation <i>(noun)</i>	a group of people who are gathered together in a church for a religious		somebody or with a group of people before making a decision about it
	service, not including the priest and choir	consumption (noun)	the act of using energy, food or materials; the amount used
congressional (ad- jective)	related to or belonging to a congress or the Congress in the US	contemplate (verb)	to think about whether you should do something, or how you should do
conquer (verb)	to take control of a country or city and its people by force	contempt (noun)	something the feeling that somebody/something
conscience (noun)	the part of your mind that tells you whether your actions are right or	and all (a h)	is without value and deserves no respect at all
consciousness	wrong the state of being able to use your	contend (verb)	to say that something is true, especially in an argument
(noun)	senses and mental powers to under- stand what is happening	contender (noun)	a person or team with a chance of winning a competition
consecutive (adjective)	following one after another in a contin- uous series	content (adjective)	happy and satisfied with what you have
consensus (noun)	an opinion that all members of a group agree with permission to do something, espe-	contention (noun) continually (adverb)	anger between people who disagree in a way that is repeated many times
consent (noun) consent (verb)	cially given by somebody in authority to agree to something or give your	contractor (noun)	so that it is annoying a person or company that has a con- tract to do work or provide goods or
consequently (ad-	permission for something as a result; therefore	contradiction	services for another company a lack of agreement between facts,
verb) conservation	the protection of the natural environ-	(noun) contrary (adjective)	opinions, actions, etc.
(noun) conserve (verb)	ment to protect something and prevent it	contrary (noun) contributor (noun)	the opposite fact, event or situation a person who writes articles for a
considerable (ad-	from being changed or destroyed great in amount, size, importance,	(,	magazine, book or website, or who talks on a radio or television pro-
<i>jective)</i> considerably <i>(ad-</i>	etc. much; a lot	controversial (ad-	gramme or at a meeting causing a lot of angry public discus-
verb) consistency (noun)	the quality of always behaving in the	jective) controversy (noun)	sion and disagreement public discussion and argument about
, ,	same way or of having the same opin- ions, standard, etc.; the quality of be- ing consistent	. ()	something that many people strongly disagree about, think is bad, or are shocked by
consistently (ad- verb)	always the same	convenience (noun)	the quality of being useful, easy or suitable for somebody
consolidate (verb)	to make a position of power or suc- cess stronger so that it is more likely to continue	convention (noun)	the way in which something is done that most people in a society expect and consider to be polite or the right
conspiracy (noun)	a secret plan by a group of people to do something harmful or illegal		way to do it

Word	Definition	Word	Definition
conventional (ad- jective)	tending to follow what is done or considered acceptable by society in general; normal and ordinary, and perhaps not very interesting	corresponding (ad- jective) corridor (noun)	matching or connected with some- thing that you have just mentioned a long narrow passage in a building, with doors that open into rooms on ei-
conversion (noun)	the act or process of changing some- thing from one form, use or system to another	corrupt (adjective)	ther side willing to use their power to do dishon- est or illegal things in return for money
convey (verb)	to make ideas, feelings, etc. known to somebody	corruption (noun)	or to get an advantage dishonest or illegal behaviour, espe-
convict (verb)	to decide and state officially in court that somebody is guilty of a crime	costly (adjective)	cially of people in authority costing a lot of money, especially
conviction (noun)	the act of finding somebody guilty of a crime in court; the fact of having been	councillor (noun)	more than you want to pay a member of a city or county council
convincing (adjec-	found guilty that makes somebody believe that	counselling (noun) counsellor (noun)	professional advice about a problem a person who has been trained to ad-
tive)	something is true	coariconor (nearly	vise people with problems, especially
cooperate (verb)	to work together with somebody else in order to achieve something	counter (noun)	personal problems a long flat surface over which goods
cooperative (adjec- tive)	involving doing something together or working together with others towards		are sold or business is done in a shop, bank, etc.
coordinate (verb)	a shared aim to organize the different parts of an	counter (verb)	to reply to somebody by trying to prove that what they said is not true
(1010)	activity and the people involved in it so that it works well	counterpart (noun)	a person or thing that has the same position or function as some-
coordination (noun)	the act of making parts of something,		body/something else in a different
	groups of people, etc. work together in an efficient and organized way	countless (adjec-	place or situation very many; too many to be counted or
coordinator (noun)	a person who organizes the different parts of an activity and the people in-	tive) coup (noun)	mentioned a sudden change of government that
cop (noun)	volved in it so that it works well a police officer	courtesy (noun)	is illegal and often violent polite behaviour that shows respect
cope (verb)	to deal successfully with something difficult	coverage (noun)	for other people the reporting of news and sport in the
copper (noun)	a chemical element. Copper is a		media
	soft red-brown metal used for making electric wires, pipes and coins.	crack (noun)	a line on the surface of something where it has broken but not split into
copyright (noun)	if a person or an organization holds	orack (vorh)	separate parts
	the copyright on a piece of writing, music, etc., they are the only people	crack (verb)	to break without dividing into separate parts; to break something in this way
	who have the legal right to publish, broadcast, perform it, etc., and other	craft (noun)	an activity involving a special skill at making things with your hands
	people must ask their permission to	craft (verb)	to make something using special
corporation (noun)	use it or any part of it a large business company	crawl (verb)	skills, especially with your hands to move forward on your hands and
correction (noun)	a change that makes something more accurate than it was before	olum (volu)	knees or with your body close to the ground
correlate (verb)	if two or more facts, figures, etc. cor- relate or if a fact, figure, etc. cor-	creativity (noun)	the use of skill and imagination to produce something new or to produce art
	relates with another, the facts are closely connected and affect or de-	creator (noun)	a person who has made or invented a particular thing
	pend on each other	credibility (noun)	the quality that somebody/something
correlation (noun)	a connection between two things in which one thing changes as the other does	credible (adjective)	has that makes people believe or trust them that can be believed or trusted
correspond (verb)	to be the same as or match something	creep (verb)	to move slowly, quietly and carefully,
correspondence (noun)	the letters, emails, etc. a person sends and receives		because you do not want to be seen or heard
correspondent (noun)	a person who reports news from a particular country or on a particular subject for a newspaper or a television or radio station	critically (adverb)	in a way that says what you think is bad about somebody/something

Word	Definition	Word	Definition
critique (noun)	a piece of written criticism of a set of ideas, a work of art, etc.	deadline (noun)	a point in time by which something must be done
crown (noun)	an object in the shape of a circle, usually made of gold and precious stones, that a king or queen wears on	deadly <i>(adjective)</i> dealer <i>(noun)</i>	causing or likely to cause death a person whose business is buying and selling a particular product
crude (adjective)	his or her head on official occasions in its natural state, before it has been processed or refined	debris (noun)	pieces of wood, metal, building materials, etc. that are left after something has been destroyed
cruise (noun)	a journey by sea, visiting different places, especially as a holiday	debut (noun)	the first public appearance of a per- former or sports player
cruise (verb)	to travel in a ship or boat visiting dif- ferent places, especially as a holiday	decision-making (noun)	the process of deciding about some- thing important, especially in a group
crush (verb)	to press something so hard that it is damaged or injured, or loses its shape	decisive (adjective)	of people or in an organization very important for the final result of a
crystal (noun)	a small piece of a substance with many even sides, that is formed nat- urally when the substance becomes solid	deck (noun) declaration (noun)	particular situation the top outside floor of a ship or boat an official or formal statement, espe- cially about the plans of a government
cue (noun)	an action or event that is a signal for somebody to do something		or an organization; the act of making such a statement
cult (adjective)	very popular with a particular group of people	dedicated (adjec- tive)	working hard at something because it is very important to you
cult (noun)	a way of life, an attitude, an idea, etc. that has become very popular	dedication (noun)	the hard work and effort that some- body puts into an activity or a purpose
cultivate (verb)	to prepare and use land for growing plants or crops	deed (noun)	because they think it is important a thing that somebody does that is
curiosity (noun)	a strong desire to know about something	deem (verb)	usually very good or very bad to have a particular opinion about
curious (adjective)	having a strong desire to know about something	default (noun)	somebody/something what happens or appears if you do not
curriculum (noun)	the subjects that are included in a course of study or taught in a school, college, etc.	defect (noun)	make any other choice or change, especially in a computer program a fault in something or in the way it
custody (noun)	the legal right or duty to take care of or keep somebody/something; the act of	, ,	has been made that means that it is not perfect
cute (adjective) cutting (noun)	taking care of something/somebody pretty and attractive	defender (noun)	a player who must stop the other team from scoring in games such as foot-
cutting (<i>noun</i>) cynical (adjective)	an article or a story that you cut from a newspaper or magazine and keep believing that people only do things to	defensive (adjec- tive)	ball (soccer), hockey, etc. protecting somebody/something against attack
cymoa (acjoonvo)	help themselves rather than for good or honest reasons	deficiency (noun)	the state of not having, or not having enough of, something that is essential
dairy <i>(adjective)</i> dairy <i>(noun)</i>	made from milk milk, cheese and other milk products	deficit (noun)	the amount by which money spent or owed is greater than money earned in
dam <i>(noun)</i>	a barrier that is built across a river in order to stop the water from flowing, used especially to make a reservoir (= a lake for storing water) or to produce	defy (verb)	a particular period of time to refuse to obey or show respect for somebody in authority, a law, a rule, etc.
damaging (adjec- tive) dare (verb)	electricity causing damage; having a bad effect on somebody/something to be brave enough to do something	delegate (noun)	a person who is chosen or elected to represent the views of a group of peo- ple and vote and make decisions for them
darkness (noun)	the state of being dark, without any light	delegation (noun)	a group of people who represent the views of an organization, a country,
database (noun) dawn (noun)	an organized set of data that is stored in a computer and can be looked at and used in various ways the time of day when light first ap- pears	delete (verb)	etc. to remove something that has been written or printed, or that has been stored on a computer

Word	Definition	Word	Definition
delicate (adjective)	easily damaged or broken	desirable (adjec-	that you would like to have or do;
democracy (noun)	a system of government in which the	tive)	worth having or doing
	people of a country can vote to elect	desktop (noun)	a screen on a computer that shows
democratic (adjec-	their representatives controlled by representatives who are		the icons of programs and files that can be used
tive)	elected by the people of a country;	desperately (ad-	in a way that shows you have lit-
	connected with this system	verb)	tle hope and are ready to do any-
demon (noun)	an evil spirit		thing without worrying about danger
demonstration	a public meeting or a march (=	deele elle Are Are el	to yourself or others
(noun)	an organized walk by many peo- ple) at which people show that they	destruction (noun)	the act of destroying something; the process of being destroyed
	are protesting against or supporting	destructive (adjec-	causing destruction or damage
	somebody/something	tive)	3
denial (noun)	a statement that something is not true	detain (verb)	to keep somebody in an official place,
	or does not exist; the action of deny-		such as a police station, a prison or a
denounce (verb)	ing something to strongly criticize some-		hospital, and prevent them from leaving
deliberios (1012)	body/something that you think is	detection (noun)	the process of discovering or noticing
	wrong, illegal, etc.	, ,	something, especially something that
dense (adjective)	containing a lot of people, things,		is not easy to see, hear, etc.; the fact
	plants, etc. with little space between them	detention (noun)	of being discovered or noticed the state of being kept in a place, es-
density (noun)	the quality of being dense; the degree	determon (noun)	pecially a prison, and prevented from
, ()	to which something is dense		leaving
depart (verb)	to leave a place, especially to start a	deteriorate (verb)	to become worse
dependence (noun)	trip the state of needing the help and sup-	determination (noun)	the quality that makes you continue trying to do something even when this
dependence (noun)	port of somebody/something in order	(Houri)	is difficult
	to survive or be successful	devastate (verb)	to completely destroy a place or an
dependent (adjec-	needing somebody/something in or-		area
tive)	der to survive or be successful	devil (noun)	the most powerful evil being
depict (verb)	to show an image of some- body/something in a picture	devise (verb)	to invent something new or a new way of doing something
deploy (verb)	to move soldiers or weapons into a	devote (verb)	
	position where they are ready for mili-	diagnose (verb)	to say exactly what an illness or the
doployment (neun)	tary action	diagnosis (noun)	cause of a problem is
deployment (noun)	the act of moving soldiers or weapons into a position where they are ready	diagnosis (noun)	the act of discovering or identifying the exact cause of an illness or a prob-
	for military action		lem
deposit (noun)	a sum of money that is given as the	dictate (verb)	to tell somebody what to do, espe-
alamanik (comb)	first part of a larger payment	distatou (no)	cially in an annoying way
deposit (verb) depression (noun)	to put money into a bank account a medical condition in which a person	dictator (noun)	a political leader who has complete power over a country, especially one
aoprocolori (nearly	feels very sad, anxious and without		who has gained it using military force
	hope and often has physical symp-	differ (verb)	to be different from some-
	toms such as being unable to sleep,	aliffa wa saki aka (o sa sala)	body/something
deprive (verb)	etc.	differentiate (verb)	to recognize or show that two things are not the same
deputy (noun)	a person who is the next most impor-	dignity (noun)	a calm and serious manner that de-
	tant person below a business man-	, ,	serves respect
	ager, a head of a school, a political	dilemma (noun)	a situation that makes problems, of-
	leader, etc. and who does that person's job when they are away		ten one in which you have to make a very difficult choice between things of
derive (verb)	30113 Job When they are away		equal importance
descend (verb)	to come or go down from a higher to a	dimension (noun)	a measurement in space, for example
	lower level		how high, wide or long something is
descent (noun) designate (verb)	an action of coming or going down to say officially that some-	diminish (verb)	to become smaller, weaker, etc.; to make something become smaller,
ucsignate (VEID)	to say officially that some- body/something has a particular		weaker, etc.
	character or name; to describe		•
	somebody/something in a particular		
	wav		

way

Word	Definition	Word	Definition
dip (verb)	to put something quickly into a liquid and take it out again	dismissal (noun)	the act of dismissing somebody from their job; an example of this
diplomat (noun)	a person whose job is to represent his or her country in a foreign country, for example, in an embassy	disorder (noun)	a condition or illness that causes problems with the way part of the body or brain works
diplomatic (adjec- tive)	connected with managing relations between countries (= diplomacy)	displace (verb)	to take the place of some- body/something
directory (noun)	a book or electronic resource contain- ing lists of information, usually in al- phabetical order, for example people's	disposal (noun) dispose (verb)	the act of getting rid of something to arrange things or people in a par- ticular way or position
	phone numbers or the names and ad- dresses of businesses in a particular area	dispute (noun)	an argument between two people, groups or countries; discussion about a subject on which people disagree
disability (noun)	a physical or mental condition that makes it difficult for somebody to do	dispute (verb)	to question whether something is true or legally or officially acceptable
	some things that most other people can do	disrupt (verb)	to make it difficult for something to continue in the normal way
disabled (adjective)	having a condition that makes it dif- ficult for you to do some things that most other people can do	disruption (noun)	a situation in which it is difficult for something to continue in the normal way; the act of stopping something
disagreement	a situation where people have differ-	dia a a luca (u a wha)	from continuing in the normal way
(noun)	ent opinions about something and often argue	dissolve (verb)	to mix with a liquid and become part of it
disappoint (verb)	to make somebody feel sad because	distant (adjective)	far away in space or time
	something that they hope for or expect to happen does not happen or is not	distinct (adjective) distinction (noun)	easily or clearly heard, seen, felt, etc. a clear difference or contrast espe-
	as good as they hoped	distillction (noun)	cially between people or things that
disappointment	the feeling of being sad because		are similar or related
(noun)	something has not happened or been	distinctive (adjec-	having a quality or characteristic that
	as good, successful, etc. as you expected or hoped	tive)	makes something different and easily noticed
disastrous (adjec- tive)	very bad, harmful or unsuccessful	distinguish (verb)	to recognize the difference between two people or things
discard (verb)	to get rid of something that you no longer want or need	distort (verb)	to change the shape, appearance or sound of something so that it is
discharge (verb)	to give somebody official permission	diatus at (vaula)	strange or not clear
	to leave the police or the armed forces; to make somebody leave the	distract (verb)	to take somebody's attention away from what they are trying to do
	police or the armed forces	distress (noun)	a feeling of great worry or unhappi-
disclose (verb)	to give somebody information about something, especially something that	distress (verb)	ness; great mental pain to make somebody feel very worried
Paulan (ana)	was previously secret	Par da (a da)	or unhappy
disclosure (noun)	the act of making something known or public that was previously secret or	disturb (verb)	to interrupt somebody when they are trying to work, sleep, etc.
discourage (verb)	private to try to prevent something or to	disturbing (adjec- tive)	making you feel anxious and upset or shocked
and contrage (vers)	prevent somebody from doing some- thing, especially by making it difficult	dive (noun)	a jump into deep water with your head first and your arms in front of you
	to do or by showing that you do not approve of it	dive (verb)	to jump into water with your head and arms going in first
discourse (noun)	a long and serious treatment or discussion of a subject in speech or writ-	diverse (adjective)	very different from each other and of various kinds
discretion (noun)	ing	diversity (noun)	a range of many people or things that
discretion (noun)	the freedom or power to decide what should be done in a particular situa- tion	divert (verb)	are very different from each other to make somebody/something change direction
discrimination (noun)	the practice of treating somebody or a particular group in society less fairly	divine (adjective)	coming from or connected with God or a god
()	than others	divorce (noun) divorce (verb)	the legal ending of a marriage to end your marriage to somebody legally

