Finite State Machine Simulation (04/23/2017) Alberto Li and Joshua Henson

Part 1: Implementation

For this project, we chose to implement our finite state machine using an adjacency list, which was done using vectors in C++. For each state, a <code>Node_Entry</code> is created. The entry contains a <code>name field</code>, a map of input values to Boolean values to see which inputs have been defined, a vector of <code>Arc_Entry</code> elements that originate from the original node, and an optional <code>output</code> field (to be used for Moore state machines). Each <code>Arc_Entry</code> has a field for the <code>start_node</code>, <code>end_node</code>, <code>input</code>, and <code>output</code> (for Mealy machines). The inclusion of the vector of <code>Arc_Entry</code> elements is what makes our implementation an adjacency list. The fields included in each entry of this vector make it easier to keep track of the relationship between nodes and make it easier to print out the graph and the table. The entire source code, which is in C++, can be seen in appendix A.

Part 2: Test Plan

In order to test our finite state machine simulation, we have decided to input arbitrary sequences of 1-bit-input, 2-bit-input, 3-bit-input sequences. This will allow us to determine whether or not our program is comparable to the expected output. This, however, only gives the output for a 2-bit input Mealy machine. Since this does not demonstrate the necessary capability, we will also show the output when testing our simulation with a very basic 1-bit Moore machine, and with more complex 3-bit Moore and Mealy machines. The original test case and the 3-bit inputs will have some errors when defining states or arcs in the simulation, since this will allow us to check the expected error-checking capabilities of our simulation. The string of commands used for each test can be seen below. The anticipated errors have been highlighted in yellow.

1-bit input Moore Machine

2-bit input Mealy Machine

Node Black Dark Node White Light Arc Black White x Arc White Black 0 Arc White White NODE Blue
NODE Red
ARC Red Red 00 / hot
ARC Blue Blue 0x / hold
ARC Red Blue 01 / cold
ARC Orange Blue 10 / cold
ARC Blue Red 11 / on
ARC Red Blue 1x / off

3-bit input Moore Machine

Node Red HOT Node Green CALM Node Blue COLD Arc Green Green 01x Arc Blue Red 000 Arc Red Red xx0 Arc Green Blue 00x Arc Orange Blue 00x Arc Red Red 110 Arc Blue Green 11x Arc Blue Red 001 Arc Green Red 11x Arc Red Green 001 Arc Blue Green 01x Arc Red Green 011 Arc Red Blue 101 Arc Green Red 101 Red Blue 111

Arc Red Blue 111 Arc Green Blue 100

3-bit input Mealy Machine

Node Red Node Green Node Blue Arc Red Red xx0 / HOT Arc Red Blue 001 / COLD Arc Green Green 01x / CALM Arc Purple Blue 000 / COLD Arc Blue Yellow 000 / COLD Arc Blue Green 110 / CALM Arc Blue Green x11 / CALM Arc Green Red 00x / HOT Arc Red Green 010 / CALM Arc Red Green 011 / CALM Arc Red Green 1x1 / CALM Blue Green 00x / CALM Arc Green Blue 10x / COLD

These test cases show the expected functionality of the finite state machine simulation. The results of the simulations (with corresponding error messages for the highlighted lines and graph outputs) can be seen in Appendix A.

Appendix A: Terminal Outputs from Test Cases

1-bit Input Moore Machine

| White/0 White/0 | Black/1 White/1

Black White FSM-SIM> quit Exiting FSM Simulator...

