# Capture the flag A user manual

This is a user manual for our game "Capture the flag" created by Ludwig Ingestedt, Albin Ekman and Felix Strömberg

# Starting the game

Before you can begin playing and having fun you first have to be able to launch it, So let's teach you how!

Begin by installing python3, then run the following commands in your terminal (Remember that you have to be inside the ctf folder):

- source setup.sh
- python3 ctf.py

And there you go. It's that easy!

When you launch the game it should look something like this: ■

Sidenote: You are also able to add in your own map via a json file.

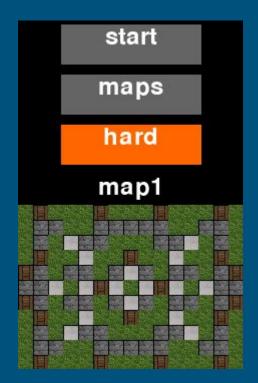
This is done by adding the flag —map {jsonfilename}. To learn how the format works look in the json\_maps folder



# How to play

Now that the game is up and running I think it's time we teach you how to play!

The first thing you do is select both the map and the difficulty in the menu screen. This is done by using the arrow keys to move around the menu and the enter key to select



# How to play

After you've pressed "start" the game should be up and running. It should look a little something like this:

Now that you're in the game, let's teach you how to win!

You move with the arrow keys and shoot with spacebar.
Your goal is to capture the flag in the middle and return to your base without being hit by enemy bullets







# How to play

If you happen to be hit you will drop the flag(if you have it) and be sent back to your starting base. Luckily this works both ways so you're able to send back the enemy tanks too!

Once you (or someone else) successfully returns the flag they are given 1 point. Like so:

But points aren't enough for you am i

right? You want to win!
There are 3 different ways to win the game and crown yourself the ultimate capture the flag champion!

- 1. Get 4 points
- 2. Have the most points after 10 rounds
- 3. Have the most points after 5 minutes of game time

That's all you need to know. Good luck!



# Implemented features

Easy

Counting score (1pt)
Unfair Ai (1pt)

Medium

Read maps from a json file (2pts)
Welcome screen (2.5pts)
Score screen (2.5pts)
Additional win condition (3pts)
Implement fog of war (3pts)

Hard

# **Explaining the features**

Counting score (1pt): The game keeps track of how many times each player has successfully returned the flag

Unfair Ai (1pt):
You are able to choose a difficulty setting in the menu screen. You can choose between easy, normal and hard. Depending on what difficulty you choose the game adds a multiplier to the movement speed and bullet speed of the tanks.

Read maps from a json file (2pts):
When you launch the game from
the terminal you are able to import
a map from a json file by adding the
tag –map -{filename of json file}.
The imported map is then added
into the list of available maps.

Welcome screen (2.5pts):
The ctf file opens a menu screen
when you run the game instead of
directly putting you into the action.
The menu contains three button.
One for map selection, one for
difficulty selection and one to start
the game.

Score screen (2.5pts): The game shows a score screen everytime someone gets a point.

Additional win condition (3pts):
The game has 3 win conditions.
Get 4 points, have the most points after 10 rounds or have the most points after 5 minutes of game time.
When a winner is determined the game shows a victory screen with the winners name.

Implement fog of war (3pts):
The entire screen is blacked out
except for a circle around each
player so you are only able to see
the map around each tank.

# **Explaining the source folder**

The source folder is called ctf and contains the following files:

- gameobjects contains all the different classes for objects in the game e.g tank, box or bullet
- images loads and stores all the images used in the game
- maps contains the different maps available for the game
- ctf The main file of the game where the initialization and main loop of the game are located
- ai contains the ai class that decides how the bot tanks will behave



# Deep dive into the files



### Game-loops:

Runs all of the game elements by way of functions that run loops.