Word doctrine (noun)	Definition a belief or set of beliefs held and	Word duration (noun)	Definition the length of time that something lasts
	taught by a Church, a political party, etc.	dynamic (adjective)	or continues having a lot of energy and a strong
documentation (noun)	the documents that are required for something, or that give evidence or proof of something	dynamic (noun)	personality the way in which people or things behave and react to each other in a par-
domain <i>(noun)</i>	an area of knowledge or activity; especially one that somebody is responsible for	eager (adjective)	ticular situation very interested and excited by some- thing that is going to happen or about
dominance (noun)	the fact of being more important, powerful or easy to notice than some-		something that you want to do; showing this
dominant (adjec- tive)	body/something else more important, powerful or easy to notice than other things	earnings (noun) ease (noun)	the money that you earn for the work that you do lack of difficulty
donation (noun)	something that is given to a person or an organization such as a charity, in order to help them; the act of giving something in this way	ease (verb) echo (noun)	to become less unpleasant, painful or severe; to make something less un- pleasant, etc. the reflecting of sound off a wall or in-
donor (noun)	a person or an organization that makes a gift of money, clothes, food, etc. to a charity, etc.	echo (noun)	side a particular space so that a noise appears to be repeated; a sound that is reflected back in this way
dose (noun)	an amount of a medicine or a drug that is taken once, or regularly over a period of time	echo (verb)	if a sound echoes, it is reflected off a wall, the side of a mountain, etc. so that you can hear it again
dot (noun)	a small round mark, especially one that is printed	ecological (adjec- tive)	connected with the relation of plants and living creatures to each other and
downtown (adjec- tive)	in, towards or typical of the centre of a city, especially its main business area	economics (noun)	to their environment the study of how a society organizes
downtown (adverb) downtown (noun)	in or towards the centre of a city, especially its main business area the centre of a city, especially its main	economist (noun)	its money, trade and industry a person who studies or writes about economics
drain <i>(verb)</i>	business area to make something empty or dry by removing the liquid from it; to become empty or dry in this way	editorial (adjective)	connected with the task of preparing something such as a newspaper, a book or a television or radio programme, to be published or broadcast
dramatically (ad- verb)	very suddenly and to a very great and often surprising degree	educator (noun)	a person whose job is to teach or educate people
drift (verb)	to move along smoothly and slowly in water or air	effectiveness (noun)	the fact of producing the result that is wanted or intended; the fact of pro-
driving (adjective)	strong and powerful; having a strong influence in making something happen	efficiency (noun)	ducing a successful result the quality of doing something well with no waste of time or money
drought (noun)	a long period of time when there is lit- tle or no rain	efficiently (adverb)	in a good and careful way, with no waste of time, money or energy
drown <i>(verb)</i>	to die because you have been un- derwater too long and you cannot breathe; to kill somebody by holding them underwater	ego (noun) elaborate (adjective)	your sense of your own value and im- portance very complicated and detailed; care- fully prepared and organized
dual (adjective) dub (verb)	having two parts or aspects to give somebody/something a partic- ular name, often in a humorous or crit-	elbow (noun)	the joint between the upper and lower parts of the arm where it bends in the middle
dull (adjective) dumb (adjective) dump (verb)	ical way not interesting or exciting stupid to get rid of something you do not	electronics (noun)	connected with elections the branch of science and technology that studies electric currents in elec- tronic equipment
duo (noun)	want, especially in a place that is not suitable two people who perform together or are often seen or thought of together	elegant (adjective) elementary (adjective)	attractive and showing a good sense of style in or connected with the first stages of a course of study

Word	Definition	Word	Definition
elevate (verb)	to give somebody/something a higher position or rank, often more important	enforce (verb)	to make sure that people obey a particular law or rule
	than they deserve	enforcement (noun)	the act of making people obey a par-
eligible (adjective)	a person who is eligible for something or to do something, is able to have or	engagement (noun)	ticular law or rule an agreement to marry somebody;
	do it because they have the right qual-		the period during which two people
eliminate (verb)	ifications, are the right age, etc. to remove or get rid of something	engaging (adjec-	are engaged interesting or pleasant in a way that
elite (noun)	a small group of people in a society, etc. who are powerful and have a lot	<i>tive)</i> enjoyable <i>(adjec-</i>	attracts your attention giving pleasure
	of influence, because they are rich, in-	enjoyable <i>(adjec-tive)</i>	giving pleasure
embark <i>(verb)</i>	telligent, etc. to get onto a ship or plane; to put	enquire <i>(verb)</i> enrich <i>(verb)</i>	to ask somebody for some information to improve the quality of something,
embant (verb)	somebody/something onto a ship or	, ,	often by adding something to it
embarrassment	plane shy, uncomfortable or guilty feelings;	enrol (verb)	to arrange for yourself or for some- body else to officially join a course,
(noun)	a feeling of being embarrassed		school, etc.
embassy (noun)	a group of officials led by an ambas- sador who represent their government	ensue (verb)	to happen after or as a result of another event
1 17 1	in a foreign country	enterprise (noun)	a company or business
embed (verb)	to fix something in a substance or solid object	entertaining (adjec- tive)	that you enjoy watching, listening to, doing or experiencing
embody (verb)	to express or represent an idea or a	enthusiast (noun)	a person who is very interested in
embrace (verb)	quality to put your arms around somebody as		something and spends a lot of time doing it
omorgonoo (noun)	a sign of love or friendship the fact of somebody/something mov-	entitle (verb)	to give somebody the right to have or to do something
emergence (noun)	ing out of or away from something and	entity (noun)	something that exists separately from
emission (noun)	becoming possible to see the production or sending out of light,	entrepreneur	other things and has its own identity a person who makes money by start-
	heat, gas, etc.	(noun)	ing or running businesses, especially
emotionally <i>(ad- verb)</i>	in a way that is connected with peo- ple's feelings (= with the emotions)		when this involves taking financial risks
empire (noun)	a group of countries or states that are	envelope (noun)	a flat paper container used for send-
	controlled by one leader or govern- ment		ing letters in, with a part that you stick down to close it
empirical (adjec-	based on experiments or experience	epidemic (noun)	a large number of cases of a particu-
<i>tive)</i> empower <i>(verb)</i>	rather than ideas or theories to give somebody the power or au-		lar disease or medical condition hap- pening at the same time in a particular
anact (varh)	thority to do something	oguality (noun)	community
enact (verb) encompass (verb)	to pass a law to include a large number or range of	equality (noun)	the fact of being equal in rights, status, advantages, etc.
encouragement	things the act of encouraging somebody to	equation (noun)	a statement showing that two amounts or values are equal, for
(noun)	do something; something that encour-		example $2x + y = 54$
encouraging <i>(ad-</i>	ages somebody that gives somebody support,	equip (verb)	to provide your- self/somebody/something with the
jective)	courage or hope		things that are needed for a particular
endeavour (noun)	an attempt to do something, espe- cially something new or difficult	equivalent (adjec-	purpose or activity equal in value, amount, meaning, im-
endless (adjective)	very large in size or amount and	tive)	portance, etc.
endorse (verb)	seeming to have no end to say publicly that you support a per-	equivalent (noun)	a thing, amount, word, etc. that is equal in value, meaning or purpose to
, ,	son, statement or course of action	oro (noun)	something else
endorsement (noun)	a public statement or action showing that you support some-	era (noun)	a period of time, usually in history, that is different from other periods be-
	body/something		cause of particular characteristics or
endure (verb)	to experience and deal with some- thing that is painful or unpleasant		events
	without giving up		

Word	Definition	Word	Definition
erect (verb)	to build something	exclusive (adjec-	only to be used by one particular per-
erupt (verb)	when a volcano erupts or burning	tive)	son or group; only given to one partic-
	rocks, smoke, etc. erupt or are		ular person or group
	erupted, the burning rocks, etc. are thrown out from the volcano	exclusively (ad- verb)	for only one particular person, group or use
escalate (verb)	to become greater, worse, more seri-	execute (verb)	to kill somebody, especially as a legal
0000.000	ous, etc.; to make something greater,		punishment
	worse, more serious, etc.	execution (noun)	the act of killing somebody, especially
essence (noun)	the most important quality or feature		as a legal punishment
essentially (adverb)	of something, that makes it what it is when you think about the true, im-	exert (verb)	to use power or influence to affect somebody/something
essentially (adverb)	portant or basic nature of some-	exhibit (noun)	an object or a collection of objects put
	body/something	,	in a public place, for example a mu-
establishment	an organization, a large institution or		seum, so that people can see it
<i>(noun)</i> eternal <i>(adjective)</i>	a hotel without an end; existing or continuing	exhibit (verb)	to show something in a public place for people to enjoy or to give them in-
eternar (aujective)	forever		formation
ethic (noun)	moral principles that control or influ-	exile (noun)	the state of being sent to live in an-
	ence a person's behaviour		other country that is not your own, es-
ethnic (adjective)	connected with or belonging to a		pecially for political reasons or as a
	group of people that share a cultural tradition	exit (noun)	punishment a way out of a public building or vehi-
evacuate (verb)	to move people from a place of danger	CAR (HOUR)	cle
	to a safer place	exit (verb)	to go out; to leave a building, stage,
evaluation (noun)	the act of forming an opinion of the	ti- (diti)	vehicle, etc.
	amount, value or quality of something after thinking about it carefully	exotic (adjective)	from or in another country, especially a tropical one; seeming exciting and
evident (adjective)	clear; easily seen		unusual because it seems to be con-
evoke (verb)	to bring a feeling, a memory or an im-		nected with foreign countries
	age into your mind	expansion (noun)	an act of increasing or making some-
evolution (noun)	the slow steady development of plants, animals, etc. during the history		thing increase in size, amount or importance
	of the earth, as they adapt to changes	expenditure (noun)	the act of spending or using money;
	in their environment	- (/	an amount of money spent
evolutionary (adjec-	connected with evolution; connected	experimental (ad-	based on new ideas, forms or meth-
tive)	with slow steady development and	jective)	ods that are used to find out what ef-
evolve (verb)	change to develop gradually, especially from a	expertise (noun)	fect they have expert knowledge or skill in a particu-
0.0.00 (10.0)	simple to a more complicated form; to	onponioo (110011)	lar subject, activity or job
	develop something in this way	expire (verb)	to be no longer legally acceptable be-
exaggerate (verb)	to make something seem larger, bet-		cause the period of time for which it
	ter, worse or more important than it really is	explicit (adjective)	could be used has ended clear and easy to understand, so that
exceed (verb)	to be greater than a particular number	explicit (adjective)	you have no doubt what is meant
,	or amount	explicitly (adverb)	clearly or directly, so that the meaning
excellence (noun)	the quality of being extremely good		is easy to understand
exception (noun)	a person or thing that is not included in a general statement	exploit (verb)	to treat a person or situation as an opportunity to gain an advantage for
exceptional (adjec-	unusually good		yourself
tive)	anacam, good	exploitation (noun)	a situation in which somebody treats
excess (adjective)	in addition to an amount that is neces-		somebody else in an unfair way, es-
ovooce (noun)	sary, usual or legal		pecially in order to make money from their work
excess (noun)	more than is necessary, reasonable or acceptable	explosive (adjec-	easily able or likely to explode
excessive (adjec-	greater than what seems reasonable	tive)	
tive)	or appropriate	explosive (noun)	a substance that is able or likely to
exclude (verb)	to deliberately not include something	ovnocuro (noun)	cause an explosion
exclusion (noun)	in what you are doing or considering the act of preventing some-	exposure (noun)	the state of being in a place or situa- tion where there is no protection from
	body/something from entering a		something harmful or unpleasant
	place or taking part in something		·

Word extension (noun)	Definition the act of increasing the area of activity, group of people, etc. that is af-	Word feminist (adjective)	Definition having or based on the belief that women should have the same rights
extensive (adjec- tive)	fected by something covering a large area; great in amount	feminist (noun)	and opportunities as men a person who supports the belief that women should have the same rights
extensively (adverb) extract (noun)	in a way that covers a large area a short passage from a book, piece of	fever (noun)	and opportunities as men a medical condition in which a person has a temperature that is higher than
extract (verb)	music, etc. that gives you an idea of what the whole thing is like to remove or obtain a substance from	fibre (noun)	normal the part of food that helps to keep a person healthy by keeping the bowels
extremist (noun)	something, for example by using an industrial or a chemical process a person whose opinions, especially	fierce (adjective)	working and moving other food quickly through the body angry and aggressive in a way that is
extremist (noun)	about religion or politics, are extreme, and who may do things that are vio-	film-maker (noun)	frightening
fabric (noun)	lent or illegal for what they believe material made by weaving wool, cot- ton, silk, etc., used for making clothes, curtains, etc. and for covering furni-	filter (noun)	a device containing paper, sand, chemicals, etc. that a liquid or gas is passed through in order to remove any materials that are not wanted
fabulous (adjective) facilitate (verb)	ture extremely good to make an action or a process possi-	filter (verb)	to pass liquid, light, etc. through a special device, especially to remove something that is not wanted
faction (noun)	ble or easier a small group of people within a larger	fine (noun)	a sum of money that must be paid as punishment for breaking a law or rule
laction (noun)	one, whose members have some dif- ferent aims and beliefs to those of the larger group	fine (verb) firearm (noun)	to make somebody pay money as an official punishment a gun that can be carried
faculty (noun)	a department or group of related departments in a college or university	firefighter (noun) firework (noun)	a person whose job is to put out fires a small device containing powder
fade (verb)	to become or to make something become paler or less bright	illework (nourl)	that burns or explodes and produces bright coloured lights and loud noises,
failed <i>(adjective)</i> fairness <i>(noun)</i>	not successful the quality of treating people equally or in a way that is reasonable	firm (adjective)	used especially at celebrations fairly hard; not easy to press into a different shape
fake (adjective)	not what somebody claims it is; appearing to be something it is not	firmly <i>(adverb)</i> fit <i>(noun)</i>	in a strong or definite way a sudden attack of an illness, such
fame (noun) fantasy (noun)	the state of being known and talked about by many people a pleasant situation that you imagine		as epilepsy, in which somebody be- comes unconscious and their body may make violent movements
fare (noun)	but that is unlikely to happen the money that you pay to travel by	fixture (noun)	a sports event that has been arranged to take place on a particular date and
fatal (adjective)	bus, plane, taxi, etc. causing or ending in death	flavour (noun)	at a particular place how food or drink tastes
fate (noun)	the things, especially bad things, that will happen or have happened to somebody/something	flaw (noun)	a mistake in something that means that it is not correct or does not work correctly
favourable (adjec- tive) feat (noun)	making people have a good opinion of somebody/something an action or a piece of work that	flawed (adjective) flee (verb)	having a flaw; not perfect or correct to leave a person or place very quickly, especially because you are
federal (adjective)	needs skill, strength or courage having a system of government in which the individual states of a coun-	fleet (noun)	afraid of possible danger a group of military ships commanded by the same person
	try have control over their own affairs, but are controlled by a central govern-	flesh (noun)	the soft substance between the skin and bones of animal or human bodies
	ment for national decisions, etc.	flexibility (noun)	the ability to change to suit new conditions or situations
		flourish (verb)	to develop quickly and become suc- cessful or common

Word	Definition	Word	Definition
fluid (noun) fond (adjective)	a liquid; a substance that can flow having warm or loving feelings for somebody, especially somebody you	franchise (noun)	formal permission given by a com- pany to somebody who wants to sell its goods or services in a particular
fool (noun)	have known for a long time a person who you think behaves or speaks in a way that lacks intelligence or good judgement		area; formal permission given by a government to somebody who wants to operate a public service as a busi- ness
footage (noun)	part of a film showing a particular event	frankly (adverb)	in an honest and direct way that peo- ple might not like
forbid (verb)	to order somebody not to do some- thing; to order that something must not be done	fraud (noun)	the crime of cheating somebody in or- der to get money or goods illegally
forecast (noun)	a statement about what will happen in the future, based on information that	freely (adverb) frequent (adjective)	without anyone trying to prevent or control something happening or doing something often
forecast (verb)	is available now to say what you think will happen in the future based on information that	frustrated (adjective)	feeling annoyed and impatient be- cause you cannot do or achieve what you want
foreigner (noun)	you have now a person who comes from a different country	frustrating (adjec- tive)	causing you to feel annoyed and impatient because you cannot do or achieve what you want
forge (verb)	to put a lot of effort into making some- thing successful or strong so that it will last	frustration (noun) fulfil (verb)	the feeling of being frustrated to do or achieve what was hoped for or expected
format (noun)	the general arrangement, plan, design, etc. of something	full-time (adjective)	for all the hours of a week during which people normally work or study,
formation (noun)	the action of forming something; the process of being formed	full-time (adverb)	rather than just for a part of it for all the hours of a week during
formerly <i>(adverb)</i> formula <i>(noun)</i>	in the past a series of letters, numbers or sym-	, ,	which people normally work or study, rather than just for a part of it
formulate (verb)	bols that represent a rule or law to create or prepare something care- fully, giving particular attention to the	tive) fundamentally (ad-	practical and useful; with little or no decoration in every way that is important; com-
forth (adverb) forthcoming (adjec- tive)	details away from a place; out going to happen, be published, etc. very soon	verb) fundraising (noun)	pletely the activity of collecting money for a charity or organization, often by orga- nizing social events or entertainments
fortunate (adjec- tive) forum (noun)	having or bringing an advantage, an opportunity, a piece of good luck, etc. an event or medium where people can		a ceremony, often a religious one, for burying or cremating (= burning) a dead person
fossil <i>(noun)</i>	exchange opinions and ideas on a particular issue; a meeting organized for this purpose the parts of a dead animal or a plant	furious (adjective) gallon (noun)	very angry a unit for measuring liquid. In the UK, Canada and other countries it is equal to about 4.5 litres; in the US it is equal
, ,	that have become hard and turned into rock		to about 3.8 litres. There are four quarts in a gallon.
foster (verb) foundation (noun)	to encourage something to develop a principle, an idea or a fact that something is based on and that it	gambling (noun)	the activity of playing games of chance for money and of betting on horses, etc.
founder (noun)	grows from a person who starts an organization, institution, etc. or causes something	gaming (noun) gathering (noun)	playing computer games a meeting of people for a particular purpose
fraction (noun)	to be built a small part or amount of something	gay (adjective)	sexually attracted to people of the same sex
fragile (adjective) fragment (noun)	easily broken or damaged a small part of something that has broken off or comes from something	gaze (noun) gaze (verb)	a long, steady look at some- body/something to look steadily at some- body/something for a long time,
framework (noun)	larger the parts of a building or an object that support its weight and give it shape		either because you are very interested or surprised, or because you are thinking of something else

