

# *Midterm test:* *simulation of experimental apparatus response*

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*Computing Methods in Physics*

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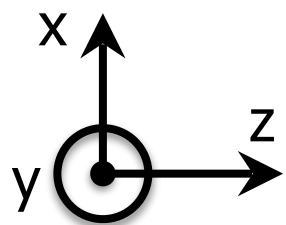
*Anno Accademico 2018/19*



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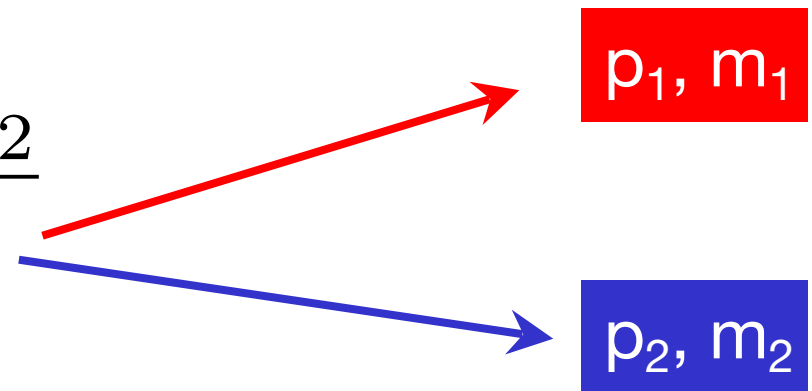
# Two body decay of a particle

- ▷ Particle of mass  $m_0$  and 3-momentum  $\underline{p}_0$  in the laboratory frame decays into 2 particles of mass  $m_1$  and  $m_2$ 
  - mass and momentum in GeV units
  - Use  $m_0 = 5.3$  GeV
  - momentum  $\underline{p}_0$  along z axis with  $|\underline{p}_0| = 4$  GeV
  - $m_1 = 0.5$  GeV,  $m_2 = 0.13$  GeV

