**SEL – PW2**

MAI

URV-UB-UPC



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# Introductions and selected datasets:

The objective of this project is to implement, compare and validate two combinations of multiple classifiers: a **random forest** and a **decision forest**. The base-learner for inducing the trees is the CART method.

These two classifiers should be able to train and predict from a csv file format. Also, they should produce an ordered list of features used in the forest according to its importance. Apart from this, an accuracy value should be also returned.

Regarding the hyperparameters, it is expected to use multiple values of number of random features (**F**) and number of trees (**NT**), like:

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  | **Random Forest** | **Decision Forest** |
| **NT** | 1, 10, 25, 50, 75, 100 | |
| **F** | 1, 3, int(log2𝑀 + 1), √𝑀 | Int(M/4), int(M/2), int(3\*M/4), Runif**\*** |

***\*****Runif is a function that generates pseudorandom integer values ru such as 1 <= ru <= M, being M the total number of features.*

For this project, the division of the datasets into train and test was done with a **0.75** split for all the different evaluations. Also, the **same value** was used for bootstrapping the training set in the random forest classifier.

These two classifiers must be evaluated with at least 3 different datasets. The datasets must have different sizes, with less than **500**, between **500** and **2000**, and over **2000** instances.

The datasets selected for the evaluation are **glass (214 instances, 10 attributes + class)**, **cmc (1473 instances, 9 attributes + class)** and **kr-vs-kp (3196 instances, 36 features + class)**.

## Glass identification dataset:

This dataset has information about different materials that appear in a glass, and the classification task is to decide to which category it belongs.

As mentioned before, this dataset is categorized as **small**, with 214 instances, each one with 10 attributes and a class.

A resume of the dataset can be seen in Table 1, which in the left part we can see the attribute index (columns) with the meaning, to later understand the feature importance, and the class attribute with its numerical labelling.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Attribute Index** | **Attribute meaning** | **Class attribute** | |
| **0** | Id number | **1** | building\_windows\_float\_processed |
| **1** | RI: refractive index | **2** | building\_windows\_non\_float\_processed |
| **2** | Na: Sodium | **3** | vehicle\_windows\_float\_processed |
| **3** | Mg: Magnesium | **4** | vehicle\_windows\_non\_float\_processed |
| **4** | Al: Aluminium | **5** | containers |
| **5** | Si: Silicon | **6** | tableware |
| **6** | K: Potassium | **7** | Headlamps |
| **7** | Ca: Calcium |  |  |
| **8** | Ba: Barium |  |  |
| **9** | Fe: Iron |  |  |

Table 1. Glass dataset summarization

***\*****Attributes from 3 to 10 are weight percent in corresponding oxide.*

## Contraceptive Method Choice dataset:

This dataset is a subset of the 1987 National Indonesia Contraceptive Prevalence Survey. The samples are married women who were either not pregnant or do not know if they were at the time of interview. The problem is to predict the current contraceptive method choice (no use, long-term methods, or short-term methods) of a woman based on her demographic and socio-economic characteristics.

This dataset is categorized **medium**, with 1473 instances, each one with 9 attributes and a class. A summarization of the dataset can be seen in Table 2.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Attribute index | Attribute names | Attribute meanings |
| 0 | Wife's age | (numerical) |
| 1 | Wife's education | (categorical) 1=low, 2, 3, 4=high |
| 2 | Husband's education | (categorical) 1=low, 2, 3, 4=high |
| 3 | Number of children ever born | (numerical) |
| 4 | Wife's religion | (binary) 0=Non-Islam, 1=Islam |
| 5 | Wife's now working? | (binary) 0=Yes, 1=No |
| 6 | Husband's occupation | (categorical) 1, 2, 3, 4 |
| 7 | Standard-of-living index | (categorical) 1=low, 2, 3, 4=high |
| 8 | Media exposure | (binary) 0=Good, 1=Not good |
| 9 | Contraceptive method used | (class attribute) 1=No-use, 2=Long-term, 3=Short-term |

Table 2. CMC dataset summarization

## Chess (King-Rook vs. King-Pawn) dataset:

This dataset has information over a chess game, where only a king-rook and a king-pawn are left in the board. A pawn on a7 is one square away from queening. The task is to determine if White can win or not (**won**, **nowin**), so it is a binary classification problem.

