

DSMWare Laboratory 1: Simple Client-Server with Sockets

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1 Development of a tiny web server

1.1 Your first server using sockets

I refer to Appendix A for my implementation of the tiny web server.

1.2 Analyzing client requests

Analyzing the output of my program I noticed that the browser by default send two HTTP messages of type GET. One for the root of the website and the second for favicon.ico

1. request of the root page of the website and header of the answer

```
1 GET / HTTP/1.1
2 Host: 127.0.0.1:7777
3 Connection: keep-alive
4 \mid \texttt{Cache-Control}: \texttt{max-age=0}
5 Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,image/webp,*/*;q=0.8
6 Upgrade - Insecure - Requests: 1
  User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; WOW64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like
      Gecko) Chrome/49.0.2623.87 Safari/537.36
8 Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate, sdch
9
  Accept-Language: it-IT, it; q=0.8, en-US; q=0.6, en; q=0.4
12
13 HTTP/1.1 200 OK
14 Connection: close
15 Content-Type: text/html
16 Request Headers
17 view source
```

Listing 1: HTTP request of the default file (index file)

2. request of favicon.ico and header of the answer

```
1 GET /favicon.ico HTTP/1.1
2 Host: 127.0.0.1:7777
3 Connection: keep-alive
4 | \texttt{Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,image/webp,*/*;q=0.8} \\
5 Upgrade-Insecure-Requests: 1
  User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; WOW64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like
      Gecko) Chrome/49.0.2623.87 Safari/537.36
  Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate, sdch
8
  Accept-Language: it-IT, it; q=0.8, en-US; q=0.6, en; q=0.4
9
11
12 HTTP/1.1 404 NOT FOUND
13 Connection: close
14 Content-Type: text/html
```

Listing 2: HTTP request of the favicon.ico

1.3 Enforcing access control

In the case of a single client the simplest way to solve the problem is to keep track of the state in which the client is with an attribute. In my implementation in my code there is the variable state of type int. state can assume values 0, 1, 2. After each request the state is updated; a request is satisfied only if state has the requested value.

In a more complex scenario in which more clients exist a solution could be to implement a class Client whose identifier is the ip address or, better, a nonce delivered to the client by the cookies mechanism.

1.4 Managing multiple clients

For this question I implemented a sketch of the cookie schema. The server sets a cookie on the client via the header Set-Cookie: state=1. Then the protocol sends it back during the next requests so that

the server can parse it and get again the information about the state of the client. This solution is not secure because is very simple for the client tamper with the value of the cookie. A better way to make i work could be the one explained in the section before, that is assign to each client a nonce very difficult to guess and keep the information about the state in the server. Then would also be better to encrypt the communication to avoid impersonification.

2 Implementation of an FTP client

2.1 About my implementation

I implemented my FTP client using the State Design Pattern, that well adapts at programs with the structure of a Finite State Machine. The main class FTPClient.java contains an object, instance of the class ProtocolIterpreter.java. In the main method a loop is performed on the functions of the ProtocolIterpreter object. This object contains the information relative to the state in which the protocol is, along with the socket objects and others. When one of the methods that needs to change behaviour depending on the state is called, the real implementation of the function is executed in its place. Here there is an example.

```
package Protocol;
 3
   import java.io.*;
 4
   import java.net.*;
 6
   enum StateEnum {
     CONNECTED.
     AUTHSENDUSER,
9
     AUTHSENDPASSWD,
10
     READY,
11
     EXECUTING,
12
     EXITING,
13
     ERROR;
14
15
16
   public class ProtocolInterpreter {
17
18
19
20
     protected State[] states = {
21
         new State.Connected(),
22
         new State.AuthSendUser()
23
         new State.AuthSendPasswd(),
24
         new State.Ready(),
25
         new State.Executing(),
26
         new State.Exiting(),
27
         new State.Error()
28
29
     protected StateEnum currentState;
30
31
32
33
     //Should change the current state
     public String interpretServerResponse() throws Exception{
34
35
       String toShowToUser = states[currentState.ordinal()].interpretServerResponse(this);
36
       lastResponse = null;
37
       return toShowToUser;
38
     }
39
40
41
```

Listing 3: Call of a method in the class ProtocolInterpreter

The real implementation of the methods are in the classes derived from State In this case the states are represented by subclasses of a State class. In each of these states the methods that change behaviour are overridden.

