# US Storms and its impact on Life and Economy

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#### Introduction

This is the second course project in the course Reproducible Research in Coursera. Human life and Property were damaged occasionally by natural disasters such as Storms , Tsunami etc., In this analysis we focus on Storm and its impact in Life and Property.

This study is based on the analysis of the weather conditions in U.S. over a period. The data is given by National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA). It includes all the data such as damage to Life as well as Property.

For more details regarding the data visit https://www.ncdc.noaa.gov/stormevents/

### Synopsis

Here we are going to figure out answers for two questions

- 1 which types of events cause most harm to population health?
- 2 which types of events affects the economy?

#### Loading Libraries

```
library(knitr)
library(ggplot2)
library(dplyr)
library(plyr)
library(stats)
library(rmarkdown)
library(tinytex)
```

#### Loading Data

```
#Loading the Data
RawData <- read.csv("StormData.csv.bz2")
dim(RawData)</pre>
```

```
## [1] 902297 37
```

#### names (RawData)

```
[1] "STATE__"
                      "BGN_DATE"
                                    "BGN_TIME"
                                                 "TIME_ZONE"
                                                               "COUNTY"
       "COUNTYNAME" "STATE"
                                    "EVTYPE"
                                                 "BGN_RANGE"
                                                               "BGN_AZI"
##
    [6]
        "BGN LOCATI" "END DATE"
                                    "END TIME"
                                                 "COUNTY END"
                                                               "COUNTYENDN"
        "END_RANGE"
                                    "END_LOCATI" "LENGTH"
## [16]
                      "END_AZI"
                                                               "WIDTH"
## [21]
        "F"
                      "MAG"
                                    "FATALITIES" "INJURIES"
                                                               "PROPDMG"
                                   "CROPDMGEXP" "WFO"
  [26]
       "PROPDMGEXP" "CROPDMG"
                                                               "STATEOFFIC"
  [31] "ZONENAMES"
                      "LATITUDE"
                                    "LONGITUDE"
                                                 "LATITUDE E" "LONGITUDE "
## [36] "REMARKS"
                      "REFNUM"
```

There are 902297 observations with 37 variables. We need only a subset of the whole data for analysis.

We need only the following variables for analysing

```
*EVTYPE: Event Type
```

\*FATALITIES: No of Fatalities

\*INJURIES: No of Injuries

\*PROGDMG: Property Damage

\*PROPDMGEXP: Units for Property Damage (magnitudes - K,B,M)

\*CROPDMG: Crop Damage

\*CROPDMGEXP: Units for Crop Damage (magnitudes - K,BM,B)

```
#Selecting the Needed variables
vars <- c("EVTYPE", "FATALITIES", "INJURIES", "PROPDMG", "PROPDMGEXP", "CROPDMG", "CROPDMGEXP")
RawData <- RawData[vars]
dim(RawData)</pre>
```

## [1] 902297 7

#### **Property Damage**

```
unique(RawData$PROPDMGEXP)
```

```
##  [1] "K" "M" ""  "B" "m" "+" "O" "5" "6" "?" "4" "2" "3" "h" "7" "H" "-" "1" "8"
```

Some of the value of the column PROPDMGEXP are in Letters and Some in Numbers. We need to Covert them to a single unit.

```
RawData$PROPDMGEXP <- plyr::mapvalues(RawData$PROPDMGEXP, from = c("K", "M","", "B", "m", "+", "0", "5" RawData$PROPDMGEXP <- as.numeric(as.character(RawData$PROPDMGEXP))
RawData$PROPDMGTOTAL <- (RawData$PROPDMG * RawData$PROPDMGEXP)/1000000000
```

#### Units of Crop Damage

```
unique(RawData$CROPDMGEXP)
```

```
## [1] "" "M" "K" "m" "B" "?" "O" "k" "2"
```

Like above some value of the column CROPDMGEXP are in Letters and Some in Numbers. So we do conversion.

```
RawData$CROPDMGEXP <- mapvalues(RawData$CROPDMGEXP, from = c("","M", "K", "m", "B", "?", "0", "k","2")

to = c(1,10^6, 10^3, 10^6, 10^9, 0, 1, 10^3, 10^2))

RawData$CROPDMGEXP <- as.numeric(as.character(RawData$CROPDMGEXP))

RawData$CROPDMGTOTAL <- (RawData$CROPDMG * RawData$CROPDMGEXP)/1000000000
```