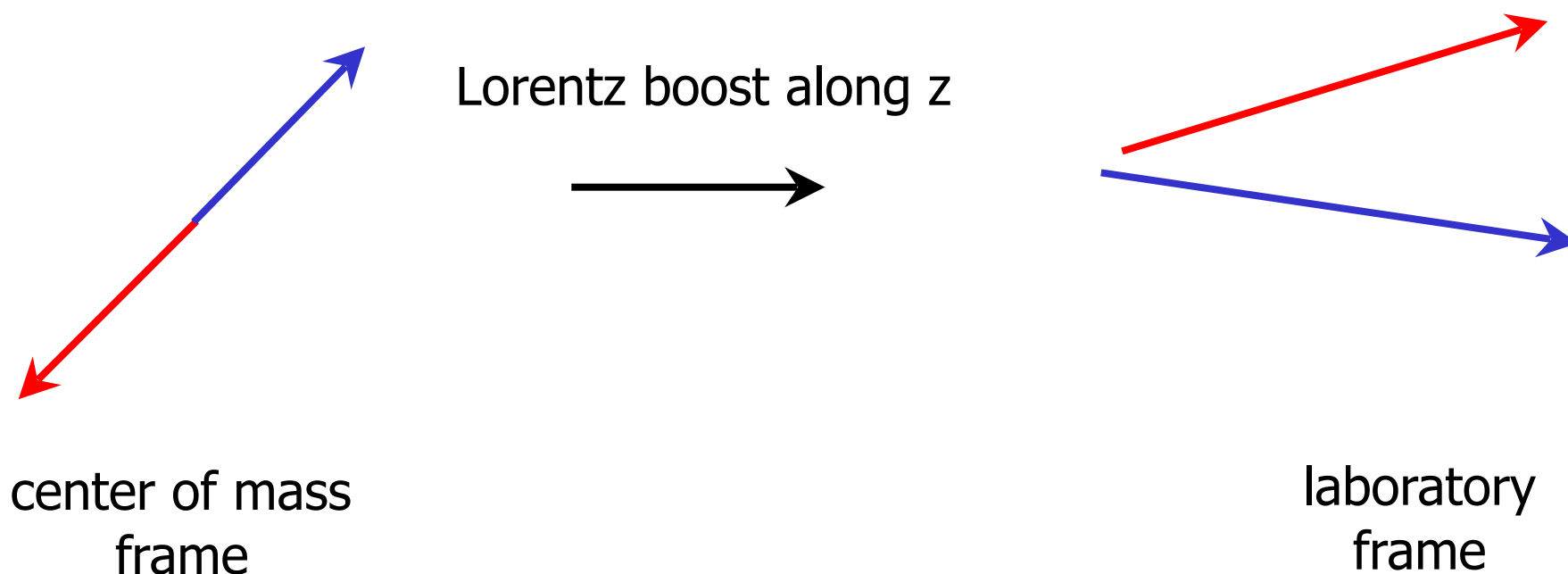


$$\underline{p}_0 = \underline{p}_1 + \underline{p}_2$$

$\underline{p}_0, m_0$  →

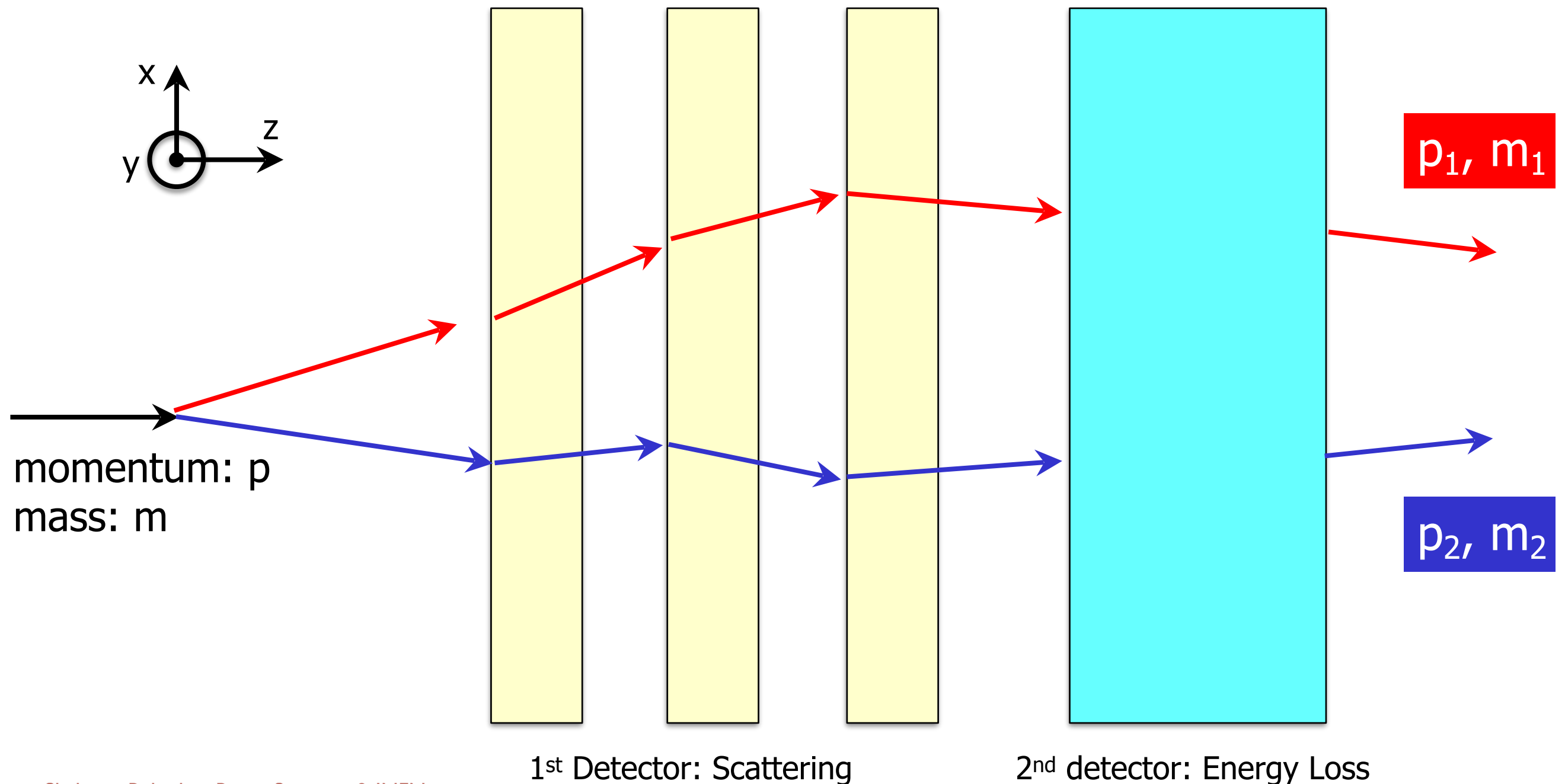


- ▷ Two particles decay back-to-back in centre of mass frame and then boosted along z axis to laboratory frame