2.2 Connecting to the server

Here there is the example of how work the connection to an FTP server by an FTP client with command lie interface. The lines with the prompt ftp> are written by the user, the lines that start with ---> are the messages sent toward the server and the other lines are the answers. I used a local server on my computer because ftp.eurecom.fr is not accessible from outside eurecom.

```
ftp> open 127.0.0.1 2121
  Connesso a 127.0.0.1.
3
  220 pyftpdlib 1.5.0 ready.
   ---> OPTS UTF8 ON
  530 Log in with USER and PASS first.
  Utente (127.0.0.1:(none)): anonymous
   ---> USER anonymous
  331 Username ok, send password.
  Password:
   ---> PASS alberto
  230 Login successful.
11
  ftp> cd Documents
13
   --> CWD Documents
  250 "/Documents" is the current directory.
14
  ftp>
```

Listing 4: HTTP request of the favicon.ico

And here is the output of my program:

```
220 pyftpdlib 1.5.0 ready.
3
  220 pyftpdlib 1.5.0 ready.
5
  Connection success
 6
  Username: anonymous
  331 Username ok, send password.
  331 Username ok, send password.
10
11
  Password: hgfd
12
  230 Login successful.
13
  230 Login successful.
  User has been authenticated
```

Listing 5: HTTP request of the favicon.ico

2.3 Data exchange

The File Transfer Protocol involves two different channel: the Control Channel and the Data Channel. In the first commands from the client and response from the server are delivered; this is created by the client when first connect to the server (usually on port 21). The second is used to transmit the data (content of files or result of other commands such as LIST). The peculiarity is that the Data Channel is (by default) established by the server that try to connect the client.

2.3.1 PORT command

The PORT command is necessary for the client to tell the server in which port he's accepting the connection for the Data Channel. The format of the command is

```
PORT ip[0], ip[1], ip[2], ip[3], port[0], port[1]
```

where the square brackets select respectively the bytes of the ip address and the tcp port in network order.

2.3.2 LIST command

After sending the PORT command the server tries to connect on the port specified. So before sending the PORT command the client has to bind a socket (ServerSocket in Java) that will accept connection. Then there are two solution:

- 1. Run another thread that will wait for connection on the socket for the data channel and will manage the data received
- 2. Do not execute immediately the accept() method on the socket, but send the LIST (or one other command that uses the data channel) and only after a positive response from the server (code 125 for example) wait for a connection. When the transfer is completed the protocol can continue and the socket is closed.

```
- list the content of current directory
  cd [directory] - changes the current directory to [directory]
  get [file] - download [file]
  put [file] - upload [file]
  exit - close the connection and exit
6
  ?
  ls
8
  --->PORT 192,168,0,26,254,110
9
10
  <---200 Active data connection established.
11
13
  PORT command succeded
14
  Preparing for download
15
   --->LIST
16
  <---125 Data connection already open. Transfer starting.
17
  Starting to download...
18
                                          4096 Mar 11 10:37 .eclipse
                            group
19
  drwxrwxrwx
                1 owner
                                             0 Mar 08 09:36 AppData
20
  drwxrwxrwx
                1 owner
                            group
21
  dr-xr-xr-x
                                             0 Mar 11 13:19 Contacts
                1 owner
                            group
22
  drwxrwxrwx
                1 owner
                            group
                                             0 Mar 08 09:36 Cookies
23
  drwxrwxrwx
                1 owner
                                             0 Mar 08 09:36 Dati applicazioni
                            group
24
  dr-xr-xr-x
                                          4096 Mar 11 13:25 Desktop
                1 owner
                            group
25
  {\tt drwxrwxrwx}
                1 owner
                            group
                                             0 Mar 08 09:36 Documenti
26
27
                                          4096 Mar 16 23:02 workspace
  drwxrwxrwx
                1 owner
                            group
28
  File successfully downloaded
29
   <---226 Transfer complete.
```

Listing 6: Communication for the commands PORT and LIST

In the listing the lines that starts with "--->" are messages from the client, with "<---" are from the server and the others are console messages.

2.3.3 PASV command

In environment in which the client cannot be reached by TCP connections (NAT, Firewall,...) the only way to exchange data with this protocol is use the passive mode. With this command the client asks the server to provide another socket waiting for connection, so that revert the precedent behaviour.

2.4 RETR command

The difference from this command and LIST command is that the result will be written in a file. There is then some problems for the managing of binary data. The default encoding used in an FTP connection is ASCII (7 bits). We need then to change the encoding to download binary file with the command:

Where A is ASCII type, E is EBCDCI text and I stands for IMAGE (pure binary).