FSM Simulator ---- FSM Help -----Please enter the machine type and number of input bits as prompted upon starting simulation. The following commands can be used to define different states and the transitions between them. - add a node to the graph ARC [start] [end] [in / out] {Mealy} | | ARC [start] [end] [in] {Moore} - add arc to a node in the graph output - shows output graph - display this help menu quit - exit the program FSM-SIM> Please specify simulation type. Enter MEALY or MOORE: Moore FSM-SIM> Please specify the number of input bits (1-4): 1 FSM-SIM> Node Black 0 FSM-SIM> Node White 1 FSM-SIM> Arc Black White x FSM-SIM> Arc White Black 0 FSM-SIM> Arc White White 1 FSM-SIM> output Output GRAPH: Black / 0 White x White / 1 Black 0 White 1 Current | Next State / Output | X = 0 X = 1

2-bit Input Mealy Machine

FSM Simulator

```
---- FSM Help ----
Please enter the machine type and number of input bits as prompted upon starting simulation.
The following commands can be used to define different states and the transitions between them.
- add a node to the graph
ARC [start] [end] [in / out] {Mealy} | | ARC [start] [end] [in] {Moore} - add arc to a node in the graph
                                     - shows output graph
output
                                  - display this help menu
quit
                                   - exit the program
FSM-SIM> Please specify simulation type. Enter MEALY or MOORE: Mealy
FSM-SIM> Please specify the number of input bits (1-4): 2
FSM-SIM> Node Blue
FSM-SIM> Node Red
FSM-SIM> Arc Red Red 00 / hot
FSM-SIM> Arc Blue Blue 0x / hold
FSM-SIM> Arc Red Blue 01 / cold
FSM-SIM> Arc Orange Blue 10 / cold
%% error: state "Orange" not defined %%
FSM-SIM> Arc Blue Red 11 / on
FSM-SIM> Arc Red Blue 1x off
FSM-SIM> output
Output GRAPH:
Blue
        Blue 0x / hold
        Red 11 / on
        %% warning: input 10 not specified %%
Red
        Red 00 / hot
        Blue 01 / cold
        Blue 1x / off
                 Next State / Output
Current |
State
                 | Blue/hold Blue/hold x/x
Blue
                                            Red/on
                 | Red/hot Blue/cold Blue/off Blue/off
Red
```

3-bit Input Moore Machine

FSM Simulator ---- FSM Help ----Please enter the machine type and number of input bits as prompted upon starting simulation. The following commands can be used to define different states and the transitions between them. NODE [name] {Mealy} | | NODE [name] [output] {Moore} - add a node to the graph ARC [start] [end] [in / out] {Mealy} | | ARC [start] [end] [in] {Moore} - add arc to a node in the graph output - shows output graph - display this help menu quit - exit the program FSM-SIM> Please specify simulation type. Enter MEALY or MOORE: MOORE FSM-SIM> Please specify the number of input bits (1-4): 3 FSM-SIM> Node Red HOT FSM-SIM> Node Green CALM FSM-SIM> Node Blue COLD FSM-SIM> Arc Green Green 01x FSM-SIM> Arc Blue Red 000 FSM-SIM> Arc Red Red xx0 FSM-SIM> Arc Green Blue 00x FSM-SIM> Arc Orange Blue 00x %% error: state "Orange" not defined %% FSM-SIM> Arc Red Red 110 Invalid action, this Arc has already been added! FSM-SIM> Arc Blue Green 11x FSM-SIM> Arc Blue Red 001 FSM-SIM> Arc Green Red 11x FSM-SIM> Arc Red Green 001 FSM-SIM> Arc Blue Green 01x FSM-SIM> Arc Red Green 011 FSM-SIM> Arc Red Blue 101 FSM-SIM> Arc Green Red 101 FSM-SIM> Red Blue 111 **Invalid Command** FSM-SIM> Arc Red Blue 111 FSM-SIM> Arc Green Blue 100 FSM-SIM> output Output GRAPH: Blue / COLD Red 000 Green 11x Red 001 Green 01x %% warning: input 100 not specified %% %% warning: input 101 not specified %% Green / CALM Green 01x Blue 00x Red 11x Red 101 Blue 100 Red / HOT Red xx0 Green 001 Green 011 Blue 101 Blue 111 Current | Next State / Output State Blue Green Blue/CALM Blue/CALM Green/CALM Green/CALM Blue/CALM Red/CALM Red/CALM Red/CALM | Red/HOT Green/HOT Red/HOT Green/HOT Red/HOT Blue/HOT Red/HOT Blue/HOT Red FSM-SIM> quit Exiting FSM Simulator... 3-bit Input Mealy Machine FSM Simulator --- FSM Help --Please enter the machine type and number of input bits as prompted upon starting simulation.