This dataset is categorized as **large**, with 3196 instances each one with 36 attributes and a class. The attributes represent a board position in the following way:

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Attribute index | Attribute name | Attribute Description |
| 0 | bkblk | the BK is not in the way |
| 1 | bknwy | the BK is not in the BR's way |
| 2 | bkon8 | the BK is on rank 8 in a position to aid the BR |
| 3 | bkona | the BK is on file A in a position to aid the BR |
| 4 | bkspr | the BK can support the BR |
| 5 | bkxbq | the BK is not attacked in some way by the promoted WP |
| 6 | bkxcr | the BK can attack the critical square (b7) |
| 7 | bkxwp | the BK can attack the WP |
| 8 | blxwp | B attacks the WP (BR in direction x = -1 only) |
| 9 | bxqsq | one or more Black pieces control the queening square |
| 10 | cntxt | the WK is on an edge and not on a8 |
| 11 | dsopp | the kings are in normal opposition |
| 12 | dwipd | the WK distance to intersect point is too great |
| 13 | hdchk | there is a good delay because there is a hidden check |
| 14 | katri | the BK controls the intersect point |
| 15 | mulch | B can renew the check to good advantage |
| 16 | qxmsq | the mating square is attacked in some way by the promoted WP |
| 17 | r2ar8 | the BR does not have safe access to file A or rank 8 |
| 18 | reskd | the WK can be reskewered via a delayed skewer |
| 19 | reskr | the BR alone can renew the skewer threat |
| 20 | rimmx | the BR can be captured safely |
| 21 | rkxwp | the BR bears on the WP (direction x = -1 only) |
| 22 | rxmsq | the BR attacks a mating square safely |
| 23 | simpl | a very simple pattern applies |
| 24 | skach | the WK can be skewered after one or more checks |
| 25 | skewr | there is a potential skewer as opposed to fork |
| 26 | skrxp | the BR can achieve a skewer or the BK attacks the WP |
| 27 | spcop | there is a special opposition pattern present |
| 28 | stlmt | the WK is in stalemate |
| 29 | thrsk | there is a skewer threat lurking |
| 30 | wkcti | the WK cannot control the intersect point |
| 31 | wkna8 | the WK is on square a8 |
| 32 | wknck | the WK is in check |
| 33 | wkovl | the WK is overloaded |
| 34 | wkpos | the WK is in a potential skewer position |
| 35 | wtoeg | the WK is one away from the relevant edge |

Table 3. Explanation of attributes in KRVSKP dataset

# Project Architecture & pseudocode:

# Evaluation of results:

In the following sections, results of different experiments will be presented. In order to increase readability, only the **four** most important features were put in this table. In order to see the full list, the log of every experiment is saved in the repository.

The best result is highlighted in **black**, taking into account by order the higher accuracy, the less number of trees, and the less parameters by this order.

For **all** the 3D plots, if runif was among the F values, it was not taken into account.

## Glass dataset with Decision Forest:

## Glass dataset with Random Forest:

The results of glass dataset with random forest can be seen in Table 4. The parameter of random features (**F**) was selected handmade, since the formulas with this dataset returned [1, 3, 3, 3] values. So, in order to avoid the same results, values of [1, 2, 3, 4] were selected.