Appendices

```
//HttpServer.java
3
  import java.net.*;
  import java.util.*;
  import java.io.*;
8
  class HttpServer {
    PrintStream ps;
10
    int state = 0;
11
12
    HashMap < InetAddress , Integer > clients;
13
    int i, j;
14
15
    public void initWebServer(int port) {
16
      try {
         // byte[] buf = new byte[1000];
17
18
         int i,j;
         // InputStream is;
19
20
         BufferedReader bis;
21
         String page_requested = "/"; // page requested ("/" by default)
         ServerSocket master_sock = null;
22
23
         InetAddress currentAddr;
24
         try {
25
          master_sock = new ServerSocket(port);
26
         } catch (Exception e) {
27
          System.err.println(e);
28
           e.printStackTrace();
29
30
         Socket socket;
31
         System.err.println("Web Server started");
32
         String requestLine;
33
         Integer currentState;
34
         //Instantiate clients
         clients = new HashMap < InetAddress, Integer > (20);
35
36
37
         while (true) {
           page_requested = "/";
38
39
           socket = master_sock.accept();
40
           currentAddr = socket.getInetAddress();
41
42
           currentState = clients.get(currentAddr);
43
           if(currentState == null)
             currentState = new Integer(0);
44
45
               .println("----");
46
47
           bis = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(
48
49
              socket.getInputStream());
50
           ps = new PrintStream(socket.getOutputStream());
51
           // display request contents
52
53
           System.err.println();
           System.err.println("REQUEST:");
54
           System.err.println("----");
55
56
           try {
             // Request
57
58
             requestLine = bis.readLine();
59
             System.err.println("First line "
60
                + requestLine);
61
             // Parse request
62
             if(requestLine==null){
63
               continue;
64
65
             i = requestLine.indexOf("GET");
66
             j = requestLine.indexOf("HTTP");
67
             if (i == -1) {
               System.err.println("Invalid request type!"
68
69
                   + requestLine);
70
               System.exit(-1);
```

```
}
71
72
              i += 3;
73
              String page = requestLine.substring(i,j);
74
              page = page.trim();
75
              if (page.equals(page_requested)) {
76
               page = "/page1";
77
 78
              page_requested = page;
79
              System.err.println("Page requested: "
80
                  + page_requested);
81
              while ((requestLine = bis.readLine()) != null) {
82
                // Headers (Ignored);
83
                System.err.print(requestLine);
84
                if(requestLine.length() <= 2)</pre>
85
                  break:
86
              }
87
            } catch (IOException e) {
88
              ;// Possible that the request is finished
89
90
            System.err.println();
91
            System.err.println("writing back page:" + page_requested);
92
            sendHeader();
93
            displayPage(page_requested,currentAddr,currentState);
94
            socket.close();
95
96
        } catch (Exception e) {
97
          System.err.println(e);
          e.printStackTrace();
98
99
        }
100
101
102
     public void sendHeader() {
103
        System.err.println("Sending header");
        ps.print("HTTP/1.1 200 OK\r\n");
104
105
        ps.print("Connection:\t close\r\n");
106
        ps.print("Content-Type: text/html\r\n");
107
        ps.print("\r\n");
108
        System.err.println("Header sent");
     }
109
110
     public void sendError() {
111
112
        ps.print("HTTP/1.1 404 NOT FOUND\r\n");
113
        ps.print("Connection:\t close\r\n");
        ps.print("Content-Type: text/html\r\n");
114
        ps.print("\r\n\r\n");
115
116
        ps.println("<HTML>\n<title>404 - Not Found</title>");
        ps.println("<H1>Ahhhhhh</H1>");
117
        ps.println("<P>There's not such a page :P");
118
        ps.println("</P>");
119
        ps.println("");
120
121
       ps.println("<HR>\n</HTML>");
122
123
124
     public void displayPage(String name, InetAddress current, Integer state) {
125
        if(name.equals("/page1")){
126
          clients.put(current,1);
          displayPage1();
127
        }else if(name.equals("/page2")){
128
129
          if(state == 1){
130
            clients.put(current,2);
131
            displayPage2();
132
          }else{
            displayPage2NotAuthorized();
133
134
          }
135
        }else if(name.equals("/page3")){
          if(state == 2){
136
137
            clients.put(current,0);
138
            displayPage3();
139
          }else{
            displayPage3NotAuthorized();
140
          }
141
142
        }else{
143
         sendError();
```

```
}
144
145
146
     public void displayPage1() {
147
148
        state = 1;
149
       System.err.println("Sending page");
       ps.println("\HTML>\n\title>Java Socket Web Server Page 1</title>");\\
150
151
       ps.println("<H1>Java Socket Web Server - Welcome to page 1</H1>");
       ps.println("<P>This server is powered by Java Sockets.");
152
       {\tt ps.println("This is not so neat, but not so big either </P>");}\\
153
154
       ps.println("Want another cup of java? Click <A HREF=\"page2\">here</A>");
       ps.println("<HR>\n</HTML>");
155
156
        System.err.println("Page sent");
157
     public void displayPage2() {
158
159
       state = 2;
160
       ps.println("<HTML>\n<title>Java Socket Web Server Page 2</title>");
       ps.println("<H1>Java Socket Web Server - Welcome to page 2</H1>");
161
       ps.println("<P>This server is powered by Java Sockets.");
162
163
       ps.println("This page is nearly the same as page 1, why bother?</P>");
164
       ps.println("Go to <A HREF=\"page3\">page 3</A>");
       ps.println("<HR>\n</HTML>");
165
166
167
     public void displayPage3() {
168
       state = 0:
       ps.println("\HTML>\n\title>Java Socket Web Server Page 3</title>");\\
169
170
       ps.println("<H1>Java Socket Web Server - Welcome to page 3</H1>");
       ps.println("Page 3 at last !!!</P>");
171
172
       ps.println("<HR>\n</HTML>");
173
     public void displayPage2NotAuthorized() {
174
175
       ps.println("<HTML>\n<title>Error !!</title>");
176
       ps.println("<H1>Page 2 cannot be accessed directly</H1>");
       ps.println("<H1>You must read page 1 !</H1>");
177
178
179
     public void displayPage3NotAuthorized() {
180
       ps.println("<HTML>\n<title>Error !!</title>");
       ps.println("<H1>Page 3 cannot be accessed directly</H1>");
181
       ps.println("<H1>You must read page 1 and 2 first !</H1>");
182
183
   }
184
```

