

Problem Statement: AtliQ Hardwares SQL Challenge

AtliQ Hardwares (imaginary company) is a leading computer hardware manufacturer headquartered in India, with a growing international presence. Despite strong market performance, the management has identified a key bottleneck in their decision-making process: the lack of timely and actionable data insights.

The company requested 10 ad hoc reports for the business insights.

1. Provide the list of markets in which customer "Atliq Exclusive" operates its business in the APAC region.

Solution:

```
1 • SELECT market
2 FROM dim_customer
3 where customer='Atliq Exclusive' and region='APAC'
```

Result Grid		Filter Rows:
	market	
▶	India	
	Indonesia	
	Japan	
	Philippines	
	South Korea	
	Australia	
	Newzealand	
	Bangladesh	
	India	

2. What is the percentage of unique product increase in 2021 vs. 2020? The final output should contain these fields,
- unique_products_2020
 - unique_products_2021
 - percentage_chng

Solution:

```
1 • with cte1 as (  
2   select  
3     distinct  
4       (select count(distinct product_code) from fact_sales_monthly where fiscal_year='2020') as unique_products_2020,  
5       (select count(distinct product_code) from fact_sales_monthly where fiscal_year='2021') as unique_products_2021  
6   from fact_sales_monthly  
7 )  
8 select  
9   *,  
10  Round(unique_products_2021*100/unique_products_2020,2) as percentage_chng  
11 from cte1
```

unique_products_2020	unique_products_2021	percentage_chng
245	334	136.33

3. Provide a report with all the unique product counts for each segment and sort them in descending order of product counts. The final output contains 2 fields,
- segment
 - product_count

Solution:

```
1 • Select segment, count(distinct product_code) as product_count from dim_product  
2   group by segment  
3   order by product_count desc
```

segment	product_count
Notebook	129
Accessories	116
Peripherals	84
Desktop	32
Storage	27
Networking	9

4. Follow-up: Which segment had the most increase in unique products in 2021 vs 2020? The final output contains these fields,

segment
product_count_2020
product_count_2021
difference

Solution:

```
1  with cte1 as (  
2      select  
3          p.segment,  
4          p.product_code,  
5          s.fiscal_year  
6      from fact_sales_monthly s  
7      join dim_product p on p.product_code=s.product_code  
8  ),  
9  cte2 as (select  
10     segment,  
11     count(distinct case when fiscal_year='2020' then product_code end) as product_count_2020,  
12     count(distinct case when fiscal_year='2021' then product_code end) as product_count_2021  
13 from cte1  
14 group by segment)  
15     select  
16         *,  
17         product_count_2021-product_count_2020 as difference  
18     from cte2
```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content: |

segment	product_count_2020	product_count_2021	difference
Accessories	69	103	34
Desktop	7	22	15
Networking	6	9	3
Notebook	92	108	16
Peripherals	59	75	16
Storage	12	17	5

5. Get the products that have the highest and lowest manufacturing costs. The final output should contain these fields,
- product_code
 - product
 - manufacturing_cost

Solution:

```
1  with cte1 as (  
2      select  
3          m.*,  
4          p.product  
5      from fact_manufacturing_cost m  
6      join dim_product p on p.product_code=m.product_code)  
7  select  
8      product_code,  
9      product,  
10     manufacturing_cost  
11 from cte1  
12 where manufacturing_cost=(select min(manufacturing_cost) from cte1)  
13      or manufacturing_cost=(select max(manufacturing_cost) from cte1)  
14
```

Result Grid Filter Rows: Export: Wrap Cell Content:			
	product_code	product	manufacturing_cost
▶	A2118150101	AQ Master wired x1 Ms	0.8920
	A6120110206	AQ HOME Allin1 Gen 2	240.5364

6. Generate a report which contains the top 5 customers who received an average high pre_invoice_discount_pct for the fiscal year 2021 and in the Indian market. The final output contains these fields,
- customer_code
 - customer
 - average_discount_percentage

Solution:

```
1 • with cte1 as (  
2     select  
3         i.*,  
4         c.customer,  
5         c.market  
6     from fact_pre_invoice_deductions i  
7     join dim_customer c on c.customer_code=i.customer_code)  
8     select  
9         customer_code,  
10        customer,  
11        avg(pre_invoice_discount_pct) as average_discount_percentage  
12    from cte1  
13    where fiscal_year='2021' and market='India'  
14    group by customer_code  
15    order by average_discount_percentage desc  
16    limit 5  
17  
18
```

Result Grid			Filter Rows:	Export:	Wrap Cell Content:
customer_code	customer	average_discount_percentage			
90002009	Flipkart	0.30830000			
90002006	Viveks	0.30380000			
90002003	Ezone	0.30280000			
90002002	Croma	0.30250000			
90002016	Amazon	0.29330000			

7. Get the complete report of the Gross sales amount for the customer “Atliq Exclusive” for each month. This analysis helps to get an idea of low and high-performing months and take strategic decisions. The final report contains these columns:

Month
Year
Gross sales Amount

Solution:

```
1 • with cte1 as (select
2     s.date,
3     s.fiscal_year,
4     g.gross_price*s.sold_quantity as Gross_Sales_Amount
5 from fact_gross_price g
6 join fact_sales_monthly s using(product_code)
7 join dim_customer c on s.customer_code=c.customer_code
8 where customer='Atliq Exclusive')
9 select
10     date,
11     fiscal_year,
12     Round(sum(Gross_Sales_Amount)/1000000,2) as Gross_Sales_Amount_Mln
13 from cte1
14 group by date, fiscal_year
15 order by date asc
```

Result Grid				Filter Rows:	Export:	Wrap Cell Content:
	date	fiscal_year	Gross_Sales_Amount_Mln			
▶	2019-09-01	2020	9.09			
	2019-10-01	2020	10.38			
	2019-11-01	2020	15.23			
	2019-12-01	2020	9.76			
	2020-01-01	2020	9.58			

8. In which quarter of 2020, got the maximum total_sold_quantity? The final output contains these fields sorted by the total_sold_quantity,

Quarter
total_sold_quantity

Solution:

```
1 • select
2     get_fiscal_quarter(date) as Quarter,
3     sum(sold_quantity) as total_sold_quantity
4 from fact_sales_monthly
5 where fiscal_year='2020'
6 group by Quarter
```

Result Grid			Filter Rows:	Export:	Wrap Cell Content:
	Quarter	total_sold_quantity			
▶	Q1	7005619			
	Q2	6649642			
	Q3	2075087			
	Q4	5042541			



For this task i created custom function inside MySQL:

```
1 • CREATE DEFINER=`root`@`localhost` FUNCTION `get_fiscal_quarter`(  
2     calendar_date DATE  
3 ) RETURNS char(2) CHARSET utf8mb4  
4     DETERMINISTIC  
5 BEGIN  
6     declare m tinyint;  
7     declare qtr char(2);  
8     set m = month(calendar_date);  
9     case  
10        When m in (9,10,11) then set qtr="Q1";  
11        When m in (12,1,2) then set qtr="Q2";  
12        when m in (3,4,5) then set qtr="Q3";  
13        when m in (6,7,8) then set qtr="Q4";  
14     end case;  
15     return qtr;  
16 end
```

9. Which channel helped to bring more gross sales in the fiscal year 2021 and the percentage of contribution? The final output contains these fields,
- channel
 - gross_sales_mln
 - percentage

Solution:

```
1 • with cte1 as (  
2     select  
3         c.channel,  
4         Round(sum((s.sold_quantity*g.gross_price)/1000000),2) as gross_sales_mln  
5     from fact_gross_price g  
6     join fact_sales_monthly s using(product_code)  
7     join dim_customer c on s.customer_code=c.customer_code  
8     where s.fiscal_year='2021'  
9     group by channel)  
10    select  
11        *,  
12        Round(100*gross_sales_mln/sum(gross_sales_mln) over (),2) as percentage  
13    from cte1  
14    order by gross_sales_mln desc
```

Result Grid			
Filter Rows:		Export:  Wrap Cell Content: 	
	channel	gross_sales_mln	percentage
▶	Retailer	1924.17	73.22
	Direct	406.69	15.48
	Distributor	297.18	11.31

10. Get the Top 3 products in each division that have a high total_sold_quantity in the fiscal_year 2021? The final output contains these fields,




division
product_code
product
total_sold_quantity
rank_order

Solution:

```

1  • WITH ranked_sales AS (
2      SELECT
3          p.division,
4          p.product_code,
5          p.product,
6          SUM(s.sold_quantity) AS total_sold_quantity,
7          ROW_NUMBER() OVER (PARTITION BY p.division ORDER BY SUM(s.sold_quantity) DESC) AS rank_order
8      FROM dim_product p
9      JOIN fact_sales_monthly s ON p.product_code = s.product_code
10     where fiscal_year='2021'
11     GROUP BY p.division, p.product_code, p.product
12 )
13 SELECT
14     division,
15     product_code,
16     product,
17     total_sold_quantity,
18     rank_order
19 FROM ranked_sales
20 WHERE rank_order <= 3;

```

Result Grid	 Filter Rows:	 Export:		 Wrap Cell Content:	
	division	product_code	product	total_sold_quantity	rank_order
▶	N & S	A6720160103	AQ Pen Drive 2 IN 1	701373	1
	N & S	A6818160202	AQ Pen Drive DRC	688003	2
	N & S	A6819160203	AQ Pen Drive DRC	676245	3
	P & A	A2319150302	AQ Gamers Ms	428498	1
	P & A	A2520150501	AQ Maxima Ms	419865	2
	P & A	A2520150504	AQ Maxima Ms	419471	3
	PC	A4218110202	AQ Digit	17434	1
	PC	A4319110306	AQ Velocity	17280	2
	PC	A4218110208	AQ Digit	17275	3