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Method** | **NT** | **F** | **Accuracy** | **Feature Importance** |
| RandomForestClassifier | 1 | 1 | 0.833 | ('0', 4), ('2', 3), ('4', 3), ('3', 2) |
| RandomForestClassifier | 1 | 2 | 0.926 | ('0', 4), ('2', 1), ('3', 1), ('4', 1) |
| RandomForestClassifier | 1 | 3 | 0.815 | ('0', 3), ('2', 3), ('3', 2), ('7', 2) |
| RandomForestClassifier | 1 | 4 | 0.889 | ('0', 6), ('1', 1), ('2', 1), ('3', 1) |
| RandomForestClassifier | 10 | 1 | 0.889 | ('0', 48), ('9', 41), ('7', 36), ('4', 35) |
| RandomForestClassifier | 10 | 2 | 0.926 | ('0', 40), ('2', 31), ('4', 29), ('3', 25) |
| RandomForestClassifier | 10 | 3 | 0.944 | ('0', 44), ('7', 16), ('2', 15), ('6', 13) |
| RandomForestClassifier | 10 | 4 | 0.944 | ('0', 39), ('2', 8), ('3', 8), ('6', 8) |
| RandomForestClassifier | 25 | 1 | 0.926 | ('0', 105), ('5', 85), ('2', 83), ('9', 82) |
| RandomForestClassifier | 25 | 2 | 0.926 | ('0', 96), ('4', 88), ('1', 73), ('2', 73) |
| RandomForestClassifier | 25 | 3 | 0.944 | ('0', 100), ('2', 45), ('7', 40), ('4', 39) |
| RandomForestClassifier | 25 | 4 | 0.963 | ('0', 107), ('3', 32), ('1', 28), ('4', 23) |
| RandomForestClassifier | 50 | 1 | 0.907 | ('0', 181), ('2', 161), ('1', 157), ('4', 156) |
| RandomForestClassifier | 50 | 2 | 0.963 | ('0', 205), ('4', 149), ('2', 141), ('1', 134) |
| RandomForestClassifier | 50 | 3 | 0.944 | ('0', 209), ('2', 101), ('7', 99), ('4', 83) |
| RandomForestClassifier | 50 | 4 | 0.963 | ('0', 216), ('3', 67), ('1', 58), ('4', 58) |
| RandomForestClassifier | 75 | 1 | 0.907 | ('0', 258), ('2', 256), ('4', 253), ('1', 249) |
| RandomForestClassifier | 75 | 2 | 0.963 | ('0', 307), ('7', 207), ('3', 202), ('4', 201) |
| RandomForestClassifier | 75 | 3 | 0.963 | ('0', 323), ('7', 147), ('2', 140), ('1', 133) |
| **RandomForestClassifier** | **75** | **4** | **0.981** | **('0', 328), ('3', 93), ('4', 83), ('1', 77)** |
| RandomForestClassifier | 100 | 1 | 0.907 | ('4', 354), ('0', 345), ('1', 328), ('7', 327) |
| RandomForestClassifier | 100 | 2 | 0.963 | ('0', 407), ('7', 286), ('4', 275), ('3', 269) |
| RandomForestClassifier | 100 | 3 | 0.963 | ('0', 429), ('7', 191), ('2', 189), ('1', 178) |
| RandomForestClassifier | 100 | 4 | 0.981 | ('0', 444), ('3', 121), ('4', 115), ('2', 107) |

Table 4. Glass dataset results with Random Forest Classifier

A better behaviour of the classifier can be seen in Figure 1. As expected, we can see a tendency in better accuracy when the number of trees is high, and also when the number of features is higher.

Still, al results were good enough with more than 80% of accuracy with only one tree, as this problem is fairly simple.

Another thing that we can also observe is that there is a consensus between almost all experiments, and it looks like the most important feature is the id\_number (index 0). This is interesting because the id\_number is **unique** for each instance. Then it is clear that for almost every case, every tree will probably start splitting the nodes with this attribute, since it will be the one producing less impurity. This can be roughly seen as if we have 200~ instances, and we are testing in 25%, so around 50~, if we multiply the number of trees by ~50, we have the number of appearances of the attribute 0. For example, around 430~ (100\*50~) in the classifiers with 100 trees, around 325~ (75\*50~) in the classifiers with 75 trees, etc.