Word	Definition	Word	Definition
gear <i>(noun)</i>	equipment in a vehicle that changes	governor (noun)	a person who is the official head of a
geom (mean)	the relation between engine speed (or	geromer (meany	country or region that is governed by
	pedal speed on a bicycle) and the		another country
	speed of the wheels moving forwards	grace (noun)	an attractive quality of movement that
	or backwards		is smooth and done with control; a
gender (noun)	the fact of being male or female,	anno alain (andiantina)	simple and beautiful quality
	especially when considered with ref- erence to social and cultural differ-	graphic (adjective)	connected with drawings and design, especially in the production of books,
	ences, rather than differences in biol-		magazines, websites, etc.
	ogy; members of a particular gender	graphics (noun)	designs, drawings or pictures that are
	as a group	3 -4 ()	used especially in the production of
gene (noun)	a unit inside a cell that controls a par-		books, magazines, websites, etc.
	ticular quality in a living thing that has	grasp <i>(noun)</i>	a strong hold of somebody/something
ganaria (adiaativa)	been passed on from its parents	aroon (vorh)	or control over somebody/something
generic (adjective)	shared by, including or typical of a whole group of things; not specific	grasp (verb)	to take a strong hold of some- body/something
genetic (adjective)	connected with genes (= the units in	grave (adjective)	very serious and important; giving you
gooo (dayooo)	the cells of a living thing that control	g.a.e (aajeee)	a reason to feel worried
	its physical characteristics) or genet-	grave (noun)	a place in the ground where a dead
	ics (= the study of genes)		person is buried
genius (noun)	unusually great intelligence, skill or	gravity (noun)	the force that attracts objects in space
ganasida (naun)	artistic ability		towards each other, and that on the
genocide (noun)	the murder of a large number of peo- ple from a particular nation or ethnic		earth pulls them towards the centre of the planet, so that things fall to the
	group, with the aim of destroying that		ground when they are dropped
	nation or group	greatly (adverb)	very much
genuine (adjective)	real; exactly what it appears to be; not	greenhouse (noun)	•
	artificial	grid <i>(noun)</i>	a pattern of straight lines, usually
genuinely (adverb)	truly; in a way that is exactly what it	a dat (a.a. a)	crossing each other to form squares
gosturo (noun)	appears to be and is not artificial	grief (noun)	a very sad feeling, especially when
gesture (noun)	a movement that you make with your hands, your head or your face to show	grin <i>(noun)</i>	somebody dies a wide smile
	a particular meaning	grin (<i>verb</i>)	to smile widely
gig <i>(noun)</i>	a performance by musicians playing	grind (verb)	to break or press something into very
	popular music or jazz in front of an au-		small pieces between two hard sur-
	dience; a similar performance by a co-		faces or using a special machine
alanco (noun)	median	grip <i>(noun)</i>	an act of holding some-
glance <i>(noun)</i> glance <i>(verb)</i>	a quick look to look quickly at some-		body/something tightly; a particular way of doing this
giarioe (verb)	thing/somebody	grip (verb)	to hold something tightly
glimpse (noun)	a sight of somebody/something for a	grocery (noun)	a shop that sells food and other things
. , ,	very short time, when you do not see	,	used in the home. In American En-
	the person or thing completely		glish 'grocery store' is often used to
globalization (noun)	the would (wood comesially to combo	avena (adiantiva)	mean 'supermarket'.
globe (noun)	the world (used especially to emphasize its size)	gross (adjective)	being the total amount of something before anything is taken away
glorious (adjective)	deserving or bringing great success	guerrilla (noun)	a member of a small group of soldiers
g.ccae (aajccarc)	and making somebody/something fa-	guoa (a)	who are not part of an official army
	mous		and who fight against official soldiers,
glory <i>(noun)</i>	great success that brings somebody		usually to try to change the govern-
	praise and honour and makes them		ment
goldon (adioativa)	famous	guidance (noun)	help or advice that is given to some-
golden (adjective) goodness (noun)	made of gold the quality of being good		body, especially by somebody older or with more experience
gorgeous (adjec-	very beautiful and attractive; giving	guideline (noun)	a set of rules or instructions that are
tive)	great pleasure	(/	given by an official organization telling
governance (noun)	the activity of governing a country or		you how to do something, especially
	controlling a company or an organi-		something difficult
	zation; the way in which a country is		
	governed or a company or institution is controlled		
	.5 50/10/00/00		

Word	Definition	Word	Definition
guilt (noun)	the unhappy feelings caused by knowing or thinking that you have done	hence (adverb) herb (noun)	for this reason a plant whose leaves, flowers or
gut (noun)	something wrong the tube in the body through which food passes when it leaves the stom- ach		seeds are used to add taste to food, in medicines or for their pleasant smell. parsley, mint and oregano are all herbs.
habitat (noun)	the place where a particular type of animal or plant is normally found	heritage (noun)	the history, traditions, buildings and objects that a country or society has
hail <i>(verb)</i>	to describe somebody/something as being very good or special, especially in newspapers, etc.		had for many years and that are considered an important part of its character
halfway (adverb)	at an equal distance between two points; in the middle of a period of time	hidden (adjective)	something that is hidden is kept or lo- cated in a place where it cannot be seen
halt (noun)	an act of stopping the movement or progress of somebody/something	hierarchy (noun)	a system, especially in a society or an organization, in which people are or-
halt (verb)	to stop; to make some- body/something stop		ganized into different levels of importance from highest to lowest
handful (noun)	the amount of something that can be held in one hand	high-profile (adjec- tive)	receiving or involving a lot of attention and discussion in the media
handling (noun)	the way that somebody deals with or treats a situation, a person, an animal, etc.	highway (noun)	a main road for travelling long distances, especially one connecting and going through cities and towns
handy (adjective) harassment (noun)	easy to use or to do the act of annoying or worrying some-	hilarious (adjective) hint (noun)	extremely funny something that you say or do in an in-
marassment (<i>nearly</i>	body by putting pressure on them or saying or doing unpleasant things to them	hint (verb)	direct way in order to show somebody what you are thinking to suggest something in an indirect
harbour (noun)	an area of water on the coast, pro-		way
	tected from the open sea by strong walls, where ships can shelter	hip <i>(noun)</i>	the area at either side of the body be- tween the top of the leg and the mid-
hardware (noun)	the machines and electronic parts in a computer or other electronic system		dle part of the body; the joint at the top of the leg that connects it with the
harmony (noun)	a state of peaceful existence and agreement	historian (noun)	top part of the body a person who studies or writes about
harsh <i>(adjective)</i> harvest <i>(noun)</i>	cruel, severe and unkind the time of year when the crops are	homeland (noun)	history; an expert in history the country where a person was born
, ,	gathered in on a farm, etc.; the act of cutting and gathering crops	homeless (adjec- tive)	having no home, and therefore typically living on the streets
harvest (verb)	to cut and gather a crop; to catch a number of animals or fish to eat	honesty <i>(noun)</i> hook <i>(noun)</i>	the quality of being honest a curved piece of metal, plastic or wire
hatred (noun)	a very strong feeling of dislike for somebody/something		for hanging things on, catching fish with, etc.
haunt (verb)	if the ghost of a dead person haunts a place, people say that they have seen it there	hook (verb)	to fasten or hang something on some- thing else using a hook; to be fas- tened or hanging in this way
hazard (noun)	something that can be dangerous or cause damage	hopeful (adjective)	believing that something you want will happen
headquarters (noun)	a place from which an organization or a military operation is controlled; the	hopefully (adverb)	used to express what you hope will happen
, ,	people who work there	horizon (noun)	the furthest that you can see, where
heal (verb)	to become healthy again; to make something healthy again		the sky seems to meet the land or the sea
healthcare (noun) heighten (verb)	the service of providing medical care if a feeling or an effect heightens, or something heightens it, it becomes stronger or increases	horn <i>(noun)</i>	a hard pointed part that grows, usually in pairs, on the heads of some animals, such as sheep and cows. Horns are often curved.
helmet (noun)	a type of hard hat that protects the head, worn, for example, by a police officer, a soldier or a person riding a bike or motorbike or playing some		2. 5 5.15.1 53. 15d.
	sports		

Word hostage <i>(noun)</i>	Definition a person who is captured and held prisoner by a person or group, and	Word implementation (noun)	Definition the act of making something that has been officially decided start to happen
	who may be injured or killed if people do not do what the person or group is asking	implication (noun)	or be used a possible effect or result of an action or a decision
hostile (adjective)	aggressive or unfriendly and ready to argue or fight	imprison (verb)	to put somebody in a prison or another place from which they cannot
hostility (noun)	aggressive or unfriendly feelings or behaviour	imprisonment	escape the act of putting somebody in a
humanitarian <i>(ad-</i> <i>jective)</i>	connected with helping people who are suffering and improving the conditions that they are living in	(noun)	prison or another place from which they cannot escape; the state of be- ing there
humanity (noun) humble (adjective)	people in general showing you do not think that you are	inability (noun)	the fact of not being able to do something
hunger (noun)	as important as other people the state of not having enough food	inadequate (adjec- tive)	not enough; not good enough
hydrogen (noun)	to eat, especially when this causes illness or death	inappropriate (ad- jective) incentive (noun)	not suitable or appropriate in a partic- ular situation something that encourages you to do
hypothesis (noun)	an idea or explanation of something that is based on a few known facts but	incidence (noun)	something the extent to which something hap-
	that has not yet been proved to be true or correct	inclined (adjective)	pens or has an effect wanting to do something
icon (noun)	a small symbol on a computer or smartphone screen that represents a program or a file	inclusion (noun)	the fact of including some- body/something; the fact of being included
ID (noun)	an official way of showing who you are, for example a document with your	incorporate (verb)	to include something so that it forms a part of something
	name, date of birth and often a photo- graph on it (the abbreviation for 'iden- tity' or 'identification')	incorrect (adjective) incur (verb)	not accurate or true if you incur something unpleasant, you are in a situation in which you
identical (adjective) identification (noun)	similar in every detail the process of showing, proving or recognizing who or what some-	independence (noun)	have to deal with it freedom from political control by other countries
ideological (adjec- tive)	body/something is based on or connected with an ideol- ogy	index (noun)	a list of names or topics that are re- ferred to in a book, etc., usually ar- ranged at the end of a book in alpha-
ideology (noun)	a set of ideas that an economic or po- litical system is based on		betical order or listed in a separate file or book
idiot (noun)	a rude way to refer to somebody who you think is very stupid	indication (noun)	a remark or sign that shows that something is happening or what
ignorance (noun) illusion (noun)	a lack of knowledge or information about something a false idea or belief, especially about	indicator (noun)	somebody is thinking or feeling a sign that shows you what something is like or how a situation is changing
imagery <i>(noun)</i>	somebody or about a situation language that produces pictures in	indictment (noun)	a sign that a system, society, etc. is very bad or very wrong
	the minds of people reading or listening	indigenous (adjec- tive)	coming from a particular place and having lived there for a long time be-
immense (adjec- tive) immigration (noun)	extremely large or great the process of coming to live perma-		fore other people came there; relating to, belonging to or developed by these people
immigration (noun)	nently in a different country from the one you were born in; the number of	induce (verb)	to persuade or influence somebody to do something
imminent (adjec- tive)	people who do this likely to happen very soon	indulge (verb)	to allow yourself to have or do some- thing that you like, especially some- thing that is considered bad for you
immune (adjective)	that cannot catch or be affected by a particular disease or illness	inequality (noun)	the unfair difference between groups of people in society, when some have
implement (verb)	to make something that has been of- ficially decided start to happen or be used		more wealth, status or opportunities than others

Word	Definition	Word	Definition
inevitable (adjec- tive)	that you cannot avoid or prevent	insider (noun)	a person who knows a lot about a group or an organization, because
inevitably (adverb) infamous (adjec-	as is certain to happen well known for being bad or evil	inspect (verb)	they are part of it to look closely at some-
<i>tive)</i> infant <i>(noun)</i>	a baby or very young child		thing/somebody, especially to check that everything is as it should be
infect (verb)	to make a disease or an illness spread to a person, an animal or a plant	inspection (noun)	an official visit to a school, factory, etc. in order to check that rules are be-
infer (verb)	to reach an opinion or decide that something is true on the basis of in-		ing obeyed and that standards are acceptable
inflation (noun)	formation that is available a general rise in the prices of services	inspector (noun)	an officer of middle rank in the police force
illiation (noun)	and goods in a particular country, resulting in a fall in the value of money;	inspiration (noun)	the process that takes place when somebody sees or hears something
inflict (could)	the rate at which this happens		that causes them to have exciting new
inflict (verb)	to make somebody/something suffer something unpleasant		ideas or makes them want to create something, especially in art, music or
influential (adjec- tive)	having a lot of influence on some- body/something	installation (noun)	literature the act of fixing equipment or furniture
info <i>(noun)</i> infrastructure	information	instant (adjective)	in position so that it can be used happening immediately
<i>(noun)</i> inhabitant <i>(noun)</i>	a person or an animal that lives in a	instantly <i>(adverb)</i> instinct <i>(noun)</i>	immediately a natural quality that makes people
inherent (adjective)	particular place that is a basic or permanent part of		and animals tend to behave in a particular way using the knowledge
	somebody/something and that cannot be removed		and abilities that they were born with rather than thought or training
inherit (verb)	to receive money, property, etc. from somebody when they die	institutional (adjec- tive)	connected with a large important organization, for example a university or
inhibit (verb)	to prevent something from happening or make it happen more slowly or less	instruct (verb)	bank to tell somebody to do something, es-
initiate (verb)	frequently than normal to make something begin	instrumental (ad-	pecially in a formal or official way important in making something hap-
inject (verb)	to put a drug or other substance into a person's or an animal's body using	jective) insufficient (adjec-	pen not large, strong or important enough
injection (noun)	a syringe	tive)	for a particular purpose
injection (noun)	an act of injecting somebody with a drug or other substance	, ,	a remark or an action that is said or done in order to offend somebody
injustice (noun)	the fact of a situation being unfair and of people not being treated equally;	insult (verb)	to say or do something that offends somebody
	an unfair act or an example of unfair treatment	intact <i>(adjective)</i> intake <i>(noun)</i>	complete and not damaged the amount of food, drink, etc. that
ink <i>(noun)</i>	coloured liquid for writing, drawing and printing	integral (adjective)	you take into your body being an essential part of something
inmate <i>(noun)</i>	one of the people living in an institu- tion such as a prison or a psychiatric	integrate (verb)	to combine two or more things so that they work together; to combine with
innovation (noun)	hospital the introduction of new things, ideas	integrated (adjec-	something else in this way in which many different parts are
innovative (adjec-	or ways of doing something introducing or using new ideas, ways	tive)	closely connected and work successfully together
tive) input (noun)	of doing something, etc. time, knowledge, ideas, etc. that you	integration (noun)	the act or process of combining two or more things so that they work together
, ,	put into work, a project, etc. in order to make it succeed; the act of putting	integrity (noun)	the quality of being honest and having strong moral principles
insert (verb)	something in to put something into something else	intellectual (adjec- tive)	connected with or using a person's ability to think in a logical way and un-
insertion (noun)	or between two things the act of putting something inside	intellectual (noun)	derstand things a person who is well educated and en-
msertion (noun)	something else; a thing that is put inside something else	intellectual (Houll)	joys activities in which they have to think seriously about things