The following commands can be used to define different states and the transitions between them.

NODE [name] {Mealy} | | NODE [name] [output] {Moore} - add a node to the graph ARC [start] [end] [in / out] {Mealy} | | ARC [start] [end] [in] {Moore} - add arc to a node in the graph - shows output graph - display this help menu quit - exit the program FSM-SIM> Please specify simulation type. Enter MEALY or MOORE: MEALY FSM-SIM> Please specify the number of input bits (1-4): 3 FSM-SIM> Node Red FSM-SIM> Node Green FSM-SIM> Node Blue FSM-SIM> Arc Red Red xx0 / HOT FSM-SIM> Arc Red Blue 001 / COLD FSM-SIM> Arc Green Green 01x / CALM FSM-SIM> Arc Purple Blue 000 / COLD %% error: state "Purple" not defined %% FSM-SIM> Arc Blue Yellow 000 / COLD %% error: state "Yellow" not defined %% FSM-SIM> Arc Blue Green 110 / CALM FSM-SIM> Arc Blue Green x11 / CALM FSM-SIM> Arc Green Red 00x / HOT FSM-SIM> Arc Red Green 010 / CALM Invalid action, this Arc has already been added! FSM-SIM> Arc Red Green 011 / CALM FSM-SIM> Arc Red Green 1x1 / CALM FSM-SIM> Arc Blue Green 00x / CALM FSM-SIM> Arc Green Blue 10x / COLD FSM-SIM> output Output GRAPH: Blue Green 110 / CALM Green x11 / CALM Green 00x / CALM %% warning: input 010 not specified %% %% warning: input 100 not specified %% %% warning: input 101 not specified %% Green Green 01x / CALM Red 00x / HOT Blue 10x / COLD %% warning: input 110 not specified %% %% warning: input 111 not specified %% Red Red xx0 / HOT Blue 001 / COLD Green 011 / CALM Green 1x1 / CALM Next State / Output Current | State Blue | Green/CALM Green/CALM x/x Green/CALM x/x x/x Green/CALM Green/CALM Green Red | Red/HOT | Blue/COLD | Red/HOT | Green/CALM | Red/HOT | Green/CALM | Red/HOT | Green/CALM | Gre FSM-SIM> quit Exiting FSM Simulator...