## Events with more Fatality rate

## Fatality rate

Analysing which events cause most Fatalities . FATILITIES is the factor variable. Almost 985 events were recorded by NOAA.

```
sumFatalities <- aggregate(FATALITIES ~ EVTYPE, data = RawData, FUN="sum")
dim(sumFatalities)

## [1] 985    2

Looking top 5 fatal events.

fatalities5events <- sumFatalities[order(-sumFatalities$FATALITIES), ][1:5, ]
dim(fatalities5events)

## [1] 5 2</pre>
```

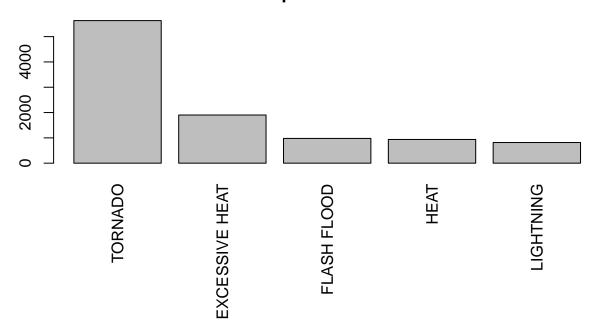
#### fatalities5events

```
##
               EVTYPE FATALITIES
## 834
              TORNADO
                             5633
## 130 EXCESSIVE HEAT
                             1903
## 153
          FLASH FLOOD
                              978
## 275
                              937
                 HEAT
## 464
            LIGHTNING
                              816
```

### **Fatality Plot**

Plot of the Top 5 fatal events.





## Injury rate

Events which are causing injuries to human life.

```
sumInjuries <- aggregate(INJURIES ~ EVTYPE, data = RawData, FUN="sum")
dim(sumInjuries)
## [1] 985 2</pre>
```

Sorting Top 5 injury causing events.

```
injuries5events <- sumInjuries[order(-sumInjuries$INJURIES), ][1:5, ]
dim(injuries5events)</pre>
```

## [1] 5 2

Top 5 Injury events

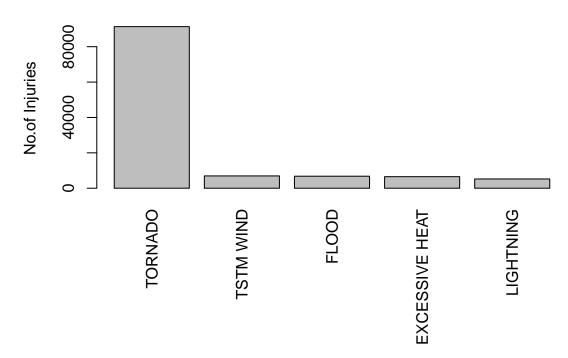
## injuries5events

```
EVTYPE INJURIES
##
## 834
              TORNADO
                          91346
## 856
            TSTM WIND
                           6957
## 170
                FLOOD
                           6789
## 130 EXCESSIVE HEAT
                           6525
            LIGHTNING
                           5230
## 464
```

Plot of the top 5 injury causing events

```
par(mar=c(10,4,4,4))
barplot(injuries5events$INJURIES, names.arg = injuries5events$EVTYPE, las = 3,
    main = "Top 5 Injuries Events", ylab = "No.of Injuries")
```





## Events with more Economic damage

We have to rely on PROPDMG (Property Damage) and CROPDMG (Crop Damage) to figue out the Economic impacts.