Then, for the higher number of trees, the second most important parameter is the Calcium (index 7). This also makes sense, since Limestone (Calcium carbonate) is one of the main components in glass manufacturing. Its main function is to introduce Calcium Oxide into the glass recipe, which is needed to improve chemical resistance and durability, hence giving an important clue of the final class.

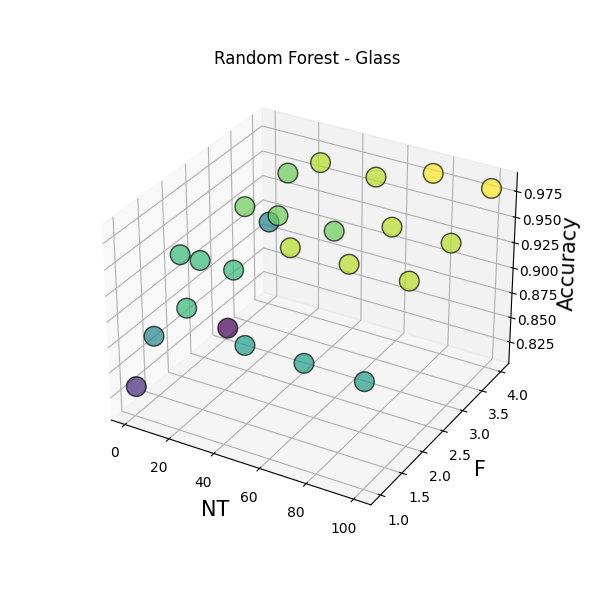


Figure 1. Random Forest behaviour with Glass dataset

## CMC dataset with Decision Forest:

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Method** | **NT** | **F** | **Accuracy** | | **Feature Importance** |
| DecisionForestClassifier | 1 | 2 | 0.375 | ('0', 83), ('2', 24) … | |
| DecisionForestClassifier | 1 | 4 | 0.389 | ('0', 213), ('6', 84), ('2', 66), ('7', 51) | |
| DecisionForestClassifier | 1 | 6 | 0.405 | ('0', 223), ('7', 92), ('6', 87), ('2', 67) … | |
| DecisionForestClassifier | 1 | runif | 0.473 | ('0', 184), ('3', 83), ('7', 78), ('6', 77) … | |
| DecisionForestClassifier | 10 | 2 | 0.418 | ('0', 179), ('3', 86), ('7', 84), ('6', 28… | |
| DecisionForestClassifier | 10 | 4 | 0.438 | ('7', 363), ('0', 348), ('6', 308), ('2', 285) … | |
| **DecisionForestClassifier** | **10** | **6** | **0.535** | **('0', 1659), ('7', 722), ('3', 640), ('6', 595)** … | |
| DecisionForestClassifier | 10 | runif | 0.459 | ('0', 1074), ('3', 535), ('7', 350), ('6', 311) … | |
| DecisionForestClassifier | 25 | 2 | 0.424 | ('0', 625), ('3', 156), ('7', 119), ('6', 58) … | |
| DecisionForestClassifier | 25 | 4 | 0.459 | ('0', 1408), ('7', 838), ('6', 623), ('3', 599) … | |
| DecisionForestClassifier | 25 | 6 | 0.508 | ('0', 3845), ('3', 1602), ('7', 1515), ('6', 1337) … | |
| DecisionForestClassifier | 25 | runif | 0.470 | ('0', 2235), ('3', 934), ('7', 804), ('6', 664) … | |
| DecisionForestClassifier | 50 | 2 | 0.435 | ('0', 1099), ('3', 283), ('7', 200), ('2', 101) … | |
| DecisionForestClassifier | 50 | 4 | 0.465 | ('0', 3284), ('7', 1380), ('3', 1214), ('6', 1066) … | |
| DecisionForestClassifier | 50 | 6 | 0.508 | ('0', 7822), ('3', 2741), ('7', 2713), ('6', 2539) … | |
| DecisionForestClassifier | 50 | runif | 0.467 | ('0', 5177), ('3', 1971), ('6', 1591), ('7', 1510) … | |
| DecisionForestClassifier | 75 | 2 | 0.432 | ('0', 1680), ('3', 572), ('7', 231), ('6', 136) … | |
| DecisionForestClassifier | 75 | 4 | 0.454 | ('0', 5878), ('3', 2006), ('7', 1730), ('6', 1430) … | |
| DecisionForestClassifier | 75 | 6 | 0.503 | ('0', 11941), ('3', 4164), ('7', 3801), ('6', 3700)… | |
| DecisionForestClassifier | 75 | runif | 0.481 | ('0', 7581), ('3', 2919), ('6', 2477), ('7', 2317) … | |
| DecisionForestClassifier | 100 | 2 | 0.424 | ('0', 2172), ('3', 710), ('7', 278), ('2', 166) … | |
| DecisionForestClassifier | 100 | 4 | 0.462 | ('0', 8484), ('3', 2985), ('7', 2169), ('2', 1968) … | |
| DecisionForestClassifier | 100 | 6 | 0.500 | ('0', 16246), ('3', 5740), ('6', 4876), ('7', 4766)… | |
| DecisionForestClassifier | 100 | runif | 0.476 | ('0', 10330), ('3', 4101), ('6', 3358), ('7', 3217)… | |