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Appendix B: Finite State Machine Source Code

```
/**
* Alberto Li
 * Joshua Henson
* ECE 3020, Dr. Hughes
* 04/23/17
* Programming Assignment #3 -- Finite State Machine Simulation
^{\star} This Simulation was inspired by the ECE 3056 LC-3b Simulator
* Input Functions (Albert) - addArc(), addNode()
* Output Functions (Joshua) - printOutput(), printTable()
#include <algorithm>
#include <iostream>
#include <iomanip>
#include <fstream>
#include <list>
#include <vector>
#include <map>
#include <cmath>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <alloca.h>
using namespace std;
/* DEFINITION OF CONSTANTS PROVIDED IN PROBLEM STATEMENT
#define TRUE 1
#define FALSE 0
#define MAX NODES 25
#define MAX INPUT BITS 4
#define MAX STATE NAME 8
#define MAX OUTPUT NAME 5
/* DEFINITION OF STRUCTURES USED TO REPRESENT STATES IN FSM
typedef struct Arc_Struct {
   string start node; //node that arc starts from
   string end node; //node that arc ends at
   string input; //input that results in state change
   string output; //only used for MEALY state machine
} Arc Entry;
typedef struct Node Struct {
   string name; //name of node
   string output; //ouput displayed, used only for MOORE state machine
   map<string,bool> io; //input / output string
   vector<Arc Entry> arcs; //vector of arcs from this state
} Node Entry;
```

```
/* GLOBAL VARIABLES
string MACHINE; //type of machine selected by user
int INPUT BITS; //number of input bits selected by user
Node Entry NODE; //data structure for node
vector<Node_Entry> NV; //vector that holds all nodes
Arc Entry ARC; //data structure for arc
/* GLOBAL FUNCTIONS
^{\star} Prints help menu at beginning of simuation and when requested by user
void help() {
  printf("----- FSM Help ------
-----\n");
   printf("Please enter the machine type and number of input bits as prompted upon
starting simulation. \n");
  printf("The following commands can be used to define different states and the
transitions between them. \n");
  printf("-----
-----\n");
  printf("NODE [name] {Mealy} || NODE [name] [output] {Moore}
                   \n");
add a node to the graph
   printf("ARC [start] [end] [in / out] {Mealy} || ARC [start] [end] [in] {Moore} -
add arc to a node in the graph \n");
  printf("output
shows output graph
                        \n");
  printf("?
display this help menu
                       \n");
  printf("quit
exit the program
                       \n\n");
}
* Wildcard Matching, used for 'x' in input conditions
* @param first
* @param second
* Greturn bool whether or not first and second are the same with wildcard
     checking
* Source(Modified): geeksforgeeks.org/wildcard-character-matching/
bool match(char *first, char *second) {
   // If we reach at the end of both strings, we are done
   if (*first == '\0' && *second == '\0') {
     return true;
   // Make sure that the characters after 'x' are present
   // in second string. This function assumes that the first
```

```
// string will not contain two consecutive 'x'
    if (*first == 'x' && *(first + 1) != '\0' && *second == '\0') {
        return false;
    }
    // If the first string contains '?', or current characters
    // of both strings match
    if (*first == '?' || *first == *second) {
       return match(first + 1, second + 1);
    // If there is 'x', then there are two possibilities
    // a) We consider current character of second string
    // b) We ignore current character of second string.
    if (*first == 'x') {
        return match(first + 1, second) || match(first, second + 1);
   return false;
}
* Compares the name fields of two nodes, used for sorting alpahbetically
* @param a
* @param b
* @returns true if a comes before b alphabetically
bool alphabetic (const Node Entry &a, const Node Entry &b) {
    return a.name < b.name;</pre>
 * Changes the case of a given string to upper case
 * @param str
 * @return transformed string
string toUpper(const string& str) {
    string result;
    locale loc;
    for (unsigned int i = 0; i < str.length(); ++i) {</pre>
        result += toupper(str.at(i), loc);
   return result;
}
/**
 * Modifies iterator to point to the NODE specifide by @name
 * @param it
 * @param name
 * @return true if the NODE is inside the graph
