Matplotlib for beginners

Matplotlib is a library for making 2D plots in Python. It is designed with the philosophy that you should be able to create simple plots with just a few commands:

1 Initialize

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt import numpy as np

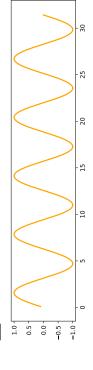
2 Prepare

X = np.linspace(0, 4*np.pi, 1000)Y = np.sin(X)

3 Render

fig, ax = plt.subplots() ax.plot(X, Y)fig.show()

4 Observe



Choose

Matplotlib offers several kind of plots (see Gallery):

•3 •00		
<pre>X = np.random.uniform(0, 1, 100) Y = np.random.uniform(0, 1, 100) ax.scatter(X, Y)</pre>	<pre>X = np.arange(10) Y = np.random.uniform(1, 10, 10) ax.bar(X, Y)</pre>	Z = np.random.uniform(0, 1, (8,8))

= np.random.uniform(θ , 1, (8,8)) 7

ax.contourf(Z)

= np.random.uniform(0, 1, 4)

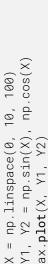
= np.random.normal(0, 1, 100)

ax.pie(Z)





Organize





2)

Y = np.random.uniform(0,ax.errorbar(X, Y, Y/4)

= np.arange(5)

ax.hist(Z)



Label (everything)

= np.random.normal(0, 1, (100,3))

ax.boxplot(Z)

Tweak



You can modify pretty much anything in a plot, including limits, colors, markers, line width and styles, ticks and ticks la-



Explore

Figures are shown with a graphical user interface that alows to zoom and pan the figure, to navigate between the different views and to show the value under the mouse.

Save (bitmap or vector format)

ax.plot(X, Y, linestyle="--")

X = np.linspace(0, 10, 100)

ax.plot(X, Y, linewidth=5)

Y = np.sin(X)

X = np.linspace(0, 10, 100)

ax.plot(X, Y, marker="o")

ax.imshow(Z)

= np.sin(X)

X = np.linspace(0, 10, 100)

Y = np.sin(X)

ax.plot(X, Y, color="black")

X = np.linspace(0, 10, 100)

bels, titles, etc.

Y = np.sin(X)



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