#### Crop Damage

Crop damage is given by the variable CROPDMG.

```
sumCropDamage <- aggregate(CROPDMGTOTAL ~ EVTYPE, data = RawData, FUN="sum")
dim(sumCropDamage)</pre>
```

## [1] 985 2

Top 5 Crop damaging events

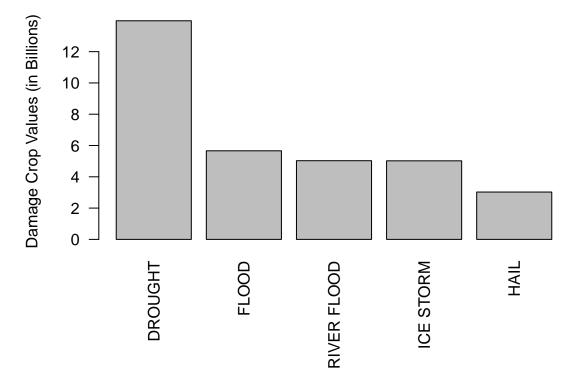
```
cropdmg5Total <- sumCropDamage[order(-sumCropDamage$CROPDMGTOTAL), ][1:5, ]
cropdmg5Total</pre>
```

```
##
            EVTYPE CROPDMGTOTAL
## 95
           DROUGHT
                       13.972566
             FLOOD
## 170
                        5.661968
## 590 RIVER FLOOD
                        5.029459
         ICE STORM
## 427
                        5.022113
## 244
              HAIL
                        3.025954
```

Plot of the Top 5 Crop damaging events

```
par(mar=c(7,4,4,4))
barplot(cropdmg5Total$CROPDMGTOTAL, names.arg = cropdmg5Total$EVTYPE, las = 2,
    main = "Top 5 Crop Damaging Events",
    ylab = "Damage Crop Values (in Billions)")
```

# **Top 5 Crop Damaging Events**



## **Property Damage Events**

```
sumPropertyDamage <- aggregate(PROPDMGTOTAL ~ EVTYPE, data = RawData, FUN="sum")
dim(sumPropertyDamage)</pre>
```

```
## [1] 985 2
```

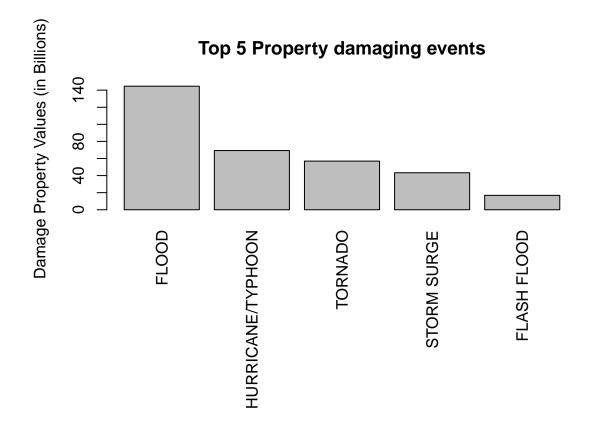
Top 5 Property damage events

```
propdmg5Total <- sumPropertyDamage[order(-sumPropertyDamage$PROPDMGTOTAL), ][1:5, ]
propdmg5Total</pre>
```

```
##
                   EVTYPE PROPDMGTOTAL
## 170
                             144.65771
                    FLOOD
## 411 HURRICANE/TYPHOON
                              69.30584
## 834
                              56.94738
                  TORNADO
## 670
             STORM SURGE
                              43.32354
             FLASH FLOOD
## 153
                              16.82267
```

Plot for Top 5 property Damaging events

```
par(mar=c(12,4,4,4))
barplot(propdmg5Total$PROPDMGTOTAL, names.arg = propdmg5Total$EVTYPE, las = 3,
    main = "Top 5 Property damaging events",
    ylab = "Damage Property Values (in Billions)")
```



## Results

### Question - 1

Which Event causes more Fatalities?

The results tells us that **Tornados** causes the highest number of Fatalities and Injuries.

## Question - 2

Which Event causes more Economic consequences ?

Since we analysed on two perspectives we got two results according to the property.

The results tells us that **Floods** causes highest **Property Damage**.

The results tells us that **Droughts** causes highest **Crop damages**.