Word	Definition	Word	Definition
intensify (verb)	to increase in degree or strength; to make something increase in degree	involvement (noun)	the act of taking part in something or dealing with somebody
intensity (noun)	or strength the state or quality of being intense	ironic (adjective)	showing that you really mean the opposite of what you are saying; ex-
intensive (adjec- tive)	involving a lot of work or activity done in a short time	ironically (adverb)	pressing irony in a way that shows that you really
intent <i>(noun)</i> interact <i>(verb)</i>	what you intend to do to communicate with somebody, es-		mean the opposite of what you are saying; in a way that expresses irony
,	pecially while you work, play or spend time with them	irony <i>(noun)</i>	the funny or strange aspect of a situation that is very different from what
interaction (noun)	the act of communicating with some-	implement (adias	you expect; a situation like this
	body, especially while you work, play or spend time with them	irrelevant (adjec- tive)	not important to or connected with a situation
interactive (adjec- tive)	that allows information to be passed continuously and in both directions	isolate (verb)	to separate somebody/something physically or socially from other
	between a computer or other device and the person who uses it	isolated (adjective)	people or things far away from any others
interface (noun)	the way a computer program presents information to a user or receives infor-	isolation (noun)	the act of separating some- body/something; the state of being
	mation from a user, in particular the layout of the screen and the menus	jail <i>(noun)</i>	separate a prison
interfere (verb)	to get involved in and try to influence a	jail <i>(verb)</i>	to put somebody in prison
	situation that should not really involve you, in a way that annoys other people	jet <i>(noun)</i> joint <i>(adjective)</i>	a plane driven by jet engines involving two or more people together
interference (noun)	the act of getting involved in and try- ing to influence a situation that should	joint (noun)	a place where two bones are joined together in the body in a way that en-
	not really involve you, in a way that annoys other people	journalism <i>(noun)</i>	ables them to bend and move the work of collecting and writing
interim (adjective)	intended to last for only a short time until somebody/something more per-		news stories for newspapers, maga- zines, radio, television or online news
interior (adjective)	manent is found connected with the inside part of	judicial (adjective)	sites; the news stories that are written
, ,	something		connected with a court, a judge or legal judgement
interior <i>(noun)</i> intermediate <i>(ad-</i>	the inside part of something located between two places, things,	junction (noun)	the place where two or more roads or railway lines meet
<i>jective)</i> interpretation	states, etc. the particular way in which something	jurisdiction (noun)	the authority that an official organization has to make legal decisions about
<i>(noun)</i> interval <i>(noun)</i>	is understood or explained a period of time between two events	jury <i>(noun)</i>	somebody/something a group of members of the public who
intervene (verb)	to become involved in a situation in order to improve or help it		listen to the facts of a case in a court and decide whether or not somebody
intervention (noun)	action taken to improve or help a situ-		is guilty of a crime, or whether a claim
intimate (adjective)	ation having a close and friendly relation-	just (adjective)	has been proved that most people consider to be
intriguing (adjec-	ship very interesting because of being un-	justification (noun)	morally fair and reasonable a good reason why something exists
<i>tive)</i> invade <i>(verb)</i>	usual or not having an obvious answer to enter a country, town, etc. using	kidnap <i>(verb)</i>	or is done to take somebody away illegally and
	military force in order to take control of it		keep them as a prisoner, especially in order to get money or something else
invasion (noun)	the act of an army entering another country by force in order to take con-	kidney (noun)	for returning them either of the two organs in the body
investigator (nove)	trol of it	radicy (noun)	that remove waste products from the
investigator (noun)	a person who examines a situation such as an accident or a crime to find	kingdom (noun)	blood and produce urine a country that has a king or queen as
investor (noun)	out the truth a person or an organization that in-		head of state (= official leader of the country)
invisible (adjective)	vests money in something that cannot be seen	kit (noun)	a set of tools or equipment that you use for a particular purpose
invoke (verb)	to mention or use a law, rule, etc. as a reason for doing something		

Word	Definition	Word	Definition
lad (noun)	a boy or young man	legislative (adjec-	connected with the act of making and
ladder (noun)	a piece of equipment for climbing up and down a wall, the side of a build-	<i>tive)</i> legislature <i>(noun)</i>	passing laws a group of people who have the power
	ing, etc., consisting of two lengths of	legislature (nouri)	to make and change laws
	wood or metal that are joined together	legitimate (adjec-	for which there is a fair and acceptable
landing (noun)	by steps or rungs an act of bringing an aircraft or a	<i>tive)</i> lengthy <i>(adjective)</i>	reason very long, and often too long, in time
ialiding (<i>flouri)</i>	spacecraft down to the ground after a	lenginy (aujective)	or size
	journey	lens (noun)	a curved piece of glass or plastic that
landlord (noun)	a person or company from whom you		makes things look larger, smaller or
landmark (noun)	rent a room, a house, an office, etc. something, such as a large building,	lesbian (adjective)	clearer when you look through it sexually attracted to other women;
ianaman (noan)	that you can see clearly from a dis-	(aajootivo)	connected with lesbians
	tance and that will help you to know	lesser (adjective)	not as great in size, amount or impor-
lane <i>(noun)</i>	where you are a narrow road in the country	lethal (adjective)	tance as something/somebody else causing or able to cause death
lap <i>(noun)</i>	the top part of your legs that forms a	liable (adjective)	legally responsible for paying the cost
	flat surface when you are sitting down	, ,	of something
large-scale (adjec-	involving many people or things, es-	liberal (adjective)	willing to understand and respect
tive) laser <i>(noun)</i>	pecially over a wide area a device that gives out light in which		other people's behaviour, opinions, etc., especially when they are differ-
(,	all the waves oscillate (= change di-		ent from your own; believing people
	rection and strength) together, typi-		should be able to choose how they be-
	cally producing a powerful beam of light that can be used for cutting	liberal (noun)	have a person who understands and re-
	metal, in medical operations, etc.		spects other people's opinions and
lately (adverb)	recently; in the recent past		behaviour, especially when they are
latter (adjective)	used to refer to the second of two things or people mentioned	liberation (noun)	different from their own the act or process of freeing a country
latter (noun)	the second of two things or people	inderation (noan)	or a person from the control of some-
	mentioned		body else
lawn <i>(noun)</i>	an area of ground covered in short grass in a garden or park, or used for	liberty (noun)	freedom to live as you choose with- out too many limits from government
	playing a game on		or authority
lawsuit (noun)	a claim or complaint against some-	license (verb)	to give somebody official permission
	body that a person or an organization	lifolona (adioativa)	to do, own, or use something
layout (noun)	can make in court the way in which the parts of some-	lifelong (adjective) lifetime (noun)	lasting or existing all through your life the length of time that somebody lives
,	thing such as the page of a book, a		or that something lasts
	website, a garden or a building are ar-	lighting (noun)	the arrangement or type of light in a
leaflet (noun)	ranged a printed sheet of paper or a few	likelihood (noun)	place the chance of something happening;
rounet (mount)	printed pages that are given free to		how likely something is to happen
	advertise or give information about	likewise (adverb)	the same; in a similar way
leak <i>(noun)</i>	something a small hole that lets liquid or gas flow	limb (noun)	an arm or a leg; a similar part of an animal, such as a wing
roun (mount)	in or out of something by accident	limitation (noun)	the act or process of limiting or con-
leak <i>(verb)</i>	to allow liquid or gas to get in or out		trolling somebody/something
leap <i>(noun)</i>	through a small hole a long or high jump	line-up (noun)	the people who are going to take part in a particular event
leap (verb)	to jump high or a long way	linear (adjective)	of or in lines
legacy (noun)	money or property that is given to you	linger (verb)	to continue to exist for longer than ex-
legend (noun)	by somebody when they die a story from ancient times about peo-	listing (noun)	pected a list, especially an official or pub-
legena (noun)	ple and events, that may or may not	listing (noun)	lished list of people or things, often ar-
	be true; this type of story		ranged in alphabetical order
legendary (adjec- tive)	very famous and talked about a lot by	literacy <i>(noun)</i> literally <i>(adverb)</i>	the ability to read and write in a literal way
legislation <i>(noun)</i>	people a law or a set of laws passed by a par-	literary (adjective)	connected with literature
J (/	liament	litre (noun)	a unit for measuring volume, equal
			to 1.76 British pints or 2.11 American
			pints

Word	Definition	Word	Definition
litter <i>(noun)</i>	small pieces of rubbish such as paper,	mainstream (noun)	the ideas and opinions that are
	cans and bottles, that people have left	mamotroum (noun)	thought to be normal because they
	lying in a public place		are shared by most people; the peo-
liver (noun)	a large organ in the body that cleans		ple whose ideas and opinions are
Labela (a.a.a.)	the blood and produces bile		most accepted
lobby (noun)	a large area inside the entrance of a public building where people can	maintenance (noun)	the act of keeping something in good condition by checking or repairing it
	meet and wait	(HOUH)	regularly
lobby (verb)	to try to influence a politician or the	make-up (noun)	coloured substances used on the skin
, ()	government and, for example, per-	1 ()	to make yourself look more attractive
	suade them to support or oppose a		or to change your appearance
	change in the law	making <i>(noun)</i>	the act or process of making or pro-
log (noun)	a thick piece of wood that is cut from or has fallen from a tree	mandate (noun)	ducing something the authority to do something, given to
log (verb)	to put information in an official record	manuale (noun)	a government or other organization by
109 (10.2)	or write a record of events		the people who vote for it in an elec-
logic (noun)	a way of thinking or explaining some-		tion
	thing	mandatory (adjec-	required by law
logo <i>(noun)</i>	a printed design or symbol that a com-	tive)	to alcourage attainer alcoult, conscioller
	pany or an organization uses as its special sign	manifest (verb)	to show something clearly, especially a feeling, an attitude or a quality
long-standing (ad-	that has existed or lasted for a long	manipulate (verb)	to control or influence some-
jective)	time	(1010)	body/something, often in a dishonest
long-time (adjec-	having been the particular thing men-		way so that they do not realize it
tive)	tioned for a long time	manipulation	behaviour that controls or influences
loom (verb)	to appear as a large shape that is not	(noun)	somebody/something, often in a dis- honest way so that they do not realize
loop (noun)	clear, especially in a frightening way a shape like a curve or circle made by		it
loop (noan)	a line curving right round	manufacture (verb)	to make goods in large quantities, us-
lottery (noun)	a way of raising money for a govern-	,	ing machines
	ment, charity, etc. by selling tickets	manufacturing	the business or industry of producing
	that have different numbers on them	(noun)	goods in large quantities in factories,
	that people have chosen. Numbers are then chosen by chance and the	manuscript (noun)	etc. a copy of a book, piece of music, etc.
	people who have those numbers on	manasonpt (noun)	before it has been printed
	their tickets win prizes.	marathon (noun)	a long running race of about 42 kilo-
loyal <i>(adjective)</i>	remaining constant in your support of		metres or 26 miles
	somebody/something	march (noun)	an organized walk by many people
loyalty (noun)	the quality of being constant in your support of somebody/something		from one place to another, in order to protest about something, or to ex-
lyric (noun)	the words of a popular song		press their opinions
machinery (noun)	machines as a group, especially large	march (verb)	to walk with stiff regular steps like a
,	ones	, ,	soldier
magical (adjective)	containing magic; used in magic	margin <i>(noun)</i>	the empty space at the side of a writ-
magistrate (noun)	an official who acts as a judge in the	marginal (adiactiva)	ten or printed page
magnetic (adjec-	lowest courts of law behaving like a magnet; that can be	marginal (adjective) marine (adjective)	small and not important connected with the sea and the crea-
tive)	attracted by a magnet	marmo (adjeonve)	tures and plants that live there
magnificent (adjec-	extremely attractive and impressive;	marker (noun)	an object or a sign that shows the po-
tive)	deserving praise		sition of something
magnitude (noun)	the great size or importance of some-	marketplace (noun)	the activity of competing with other
	thing; the degree to which something is large or important		companies to buy and sell goods, services, etc.
mainland (noun)	the main area of land of a country or	martial (adjective)	1.555, 615.
	region, not including any islands near	mask (noun)	something that you wear over your
	to it		face to hide it, or to frighten or enter-
mainstream (adjec-	considered normal because it reflects		tain other people
tive)	what is done or accepted by most	massacre (noun)	the killing of a large number of people
	people		especially in a cruel way

Word	Definition a friend	Word	Definition
mate (noun) mate (verb) mathematical (ad-	to have sex in order to produce young connected with or involving mathe-	mercy (noun)	a kind or forgiving attitude towards somebody that you have the power to harm or right to punish
<i>jective)</i> mature <i>(adjective)</i>	matics behaving in a sensible way, like an adult	mere (adjective)	used when you want to emphasize how small, unimportant, etc. some-body/something is
mature (verb) maximize (verb)	to become fully grown or developed to increase something as much as possible	merely (adverb)	used meaning 'only' or 'simply' to em- phasize a fact or something that you are saying
mayor (noun)	the head of the government of a town or city, etc., elected by the public	merge (verb)	to combine or make two or more things combine to form a single thing
meaningful <i>(adjec-tive)</i>	serious and important	merger (noun)	the act of joining two or more organizations or businesses into one
meantime (noun)	for a short period of time but not permanently	merit (noun)	the quality of being good and of de- serving praise or reward
mechanic (noun)	a person whose job is repairing ma- chines, especially the engines of ve- hicles	metaphor (noun)	a word or phrase used to describe somebody/something else, in a way that is different from its normal use,
mechanical (adjec- tive)	operated by power from an engine		in order to show that the two things have the same qualities and to make
mechanism (noun)	a set of moving parts in a machine that performs a task		the description more powerful, for example She has a heart of stone; the
medal (noun)	a flat piece of metal, usually like a coin in shape, that is given to the winner of a competition or to somebody who	methodology (noun)	use of such words and phrases a set of methods and principles used to perform a particular activity
medication (noun)	has been brave, for example in war a drug or another form of medicine	midst (noun) migration (noun)	the middle part of something the movement every year of large
, ,	that you take to prevent or to treat an illness; treatment involving drugs	3 (,	numbers of birds or animals from one place to another
medieval (adjec- tive) meditation (noun)	connected with the Middle Ages (about AD 1000 to AD 1450) the practice of focusing your mind in silence, especially for religious rea-	militant (adjective)	using, or willing to use, force or strong pressure to achieve your aims, es- pecially to achieve social or political change
melody <i>(noun)</i>	sons or in order to make your mind calm a tune, especially the main tune in a	militant (noun)	a person who uses, or is willing to use, force or strong pressure to achieve their aims, especially to achieve social
melody (<i>noun)</i>	piece of music written for several in- struments or voices	militia <i>(noun)</i>	or political change a group of people who are not profes-
membership (noun)	the state of being a member of a group, a club, an organization, etc.	minua (noun)	sional soldiers but who have had military training and can act as an army
memo (noun)	an official note from one person to another in the same organization	mill (noun)	a building fitted with equipment for grinding grain into flour; a machine for
memoir (noun)	an account written by somebody, especially somebody famous, about their life and experiences	miner (noun)	grinding grain a person who works in a mine taking out coal, gold, diamonds, etc.
memorable (adjective)	worth remembering or easy to remember, especially because of being	minimal (adjective)	very small in size or amount; as small as possible
memorial (noun)	special or unusual a statue, stone, etc. that is built in or- der to remind people of an important	minimize (verb)	to reduce something, especially something bad, to the lowest possible level
	past event or of a famous person who has died	mining (noun)	the process of getting coal and other minerals from under the ground; the
mentor (noun)	an experienced person who advises and helps somebody with less expe- rience over a period of time	ministry (noun)	industry involved in this a government department that has a particular area of responsibility
merchant (noun)	a person who buys and sells goods in large quantities, especially one who imports and exports goods	minute (adjective) miracle (noun)	extremely small an act or event that does not follow the laws of nature and is believed to be caused by God