Listing 7: Implementation of the HTTP Server (HttpServer.java)

```
1 package FTPClient;
  import java.io.*;
  import java.net.*;
5
  import Protocol.*:
6
7
  public class Client {
8
9
    public static void main(String[] args) {
10
       try {
11
         if (args.length < 2) {
12
           System.out.println("Usage: java ip port");
13
           return:
14
15
         InetAddress remote = InetAddress.getByName(args[0]);
16
17
         ProtocolInterpreter PI = new ProtocolInterpreter (remote, Integer.parseInt(args[1]))
         {\tt BufferedReader\ userInputStream\ =\ new\ BufferedReader(new\ InputStreamReader(System.))}
18
       in));
19
         String recv:
20
         String string, fromUser;
21
22
         PI.connect():
23
         recv = PI.receiveMessage();
24
         System.err.println(recv);
25
         string = PI.interpretServerResponse();
26
         if(string != null)
           System.out.print(string);
27
```

```
28
29
         while(PI.alive){
           string = PI.messageForUser();
30
           if(string != null)
31
32
             System.out.print(string);
33
           if(PI.needUserInput()){
34
             fromUser = userInputStream.readLine();
35
             while(userInputStream.ready()){
36
                userInputStream.read();
37
             }
38
             PI.userInputEval(fromUser);
39
           }
40
           PI.sendMessageToServer();
41
           recv = PI.receiveMessage();
42
           System.err.println(recv);
43
           //Here change the state
           string = PI.interpretServerResponse();
44
45
           if(string != null)
46
             System.out.print(string);
47
48
49
       } catch (Exception e) {
50
         System.err.println(e);
51
         e.printStackTrace();
52
     }
53
54
55
     static int getCommand(){
56
       System.out.println();
57
       return 0;
58
     }
59
  }
```