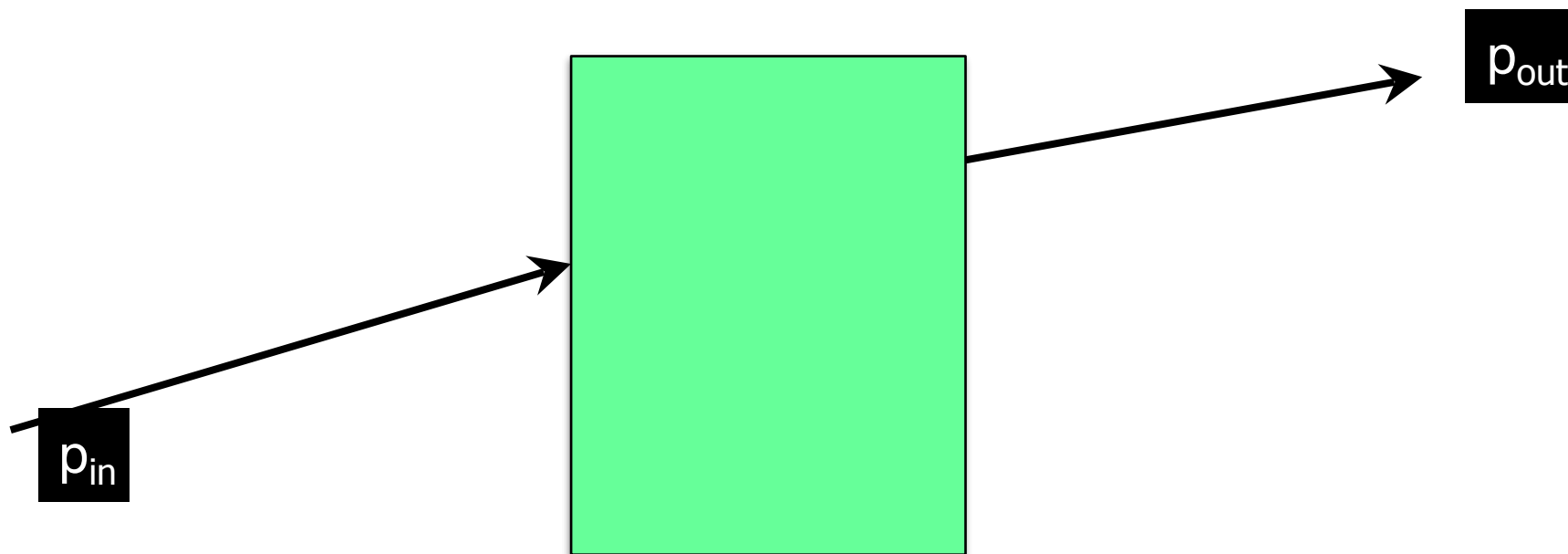
# Experimental setup

- ▷ Assume decay happens before the detectors
- ▷ Passage through each detector modifies the 4-momentum of the particle
  - 1st detector modifies the direction of particles (scattering)
  - 2nd detector modifies (reduces) the energy of the particle (energy loss)