Table 5. Decision Forest with CMC dataset

## CMC dataset with Random Forest:

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Method** | **NT** | **F** | **Accuracy** | **Feature Importance** |
| RandomForestClassifier | 1 | 1 | 0.446 | ('0', 8), ('2', 6), ('3', 4), ('5', 3), ('6', 3) … |
| RandomForestClassifier | 1 | 2 | 0.418 | ('0', 57), ('3', 42), ('7', 28), ('2', 27) … |
| RandomForestClassifier | 1 | 3 | 0.421 | ('0', 93), ('3', 66), ('6', 43), ('7', 43) … |
| RandomForestClassifier | 1 | 4 | 0.462 | ('0', 116), ('3', 55), ('7', 47), ('6', 39) … |
| RandomForestClassifier | 10 | 1 | 0.486 | ('3', 76), ('0', 73), ('6', 58), ('1', 57) … |
| RandomForestClassifier | 10 | 2 | 0.508 | ('0', 483), ('3', 366), ('7', 253), ('6', 230) … |
| RandomForestClassifier | 10 | 3 | 0.473 | ('0', 844), ('3', 594), ('7', 381), ('6', 364) … |
| RandomForestClassifier | 10 | 4 | 0.486 | ('0', 1084), ('3', 636), ('7', 473), ('6', 342) … |
| RandomForestClassifier | 25 | 1 | 0.497 | ('0', 235), ('3', 222), ('1', 186), ('2', 170) |
| RandomForestClassifier | 25 | 2 | 0.508 | ('0', 1258), ('3', 953), ('7', 637), ('6', 581) … |
| RandomForestClassifier | 25 | 3 | 0.503 | ('0', 2128), ('3', 1531), ('7', 926), ('6', 869) … |
| RandomForestClassifier | 25 | 4 | 0.489 | ('0', 2747), ('3', 1598), ('7', 1164), ('6', 906) … |
| RandomForestClassifier | 50 | 1 | 0.516 | ('0', 447), ('3', 403), ('1', 329), ('6', 316) … |
| **RandomForestClassifier** | **50** | **2** | **0.535** | **('0', 2514), ('3', 1963), ('7', 1265), ('6', 1194) …** |
| RandomForestClassifier | 50 | 3 | 0.505 | ('0', 4214), ('3', 2983), ('7', 1911), ('6', 1737) … |
| RandomForestClassifier | 50 | 4 | 0.508 | ('0', 5488), ('3', 3166), ('7', 2310), ('6', 1813) … |
| RandomForestClassifier | 75 | 1 | 0.495 | ('0', 666), ('3', 617), ('1', 496), ('2', 459) … |
| RandomForestClassifier | 75 | 2 | 0.522 | ('0', 3799), ('3', 2951), ('7', 1885), ('6', 1779) … |
| RandomForestClassifier | 75 | 3 | 0.514 | ('0', 6448), ('3', 4485), ('7', 2832), ('6', 2613) … |
| RandomForestClassifier | 75 | 4 | 0.514 | ('0', 8188), ('3', 4863), ('7', 3412), ('6', 2725) … |
| RandomForestClassifier | 100 | 1 | 0.503 | ('0', 845), ('3', 778), ('1', 620), ('2', 613) … |
| RandomForestClassifier | 100 | 2 | 0.527 | ('0', 5125), ('3', 3968), ('7', 2493), ('6', 2384) … |
| RandomForestClassifier | 100 | 3 | 0.519 | ('0', 8648), ('3', 5992), ('7', 3782), ('6', 3484) … |
| RandomForestClassifier | 100 | 4 | 0.519 | ('0', 10937), ('3', 6470), ('7', 4444), ('6', 3751) … |