bool locate(vector<Node Entry>::iterator& it, string name) {
    for (it = NV.begin(); it < NV.end(); ++it) {</pre>
        if ((*it).name == name) {
            return true;
```

```
}
   return false;
}
/*
^{\star} Adds arc to an existing node in a Mealy Machine
* @param startNode
* @param endNode
* @param input
* @param output
* /
void addArc(string startNode, string endNode, string input, string output) {
    vector<Node Entry>::iterator vit;
    locate(vit,startNode); // moves vector_iterator to startNode
    vector<Arc Entry>::iterator ait = (*vit).arcs.begin();
    string temp1;
    // Update Arc States
   ARC.start node = startNode;
    ARC.end node = endNode;
    ARC.input = input;
   ARC.output = output;
    // Error Check input
    if ((input.size() != INPUT BITS)) {
        cout << input.size() << " " << INPUT BITS;</pre>
        cout << "invalid input, please specify an input using 0,1,x of " << INPUT BITS</pre>
<< " bits!" << endl;
        return;
    }
    if (output.size() > MAX OUTPUT NAME) {
       cout << "invalid output, please specify an output of at most " <</pre>
MAX OUTPUT NAME << " characters!" << endl;
       return;
    }
    // Update Possible Arcs
    map<string, bool>::iterator it;
    for (it = (*vit).io.begin(); it != (*vit).io.end(); ++it) {
        if (match(strdup(input.c str()),
            strdup((it->first).c str())) && it->second) { // Check for Adding same
node
            cout << "Invalid action, this Arc has already been added!" << endl;</pre>
            return;
        if (match(strdup(input.c str()), strdup((it->first).c str()))) {
            it->second = true;
        }
    }
    // Add Arc to designated node
    (*vit).arcs.push_back(ARC);
```

```
* Adds arc to an existing node in a Moore Machine
* @param startNode
* @param endNode
* @param input
void addArc(string startNode, string endNode, string input) {
    vector<Node_Entry>::iterator vit;
    locate(vit, startNode); // moves vector iterator to startNode
    vector<Arc Entry>::iterator ait = (*vit).arcs.begin();
    string temp1;
    // Update Arc States
    ARC.start_node = startNode;
    ARC.end node = endNode;
    ARC.input = input;
    // Error Check input
    if ((input.size() != INPUT BITS)) {
        cout << input.size() << " " << INPUT BITS;</pre>
        cout << "invalid input, please specify an input using 0,1,x of " << INPUT BITS</pre>
<< " bits!" << endl;
        return;
    // Update Possible Arcs
    map<string, bool>::iterator it;
    for (it = (*vit).io.begin(); it != (*vit).io.end(); ++it) { //arcs
        if (match(strdup(input.c str()),
            strdup((it->first).c_str())) && it->second) { // Check for Adding same
node
            cout << "Invalid action, this Arc has already been added!" << endl;</pre>
            return;
        if (match(strdup(input.c str()), strdup((it->first).c str()))) {
            it->second = true;
    }
    // Add Arc to designated node
    (*vit).arcs.push back(ARC);
}
* Adds node graph in a Mealy Machine
* @param name
* @return true if node can be added to graph
bool addNode(const string name) {
    // Make sure Nodes in graph does not exceed MAX_NODES def
    if (NV.size() >= 25) {
```

```
cout << "Cannot add to graph. Your graph is already at a max capacity of "</pre>
    << MAX NODES << " nodes!" << endl;
    return false;
}
// Iterate through vector to check if is node is already in graph
bool inside = FALSE;
for (int i = 0; i < NV.size(); ++i) {</pre>
    if(NV[i].name == name) {
        inside = TRUE;
// Add node to graph
if (inside) { // Already in graph, do not add
    cout << name << " is already in the graph! It cannot be added again"</pre>
    << endl;
    return false;
} else { // Not in graph, add the node!
    NODE.name = name;
    switch (INPUT BITS) { // Initialize possible input combos to false
            NODE.io.insert(make_pair("0", false));
            NODE.io.insert(make pair("1", false));
            break;
        case 2:
            NODE.io.insert(make pair("00", false));
            NODE.io.insert(make pair("01", false));
            NODE.io.insert(make pair("10", false));
            NODE.io.insert(make_pair("11", false));
            break;
        case 3:
            NODE.io.insert(make pair("000", false));