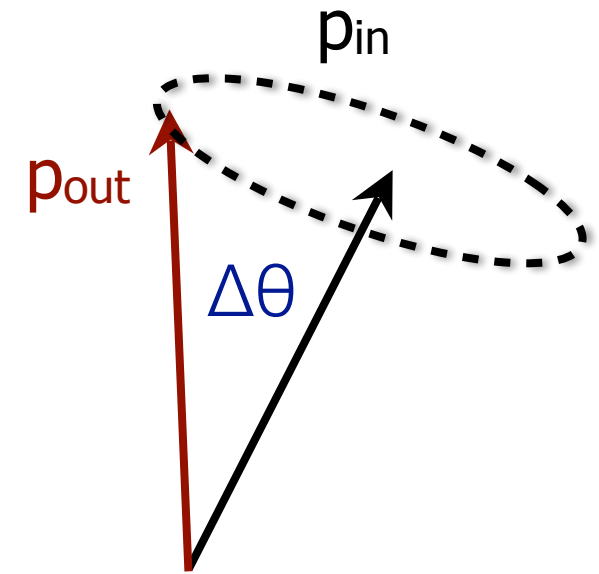
# Modelling of Detector Response

- ▷ Each detector causes variation in the 4-momentum of incoming particles
  - particle comes into the detector with 4-momentum  $\mathbf{p}_{in}$
  - particle leaves detector with 4-momentum  $\mathbf{p}_{out}$
- ▷ Use simple Gaussian model to describe the response of each detector
  - direction and/or direction (angles) of particles smeared
  - parameters of smearing (width of Gaussian) are properties of each detector
  - parameters can be configured by user



# Scattering

- ▷ Modify only the direction of the particle
  - we assume both  $\theta$  and  $\phi$  of the momentum are modified by  $\Delta\theta$
- ▷ Extract  $\Delta\theta$  from a Gaussian distribution with mean  $\mu$  and width  $\sigma$ 
  - use  $\mu = 0$  and width  $\sigma = \frac{p_{max}}{p_{in}} \Delta\theta_{max}$
  - $p_{max} = 3.5$  GeV,  $p_{in}$  is the incoming momentum and  $\Delta\theta_{max} = 0.01$  rad
- ▷ Note that particles with lower momentum have a higher probability of being deflected
- ▷ Parameters  $p_{max}$  and  $\Delta\theta_{max}$  must be configurable



# Energy loss

- ▷ The 2nd detector can only modify (decrease) the momentum of the incoming particle



- ▷ The momentum variation is given by  $p_{out} = p_{in} - \Delta P$
- ▷ Also in this case  $\Delta P$  has a Gaussian distribution with

- mean  $\mu = a \cdot p_{in}$
- width  $\sigma = b \cdot p_{in}$

with  $a = 0.1$  and  $b = 0.02$

- ▷ Note that the particle can only lose energy so  $p_{out} < p_{in}$
- ▷ Parameters  $a$  and  $b$  must be configurable

# Test Program

- ▷ Generate 10000 decays
  - generate decay products in centre of mass and boost to lab frame
    - make sure you conserve energy and momentum correctly
  - Use the TLorentzVector class of ROOT to handle energy and momentum and boost
- ▷ Simulate passage of particles through 3 detectors causing only scattering
  - After each detector compute the invariant mass  $m_{inv}$  of the two particles
  - Reminder:
$$m_{inv} = \sqrt{E_{tot}^2 - p_{tot}^2}$$
$$\underline{p_{tot}} = \underline{p_1} + \underline{p_2}$$
- ▷ Simulate passage of particles through one detector causing energy loss
  - compute invariant mass  $m_{inv}$  of the two particles
  - compute the response  $r_j = E_j^f / E_j^i$   
for the two particles where  $E^f$  is the final energy after all 4 detectors and  $E^i$  is the initial energy after decay
- ▷ Plot distribution of the the invariant mass after each detector in a TCanvas with 4 pads and store output as **invmass.pdf**
- ▷ Plot distribution of  $r_1$  and  $r_2$  and plot them in a TCanvas with 2 pads and save the output as **response.pdf**
- ▷ To compile and link the executable I must be able to do
  - `g++ -o /tmp/simu simulation.cc Generator.cc Detector.cc ScatteringDetector.cc EnergyLossDetector.cc`

