

Lattice Methods



Goals

- | To show applicability of the one-factor and two-factor binomial options pricing model
- | Gain some programming experience
- | Have an option calculator
- | Create lattice datastructures in C++/learn reuse/flexible design



Background


- | Generalisable numerical method for option pricing
- | It uses a discrete time lattice model that describes the underlying and price over time
- | Useful method for American and Bermudan options
- | Simple method, easy to implement



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"Input"

- | SDE (additive, multiplicative models) that describes underlying S or $x = \log(S)$
- | Determine up and down jumps in discrete lattice
- | Forward induction: create the binomial price tree 
- | Backward induction: compute option price, starting at $t = T$ and navigating to $t = 0$
- | As we navigate, we can 'test' various conditions, e.g. early exercise, has a barrier been hit etc.

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SDEs for Lattice Models

I Multiplicative and additive versions

$$dS = \mu S dt + \sigma S dW$$

where

μ = drift (constant)

σ = volatility (constant)

dW = Wiener (Brownian motion) process

u = 'up' jump value

d = 'down' jump value

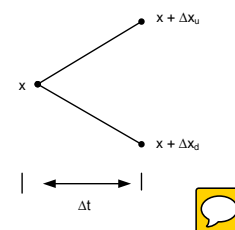
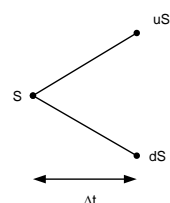
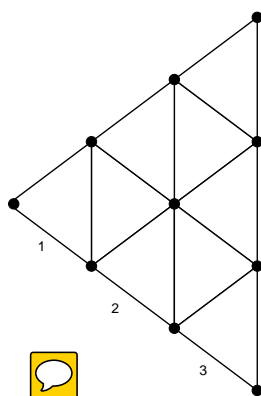
p_u = probability that asset price is uS

p_d = probability that asset price is dS

($p_d = 1 - p_u$)

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Lattice



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Up and Down Jumps

I CRR

$$\begin{aligned} u &= \exp\left((r - \frac{1}{2}\sigma^2)\Delta t + \sigma\sqrt{\Delta t}\right) \\ d &= \exp\left((r - \frac{1}{2}\sigma^2)\Delta t - \sigma\sqrt{\Delta t}\right) \\ p_u &= \frac{1}{2}, \quad p_d = 1 - p_u \end{aligned}$$



I JR

$$\begin{aligned} u &= \exp(\sigma\sqrt{\Delta t}) \\ d &= \exp(-\sigma\sqrt{\Delta t}) \\ p_u &= \frac{1}{2} + \frac{r - \frac{1}{2}\sigma^2}{2\sigma}\sqrt{\Delta t}, \quad p_d = 1 - p_u \end{aligned}$$

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Backwards Induction

I For American option

$$V_j^n = \max \left(e^{-rk} (pV_{j+1}^{n+1} + (1-p)V_j^{n+1}), K - S_j^n \right)$$



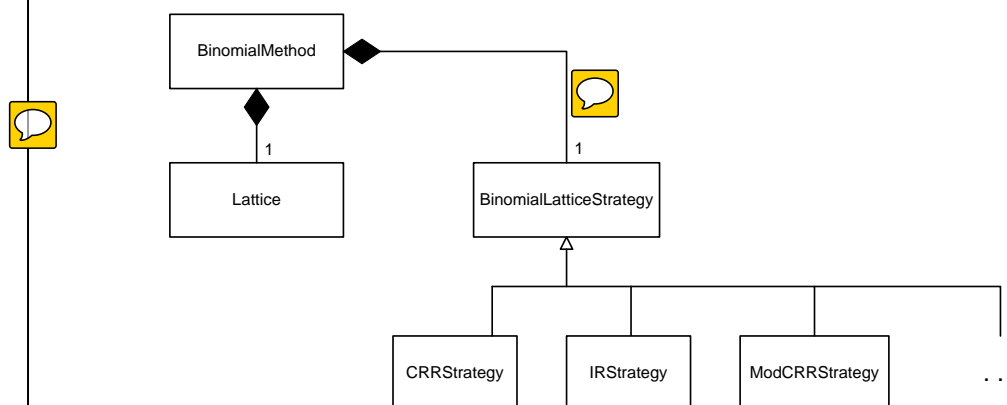
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Design Goals

- | Flexible binomial method solver
- | Using appropriate data structures and design patterns
- | Learn to understand someone else's (well-documented J) code
- | Focus on flexibility; efficiency not the issue here

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UML Class Diagram



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Classes for

- | Recombining lattices
- | Algorithms (Strategy pattern) to compute up and down jumps
- | A central mediator (BinomialMethod)
- | Flexible factory objects to create (input) option data