Listing 8: Main class of FTP client (Client.java)

```
package Protocol;
2
3
  import java.io.*;
4
  import java.net.*;
  enum StateEnum {
6
    CONNECTED,
8
    AUTHSENDUSER,
    AUTHSENDPASSWD,
9
10
    READY,
11
    EXECUTING.
12
    DOWNLOADING,
13
    EXITING,
14
     ERROR;
15
  }
16
  public class ProtocolInterpreter {
17
18
    protected InetAddress server;
19
20
    protected int port;
21
    protected Socket socket;
    protected InetAddress local;
22
23
    protected int data_port;
24
    protected ServerSocket server_data_socket = null;
    protected Socket data_socket = null;
25
26
    protected BufferedReader bis;
27
    protected PrintStream ps;
    protected String lastResponse;
28
29
    protected String toBeSent;
    protected State[] states = {
30
31
         new State.Connected(),
32
         new State.AuthSendUser()
33
         new State.AuthSendPasswd(),
34
         new State.Ready(),
35
         new State.Executing(),
36
         new State.Downloading(),
37
         new State.Exiting(),
38
         new State.Error()
```

```
39
     };
40
     protected StateEnum currentState;
41
     protected String currentUserCommand;
42
     public boolean alive:
43
44
     public String filename = null;
     public String path = "C:\\Users\\ardus\\workspace\\tmp\\";
45
46
47
     public ProtocolInterpreter(InetAddress server,int port){
48
       this.server = server;
49
       this.port = port;
50
51
52
     public void connect() throws IOException{
53
        this.socket = new Socket(server,port);
       local = socket.getLocalAddress();
54
       bis = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(socket.getInputStream()));
55
56
       ps = new PrintStream(socket.getOutputStream());
57
       currentState = StateEnum.CONNECTED;
58
       alive = true;
59
60
61
     public String receiveMessage() throws IOException{
62
       return states[currentState.ordinal()].receiveMessage(this);
63
64
65
      //Most likely changes the current state
     public String interpretServerResponse() throws Exception{
66
67
       String toShowToUser = states[currentState.ordinal()].interpretServerResponse(this);
68
       lastResponse = null;
69
       return toShowToUser;
70
     }
71
72
     public String messageForUser(){
73
       return states[currentState.ordinal()].messageForUser(this);
74
75
     public boolean needUserInput(){
76
       return states[currentState.ordinal()].needUserInput(this);
77
78
79
80
     public void userInputEval(String string)throws Exception{
81
       states[currentState.ordinal()].userInputEval(string,this);
82
83
84
     public void sendMessageToServer()throws Exception{
85
        states[currentState.ordinal()].sendMessageToServer(this);
86
        toBeSent = null;
87
88
89
     public Integer lastResponeCode(){
90
       return states[currentState.ordinal()].lastResponseCode(this);
91
92
93
     //If there is no socket listening, search for free port
94
     public void createDataSocket() throws IOException{
95
       if(server_data_socket != null){
96
          try{
97
            server_data_socket.close();
98
          }catch(Exception e){
99
            System.err.println("Strange but we continue");
100
101
          server_data_socket = null;
       }
102
103
        server_data_socket = new ServerSocket();
        InetSocketAddress addr = new InetSocketAddress(local, 0);
104
105
        server_data_socket.bind(addr);
106
107
        data_port = server_data_socket.getLocalPort();
108
109
     }
110
     \verb"public void openDataConnection" () \verb"throws IOException" \{
111
```

```
112
       data_socket = server_data_socket.accept();
113
114
115
     public void prepareFile(String filename){
116
       this.filename = filename;
117
118
119
     public void writeDataOnStdout() throws IOException{
120
        InputStreamReader input;
121
        char[] buffer = new char[8*1024];
122
        int n;
123
124
        input = new InputStreamReader(data_socket.getInputStream());
125
        do {
         n = input.read(buffer);
126
127
          if (n == 0 || n == -1)
128
            break ;
          System.out.print(String.valueOf(buffer, 0, n));
129
130
        }while (true);
131
        System.err.println("File successfully downloaded");
132
133
134
     public void writeDataOnFile(String filename) throws IOException{
135
        InputStreamReader input;
136
        char[] buffer = new char[8*1024];
137
        int n:
138
        BufferedWriter downloadedFile;
139
140
        downloadedFile = new BufferedWriter(new FileWriter(path + filename));
141
        input = new InputStreamReader(data_socket.getInputStream());
142
143
        if(downloadedFile != null){
144
         try{
145
            do {
146
              n = input.read(buffer);
147
              if (n == 0 || n == -1)
148
                break ;
149
              downloadedFile.write(buffer, 0, n);
150
            }while (true);
151
          }finally{
152
            downloadedFile.close();
153
            downloadedFile = null;
154
         }
155
156
        System.err.println("File successfully downloaded");
157
     }
158
159
      //Ftp commands
160
     public void commandPORT() throws IOException{
161
        int port_h,port_l;
162
        String[] ip;
163
164
        this.createDataSocket();
165
        ip = local.getHostAddress().split("\\.");
166
        port_h = data_port/256;
167
        port_1 = data_port%256;
168
        toBeSent = new StringBuilder("PORT ")
169
170
                .append(ip[0])
171
                .append(",")
172
                .append(ip[1])
                .append(",")
173
174
                .append(ip[2])
175
                .append(",")
176
                .append(ip[3])
                .append(",")
177
178
                .append(port_h)
179
                .append(",")
180
                .append(port_1)
                .append("\r\n")
181
182
                .toString():
183
        System.err.println(toBeSent);
184
```

```
185

186 public void commandQUIT() {

187 toBeSent = "QUIT\r\n";

188 }

189 }
```