Word	Definition	Word	Definition
miserable <i>(adjec-tive)</i>	very unhappy or uncomfortable	mosque (noun)	a building where Muslims go to wor- ship (= praise God)
misery (noun) misleading (adjec-	great physical or mental pain giving the wrong idea or impression	motion (noun)	the act or process of moving or the way something moves
tive)	and making you believe something that is not true	motivate (verb)	to be the reason why somebody does something or behaves in a particular
missile (noun)	a weapon that is sent through the air and that explodes when it hits the thing that it is aimed at	motivation (noun)	way the reason why somebody does something or behaves in a particular
mob (noun)	a large crowd of people, especially one that may become violent or cause	motive (noun)	way a reason for doing something
mobility (noun)	trouble the ability to move easily from one place, social class or job to another	motorist (noun) moving (adjective)	a person driving a car causing strong, often sad, feelings about somebody/something
mobilize (verb)	to work together in order to achieve a particular aim; to organize a group of people to do this	municipal (adjec- tive)	connected with or belonging to a town, city or district that has its own local government
mode (noun)	a particular way of doing something; a particular type of something	mutual (adjective)	used to describe feelings that two or more people have for each other
moderate (adjec- tive)	that is neither very good, large, hot, etc. nor very bad, small, cold, etc.	u (equally, or actions that affect two or more people equally
modest (adjective)	not very large, expensive, important, etc.	myth (noun)	a story from ancient times, especially one that was told to explain natural
modification (noun)	the act or process of changing something in order to improve it or make	naliad (adiactiva)	events or to describe the early history of a people; this type of story
	it more acceptable; a change that is made	naked (adjective) namely (adverb)	not wearing any clothes used to introduce more exact and
momentum (noun)	the ability to keep increasing or developing		detailed information about something that you have just mentioned
monk (noun)	a member of a religious group of men who often live apart from other people in a monastery and who do not marry	nasty (adjective) nationwide (adjec- tive)	very bad or unpleasant happening or existing in all parts of a particular country
monopoly (noun)	or have personal possessions the complete control of trade in partic- ular goods or the supply of a particular service; a type of goods or a service	naval (adjective) navigation (noun)	connected with the navy of a country the skill or the process of planning a route for a ship or other vehicle and taking it there
monster (noun)	that is controlled in this way (in stories) an imaginary creature that	nearby (adjective) nearby (adverb)	near in position; not far away a short distance from some-
, ,	is very large, ugly and frightening happening once a month or every	• , ,	body/something; not far away the fact that something must happen
monthly (adjective)	month	necessity (noun)	or be done; the need for something
monument (noun)	a building, column, statue, etc. built to remind people of a famous person or event	neglect (noun)	the fact of not giving enough care or attention to something/somebody; the state of not receiving enough care or
morality (noun)	principles relating to right and wrong or good and bad behaviour	neglect (verb)	attention to fail to take care of some-
moreover (adverb)	used to introduce some new information that adds to or supports what you	negotiate (verb)	body/something to try to reach an agreement by formal
mortgage (noun)	have said previously a legal agreement by which a bank or	negotiation (noun)	discussion formal discussion between people
	similar organization lends you money to buy a house, etc., and you pay the	neighbouring <i>(ad-</i>	who are trying to reach an agreement located or living near or next to a place
	money back over a particular number of years; the sum of money that you borrow	jective) nest (noun)	or person a hollow place or structure that a bird makes or chooses for laying its eggs
	SOLIOW	net (adjective)	in and sheltering its young a net amount of money is the amount that remains when nothing more is to be taken away

Word	Definition	Word	Definition
neutral (adjective) newly (adverb)	not supporting or helping either side in a disagreement, competition, etc. recently	objection (noun)	a reason why you do not like or are opposed to something; a statement about this
newsletter (noun)	a report containing news of the activities of a club or organization that is	oblige (verb)	to force somebody to do something, by law, because it is a duty, etc.
niche (noun)	sent regularly to all its members a comfortable or suitable role, job, way	observer (noun)	a person who watches some- body/something
noble (adjective)	of life, etc. having or showing fine personal qual-	obsess (verb)	to completely fill your mind so that you cannot think of anything else, in a way
nobic (adjective)	ities that people admire, such as courage, honesty and care for others	obsession (noun)	that is not reasonable or normal the state in which a person's mind is
nod (verb)	if you nod, nod your head or your head nods, you move your head up	obsession (noun)	completely filled with thoughts of one particular thing or person in a way that
	and down to show agreement, under- standing, etc.	obstacle (noun)	is not reasonable or normal a situation, an event, etc. that makes
nominate (verb)	to formally suggest that some- body/something should be chosen for	obstacie (noun)	it difficult for you to do or achieve something
nomination (noun)	an important role, prize, position, etc. the act of suggesting or choosing	occasional (adjec- tive)	happening or done sometimes but not often
,	somebody as a candidate in an election, or for a job or an award; the fact	occupation (noun) occupy (verb)	a job or profession to fill or use a space, an area or an
	of being suggested for this	, ,	amount of time
nominee (noun)	a person who has been formally sug- gested for a job, a prize, etc.	occurrence (noun) odds (noun)	something that happens or exists the degree to which something is
non-profit (adjec- tive)	without the aim of making a profit	offender (noun)	likely to happen a person who commits a crime
nonetheless (ad-	despite this fact	offering (noun)	something that is produced for other
verb)	'	3 ()	people to use, watch, enjoy, etc.
nonsense (noun)	ideas, statements or beliefs that you think are silly or not true	offspring (noun) ongoing (adjective)	a child of a particular person or couple continuing to exist or develop
noon <i>(noun)</i>	12 o'clock in the middle of the day	openly (adverb)	without hiding any feelings, opinions
norm <i>(noun)</i>	a situation or a pattern of behaviour		or information
notable (adjective)	that is usual or expected deserving to be noticed or to receive	opera (noun)	a dramatic work in which all or most of the words are sung to music; works of
notable (adjective)	attention; important		this type as an art form or entertain-
notably (adverb)	used for giving a good or the most im-		ment
	portant example of something	operational (adjec-	connected with the way in which
notebook (noun)	a small book of plain paper for writing notes in	tive)	a business, machine, system, etc. works
notify (verb)	to formally or officially tell somebody about something	operator (noun)	a person who operates equipment or a machine
notorious <i>(adjec-tive)</i>	well known for being bad	opt (verb)	to choose to take or not to take a particular course of action
novel (adjective)	different from anything known before; new, interesting and often seeming	optical (adjective)	connected with the sense of sight or the relationship between light and
noveliet (nove)	slightly strange	antinian (naun)	sight
novelist <i>(noun)</i> nowadays <i>(adverb)</i>	a person who writes novels at the present time, in contrast with	optimism (noun)	a feeling that good things will happen and that something will be successful
n	the past	optimistic (adjec-	expecting good things to happen or
nursery (noun)	a place where young children are cared for while their parents are at	tive)	something to be successful; showing this feeling
nuroina (norra)	work; a day nursery or nursery school	oral (adjective)	spoken rather than written
nursing (noun)	the job or skill of caring for people who are sick or injured	orchestra (noun)	a large group of people who play various musical instruments together, led
nutrition (noun)	the process by which living things re- ceive the food necessary for them to	organic (adjective)	by a conductor produced or practised without using
ale a de la companya	grow and be healthy		artificial chemicals
obesity (noun)	the quality or fact of being very fat, in a way that is not healthy	organizational (ad- jective)	connected with the way in which the different parts of something are ar-
	a way mans not neamly	jeouve)	ranged; connected with an organiza-
			tion

Word	Definition	Word	Definition
orientation (noun)	a person's basic beliefs or feelings about a particular subject	packet (noun)	a small container made of paper or card in which goods are packed for
originate (verb)	to happen or appear for the first time in a particular place or situation	pad (noun)	selling a thick piece of soft material that is
outbreak (noun)	the sudden start of something un- pleasant, especially violence or a dis-		used, for example, for cleaning or protecting something or for holding liquid
outfit (noun)	ease a set of clothes that you wear to- gether, especially for a particular oc- casion or purpose	palm (noun)	a straight tree with a mass of long leaves at the top, growing in tropical countries. There are several types of palm tree, some of which produce
outing (noun)	a trip that you go on for pleasure or education, usually with a group of people and lasting no more than one	panic (noun)	fruit. a sudden feeling of great fear that cannot be controlled and prevents you
outlet (noun)	day a shop or an organization that sells goods made by a particular company or of a particular type	parade (noun)	from thinking clearly a public celebration of a special day or event, usually with bands in the streets and decorated vehicles
outlook (noun)	the attitude to life and the world of a particular person, group or culture	parallel (adjective)	two or more lines that are parallel to each other are the same distance
output (noun)	the amount of something that a person, a machine or an organization produces	parallel (noun)	apart at every point a person, a situation, an event, etc. that is very similar to another, espe-
outrage <i>(noun)</i> outrage <i>(verb)</i>	a strong feeling of shock and anger to make somebody very shocked and angry	parameter (noun)	cially one in a different place or time something that decides or limits the way in which something can be done
outsider (noun)	a person who is not accepted as a member of a society, group, etc.	parental (adjective) parish (noun)	connected with a parent or parents an area that has its own church and
outstanding <i>(adjec-tive)</i>	extremely good; excellent	parliamentary (ad-	that a priest is responsible for connected with a parliament; having a
overcome (verb)	to succeed in dealing with or control- ling a problem that has been prevent- ing you from achieving something	jective) part-time (adjective)	parliament for part of the day or week in which
overlook (verb) overly (adverb)	to fail to see or notice something too; very	partial (adjective) partially (adverb)	people work not complete or whole partly; not completely
overnight (adverb) overseas (adjec-	during or for the night connected with foreign countries, es-	participation (noun)	the act of taking part in an activity or event
tive)	pecially those separated from your country by the sea or ocean	partnership (noun)	the state of being a partner in business
overseas (adverb)	to or in a foreign country, especially those separated from your country by the sea or ocean	passing (noun) passionate (adjective)	the process of time going by having or showing strong feelings of sexual love or of anger, etc.
oversee (verb)	to watch somebody/something and make sure that a job or an activity is done correctly	passive (adjective)	accepting what happens or what peo- ple do without trying to change any- thing or oppose them
overturn (verb)	if something overturns, or if some- body overturns it, it turns into a posi- tion in which the top of it is where the bottom of it normally is or on its side	password (noun)	a series of letters, numbers, etc. that you must type into a computer or com- puter system in order to be able to use it
overwhelm (verb)	to have such a strong emotional effect on somebody that it is difficult for them to resist or know how to react	pastor (noun)	a minister in charge of a Christian church or group, especially in some Nonconformist churches
overwhelming (ad- jective)	very great or very strong; so powerful that you cannot resist it or decide how to react	patch (noun)	a small area of something, especially one which is different from the area around it
ownership (noun) oxygen (noun)	the fact of owning something a chemical element. Oxygen is a gas that is present in air and water and	patent (noun)	an official right to be the only person to make, use or sell a product or an invention; a document that proves this
	is necessary for people, animals and plants to live.	pathway (noun) patience (noun)	a track that serves as a path the ability to stay calm and accept a delay or something annoying without complaining

Word	Definition	Word	Definition
patrol (noun)	the act of going to different parts of a	pioneer (verb)	when somebody pioneers something,
[building, an area, etc. to make sure	J ()	they are one of the first people to do,
	that there is no trouble or crime		discover or use something new
patrol <i>(verb)</i>	to go around an area or a building at	pipeline (noun)	a series of pipes that are usually un-
	regular times to check that it is safe and that there is no trouble		derground and are used for carrying oil, gas, etc. over long distances
patron (noun)	a person who gives money and sup-	pirate (noun)	(especially in the past) a person on a
J ()	port to artists and writers	j (,	ship who attacks other ships at sea in
pause (noun)	a period of time during which some-		order to steal from them
	body stops talking or stops what they	pit (noun)	a large deep hole in the ground
pause (verb)	are doing to stop talking or doing something for	pity <i>(noun)</i>	used to show that you are disap- pointed about something
pause (verb)	a short time before continuing	placement (noun)	the act of finding somebody a suitable
peak <i>(noun)</i>	the point when somebody/something	ļ (job or place to live
	is best, most successful, strongest,	plea <i>(noun)</i>	a serious emotional request, espe-
	etc.		cially for something needing action
peasant (noun)	(especially in the past, or in poorer countries) a farmer who owns or rents	plead (verb)	now to ask somebody for something in a
	a small piece of land	plead (verb)	very strong and serious way
peculiar (adjective)	strange or unusual, especially in a	pledge (noun)	a serious promise
	way that is unpleasant or makes you	pledge (verb)	to formally promise to give or do
/	worried	.1 . (something
peer (noun)	a person who is the same age or who has the same social status as you	plug <i>(noun)</i>	a small plastic object with two or three metal pins that connects a piece of
penalty (noun)	a punishment for breaking a law, rule		electrical equipment to the main sup-
portant (record)	or contract		ply of electricity
perceive (verb)	to understand or think of some-	plug (verb)	to fill a hole with a substance or piece
	body/something in a particular way	1 (. 4)	of material that fits tightly into it
perception (noun)	an idea, a belief or an image you have as a result of how you see or under-	plunge (verb)	to move or make some- body/something move suddenly
	stand something		forwards and/or downwards
permanently (ad-	in a way that lasts for a long time or	pole (noun)	a long thin straight piece of wood or
verb)	for all time in the future; in a way that		metal, especially one with the end
navoiat (vaula)	exists all the time		placed in the ground, used as a sup-
persist (verb)	to continue to do something despite difficulties or opposition, in a way that	poll (noun)	port the process of questioning people
	can seem unreasonable	poli (noan)	who are representative of a larger
persistent (adjec-	determined to do something despite		group in order to get information about
tive)	difficulties, especially when other peo-		the general opinion
	ple are against you and think that you	pond (noun)	a small area of still water, especially
personnel (noun)	are being annoying or unreasonable the people who work for an organiza-	pop (verb)	one that is artificial to make a short explosive sound; to
percernier (<i>nearly</i>	tion or one of the armed forces	pop (***********************************	cause something to make this sound
petition (noun)	a written document signed by a large	portfolio (noun)	a thin flat case used for carrying doc-
	number of people that asks some-	manthau (co.)	uments, drawings, etc.
	body in a position of authority to do or change something	portion <i>(noun)</i> portray <i>(verb)</i>	one part of something larger to show somebody/something
philosopher (noun)	a person who studies or writes about	portray (verb)	to show somebody/something in a picture; to describe some-
princeopries (nearly	philosophy		body/something in a piece of writing
philosophical (ad-	connected with philosophy	post-war (adjective)	existing, happening or made in the pe-
jective)			riod after a war, especially the Second
physician <i>(noun)</i>	a doctor, especially one who is a spe- cialist in general medicine and not	postpone (verb)	World War to arrange for an event, etc. to take
	surgery	posipolie (<i>velu)</i>	place at a later time or date than orig-
pill (noun)	a small flat round piece of medicine		inally planned
•	that you swallow whole, without biting	potentially (adverb)	used to say that something may de-
nionos: (no)	it	prophitional (acces)	velop into something
pioneer (noun)	a person who is the first to study and develop a particular area of knowl-	practitioner (noun)	a person who works in a profession, especially medicine or law
	edge, culture, etc. that other people		Copolially modicine of law
	then continue to develop		

Word preach <i>(verb)</i>	Definition to give a religious talk in a public place, especially in a church during a	Word prestigious (adjective)	Definition respected and admired as very important or of very high quality
precede (verb)	service to happen before something or come before something/somebody in order	presumably (adverb) presume (verb)	used to say that you think that some- thing is probably true to suppose that something is true, al-
precedent (noun)	an official action or decision that has happened in the past and that is seen as an example or a rule to be followed in a similar situation later	prevail (verb) prevalence (noun)	though you do not have actual proof to exist or be very common at a par- ticular time or in a particular place the fact of existing or being very com-
precious (adjective) precise (adjective) precisely (adverb)	rare and worth a lot of money clear and accurate exactly	prevention (noun)	mon at a particular time or in a particular place the act of stopping something bad
precision (noun)	the quality of being exact, accurate and careful	prey (noun)	from happening an animal, a bird, etc. that is hunted,
predator (noun) predecessor (noun)	an animal that kills and eats other animals a person who did a job before some-	pride (noun)	killed and eaten by another a feeling of being pleased or satis- fied that you get when you or peo-
predictable (adjec- tive)	body else if something is predictable, you know in advance that it will happen or what		ple who are connected with you have done something well or own some- thing that other people admire
predominantly (ad-	it will be like mostly; mainly	primarily (adverb) principal (adjective)	mainly most important; main
verb) preference (noun)	a greater interest in or desire for somebody/something than some-	principal (noun)	the person who is in charge of a college or (in Scotland and Canada) a university
pregnancy (noun) prejudice (noun)	body/something else the state of being pregnant an unreasonable dislike of or pref-	prior (adjective) privatization (noun)	happening or existing before some- thing else or before a particular time the act of selling a business or an in-
	erence for a person, group, custom, etc., especially when it is based on their race, religion, sex, etc.	privilege (noun)	dustry so that it is no longer owned by the government a special right or advantage that a
preliminary (adjec- tive) premier (adjective)	happening before a more important action or event most important, famous or successful	probability (noun)	particular person or group of people has how likely something is to happen
premise (noun)	a statement or an idea that forms the basis for a reasonable line of argu-	probable (adjec- tive)	likely to happen, to exist or to be true
premium (noun)	ment an amount of money that you pay once or regularly for an insurance pol-	probe (noun) probe (verb)	a complete and careful investigation of something to ask questions in order to find out
prescribe (verb)	icy to tell somebody to take a particular medicine or have a particular treat-	problematic (adjec-	secret or hidden information about somebody/something difficult to deal with or to understand;
prescription (noun)	ment; to write a prescription for a par- ticular medicine, etc. an official piece of paper on which a	tive) proceed (verb)	full of problems; not certain to be suc- cessful to continue doing something that has
procential (mean)	doctor writes the type of medicine you should have, and which enables you	. , , ,	already been started; to continue being done
presently (adverb)	to get it from a chemist's at the time you are speaking or writing; now	proceeding (noun)	the process of using a court to settle an argument or to deal with a com- plaint
preservation (noun) preside (verb)	the act of keeping something in its original state or in good condition to lead or be in charge of a meeting,	proceeds (noun)	the money that you receive when you sell something or organize a perfor- mance, etc.; profits
presidency (noun)	ceremony, etc. the job of being president of a country or an organization; the period of time	processing (noun)	the treatment of raw material, food, etc. in order to change it, preserve it, etc.
presidential (adjec-	somebody holds this job connected with the position or activi-	processor (noun)	a machine, person or company that processes things
tive)	ties of a president	proclaim (verb)	to publicly and officially tell people about something important