            NODE.io.insert(make pair("001", false));
            NODE.io.insert(make pair("010", false));
            NODE.io.insert(make pair("011", false));
            NODE.io.insert(make pair("100", false));
            NODE.io.insert(make pair("101", false));
            NODE.io.insert(make pair("110", false));
            NODE.io.insert(make pair("111", false));
            break;
        case 4:
            NODE.io.insert(make pair("0000", false));
            NODE.io.insert(make pair("0001", false));
            NODE.io.insert(make pair("0010", false));
            NODE.io.insert(make pair("0011", false));
            NODE.io.insert(make pair("0100", false));
            NODE.io.insert(make pair("0101", false));
            NODE.io.insert(make pair("0110", false));
            NODE.io.insert(make_pair("0111", false));
            NODE.io.insert(make pair("1000", false));
            NODE.io.insert(make pair("1001", false));
            NODE.io.insert(make pair("1010", false));
            NODE.io.insert(make pair("1011", false));
```

```
NODE.io.insert(make pair("1100", false));
                NODE.io.insert(make pair("1101", false));
                NODE.io.insert(make pair("1110", false));
                NODE.io.insert(make pair("1111", false));
                break;
        NV.push back(NODE);
        sort(NV.begin(), NV.end(), alphabetic);
        return true;
   }
}
* Adds node to graph in a Moore Machine
* @param name
* @param output
* @return true if node can be added to graph
bool addNode(const string name, const string output) {
    // Make sure Nodes in graph does not exceed MAX NODES def
    if (NV.size() >= 25) {
        cout << "Cannot add to graph. Your graph is already at a max capacity of "</pre>
                << MAX NODES << " nodes!" << endl;
        return false;
    }
    // Iterate through vector to check if is node is already in graph
    bool inside = FALSE;
    for (int i = 0; i < NV.size(); ++i) {</pre>
        if(NV[i].name == name) {
            inside = TRUE;
        }
    }
    // Add node to graph
    if (inside) { // Already in graph, do not add
        cout << name << " is already in the graph! It cannot be added again." << endl;</pre>
        return false;
    } else { // Not in graph, add the node!
        NODE.name = name;
        NODE.output = output;
        switch (INPUT BITS) { // Initialize possible input combos to false
            case 1:
                NODE.io.insert(make pair("0", false));
                NODE.io.insert(make pair("1", false));
            case 2:
                NODE.io.insert(make pair("00", false));
                NODE.io.insert(make pair("01", false));
                NODE.io.insert(make pair("10", false));
                NODE.io.insert(make_pair("11", false));
                break;
            case 3:
                NODE.io.insert(make_pair("000",false));
                NODE.io.insert(make pair("001", false));
```

```
NODE.io.insert(make pair("010", false));
                NODE.io.insert(make pair("011", false));
                NODE.io.insert(make pair("100", false));
                NODE.io.insert(make pair("101", false));
                NODE.io.insert(make pair("110", false));
                NODE.io.insert(make pair("111", false));
                break;
            case 4:
                NODE.io.insert(make_pair("0000", false));
                NODE.io.insert(make pair("0001", false));
                NODE.io.insert(make pair("0010", false));
                NODE.io.insert(make pair("0011", false));
                NODE.io.insert(make pair("0100", false));
                NODE.io.insert(make pair("0101", false));
                NODE.io.insert(make pair("0110", false));
                NODE.io.insert(make pair("0111", false));
                NODE.io.insert(make_pair("1000", false));
                NODE.io.insert(make pair("1001", false));
                NODE.io.insert(make pair("1010", false));
                NODE.io.insert(make pair("1011", false));
                NODE.io.insert(make pair("1100", false));
                NODE.io.insert(make pair("1101", false));
                NODE.io.insert(make pair("1110", false));
                NODE.io.insert(make_pair("1111", false));
                break;