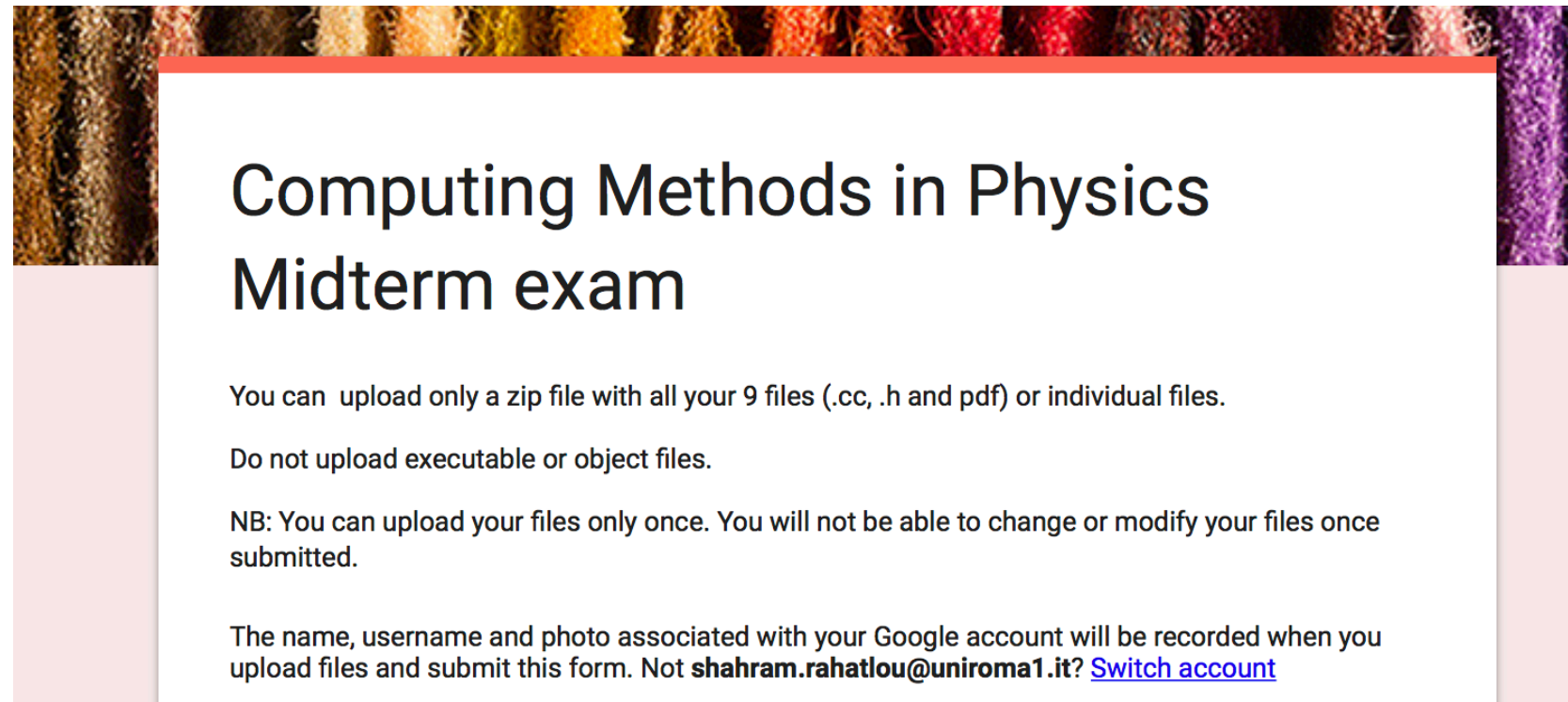
# Test evaluation

- ▷ The following classes are required
  - class **Generator** to simulate TwoBodyDecay
  - Base class **Detector** and two polymorphic derived classes **ScatteringDet** and **EnergyLossDet**
    - proper choice of interface and data members will be subject of evaluation
- ▷ Write an application **simulation.cc** to handle
  - generation of 10000 decays
  - creation of detectors
  - computation of invariant mass and response
  - filling of histograms
  - saving plots in pdf
- ▷ A total of maximum 11 files can be provided for evaluation
  - 4 .cc and 4 .h files for Generator, Detector, ScatteringDet and EnergyLossDet
  - 1 file for simulation.cc
  - 2 pdf files invmass.pdf and response.pdf
- You can archive them as a single zip file or provide individual files



# Submitting your test

- ▷ To send your project
  - Log into <https://mail.uniroma1.it> with your Sapienza credentials
  - visit <https://goo.gl/forms/8kquclSvkpEmpVa83>



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