Word	Definition	Word	Definition
productive (adjec-	making goods or growing crops, espe-	protester (noun)	a person who makes a public protest
<i>tive)</i> productivity <i>(noun)</i>	cially in large quantities the rate at which a worker, a com-	protocol (noun)	a system of fixed rules and formal behaviour used at official meetings, usu-
productivity (noun)	pany or a country produces goods,		ally between governments
	and the amount produced, compared	province (noun)	one of the areas that some countries
	with how much time, work and money is needed to produce them		are divided into with its own local government
profitable (adjec-	that makes or is likely to make money	provincial (adjec-	connected with one of the large areas
tive)		tive)	that some countries are divided into,
profound <i>(adjec-tive)</i>	very great; felt or experienced very strongly	provision (noun)	with its own local government the act of supplying somebody with
programming	the process of writing and testing	provision (noun)	something that they need or want;
(noun)	computer programs		something that is supplied
progressive (adjec- tive)	in favour of new ideas, modern methods and change	provoke (verb)	to cause a particular reaction or have a particular effect
prohibit (verb)	to stop something from being done or	psychiatric (adjec-	relating to psychiatry or to mental ill-
	used especially by law	tive)	nesses
projection (noun)	an estimate or a statement of what fig- ures, amounts, or events will be in the	psychological (ad- jective)	connected with a person's mind and the way in which it works
	future, or what they were in the past,	publicity (noun)	the attention that is given to some-
	based on what is happening now		body/something by newspapers, tele-
prominent (adjec- tive)	important or well known	publishing (noun)	vision, etc. the profession or business of prepar-
promising (adjec-	showing signs of being good or suc-	publishing (<i>noun)</i>	ing and printing books, magazines,
tive)	cessful		CD-ROMs, etc. and selling or making
promotion (noun)	a move to a more important job or rank in a company or an organization	pulse (noun)	them available to the public the regular beat of the heart as it
prompt (verb)	to make somebody decide to do	puise (noun)	sends blood around the body, that can
,	something; to cause something to		be felt in different places, especially
pronounced (adjec-	happen very obvious, easy to notice or		on the inside part of the wrist; the number of times the heart beats in a
tive)	strongly expressed		minute
propaganda (noun)	ideas or statements that may be false	pump (noun)	a machine that is used to force liquid,
	or present only one side of an argument that are used in order to gain	pump (verb)	gas or air into or out of something to make water, air, gas, etc. flow in
	support for a political leader, party,	pump (verb)	a particular direction by using a pump
	etc.		or something that works like a pump
proportion (noun) proposition (noun)	a part or share of a whole an idea or a plan of action that is sug-	punch (noun)	a hard hit made with the fist (= closed hand)
proposition (noun)	gested, especially in business	punch (verb)	to hit somebody/something hard with
prosecute (verb)	to officially charge somebody with a		your fist (= closed hand)
prosecution (noun)	crime in court the process of trying to prove in court	punk <i>(noun)</i>	a type of loud and aggressive rock music popular in the late 1970s and
prosecution (noun)	that somebody is guilty of a crime (=		early 1980s
	of prosecuting them); the process of	purely (adverb)	only; completely
	being officially charged with a crime in court	pursuit (noun)	the act of looking for or trying to get something
prosecutor (noun)	a public official who charges some-	puzzle (noun)	a game, etc. that you have to think
	body officially with a crime and prose-		about carefully in order to answer it or
prospective (adjec-	cutes them in court expected to do something or to be-	query (noun)	do it a question, especially one asking for
tive)	come something	quoi y (noun)	information or expressing a doubt
prosperity (noun)	the state of being successful, espe-		about something
protective (adjec-	cially in making money providing or intended to provide pro-	quest (noun)	a long search for something, espe- cially for some quality such as happi-
tive)	tection		ness
protein (noun)	a substance, found within all living	questionnaire	a written list of questions that are an-
	things, that forms the structure of muscles, organs, etc. There are many	(noun)	swered by a number of people so that information can be collected from the
	different proteins and they are an es-		answers
	sential part of what humans and ani-		
	mals eat to help them grow and stay healthy.		
	,		

Word	Definition	Word	Definition
quota (noun)	a limited number or amount of people	rat (noun)	a small animal with a long tail, that
7	or things that is officially allowed	,	looks like a large mouse, usually con-
racial (adjective)	happening or existing between people		sidered a pest (= an animal which is
	of different races		disliked because it destroys food or
racism <i>(noun)</i>	the unfair treatment of people who be- long to a different race; violent be-	rating (noun)	spreads disease) a measurement of how good, popular,
	haviour towards them	rating (noun)	important, etc. somebody/something
racist (adjective)	having the belief that some races of		is, especially in relation to other peo-
, ,	people are better than others or hav-		ple or things
	ing general beliefs about other people	ratio <i>(noun)</i>	the relationship between two groups
	based only on their race; showing this		of people or things that is represented
	through violent or unfair treatment of people of other races		by two numbers showing how much larger one group is than the other
racist (noun)	a person who believes that some	rational (adjective)	based on reason rather than emotions
,	races of people are better than oth-	ray (noun)	a narrow line of light, heat or other en-
	ers or who has general beliefs about		ergy
	other people based only on their race,	readily (adverb)	quickly and without difficulty
	and may show this in violent or unfair	realization (noun)	the process of becoming aware of
radar <i>(noun)</i>	treatment of people of other races a system that uses radio waves to find	realm (noun)	something an area of activity, interest or knowl-
radar (modri)	the position and movement of objects,	roam (noan)	edge
	for example planes and ships, when	rear (adjective)	at or near the back of something
	they cannot be seen	rear (noun)	the back part of something
radiation (noun)	powerful and very dangerous rays that are sent out from radioactive sub-	reasonably (ad-	to a degree that is fairly good but not very good
	stances	<i>verb)</i> reasoning <i>(noun)</i>	the process of thinking about things in
radical (adjective)	relating to the most basic and impor-	rodoming (nodin)	a logical way; opinions and ideas that
, ,	tant parts of something; complete and		are based on logical thinking
	detailed	reassure (verb)	to say or do something that makes
rage <i>(noun)</i>	a feeling of violent anger that is diffi-		somebody less frightened or worried
raid <i>(noun)</i>	cult to control a short surprise attack on an enemy	rebel (noun)	a person who fights against the gov- ernment of their country
raid (<i>riodri)</i>	by soldiers, ships or aircraft	rebellion (noun)	an attempt by some of the people in a
raid (verb)	to visit a person or place without warn-	,	country to change their government,
	ing to look for criminals, illegal goods,		using violence
wail (naun)	drugs, etc.	rebuild (verb)	to build or put something together
rail <i>(noun)</i>	a wooden or metal bar placed around something as a barrier or to provide	receiver (noun)	again the part of a phone that you hold close
	support	receiver (ricari)	to your mouth and ear
rally (noun)	a large public meeting, especially one	recession (noun)	a difficult time for the economy of a
	held to support a particular idea or po-		country, when there is less trade and
nally (vaula)	litical party		industrial activity than usual and more
rally <i>(verb)</i>	to come together or bring people to- gether in order to help or support	recipient (noun)	people are unemployed a person who receives something
	somebody/something	reckon (verb)	to think something or have an opinion
random (adjective)	done, chosen, etc. without somebody	,	about something
	deciding in advance what is going to	recognition (noun)	the act of remembering who some-
rankina (nava)	happen, or without any regular pattern		body is when you see them, or of
ranking <i>(noun)</i>	the position of somebody/something on a scale that shows how good or	reconstruction	identifying what something is the process of changing or improving
	important they are in relation to other	(noun)	the condition of something or the way
	similar people or things, especially in	(/	it works; the process of putting some-
,	sport		thing back into the state it was in be-
rape <i>(noun)</i>	the crime of forcing somebody to have	was a constitution of the	fore
	sex when they do not want it or are not able to agree to it	recount (verb)	sound or pictures that have been recorded on computer files or on CD,
rape (verb)	to force somebody to have sex when		DVD, video, etc.
-1- (/	they do not want it or are not able to	recovery (noun)	the process of becoming well again
	agree to it	•	after an illness or injury

Word	Definition	Word	Definition
recruit (noun)	a person who has recently joined the armed forces or the police	reliability (noun)	the quality of being able to be trusted to do what somebody wants or needs
recruit (verb)	to find new people to join a company,	relieve (verb)	to remove or reduce an unpleasant
	an organization, the armed forces, etc.	relieved (adjective)	feeling or pain feeling happy because something un-
recruitment (noun)	the act or process of finding new peo- ple to join a company, an organization,		pleasant has stopped or has not hap- pened; showing this
	the armed forces, etc.	reluctant (adjective)	hesitating before doing something be-
referee (noun)	the official who controls the game in some sports		cause you do not want to do it or be- cause you are not sure that it is the
referendum (noun)	an occasion when all the people of a country can vote on an important is-	remainder <i>(noun)</i>	right thing to do the people, things or time that remain
	sue	remains (noun)	the parts of something that are left af-
reflection (noun)	an image in a mirror, on a shiny surface, on water, etc.		ter the other parts have been used, eaten, removed, etc.
reform (noun)	change that is made to a social sys-	remarkable (adjec-	unusual or surprising in a way that
	tem, an organization, etc. in order to improve or correct it	<i>tive)</i> remarkably <i>(ad-</i>	causes people to take notice in a way that is unusual or surprising
reform (verb)	to improve a system, an organization, a law, etc. by making changes to it	verb) remedy (noun)	and causes people to take notice a way of dealing with or improving an
refuge (noun)	shelter or protection from danger,	. ,	unpleasant or difficult situation
refugee (noun)	trouble, etc. a person who has been forced to	reminder (noun)	something that makes you think about or remember somebody/something,
Totalgua (muatt)	leave their country or home, because		that you have forgotten or would like
	there is a war or for political, religious or social reasons	removal (noun)	to forget the act of taking somebody/something
refusal (noun)	an act of saying or showing that you will not do, give or accept something	render (verb)	away from a particular place to cause somebody/something to be
regain (verb)	to get back something you no longer	, ,	in a particular state or condition
regardless (adverb)	have, especially an ability or a quality paying no attention, even if the situa-	renew (verb)	to begin something again after it stopped or was interrupted
	tion is bad or there are difficulties	renowned (adjec-	famous and respected
regime (noun)	a method or system of government, especially one that has not been	<i>tive)</i> rental <i>(noun)</i>	the amount of money that you pay to
registration (noun)	elected in a fair way the act of making an official record of		use something for a particular period of time
,	something/somebody	replacement (noun)	the act of replacing one thing with
regulate (verb)	to control something by means of rules		another, especially something that is newer or better
regulator (noun)	a person or an organization that offi- cially controls an area of business or	reportedly (adverb) reporting (noun)	according to what some people say the presenting of and writing about
	industry and makes sure that it is op-	reporting (noun)	news on television and radio, and in
regulatory (adjec-	erating fairly having the power to control an area	representation	newspapers the act of presenting some-
tive)	of business or industry and make sure that it is operating fairly	(noun)	body/something in a particular way; something that shows or describes
rehabilitation	the process of helping somebody to		something
(noun)	return to a normal, healthy life after they have been in prison or very ill	reproduce (verb)	to make a copy of a picture, piece of text, etc.
reign (noun)	the period during which a king, queen,	reproduction (noun)	the act or process of producing ba-
reign (verb)	emperor, etc. rules to rule as king, queen, emperor, etc.	republic (noun)	bies, young animals or plants a country that is governed by a pres-
reinforce (verb)	to make a feeling, an idea, etc. stronger		ident and politicians elected by the people and where there is no king or
rejection (noun)	the act of refusing to accept or con-		queen
relevance (noun)	sider something a close connection with the subject	resemble (verb)	to look like or be similar to another person or thing
,	you are discussing or the situation you are in	reside <i>(verb)</i> residence <i>(noun)</i>	to live in a particular place a house, especially a large or impres-
	are iii	residence (noun)	sive one

Word	Definition	Word	Definition
residential (adjec- tive)	suitable for living in; consisting of houses rather than factories or offices	revision (noun)	a change or set of changes to something
residue (noun)	a small amount of something that remains at the end of a process	revival (noun)	an improvement in the condition or strength of something
resign (verb)	to officially tell somebody that you are leaving your job, an organization, etc.	revive (verb)	to become, or to make some- body/something become, conscious
resignation (noun)	the act of giving up your job or position; the occasion when you do this	revolutionary (ad-	or healthy and strong again connected with political revolution
resistance (noun)	dislike of or opposition to a plan, an	jective)	·
resolution (noun)	idea, etc.; the act of refusing to obey a definite decision to do or not to do something	rhetoric (noun)	speech or writing that is intended to influence people, but that is not completely honest or sincere
respective (adjec- tive)	belonging or relating separately to each of the people or things already	ridiculous (adjec- tive)	very silly or unreasonable
respectively (ad-	mentioned in the same order as the people or	rifle (noun)	a gun with a long barrel which you hold to your shoulder to fire
verb)	things already mentioned	riot (noun)	a situation in which a group of peo-
restoration (noun)	the work of repairing and cleaning an old building, a painting, etc. so that		ple behave in a violent way in a public place, often as a protest
	its condition is as good as it originally was	rip (verb)	to tear something or to become torn, often suddenly or violently
restore (verb)	to bring back a situation or feeling that existed before	risky (adjective)	involving the possibility of something bad happening
restraint (noun)	a rule, a fact, an idea, etc. that limits or controls what people can do	ritual (noun)	a series of actions that are always performed in the same way, especially
restrict (verb)	to limit the size, amount or range of something	rival <i>(adjective)</i>	as part of a religious ceremony competing with another person, com-
restriction (noun)	a rule or law that limits what you can	, , ,	pany, thing, etc.
resume (verb)	do or what can happen if you resume an activity, or if it re-	rival <i>(noun)</i>	a person, company or thing that competes with another in sport, business,
	sumes, it begins again or continues after being interrupted	rob (verb)	etc. to steal money or property from a per-
retail <i>(noun)</i>	the selling of goods to the public, usually through shops	robbery (noun)	son or place the crime of stealing money or goods
retirement (noun)	the fact of leaving your job and stop-	robbery (noun)	from a bank, shop, person, etc., espe-
	ping work, usually because you have reached a particular age; the time	robust (adjective)	cially using violence or threats strong and healthy
rotroot (noun)	when you do this	rock (verb)	to move gently backwards and for- wards or from side to side; to make
retreat (noun)	a movement away from a place or an enemy because of danger or defeat		somebody/something move in this
retreat (verb)	to move away from a place or an en- emy because you are in danger or be-	rocket (noun)	way a spacecraft in the shape of a tube
retrieve (verb)	cause you have been defeated to bring or get something back, espe-		that is driven by a stream of gases let out behind it when fuel is burned in-
	cially from a place where it should not	rod (noun)	side
revelation (noun)	be a fact that people are made aware of,	rod (noun)	a long straight piece of wood, metal or glass
	especially one that has been secret and is surprising	romance (noun)	an exciting, usually short, relationship between two people who are in love
revenge (noun)	something that you do in order to make somebody suffer because they	rose (noun)	with each other a flower with a sweet smell that grows
rovonuo (nove)	have made you suffer	. 555 (66.1)	on a bush with thorns (= sharp points)
revenue (noun)	the money that a government receives from taxes or that an organization,	rotate (verb)	on its stems to move or turn around a central fixed
reverse (adjective)	etc. receives from its business opposite to what has been mentioned	rotation (noun)	point; to make something do this the action of an object moving in a cir-
reverse (noun)	the opposite of what has just been mentioned	roughly (adverb)	cle around a central fixed point approximately but not exactly
reverse (verb)	to change something completely so that it is the opposite of what it was	ruin (noun)	the state or process of being de- stroyed or severely damaged
	before		