Listing 9: Class that implements the protocol (ProtocolInterpreter.java)

```
package Protocol;
     import java.io.IOException;
 3
     //Classes that define the behaviour of the Protocol Interpreter based on the current
 4
 5
     public class State {
 6
          //Return a message to be printed for the user
         public String messageForUser(ProtocolInterpreter PI){
 8
             return null;
 9
10
         /\!/\!\mathit{Must}\ \mathit{be}\ \mathit{overridden}\ \mathit{if}\ \mathit{there's}\ \mathit{need}\ \mathit{of}\ \mathit{user}\ \mathit{input}
11
12
         public boolean needUserInput(ProtocolInterpreter PI){
13
             return false;
         7
14
15
         //Used to get commands or data from the user
16
17
         public void userInputEval(String string,ProtocolInterpreter PI) throws Exception{
             throw new Exception("Getting the input in an undesired moment 0.o\n");
18
19
20
21
         //Write on the socket a message (non need to override)
22
         public void sendMessageToServer(ProtocolInterpreter PI) throws Exception{
23
             PI.ps.print(PI.toBeSent);
24
             PI.toBeSent = null;
25
26
27
         //Method to receive a response from the server
28
                    probably no need to override
29
         \verb"public String receiveMessage(ProtocolInterpreter PI) throws IOException \{ \\
30
             StringBuilder builder = new StringBuilder();
31
             String line;
32
             do {
33
                 line = PI.bis.readLine();
34
                 if (line == null) {
35
                     break ;
36
                 }
37
                 if (line.length() > 0) {
                      builder.append(line).append ("\n");
38
39
40
             \ while (line.length() > 0 && line.matches("[0-9]{3}-.*"));
41
             PI.lastResponse = builder.toString();
             return PI.lastResponse;
42
43
44
         public Integer lastResponseCode(ProtocolInterpreter PI){
45
46
             String[] lines = PI.lastResponse.split("\n");
47
              //Returns the number represented by the first three character of
             //the last line of the last response; null if error occurred
48
49
             return Integer.parseInt(lines[lines.length-1].substring(0, 3));
50
51
52
         //Method to parse the response of the server
53
                    MUST be overridden
         \verb|public String interpretServerResponse(ProtocolInterpreter PI)| throws Exception \{ (A constant of the protocolInterpreter PI) | Throws Exception (A constant of the protocolInterpreter PI)| Throws Exception (A constant of the protocolInterpreter)| Th
54
55
             throw new Exception("Cannot parse... I know nothing\n");
56
              //return null;
57
58
59
         public static class Connected extends State{
60
             //If 220 response then go in AUTHSENDUSER state
61
             public String interpretServerResponse(ProtocolInterpreter PI) throws Exception{
62
                 Integer responseCode;
63
                 try{
64
                     responseCode = lastResponseCode(PI);
```

```
}catch(NumberFormatException e){
66
            PI.currentState = StateEnum.ERROR; //Error
67
            return null;
68
69
          StringBuilder forUser = new StringBuilder();
70
71
          forUser.append(PI.lastResponse).append('\n');
72
          if(responseCode.intValue() == 220){
73
74
            forUser.append("Connection success\n");
 75
            PI.currentState = StateEnum.AUTHSENDUSER; //AuthSendUser
76
          }else{
77
            forUser.append("An error occured in the connection.\nResponse code: ").append(
        responseCode.toString());
78
            PI.currentState = StateEnum.ERROR;
79
80
          return forUser.toString();
81
82
83
84
      public static class AuthSendUser extends State{
85
        \verb"public String messageForUser" (ProtocolInterpreter PI) \{
86
          return "Username: ";
87
88
89
        public boolean needUserInput(ProtocolInterpreter PI){
90
         return true;
91
92
        //Prepare the message to be sent with the user data
93
        public void userInputEval(String string,ProtocolInterpreter PI) throws Exception{
          PI.toBeSent = "USER "+string+"\r\n";
94
95
96
        /\!/\mathit{Check} \ \ \mathit{if} \ \ \mathit{need} \ \ \mathit{of} \ \ \mathit{the} \ \ \mathit{password} \ \ \mathit{then} \ \ \mathit{go} \ \ \mathit{to} \ \ \mathit{AUTHSENDPASSWD} \ \ \mathit{state}
        //Else to the READY state
97
98
        public String interpretServerResponse(ProtocolInterpreter PI) throws Exception{
99
          Integer responseCode;
100
101
            responseCode = lastResponseCode(PI);
102
          }catch(NumberFormatException e){
            PI.currentState = StateEnum.ERROR; //Error
103
104
            return null;
105
106
          StringBuilder forUser = new StringBuilder();
107
108
          for User.append (PI.lastResponse).append ('\n');\\
109
          if(responseCode.intValue() == 331){
110
            PI.currentState = StateEnum.AUTHSENDPASSWD;
111
          }else if(responseCode.intValue() == 230){
112
            forUser.append("User has been authenticated\n");
113
            PI.currentState = StateEnum.READY;
114
115
            forUser.append("An error occured in the connection.\nResponse code: ").append(
        responseCode.toString());
116
            PI.currentState = StateEnum.ERROR;
117
118
          return forUser.toString();
        }
119
      }
120
121
122
      public static class AuthSendPasswd extends State{
123
        public String messageForUser(ProtocolInterpreter PI){
124
          return "Password: ";
125
126
127
        public boolean needUserInput(ProtocolInterpreter PI){
128
          return true;
129
130
131
        public void userInputEval(String string,ProtocolInterpreter PI) throws Exception{
          PI.toBeSent = "PASS "+string+"\r\n";
132
133
134
        //If good answer from the server then go in READY state
135
        public String interpretServerResponse(ProtocolInterpreter PI) throws Exception{
```