        NV.push back(NODE);
        sort(NV.begin(), NV.end(), alphabetic);
        return true;
    }
}
* Prints all nodes with their associated arcs
void printOutput() {
    map<string, bool>::iterator it;
    if (MACHINE == "MEALY") {
        cout << "Output GRAPH:" << endl;</pre>
        for (int i = 0; i < NV.size(); ++i) { //iterate through nodes</pre>
            cout << NV[i].name << endl;</pre>
            for (int j = 0; j < NV[i].arcs.size(); ++j) { //iterate through arcs}
                cout << "\t";
                cout << NV[i].arcs[j].end node << " " <<NV[i].arcs[j].input << " / "</pre>
                << NV[i].arcs[j].output << endl;
            }
            // Check unspecified inputs
            for (it = NV[i].io.begin(); it != NV[i].io.end(); ++it) {
                if (!(it->second)) {
                     cout << "\t%% warning: input " << it->first <<</pre>
                     " not specified %%" << endl;
```

```
}
        cout << endl;</pre>
    } else if (MACHINE == "MOORE") {
        cout << "Output GRAPH:" << endl;</pre>
        for (int i = 0; i < NV.size(); ++i) { //iterate through nodes
            cout << NV[i].name << " / " << NV[i].output << endl;</pre>
            for (int j = 0; j < NV[i].arcs.size(); ++j) { //iterate through arcs}
                cout << "\t";
                 cout << NV[i].arcs[j].end node << " " <<NV[i].arcs[j].input</pre>
                 << endl;
            // Check unspecified inputs
            for (it = NV[i].io.begin(); it != NV[i].io.end(); ++it) {
                 if (!(it->second)) {
                     cout << "\t%% warning: input " << it->first <<</pre>
                     " not specified %%" << endl;
            }
        cout << endl;</pre>
    }
}
* Prints all nodes and their associated arcs in a state transition table
* /
void printTable() {
    if (MACHINE == "MEALY") { // for mealy machines
        if (NV.empty()) {
            cout << "Please add nodes to the graph before using (o)utput" << endl;</pre>
            return;
        vector<Node Entry>::iterator vit;
        vector<Arc Entry>::iterator ait;
        // Inputs Line
        map<string, bool>::iterator it;
        cout << left;</pre>
        cout << "Current\t|\tNext State / Output" << endl;</pre>
        cout << "State\t| ";</pre>
        for (it = NV[0].io.begin(); it != NV[0].io.end(); ++it) {
            cout << setw(12) << ("X = " + it->first);
        }
        cout << "\n----";
        for (int i = 0; i < pow(2, INPUT BITS); i++) {
            cout << "----";
        cout << endl;</pre>
        bool amatch = false;
        // EndNode / Output
```

```
for (vit = NV.begin(); vit < NV.end(); ++vit) { //nodes</pre>
                cout << (*vit).name << "\t| ";</pre>
            for (it = NV[0].io.begin(); it != NV[0].io.end(); ++it) { // states
                for (ait = (*vit).arcs.begin(); ait != (*vit).arcs.end(); ++ait) {
//arcs
                     if (match(strdup(((*ait).input).c str()), strdup((it-
>first).c str()))) { //input vs. arc
                         cout << setw(12) << ((*ait).end node + "/" + (*ait).output);</pre>
                         amatch = true;
                     } else {
                         amatch = false;
                     }
                if (!amatch) { //input vs. arc
                     cout << setw(12) << "x/x";
                amatch = false;
            }
                cout << endl;</pre>
    } else if (MACHINE == "MOORE") { // for moore machines
        if (NV.empty()) {
            cout << "Please add nodes to the graph before using (o)utput" << endl;</pre>
            return;
        vector<Node Entry>::iterator vit;
        vector<Arc Entry>::iterator ait;
        // Inputs Line
        map<string, bool>::iterator it;
        cout << left;</pre>
        cout << "Current\t|\tNext State / Output" << endl;</pre>
        cout << "State\t| ";</pre>
        for (it = NV[0].io.begin(); it != NV[0].io.end(); ++it) {
            cout << setw(12) << ("X = " + it->first);
        cout << "\n----";
        for (int i = 0; i < pow(2, INPUT BITS); i++) {
            cout << "----";
        cout << endl;
        bool amatch = false;
        // EndNode / Output
        for (vit = NV.begin(); vit < NV.end(); ++vit) { //nodes</pre>