Word	Definition	Word	Definition
ruin <i>(verb)</i>	to damage something so badly that it loses all its value, pleasure, etc.	scope (noun)	the opportunity or ability to do or achieve something
ruling (noun)	an official decision made by some- body in a position of authority, espe-	scratch (noun)	a mark, a cut or an injury made by scratching somebody's skin or the
rumour (noun)	cially a judge a piece of information, or a story, that people talk about, but that may not be	scratch (verb)	surface of something to rub your skin with your nails, usu- ally because it is itching
sack (verb)	true to dismiss somebody from a job	screening (noun)	the act of showing a film or television programme
sacred (adjective)	connected with God or a god; considered to be holy	screw (noun)	a thin pointed piece of metal like a nail with a raised spiral line (called a
sacrifice (noun)	the fact of giving up something impor- tant or valuable to you in order to get or do something that seems more im- portant; something that you give up in this way		thread) along it and a line or cross cut into its head. Screws are turned and pressed into wood, metal, etc. with a screwdriver in order to fasten two things together.
sacrifice (verb)	to give up something that is important or valuable to you in order to get or do something that seems more important	screw (verb)	to fasten one thing to another or make something tight with a screw or screws
saint <i>(noun)</i>	for yourself or for another person a person that the Christian Church recognizes as being very holy, be- cause of the way they have lived or died	scrutiny (noun) seal (noun)	careful and complete examination an official design or mark, stamped on a document to show that it is real and carries the authority of a particu- lar person or organization
sake (noun)		seal (verb)	to close an envelope, etc. by sticking
sanction (noun)	an official order that limits trade, contact, etc. with a particular country, in order to make it do something, such	secular (adjective)	the edges of the opening together not connected with spiritual or religious matters
satisfaction (noun)	as obeying international law the good feeling that you have when	seeker (noun)	a person who is trying to find or get the thing mentioned
(,	you have achieved something or when something that you wanted to happen does happen; something that gives	seemingly (adverb) segment (noun)	in a way that appears to be true but may in fact not be a part of something that is separate
say (noun)	you this feeling the right to influence something by	oogon (noan)	from the other parts or can be considered separately
say (noun)	giving your opinion before a decision is made	seize (verb)	to take somebody/something in your hand suddenly and using force
scandal (noun)	behaviour or an event that people think is morally or legally wrong and causes public feelings of shock or anger	seldom (adverb) selective (adjective)	not often affecting or involving only a small number of people or things from a larger group
scare (noun)	a situation in which a lot of people are anxious or frightened about something	seminar (noun)	a class at a university or college when a small group of students and a teacher discuss or study a particular
scare (verb) scattered (adjec-	to frighten somebody spread far apart over a wide area or	senator (noun)	topic a member of a senate
tive) scenario (noun)	over a long period of time a description of how things might hap-	sensation (noun)	a feeling that you get when something affects your body
, ,	pen in the future	sensitivity (noun)	the ability to understand other peo-
sceptical (adjec- tive)	having doubts that a claim or state- ment is true or that something will happen	sentiment (noun)	ple's feelings a feeling or an opinion, especially one based on emotions
scholar (noun)	a person who knows a lot about a particular subject because they have	separation (noun)	the act of separating people or things; the state of being separate
scholarship (noun)	studied it in detail an amount of money given to some-	serial (adjective)	doing the same thing in the same way several times; done in the same way
	body by an organization to help pay for their education	set-up (noun)	several times a way of organizing something; a sys- tem

Word	Definition	Word	Definition
settlement (noun)	an official agreement that ends an argument between two people or	simultaneously (adverb)	at the same time as something else
settler (noun)	groups a person who goes to live in a new	sin (noun)	an offence against God or against a religious or moral law
severely (adverb)	country or region very badly or seriously	situated (adjective) sketch (noun)	in a particular place or position a simple picture that is drawn quickly
sexuality (noun)	the feelings and activities connected with a person's sexual desires	skilled (adjective)	and does not have many details having enough ability, experience and
sexy <i>(adjective)</i> shaped <i>(adjective)</i>	sexually attractive having the type of shape mentioned	, ,	knowledge to be able to do something well
shareholder (noun)	an owner of shares in a company or business	skip (verb)	to move forwards lightly and quickly making a little jump with each step
shatter (verb)	to suddenly break into small pieces; to make something suddenly break into	skull (noun)	the bone structure that forms the head and surrounds and protects the brain
shed (verb)	small pieces to get rid of something that is no	slam (verb)	to shut, or to make something shut, with a lot of force, making a loud noise
	longer wanted	slap (verb)	to hit somebody/something with the
sheer (adjective)	used to emphasize the size, degree or amount of something	slash (verb)	flat part of your hand to make a long cut with a sharp object,
shipping (noun)	ships in general or considered as a group	slavery (noun)	especially in a violent way the state of being forced to work as a
shocking (adjec- tive)	that offends or upsets people; that is morally wrong		slave a word or phrase that is easy to re-
shoot <i>(noun)</i>	the part that grows up from the ground	slogan <i>(noun)</i>	member, used for example by a po-
	when a plant starts to grow; a new part that grows on plants or trees		litical party or in advertising to attract people's attention or to suggest an
shore (noun)	the land along the edge of the sea, the ocean or a lake	slot <i>(noun)</i>	idea quickly a long, narrow opening, into which
short-term (adjec-	lasting a short time; designed only for	, ,	you put or fit something
tive) shortage <i>(noun)</i>	a short period of time in the future a situation when there is not enough	smash (verb)	to break something, or to be broken, violently and noisily into many pieces
	of the people or things that are needed	snap (verb)	to break something suddenly with a sharp noise; to be broken in this way
shortly <i>(adverb)</i> shrink <i>(verb)</i>	a short time; not long	so-called (adjec- tive)	used to show that you do not think that the word or phrase that is being used
SHIIIK (VEID)	to become smaller, especially when washed in water that is too hot; to	uve)	to describe somebody/something is
	make clothes, cloth, etc. smaller in this way	soak <i>(verb)</i>	appropriate to put something in liquid for a time
shrug (verb)	to raise your shoulders and then drop them to show that you do not know or	,	so that it becomes completely wet; to become completely wet in this way
	care about something	soar (verb)	if the value, amount or level of some-
sibling <i>(noun)</i> sigh <i>(noun)</i>	a brother or sister an act or the sound of sighing	socialist (adjective)	thing soars, it rises very quickly connected with socialism
sigh (verb)	to take and then let out a long deep breath that can be heard, to show that	sole (adjective) solely (adverb)	only; single only; not involving some-
	you are disappointed, sad, tired, etc.	• , ,	body/something else
signature (noun)	your name as you usually write it, for example at the end of a letter	solicitor (noun)	a lawyer who prepares legal documents, for example for the sale of land
significance (noun)	the importance of something, especially when this has an effect on what		or buildings, advises people on legal matters, and can speak for them in
simulate (verb)	happens in the future to create particular conditions that ex- ist in real life using computers, mod-	solidarity (noun)	some courts of law support by one person or group of people for another because they
	els, etc., usually for study or training		share feelings, opinions, aims, etc.
simulation (noun)	purposes a situation in which a particular set of	solo (adjective)	done by one person alone, without anyone helping them
	conditions is created artificially in or- der to study or experience something	solo (noun)	a piece of music, dance or entertain- ment performed by only one person
	that could exist in reality	somehow (adverb) sometime (adverb)	in a way that is not known or certain at a time that you do not know exactly or has not yet been decided

Word	Definition	Word	Definition
sophisticated (ad- jective)	clever and complicated in the way that it works or is presented	spill (verb)	to flow over the edge of a container by accident; to make liquid do this
sound (adjective)	sensible; that you can rely on and that	spin (noun)	a very fast turning movement
oodiid (dajootiivo)	will probably give good results	spin (verb)	to turn round and round quickly; to
sovereignty (noun)	complete power to govern a country	- p (* - ***)	make something do this
spam (noun)	advertising material sent by email to	spine (noun)	the row of small bones that are con-
. , ,	people who have not asked for it; ad-	. , ,	nected together down the middle of
	vertising material on the internet that		the back
	is not wanted	spite (noun)	a feeling of wanting to hurt or upset
span <i>(noun)</i>	the length of time that something lasts		somebody
	or is able to continue	spoil <i>(verb)</i>	to change something good into some-
span <i>(verb)</i>	to last all through a period of time or	anakaaman (naun)	thing bad, unpleasant, etc.
spare (adjective)	to cover the whole of it available to do what you want with	spokesman (noun)	a person who speaks for a group or an organization
spare (adjective)	rather than work	spokesperson	a person who speaks for a group or
spare (verb)	to make something such as time	(noun)	an organization
	or money available to somebody or	spokeswoman	a woman who speaks for a group or
	for something, especially when it re-	(noun)	an organization
	quires an effort for you to do this	sponsorship (noun)	financial support from a sponsor
spark <i>(verb)</i>	to cause something to start or de-	sporting (adjective)	connected with sports
	velop, especially suddenly	spotlight (noun)	a light with a single, very bright beam
specialize (verb)	to become an expert in a particular		that can be directed at a particular
	area of work, study or business; to		place or person, especially a per-
	spend more time on one area of work, etc. than on others	spouse (noun)	former on the stage a husband or wife
specialized (adjec-	designed or developed for a particular	spouse (noun)	a person who tries to get secret infor-
tive)	purpose or area of knowledge	Spy (noun)	mation about another country, orga-
specification (noun)	a detailed description of how some-		nization or person, especially some-
-1 ()	thing is, or should be, designed or		body who is employed by a govern-
	made		ment or the police
specify (verb)	to state something, especially by giv-	spy (verb)	to collect secret information about an-
	ing an exact measurement, time, ex-		other country, organization or person
	act instructions, etc.	squad <i>(noun)</i>	a section of a police force that deals
specimen (noun)	a small amount of something that	o average (very lands)	with a particular type of crime
spectacle (noun)	shows what the rest of it is like two lenses in a frame that rests on the	squeeze (verb)	to press something, especially with your fingers
speciacie (noun)	nose and ears. People wear specta-	stah (verh)	to push a sharp, pointed object, espe-
	cles in order to be able to see better or	Stab (VCID)	cially a knife, into somebody, killing or
	to protect their eyes from bright light.		injuring them
spectacular (adjec-	very impressive	stability (noun)	the quality or state of being steady
tive)			and not changing or being upset in
spectator (noun)	a person who is watching an event,		any way (= the quality of being stable)
	especially a sports event	stabilize (verb)	to become or to make something be-
spectrum (noun)	a band of coloured lights in order of		come steady and unlikely to change;
	their wavelengths, as seen in a rain-	ataka (naun)	to make something stable
	bow and into which light may be sep- arated	stake (noun)	money that somebody invests in a company
speculate (verb)	to form an opinion about something	stall (noun)	a table or small shop with an open
speculate (verb)	without knowing all the details or facts	Stall (Hourl)	front that people sell things from, es-
speculation (noun)	the act of forming opinions about what		pecially at a market
, ,	has happened or what might happen	stance (noun)	the opinions that somebody has about
	without knowing all the facts		something and expresses publicly
spell (noun)	a short period of time during which	standing (adjective)	done from a position in which you are
	something lasts		standing rather than sitting or running
sphere (noun)	a solid figure that is completely round,	stark <i>(adjective)</i>	unpleasant; real, and impossible to
	with every point on its surface at an	atomic (carb)	avoid
spice (noun)	equal distance from the centre one of the various types of powder or	starve (verb)	to suffer or die because you do not have enough food to eat; to make
spice (Houri)	seed that come from plants and are		somebody suffer or die in this way
	used in cooking. Spices have a strong		comoscay canor or die in this way
	taste and smell.		

Word statistical (adjec-	Definition connected with or based on statistics	Word stun (verb)	Definition to make a person or an animal uncon-
tive) steadily (adverb)	gradually and in an even and regular	, ,	scious for a short time, especially by hitting them on the head
steam (noun)	way the hot gas that water changes into when it boils	stunning (adjective) submission (noun)	extremely attractive or impressive the act of accepting that somebody has defeated you and that you must
steer (verb)	to control the direction in which a boat, car, etc. moves	subscriber (noun)	obey them a person who pays money, usually
stem (noun)	the main long, thin part of a plant above the ground from which the leaves or flowers grow; a smaller part that grows from this and supports flowers or leaves	subscription (noun)	once a year, to receive regular copies of a magazine or newspaper or have access to it online an amount of money that you pay regularly to receive a service, be a mem-
stem (verb)	to stop something that is flowing from spreading or increasing		ber of a club, support a charity or re- ceive regular copies of a newspaper
stereotype (noun)	a fixed idea or image that many peo- ple have of a particular type of person or thing, but which is often not true in reality and may cause hurt and of- fence	subsequent (adjective) subsequently (ad-	or magazine; the act of paying this money happening or coming after something else afterwards; later; after something else
stimulate (verb)	to make something develop or be- come more active; to encourage something	verb) subsidy (noun)	has happened money that is paid by a government or an organization to reduce the costs of
stimulus (noun)	something that helps some- body/something to develop better	substantial (adjec-	services or of producing goods so that their prices can be kept low
stir (verb)	or more quickly to move a liquid or substance around, using a spoon or something similar, in	tive) substantially (ad-	large in amount, value or importance very much; a lot
storage (noun)	order to mix it completely the process of keeping something in a particular place until it is needed; the space where things can be kept	verb) substitute (noun)	a person or thing that you use or have instead of the one you normally use or have
straightforward (ad- jective)	easy to do or to understand; not complicated	substitute (verb)	to take the place of some- body/something else; to use
strain (noun)	pressure on a system or relationship because great demands are being placed on it	substitution (noun)	somebody/something instead of somebody/something else an act of using one person or thing in
strand (noun)	a single thin piece of thread, wire, hair, etc.	subtle (adjective)	the place of another not very obvious or easy to notice
strategic (adjective)	done as part of a plan that is meant to achieve a particular purpose or to gain an advantage	suburb (noun)	an area where people live that is outside the centre of a city in or connected with a suburb
strengthen (verb)	to become more powerful or effective; to make somebody/something more	suburban (adjec- tive) succession (noun)	a number of people or things that fol-
strictly (adverb)	powerful or effective with a lot of control and rules that must be obeyed	successive (adjec- tive)	low each other in time or order following immediately one after the other
striking (adjective)	interesting and unusual enough to attract attention	successor (noun)	a person or thing that comes after somebody/something else and takes
strip (noun)	a long narrow piece of paper, metal, cloth, etc.	suck (verb)	their/its place to take liquid, air, etc. into your mouth
strip (verb)	to take off all or most of your clothes or another person's clothes	sue (verb)	by using the muscles of your lips to make a claim against a person or
strive (verb) stroke (noun)	to try very hard to achieve something an act of hitting a ball, for example with a bat or racket		an organization in court about some- thing that they have said or done to harm you
structural (adjec- tive)	connected with the way in which something is built or organized	suffering (noun) sufficient (adjec-	physical or mental pain enough for a particular purpose; as
stumble (verb)	to hit your foot against something while you are walking or running and almost fall	tive)	much as you need