65

```
137
          try{
138
           responseCode = lastResponseCode(PI);
139
          }catch(NumberFormatException e){
140
            PI.currentState = StateEnum.ERROR; //Error
141
            return null;
          }
142
143
          StringBuilder forUser = new StringBuilder();
144
145
          forUser.append(PI.lastResponse).append('\n');
146
          if(responseCode.intValue() == 230){
            forUser.append("User has been authenticated\n");
147
148
            PI.currentState = StateEnum.READY;
149
          }else{
            forUser.append("An error occured in the connection.\nResponse code: ").append(
150
        responseCode.toString());
151
            PI.currentState = StateEnum.ERROR;
152
153
          return forUser.toString();
       }
154
155
     }
156
157
      public static class Ready extends State{
158
        boolean after_sending_open_data_socket = false;
159
        //Lists the possible commands for the user
160
        public String messageForUser(ProtocolInterpreter PI){
161
          String commandList = new StringBuilder()
          .append("ls - list the content of current directory\n")
162
163
          .append("cd [directory] - changes the current directory to [directory]\n")
          .append("get [file] - download [file]\n")
.append("put [file] - upload [file] \n")
164
165
166
          .append("exit - close the connection and exit\n")
167
          .toString();
          String prompt = "? - ";
168
169
          return commandList+prompt;
170
171
172
        public boolean needUserInput(ProtocolInterpreter PI){
173
          return true;
174
        //Reads the command of the user and execute the corresponding functions
175
176
        public void userInputEval(String fromUser, ProtocolInterpreter PI){
177
          PI.currentUserCommand = fromUser.trim();
178
          trv{
179
            if(PI.currentUserCommand.startsWith("ls")){
180
              PI.commandPORT();
181
            }else if(PI.currentUserCommand.startsWith("cd")){
182
              String arg = null;
183
              try{
                arg = fromUser.split("[ \t]+")[1];
184
              }catch(ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException e){
185
186
                arg = ".";
187
              PI.toBeSent = "CWD "+arg+"\r\n";
188
189
            }else if(PI.currentUserCommand.startsWith("get")){
190
              PI.commandPORT();
191
            }else if(PI.currentUserCommand.startsWith("put")){
192
              PI.commandPORT();
193
            }else if(PI.currentUserCommand.startsWith("exit")){
194
              PI.commandQUIT();
195
              PI.currentState = StateEnum.EXITING;
196
          }catch(IOException e){
197
198
            PI.currentState = StateEnum.ERROR;
199
        }
200
201
202
        public String interpretServerResponse(ProtocolInterpreter PI) throws Exception{
203
          Integer responseCode;
204
          String forUser = null;
205
          trv{
206
            responseCode = lastResponseCode(PI);
207
            if (PI.currentUserCommand.startsWith("ls") || PI.currentUserCommand.startsWith("
```