## KR-vs-KP dataset with Decision Forest:

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Method** | **NT** | **F** | **Accuracy** | **Feature Importance** |
| DecisionForestClassifier | 1 | 9 | 0.625 | ('3', 15), ('8', 12), ('11', 12), ('25', 7) … |
| DecisionForestClassifier | 1 | 18 | 0.849 | ('23', 43), ('5', 31), ('8', 28), ('11', 25) … |
| DecisionForestClassifier | 1 | 27 | 0.960 | ('23', 15), ('17', 12), ('5', 11), ('8', 9) … |
| DecisionForestClassifier | 1 | runif | 0.954 | ('17', 11), ('21', 8), ('29', 7), ('6', 6) … |
| DecisionForestClassifier | 10 | 9 | 0.824 | ('23', 51), ('25', 49), ('8', 36), ('19', 35) … |
| DecisionForestClassifier | 10 | 18 | 0.925 | ('23', 249), ('11', 152), ('35', 148), ('25', 143) … |
| DecisionForestClassifier | 10 | 27 | 0.981 | ('23', 355), ('35', 214), ('5', 205), ('4', 190) … |
| DecisionForestClassifier | 10 | runif | 0.914 | ('23', 145), ('5', 106), ('8', 95), ('35', 80) … |
| DecisionForestClassifier | 25 | 9 | 0.869 | ('11', 105), ('4', 103), ('23', 102), ('29', 75) … |
| DecisionForestClassifier | 25 | 18 | 0.942 | ('23', 547), ('4', 370), ('11', 363), ('25', 290) … |
| DecisionForestClassifier | 25 | 27 | 0.986 | ('23', 732), ('4', 441), ('25', 406), ('5', 398) … |
| DecisionForestClassifier | 25 | runif | 0.879 | ('23', 364), ('12', 240), ('25', 224), ('35', 205) … |
| DecisionForestClassifier | 50 | 9 | 0.891 | ('23', 190), ('4', 170), ('11', 169), ('19', 142) … |
| DecisionForestClassifier | 50 | 18 | 0.966 | ('23', 842), ('4', 629), ('11', 626), ('17', 580) … |
| DecisionForestClassifier | 50 | 27 | 0.989 | ('23', 1307), ('4', 786), ('12', 714), ('5', 706) … |
| DecisionForestClassifier | 50 | runif | 0.941 | ('23', 800), ('5', 530), ('12', 464), ('11', 449) … |
| DecisionForestClassifier | 75 | 9 | 0.894 | ('23', 300), ('11', 247), ('19', 229), ('4', 229) … |
| DecisionForestClassifier | 75 | 18 | 0.971 | ('23', 1228), ('4', 1016), ('11', 917), ('12', 830) … |
| **DecisionForestClassifier** | **75** | **27** | **0.994** | **('23', 2006),('4', 1169),('12', 1126), ('25',1017)…** |
| DecisionForestClassifier | 75 | runif | 0.974 | ('23', 963), ('12', 631), ('5', 626), ('11', 592) … |
| DecisionForestClassifier | 100 | 9 | 0.881 | ('23', 339), ('11', 317), ('19', 300), ('4', 292) … |
| DecisionForestClassifier | 100 | 18 | 0.966 | ('23', 1537),('4', 1374),('12', 1208),('11', 1136) … |
| DecisionForestClassifier | 100 | 27 | 0.994 | ('23', 2538), ('4', 1550), ('12', 1468), ('5', 1335) … |
| DecisionForestClassifier | 100 | runif | 0.974 | ('23', 1257), ('12', 989), ('25', 822), ('5', 816) … |