Word	Definition	Word	Definition
sufficiently (adverb)	enough for a particular purpose; as much as you need	suspicion (noun)	a feeling that somebody has done something wrong, illegal or dishonest,
suicide <i>(noun)</i> suite <i>(noun)</i>	the act of killing yourself deliberately a set of rooms, especially in a hotel	suspicious (adjec-	even though you have no proof feeling that somebody has done
summit (noun)	the highest point of something, especially the top of a mountain	tive)	something wrong, illegal or dishonest, without having any proof
super (adjective) superb (adjective)	extremely good excellent; of very good quality	sustain (verb)	to provide enough of what some- body/something needs in order to live
superior (adjective)	better in quality than some-		or exist
supervise (verb)	body/something else; greater than somebody/something else to be in charge of some-	sustainable <i>(adjec-tive)</i>	involving the use of natural products and energy in a way that does not harm the environment
supervise (verb)	body/something and make sure that everything is done correctly,	swallow (verb)	to make food, drink, etc. go down your throat into your stomach
	safely, etc.	swing (noun)	a swinging movement or rhythm
supervision (noun)	the work or activity involved in being in charge of somebody/something and	swing (verb)	to move backwards or forwards or from side to side while hanging from
	making sure that everything is done correctly, safely, etc.		a fixed point; to make something do this
supervisor (noun)	a person who supervises some- body/something	sword (noun)	a weapon with a long metal blade (= sharp cutting part) and a handle
supplement (noun)	a thing that is added to something	symbolic (adjec-	containing symbols, or being used as
supplement (verb)	else to improve or complete it to add something to something in or-	<i>tive)</i> sympathetic <i>(adjec</i> -	a symbol kind to somebody who is hurt or sad;
	der to improve it or make it more com- plete	tive)	showing that you understand and care about their problems
supportive (adjec- tive)	encouraging somebody or giving them help or sympathy	syndrome (noun)	a set of physical conditions that show you have a particular disease or med-
supposedly (ad-	according to what is generally thought		ical problem
<i>verb)</i> suppress <i>(verb)</i>	or believed but not known for certain to put an end, often by force, to a	synthesis (noun)	the act of combining separate ideas, beliefs, styles, etc.; a mixture or com-
	group or an activity that is believed to threaten authority	systematic (adjec-	bination of ideas, beliefs, styles, etc. done according to a system or plan,
supreme (adjec- tive)	highest in rank or position	tive)	in a complete, efficient or determined way
surge (noun)	a sudden increase of a strong feeling	tackle (noun)	an act of trying to take the ball from an
surge <i>(verb)</i>	to move quickly and with force in a particular direction		opponent in football (soccer), hockey, etc.; an act of knocking somebody to
surgeon (noun)	a doctor who is trained to perform surgery (= medical operations that in-		the ground, for example in rugby or American football
surgical (adjective)	volve cutting open a person's body)	tackle (verb)	to make a determined effort to deal with a difficult problem or situation
surgical <i>(adjective)</i> surplus <i>(noun)</i>	used in or connected with surgery an amount that is extra or more than	tactic (noun)	the particular method you use to
surrender (verb)	you need to admit that you have been defeated	tactical (adjective)	achieve something connected with the particular method
	and want to stop fighting; to allow yourself to be caught, taken prisoner,	tag (noun)	you use to achieve something a small piece of paper, cloth, plastic,
W	etc.	tag (noun)	etc. attached to something to identify
surveillance (noun)	the act of carefully watching a person suspected of a crime or a place where	tag (verb)	it or give information about it to fasten a tag onto some-
survival (noun)	a crime may be committed the state of continuing to live or exist, often despite difficulty or danger	tap (noun)	thing/somebody a device for controlling the flow of wa- ter from a pipe into a bath or sink
survivor (noun)	a person who continues to live, espe- cially despite being nearly killed or ex-	tap (verb)	to hit somebody/something quickly and lightly
suspend (verb)	periencing great danger or difficulty to hang something from something else	taxpayer (noun)	a person who pays tax to the govern- ment, especially on the money that
suspension (noun)	the act of officially removing some-		they earn
	body from their job, school, team, etc. for a period of time, usually as a punishment		
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Word technological (ad- jective)	Definition connected with technology	Word textbook (noun)	Definition a book that teaches a particular subject and that is used especially in
teens (noun) temple (noun)	the years of a person's life when they are between 13 and 19 years old a building used for religious wor- ship, especially in religions other than Christianity	texture (noun)	schools and colleges the way a surface, substance or piece of cloth feels when you touch it, for example how rough, smooth, hard or soft it is
temporarily (ad- verb)	in a way that lasts or is intended to last or be used only for a short time; in a way that is not permanent	thankfully (adverb)	used to show that you are pleased that something good has happened or that something bad has been avoided
tempt (verb)	to attract somebody or make some- body want to do or have something, even if they know it is wrong	theatrical (adjec- tive) theft (noun)	connected with the theatre the crime of stealing something from
tenant (noun)	a person who pays rent for the use of a room, building, land, etc. to the per- son who owns it	theology (noun) theoretical (adjec-	a person or place the study of religion and beliefs connected with the ideas and princi-
tendency (noun)	if somebody/something has a particu- lar tendency, they are likely to behave or act in a particular way	tive)	ples on which a particular subject is based, rather than with practice and experiment
tender (adjective) tension (noun)	kind, gentle and loving a situation in which people do not trust each other, or feel unfriendly towards	therapist (noun)	a specialist who treats a particular type of illness or problem, or who uses a particular type of treatment
tenure (noun)	each other, and that may cause them to attack each other the period of time when somebody holds an important job, especially a political one; the act of holding an im-	thereafter (adverb) thereby (adverb) thesis (noun)	after the time or event mentioned used to introduce the result of the ac- tion or situation mentioned a long piece of writing completed by a student as part of a university degree,
terminal (adjective)	portant job that cannot be cured and will lead to death, often slowly	thorough (adjec-	based on their own research done completely; with great attention to detail
terminal (noun)	a building or set of buildings at an airport where passengers arrive and leave	thoroughly (adverb) thought-provoking (adjective)	very much; completely making people think seriously about a particular subject or issue
terminate (verb) terms (noun)	to end; to make something end the conditions that people offer, de- mand or accept when they make an agreement, an arrangement or a con- tract	thoughtful (adjective) thread (noun) threshold (noun)	quiet, because you are thinking a thin string of cotton, wool, silk, etc. used for sewing or making cloth the floor or ground at the bottom of a
terrain <i>(noun)</i>	used to refer to an area of land when you are mentioning its natural fea- tures, for example, if it is rough, flat,	thrilled (adjective)	doorway, considered as the entrance to a building or room very excited and pleased
terribly (adverb)	etc. very	thrive (verb)	to become, and continue to be, successful, strong, healthy, etc.
terrific (adjective) terrify (verb)	excellent; wonderful to make somebody feel extremely frightened	thumb (noun) tide (noun)	the short, thick finger at the side of the hand, slightly apart from the other four a regular rise and fall in the level of the
territory (noun)	land that is under the control of a particular country or political leader		sea, caused by the pull of the moon and sun; the flow of water that hap-
terror (noun) terrorism (noun)	a feeling of extreme fear the use of violent action in order to achieve political aims or to force a government to act	tighten (verb)	pens as the sea rises and falls to hold or fix something more securely in position; to make something or be- come more difficult to move, open or
terrorist (noun) testify (verb)	a person who takes part in terrorism to make a statement that something happened or that something is true, especially as a witness in court	timber (noun)	separate trees that are grown to be used in building or for making things
testimony (noun)	especially as a witness in court a thing that shows that something else exists or is true	timely (adjective) timing (noun)	happening at exactly the right time the act of choosing when something happens; a particular point or period
testing (noun)	the activity of testing some- body/something in order to find something out, see if it works, etc.		of time when something happens or is planned

Word	Definition	Word	Definition
Word tissue (noun)	Definition a piece of soft paper, used especially	Word trait <i>(noun)</i>	Definition a particular quality in your personality
lissue (noun)	as a handkerchief	transaction (noun)	a piece of business that is done be-
tobacco (noun)	the dried leaves of the tobacco plant	transastion (noan)	tween people, especially an act of
(/	that are used for making cigarettes,		buying or selling
	smoking in a pipe, etc.	transcript (noun)	a written or printed copy of words that
tolerance (noun)	the quality of being willing to accept or		have been spoken
	tolerate somebody/something, espe-	transformation	a complete change in some-
	cially opinions or behaviour that you	(noun)	body/something
	may not agree with, or people who are not like you	transit (noun)	the process of being moved or carried from one place to another
tolerate (verb)	to allow somebody to do something	transmission	the act or process of passing some-
10.0.010 (10.0)	that you do not agree with or like	(noun)	thing from one person, place or thing
toll (noun)	money that you pay to use a particular	,	to another
	road or bridge	transmit (verb)	to send an electronic signal, radio or
ton <i>(noun)</i>	a unit for measuring weight, in the UK		television broadcast, etc.
	2 240 pounds (long ton) and in the US	transparency	the quality of something, such as a sit-
toppo (poup)	2 000 pounds (short ton) a unit for measuring weight, equal to	(noun)	uation or an argument, that makes it easy to understand
tonne (noun)	1 000 kilograms	transparent (adjec-	allowing you to see through it
top (verb)	to be higher than a particular amount	tive)	anowing you to see through it
torture (noun)	the act of causing somebody severe	transportation	a system for carrying people or goods
, ,	pain in order to punish them or make	(noun)	from one place to another using vehi-
	them say or do something		cles, roads, etc.
torture (verb)	to hurt somebody physically or men-	trap <i>(noun)</i>	a piece of equipment for catching ani-
	tally in order to punish them or make	tran (varh)	mals
toss (verb)	them tell you something to throw something lightly or care-	trap (verb)	to put somebody in a dangerous place that they cannot get out of
1033 (VEID)	lessly	trauma (noun)	a mental condition caused by severe
total (verb)	to reach a particular total		shock, stress or fear, especially when
tournament (noun)	a sports competition involving a num-		the harmful effects last for a long time
	ber of teams or players who take part	treasure <i>(noun)</i>	a collection of valuable things such as
	in different games and must leave the competition if they lose. The compe-	treaty (noun)	gold, silver and jewellery a formal agreement between two or
	tition continues until there is only the	treaty (noun)	more countries
	winner left.	tremendous (adjec-	very great
toxic (adjective)	containing poison; poisonous	tive)	
trace <i>(noun)</i>	a mark, an object or a sign that shows	· •	connected with a tribe or tribes
	that somebody/something existed or	tribe (noun)	a social group in a traditional soci-
trace (verb)	was present to find or discover some-		ety consisting of people with the same language, culture, religion, etc., living
liace (verb)	body/something by looking carefully		in a particular area and often having
	for them/it		one leader known as a chief
trademark (noun)	a name, symbol or design that a com-	tribunal (noun)	a type of court with the authority to
	pany uses for its products and that		deal with a particular problem or dis-
	cannot be used by anyone else		agreement
trading (noun)	the activity of buying and selling	tribute (noun)	an act, a statement or a gift that is in-
tragedy (noun)	things a very sad event or situation, espe-		tended to show your love or respect, especially for a dead person
liagedy (Houri)	cially one that involves death	trigger (noun)	the part of a gun that you press in or-
tragic (adjective)	making you feel very sad, usually be-	990 ()	der to fire it
-	cause somebody has died or suffered	trigger (verb)	to make something happen suddenly
	a lot	trillion (number)	
trail <i>(noun)</i>	a long line or series of marks that is	trio (noun)	a group of three people or things
trail (verh)	left by somebody/something to pull something behind some-	triumph (noun)	a great success, achievement or victory
trail <i>(verb)</i>	body/something, usually along the	troop (noun)	soldiers, especially in large groups
	ground; to be pulled along in this way	trophy (noun)	an object such as a silver cup that is
trailer (noun)	a truck, or a container with wheels,	, , , ,	given as a prize for winning a compe-
. ,	that is pulled by another vehicle		tition

Word troubled (adjective)	Definition worried and anxious	Word upcoming (adjec-	Definition going to happen soon
trustee (noun)	a person or an organization that has control of money or property that has been put into a trust for somebody	<i>tive)</i> upgrade <i>(noun)</i>	the act of making a machine, computer system, etc. more powerful and
tsunami (noun)	an extremely large wave in the sea caused, for example, by an earth-		efficient; the more powerful and effi- cient machine, computer system, etc.
tuition (noun)	quake the act of teaching something, espe- cially to one person or to people in small groups	upgrade <i>(verb)</i>	to make a machine, computer system, etc. more powerful and efficient; to start using a new and better version of a machine, system, etc.
turnout (noun)	the number of people who attend a particular event	uphold (verb)	to support something that you think is right and make sure that it continues
turnover (noun)	the total amount of goods or services sold by a company during a particular period of time	urgent (adjective)	to exist that needs to be dealt with or happen immediately
twist (noun)	the action of turning something with your hand, or of turning a part of your	usage (noun)	the way in which words are used in a language
twist (verb)	body to bend or turn something into a par-	useless (adjective)	not useful; not doing or achieving what is needed or wanted
ultimate (adjective)	ticular shape happening at the end of a long pro- cess	utility (noun)	a service provided for the public, for example an electricity, water or gas supply
unacceptable (ad- jective)	so bad that you think it should not be allowed	, ,	to use something, especially for a practical purpose
uncertainty <i>(noun)</i> undergo <i>(verb)</i>	the state of being uncertain to experience something, especially a change or something unpleasant	utterly <i>(adverb)</i> vacuum <i>(noun)</i>	completely a space that is completely empty of all substances, including all air or other
undergraduate (noun)	a university or college student who is studying for their first degree	vague (adjective)	gas not clear in a person's mind
underlying (adjec- tive)	important in a situation but not always easily noticed or stated clearly	valid <i>(adjective)</i> validity <i>(noun)</i>	that is legally or officially acceptable the state of being legally or officially
undermine (verb)	to make something, especially some- body's confidence or authority, gradu- ally weaker or less effective	vanish (verb)	acceptable to disappear suddenly and/or in a way that you cannot explain
undertake (verb)	to make yourself responsible for something and start doing it	variable <i>(adjective)</i> variable <i>(noun)</i>	often changing; likely to change a situation, number or quantity that
undoubtedly (ad- verb)	used to emphasize that something exists or is definitely true	variation (noun)	can vary or be varied a change, especially in the amount or
unfold (verb)	to spread open or flat something that has previously been folded; to be- come open and flat	varied (adjective) vein (noun)	level of something of many different types any of the tubes that carry blood from
unfortunate (adjec- tive)	having bad luck; caused by bad luck	venture (noun)	all parts of the body towards the heart a business project or activity, espe-
unify <i>(verb)</i>	to join people, things, parts of a country, etc. together so that they form a single unit	venture (verb)	cially one that involves taking risks to go somewhere even though you know that it might be dangerous or un-
unite (verb)	to join together with other people in or- der to do something as a group	verbal (adjective)	pleasant relating to words
unity (noun)	the state of being in agreement and working together; the state of being joined together to form one unit	verdict (noun)	an official judgement made in court or at an inquest (= an official investiga- tion into somebody's death)
universal <i>(adjec-tive)</i>	done by or involving all the people in the world or in a particular group	verify (verb)	to check that something is true or accurate
unprecedented (ad- jective)	that has never happened, been done or been known before	verse (noun)	writing that is arranged in lines, often with a regular rhythm or pattern of
unveil <i>(verb)</i>	to remove a cover or curtain from a painting, statue, etc. so that it can be seen in public for the first time	versus (preposi- tion) vertical (adjective)	rhyme used to show that two teams or sides are against each other going straight up or down from a level surface or from top to bottom in a picture, etc.

Word	Definition	Word	Definition
vessel (noun)	a tube that carries blood through the	weave (verb)	to make cloth, a carpet, a basket, etc.
	body of a person or an animal, or liq- uid through the parts of a plant		by crossing threads or narrow pieces of material across, over and under
veteran (noun)	a person who has a lot of experience		each other by hand or on a machine
()	in a particular area or activity		called a loom
viable (adjective)	that can be done; that will be success-	weed (noun)	a wild plant growing where it is not
vibrant (adjective)	ful full of life and energy		wanted, especially among crops or garden plants
vice (noun)	criminal activities that involve sex or	weekly (adjective)	happening, done or published once a
	drugs	mooning (diagrams)	week or every week
vicious (adjective)	violent and cruel	weird (adjective)	very strange or unusual and difficult to
viewpoint (noun)	a way of thinking about a subject		explain
villager <i>(noun)</i> violate <i>(verb)</i>	a person who lives in a village to go against or refuse to obey a law,	welfare (noun)	the general health, happiness and safety of a person, an animal or a
violate (verb)	an agreement, etc.		group
violation (noun)	the act of going against or refusing to	well (noun)	a deep hole in the ground from which
! d	obey a law, an agreement, etc.		people obtain water. The sides of
virtue (noun)	behaviour or attitudes that show high moral standards		wells are usually covered with brick or stone and there is usually a cover or a
visa <i>(noun)</i>	a stamp or mark put in your passport		small wall at the top of the well.
,	by officials of a foreign country that	well-being (noun)	general health and happiness
	gives you permission to enter, pass	whatever (adverb)	not at all; not of any kind
visible (adjective)	through or leave their country that can be seen	whatsoever (ad- verb)	not at all; not of any kind
vocal <i>(adjective)</i>	connected with the voice	wheat <i>(noun)</i>	a plant grown for its grain that is used
voluntary (adjec-	done willingly, not because you are	,	to produce the flour for bread, cakes,
tive)	forced		pasta, etc.; the grain of this plant
voting (noun)	the action of choosing some- body/something in an election or	whereby (adverb) whilst (conjunction)	by which; because of which during the time that something is hap-
	at a meeting	Willist (conjunction)	pening; at the same time as some-
vow (verb)	to make a formal and serious promise		thing else is happening
	to do something or a formal statement	whip (verb)	to hit a person or an animal hard with
vulnerability (noun)	that is true the fact of being weak and easily hurt		a whip, as a punishment or to make them go faster or work harder
vaniorasinty (noun)	physically or emotionally	whoever (pronoun)	the person or people who; any person
vulnerable (adjec-	weak and easily hurt physically or		who
tive)	emotionally	wholly (adverb)	completely
wander (verb)	to walk slowly around or to a place, often without any particular sense of	widen (verb)	to become wider; to make something wider
	purpose or direction	widespread (adjec-	existing or happening over a large
ward (noun)	a separate room or area in a hospital	tive)	area or among many people
	for people with the same type of med-	widow (noun)	a woman whose husband or wife has
warehouse (noun)	ical condition a building where large quantities of	width (noun)	died and who has not married again the measurement from one side of
(11000)	goods are stored, especially before	(110 211)	something to the other; how wide
	they are sent to shops to be sold		something is
warfare (noun)	the activity of fighting a war, especially using particular weapons or methods	willingness (noun)	the quality of being happy and ready to do something
warming (noun)	the process of making something, or	wipe (verb)	to do something against a surface, in
((constant	of becoming, warm or warmer		order to remove dirt or liquid from it;
warrant (noun)	a legal document that is signed by a		to rub a surface with a cloth, etc. in
	judge and gives the police authority to do something	wisdom (noun)	order to clean it the ability to make sensible decisions
warrant (verb)	to make something necessary or ap-	Wisdom (<i>noun)</i>	and give good advice because of the
	propriate in a particular situation		experience and knowledge that you
warrior (noun)	(especially in the past) a person who		have
weaken (verb)	fights in a battle or war to make somebody/something less	wit <i>(noun)</i>	the ability to say or write things that are both clever and humorous
WEAREII (VEID)	strong or powerful; to become less	withdraw (verb)	to take money out of a bank account
	strong or powerful	withdrawal (noun)	the act of taking an amount of money
			out of your bank account

Word Definition workforce (noun) all the people who work for a particular company, organization, etc. a period of physical exercise that you workout (noun) do to keep fit workplace (noun) the office, factory, etc. where people work a period of discussion and practical workshop (noun) work on a particular subject, in which a group of people share their knowledge and experience worm (noun) a long, thin creature with a soft body and no bones or legs the practice of showing respect for worship (noun) God or a god, by saying prayers, singing with others, etc.; a ceremony for this worship (verb) to show respect for God or a god, especially by saying prayers, singing, etc. with other people in a religious building worthwhile (adjecimportant, pleasant, interesting, etc.; worth spending time, money or effort tive) worthy (adjective) having the qualities that deserve somebody/something the joint between the hand and the wrist (noun) yell (verb) to shout loudly, for example because you are angry, excited, frightened or in pain yield (noun) the total amount of crops, profits, etc. that are produced

the total amount of crops, profits, etc.

that are produced

a young person or a child

yield (verb)

youngster (noun)