136

Integer responseCode;

```
get")){
208
              if(responseCode == 200){
209
                forUser = "PORT command succeded\n";
210
                PI.openDataConnection():
211
                PI.currentState = StateEnum.EXECUTING;
212
            }
213
214
          }catch(NumberFormatException e){
215
            PI.currentState = StateEnum.ERROR; //Error
216
            return forUser;
217
218
          return forUser:
219
       }
220
     }
221
222
     public static class Executing extends State{
223
       private String fileName = null;
224
225
       public String messageForUser(ProtocolInterpreter PI){
226
          String info = new StringBuilder()
227
          .append("Preparing for download\n")
228
          .toString();
229
          return info;
230
231
232
        public void sendMessageToServer(ProtocolInterpreter PI) throws Exception {
233
          try{
234
            if (PI.currentUserCommand.startsWith("ls")){
235
              PI.toBeSent = "LIST\r\n";
236
            }else if(PI.currentUserCommand.startsWith("get")){
              String[] arg = PI.currentUserCommand.split("[ \t]+");
237
238
              this.fileName = arg[1];
239
              PI.toBeSent = "RETR "+this.fileName+"\r\n";
            }
240
241
            super.sendMessageToServer(PI);
242
          }catch(IOException e){
243
            PI.currentState = StateEnum.ERROR;
244
       }
245
246
247
       public String interpretServerResponse(ProtocolInterpreter PI){
248
          Integer responseCode;
249
          StringBuilder forUser = new StringBuilder();
250
          trv{
251
            responseCode = lastResponseCode(PI);
252
            if(responseCode == 150 || responseCode == 125){
253
254
              forUser.append("Starting to download...\n");
255
              if(PI.currentUserCommand.equals("ls")){
256
                PI.prepareFile("@stdout");
257
              }else if(PI.currentUserCommand.equals("get")){
258
                System.err.print("Writing "+ this.fileName +" in filename\n");
259
                PI.prepareFile(this.fileName);
260
261
              PI.currentState = StateEnum.DOWNLOADING;
262
            }else{
263
               forUser.append("Maybe the file does not exist, or you don't have the rights
       to download it\n");
264
265
          }catch(NumberFormatException e){
266
            PI.currentState = StateEnum.ERROR; //Error
267
268
          return forUser.toString();
269
       }
270
     }
271
272
     public static class Downloading extends State{
273
274
       public String messageForUser(ProtocolInterpreter PI){
275
            if(PI.filename.equals("@stdout")){
276
277
             PI.writeDataOnStdout();
278
            }else{
```

```
279
                           PI.writeDataOnFile(PI.filename);
280
                       }
281
                   }catch(IOException e){
                       e.printStackTrace();
282
283
                       PI.currentState = StateEnum.ERROR;
284
285
                   String info = "\n";
286
                   return info;
287
288
289
               public void sendMessageToServer(ProtocolInterpreter PI) throws Exception {
290
291
292
293
               public String interpretServerResponse(ProtocolInterpreter PI){
294
                   Integer responseCode;
295
                   StringBuilder forUser = new StringBuilder();
296
297
                       responseCode = lastResponseCode(PI);
298
                       if(responseCode == 226 || responseCode == 250){
299
                           forUser.append(PI.lastResponse)
300
                               .append("\nCommand successfully completed\n");
301
                           PI.currentState = StateEnum.READY;
302
                       }else{
303
                          PI.currentState = StateEnum.ERROR;
                       }
304
305
                   }catch(NumberFormatException e){
                      PI.currentState = StateEnum.ERROR; //Error
306
307
308
                   PI.currentUserCommand = null;
309
                   return forUser.toString();
310
311
           }
312
           public static class Exiting extends State{
313
               \verb|public String interpretServerResponse(ProtocolInterpreter PI)| throws Exception \{ (ProtocolInterpreter PI) \} | Throws Exception (ProtocolInterpreter PI)| Throws Exception (ProtocolInterpreter P
314
315
                   String forUser = null;
316
                   try{
                       forUser = "Exiting...";
317
318
                       PI.bis.close();
319
                       PI.data_socket.close();
320
                       PI.ps.close();
321
                       PI.server_data_socket.close();
322
                       PI.socket.close():
323
                   }catch(NumberFormatException e){
324
                       PI.currentState = StateEnum.ERROR; //Error
325
                       return forUser;
326
                   7
327
                   PI.alive = false;
328
                   return forUser;
329
               }
330
           }
331
           public static class Error extends State{
332
333
                //Return a message to be printed for the user
334
               public String messageForUser(ProtocolInterpreter PI){
335
                  return "A fatal error occured\n";
336
337
               //Must be overridden if there's need of user input
338
339
               public boolean needUserInput(ProtocolInterpreter PI){
340
                  return false;
341
342
343
               //Write on the socket a message (non need to override)
               public void sendMessageToServer(ProtocolInterpreter PI) throws Exception{
344
345
                  PI.toBeSent = null;
346
347
348
               //Method to receive a response from the server
349
               // probably no need to override
350
               public String receiveMessage(ProtocolInterpreter PI) throws IOException{
351
                  return null;
```

```
352
353
         }
354
         \verb"public Integer lastResponseCode" (ProtocolInterpreter PI) \{
355
           return -1;
356
357
358
         //{\tt Method}\ to\ parse\ the\ response\ of\ the\ server
359
         // MUST be overridden
         public String interpretServerResponse(ProtocolInterpreter PI){
   PI.alive = false;
360
361
362
           return null;
363
364
      }
365
    }
```

Listing 10: Classes containing the different behaviour of the protocol(State.java)