- master\_loop runs the entire game by choosing which of the other loops is being run
- main\_loop creates and runs the core game loop, is accessed through the welcome screen and goes into the victory screen after a win condition is achieved
- welcome\_screen generates a welcome screen from which map and difficulty can be chosen
- score\_screen shows current player scores between games

```
global currently_running
global exit_game
global selected_map
                                                                                         screen,blit(maps text, ((width - maps text.est width())/2, height/2 + 50)
def master loop():
     Runs the entire program
     while exit game == False:
           if currently_running == "main":
          elif currently_running == "welcome":
               welcome_screen()
                initialization()
          elif currently running == "score":
                score screen()
           elif currently running == "victory":
                victory_screen()
```



The ctf file contains two main sections housing different functions

- The initialization section contains generative functions that are called in initialization() to generate and initialize the game
- The game loop section contains functions that handle different parts of the game when it is running such as collisions and it also contains the core game loops as well. It also contains the call of the master\_loop() function which runs the entire game



```
> def fog_of_war():
   > def generate_background():
   > def create boxes/
  > def create tanks():
60 > def create flag()
   > def create collision handlers()
        global fog_of_war_color
         global total game time
         global total round numbe
         global screen black
         global background
        global handler bullet tank
         global handler bullet boundry
         global currently running
         global current man
         if args.map != None:
             if selected map -- "ison map"
                current map = json map
         if selected map == "map@
         elif selected map -- "map1"
         elif selected map -- "map2
         total round number - 0
         total game time = 0
        screen black - fog of war()
        generate background()
        create boundaries()
        create tanks(
        flag - create flag()
         handler bullet box, handler bullet tank, handler bullet boundry = create collision handlers()
    def generate map preview(screen, selected map)
```

### gameobjects

### Game object classes

The gameobjects file defines classes for different objects in the game and also makes helpful functions. All the classes are derived from one of the GameObject classes for ease of handling.

- Bullet class for creating the tanks' bullets
- Tank class creates tanks and also contains functions for their movement
- Box class creates boxes
- get\_box\_with\_type() is a function that helps easily create a box of a given type
- Flag is a class for creating a flag object that can be picked up by the tanks



#### ai functions

Contains the Ai class as well as two help functions that can be used in the game.

- Ai class creates instances of bots and contains functions for controlling their tanks as well as pathfinding
- decide() runs the movement cycle and the shooting function
- move\_cycle\_gen() finds the shortest path to an objective and gives movement orders to follow said path
- maybe\_shoot() detects and fires at shootable objects with raycasting
- find\_shortest\_path() uses breadth first searching to locate and return the shortest possible path to an objective (flag or base)

```
dol periodic difference of angles angle1, angle2
```



### maps functions

Contains the Map class as well as several different maps that can be used in the game. Map selection is done from the welcome screen

- Map class creates instances of different maps
- map0 is the default map with the dimensions
   9 by 9 tiles featuring 4 tanks
- map1 is a map with the dimensions 15 by 11 tiles featuring 6 tanks
- map2 is a map with the dimensions 10 by 5 tiles featuring 2 tanks

```
def init (self, width, height, boxes, start positions, flag position):
   self.start positions = start positions
   self flag position = flag position
def rect(self)
       [[0.5, 0.5, 0], [14.5, 0.5, 0], [0.5, 10.5, 180], [14.5, 10.5, 180], [7.5, 0.5, 0], [7.5, 10.5, 180]], [7.5, 5.5])
```



### images file

Loads all the images in the game from the data folder and assigns them as objects that can be called from the ctf file

- load\_image() function that takes the name of an image files and tries to load a file of the same name from the data folder
- tanks list that contains the images of all the tanks
- bases list that contains the images of all the bases/starting points

```
import pygame
main_dir = os.path.split(os.path.abspath(_file__))[0]
    file = os.path.join(main dir, 'data', file)
        surface = pygame.image.load(file)
        raise SystemExit('Could not load image "%s" %s' % (file, pygame.get_error()))
    return surface.convert_alpha()
TILE SIZE = 40 # Define the default size of tiles
explosion = load_image('explosion.png') # Image of an explosion
 grass = load image('grass.png') # Image of a grass tile
 rockbox = load_image('rockbox.png') # Image of a rock box (wall)
 metalbox = load_image('metalbox.png') # Image of a metal box
 woodbox = load_image('woodbox.png') # Image of a wood box
flag = load_image('flag.png') # Image of flag
crown = load image('crown.png') # Image of a crown
title = load_image('title.png') # Title picture
bullet = load image('bullet.png') # Image of a bullet
bullet = pygame.transform.scale(bullet, (10, 10))
bullet = pygame.transform.rotate(bullet, -90)
tanks = [load_image('tank_orange.png'), load_image('tank_blue.png'), load_image('tank_white.png'),
         load image('tank yellow.png'), load image('tank red.png'), load image('tank gray.png')]
bases = [load_image('base_orange.png'), load_image('base_blue.png'), load_image('base_white.png'),
         load image('base yellow.png'), load image('base red.png'), load image('base gray.png')]
```