                cout << (*vit).name << "\t| ";</pre>
            for (it = NV[0].io.begin(); it != NV[0].io.end(); ++it) { // states
                for (ait = (*vit).arcs.begin(); ait != (*vit).arcs.end(); ++ait) {
//arcs
                     if (match(strdup(((*ait).input).c_str()), strdup((it-
>first).c_str()))) { //input vs. arc
                         cout << setw(12) << ((*ait).end node + "/" + (*vit).output);</pre>
```

```
amatch = true;
                        break;
                     } else {
                         amatch = false;
                }
                if (!amatch) { //input vs. arc
                    cout << setw(12) << ("x/" + (*vit).output);</pre>
                amatch = false;
            }
            cout << endl;</pre>
        }
    }
}
* Prompts the user for the type of machine and the number of input bits they
       would like to use
* /
void initialize() {
    do {
        cout << "FSM-SIM> Please specify simulation type. Enter MEALY or MOORE: ";
        cin >> MACHINE;
        MACHINE = toUpper(MACHINE);
    } while(!(toUpper(MACHINE) == "MEALY" || toUpper(MACHINE) == "MOORE"));
    char buffer[10];
    do {
        cout << "FSM-SIM> Please specify the number of input bits (1-4): ";
        cin >> buffer;
        INPUT BITS = (int) buffer[0] - '0';
    } while(!(INPUT BITS >= 1 && INPUT BITS <= 4));</pre>
}
* Read command from user input
void get command() {
   // User Inputs
    char buffer[20];
    string name;
    string startNode;
    string endNode;
    string input;
    string forwardslash;
    string output;
    vector<Node_Entry>::iterator it;
    printf("FSM-SIM> ");
    cin >> buffer;
    switch(buffer[0]) {
```

```
// Add NODE
        case 'N':
        case 'n':
        if (MACHINE == "MEALY") {
            cin >> name;
            if (name.size() > MAX STATE NAME) {
                cout << "Please specify a state name of at most " << MAX STATE NAME</pre>
                << " alphanumeric characters." << endl;
            } else {
                addNode(name);
        } else if (MACHINE == "MOORE") {
            cin >> name;
            cin >> output;
            if (name.size() > MAX STATE NAME) {
                cout << "Please specify a state name of at most " << MAX_STATE_NAME</pre>
                << " alphanumeric characters." << endl;
            } else {
                addNode(name,output);
        }
        break;
        // Add ARC
        case 'A':
        case 'a':
            if (MACHINE == "MEALY") {
                cin >> startNode >> endNode >> input >> forwardslash >> output;
                if (!locate(it,startNode)) { //Invalid StartNode
                    cout << "%% error: state \"" << startNode << "\" not defined %%"
<< endl;
                } else if (!locate(it,endNode)) { //Invalid EndNode
                    cout << "%% error: state \"" << endNode << "\" not defined %%" <<
endl;
                } else { //All Good! Add ARC!
                    replace( input.begin(), input.end(), 'X', 'x');
                    addArc(startNode, endNode, input, output);
            } else if (MACHINE == "MOORE") {
                cin >> startNode >> endNode >> input;
                if (!locate(it,startNode)) { //Invalid StartNode
                    cout << "%% error: state \"" << startNode << "\" not defined %%"
<< endl;
                } else if (!locate(it,endNode)) { //Invalid EndNode
                    cout << "%% error: state \"" << endNode << "\" not defined %%" <<
endl;
                } else { //All Good! Add ARC!
                    replace( input.begin(), input.end(), 'X', 'x');
                    addArc(startNode, endNode, input, output);
                }
            break;
```

```
// Help
     case '?':
      case 'H':
      case 'h':
        help();
        break;
     // Quit
     case 'Q':
     case 'q':
        printf("Exiting FSM Simulator...\n");
        exit(0);
     // Output
     case '0':
     case 'o':
        printOutput();
        printTable();
        break;
     // Invalid Command
     default:
        printf("Invalid Command\n");
        break;
  }
/* MAIN FUNCTION
int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
   printf("FSM Simulator\n\n");
  help();
  initialize();
   while (1) {
   get_command();
}
```