## KR-vs-KP dataset with Random Forest:

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Method** | **NT** | **F** | **Accuracy** | **Feature Importance** |
| RandomForestClassifier | 1 | 1 | 0.681 | ('9', 3), ('11', 3), ('10', 2), ('14', 2) |
| RandomForestClassifier | 1 | 3 | 0.819 | ('5', 4), ('10', 4), ('14', 4), ('20', 4) |
| RandomForestClassifier | 1 | 5 | 0.922 | ('32', 11), ('23', 9), ('5', 8), ('12', 7) |
| RandomForestClassifier | 1 | 6 | 0.965 | ('5', 8), ('17', 7), ('21', 7), ('33', 7) |
| RandomForestClassifier | 10 | 1 | 0.727 | ('20', 11), ('30', 11), ('29', 9), ('6', 8) |
| RandomForestClassifier | 10 | 3 | 0.946 | ('14', 65), ('5', 58), ('32', 58), ('20', 56) |
| RandomForestClassifier | 10 | 5 | 0.979 | ('32', 89), ('9', 79), ('5', 78), ('14', 73) |
| RandomForestClassifier | 10 | 6 | 0.985 | ('32', 78), ('6', 74), ('5', 73), ('33', 71) |
| RandomForestClassifier | 25 | 1 | 0.711 | ('14', 22), ('30', 20), ('1', 19), ('3', 19) |
| RandomForestClassifier | 25 | 3 | 0.970 | ('9', 155), ('20', 150), ('5', 145), ('14', 145) |
| RandomForestClassifier | 25 | 5 | 0.985 | ('5', 229), ('20', 211), ('23', 203) |
| RandomForestClassifier | 25 | 6 | 0.989 | ('5', 223), ('20', 208), ('23', 204), ('32', 196) |
| RandomForestClassifier | 50 | 1 | 0.756 | ('14', 52), ('0', 39), ('20', 39), ('10', 37) |
| RandomForestClassifier | 50 | 3 | 0.970 | ('20', 329), ('14', 307), ('9', 303) , ('5', 295) |
| RandomForestClassifier | 50 | 5 | 0.987 | ('20', 432), ('32', 415), ('23', 414), ('5', 408) |
| RandomForestClassifier | 50 | 6 | 0.992 | ('5', 455), ('20', 445), ('23', 436), ('32', 387) |
| RandomForestClassifier | 75 | 1 | 0.746 | ('14', 74), ('0', 55), ('20', 55), ('9', 54) |
| RandomForestClassifier | 75 | 3 | 0.966 | ('20', 522), ('14', 457), ('9', 444), ('32', 442) |
| RandomForestClassifier | 75 | 5 | 0.989 | ('32', 668), ('20', 650), ('23', 618), ('5', 603) |
| RandomForestClassifier | 75 | 6 | 0.995 | ('5', 676), ('20', 676), ('23', 644), ('32', 609) |
| RandomForestClassifier | 100 | 1 | 0.747 | ('14', 104), ('20', 81), ('0', 80), ('10', 76) |
| RandomForestClassifier | 100 | 3 | 0.969 | ('20', 686), ('32', 586), ('9', 577), ('14', 570) |
| RandomForestClassifier | 100 | 5 | 0.992 | ('20', 873), ('32', 844), ('23', 806), ('5', 805) |
| RandomForestClassifier | 100 | 6 | 0.995 | ('20', 887), ('5', 882), ('32', 846), ('23', 840) |

# Conclusions: