## **Dataset Information:**

Title	Synthetic Fertilizers
Abstract	Greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions from synthetic fertilizers consist of nitrous oxide gas from synthetic nitrogen additions to managed soils. Computed at Tier 1 following the 2006 IPCC Guidelines for National Greenhouse Gas Inventories (IPCC, 2006); available by country, with global coverage and relative to the period 1990-2010, with annual updates.
Supplemental	This domain contains data on GHG emissions, associated emission factors and underlying activity data.  The FAOSTAT Emissions data are estimates by FAO and do not coincide with GHG data reported by member countries to UNFCCC. The database is intended primarily as a service to help member countries assess and report their emissions, as well as a useful international benchmark. The FAOSTAT Emissions data are disseminated publicly to facilitate continuous feedback from member countries.
<b>Creation Date</b>	2012
Last Update	2012
Data Type	Climate Change - Greenhouse Gases
Category	Environment
Time Period	1990 - 2010
Periodicity	Annual
Geographical Coverage	World
Spatial Unit	Country
Language	Multilingual (EN, FR, ES)

# **Methodology and Quality Information:**

# Methods and processing

GHG emissions from synthetic fertilizers consist of direct and indirect nitrous oxide ( $N_2O$ ) emissions from nitrogen (N) added to agricultural soils by farmers. Specifically,  $N_2O$  is produced by microbial processes of nitrification and de-nitrification taking place on the addition site (direct emissions), and after volatilization/re-deposition and leaching processes (indirect emissions). The FAOSTAT data are estimated at Tier 1 following IPCC, 2006, Vol. 4, Ch. 11.

<u>Direct emissions</u> are estimated at country level, using the formula:

Emission = A \* EF

where:

Emission = GHG emissions in kg  $N_2O-N$  yr<sup>-1</sup>;

A = Activity data, representing amount of annual synthetic N applications in kg N yr<sup>-1</sup> (1); EF = Tier 1, default IPCC emission factors, expressed in kg N<sub>2</sub>O-N / kg N (2).

- (1) N consumption data are taken from the FAOSTAT Fertilizers Archive Dataset (1990-2001) and the Fertilizers Dataset (2002-onwards) under the Resource domain. These are derived as an annual balance of N production and net trade. The following assumption is made: N application data = FAOSTAT N consumption data.
- (2) Global default EF values are taken from IPCC, 2006: Vol. 4, Ch.11, Tab. 11.1.

<u>Indirect emissions</u> are estimated at country level, using the formula:

Emission = A \* EF

where:

Emission = GHG emissions in kg  $N_2O-N$  yr<sup>-1</sup>;

A = Activity data, representing the amount of synthetic N applications that volatizes as NH<sub>3</sub> and NO<sub>x</sub> and is lost through runoff and leaching in kg N yr<sup>-1</sup> (3);

EF = Tier 1, default IPCC emission factors, expressed in kg  $N_2O-N$  / kg N yr<sup>-1</sup> (4).

(3) Obtained through the volatilization and leaching factors in IPCC, 2006: Vol.4, Ch. 11, Tab. 11.3.

(4) Global default EF values from IPCC, 2006: Vol.4, Ch.11, Tab.11.3.

Dimensionless conversion factors used are:

10<sup>-3</sup>, to convert the activity data from kg to tonnes;

44/28, to convert the emissions from kg N<sub>2</sub>O-N to kg N<sub>2</sub>O gas;

10<sup>-6</sup>, to convert the emissions from kg N<sub>2</sub>O to Gg N<sub>2</sub>O; and

GWP- $N_2O = 310$  (100-year time horizon), to convert Gg  $N_2O$  to Gg  $CO_2$ eq (IPCC, 1996: Technical Summary, Tab. 4 pg. 22).

The synthetic fertilizer domain contains the following data categories available for download: country-level GHG emissions, provided as total, direct and indirect amounts in both Gg  $N_2O$  and Gg  $CO_2eq$ ; implied emission factors; and activity data. Data is available for 181 (1990-2001) or 159 (2002-present) individual countries and territories, as well as for standard FAOSTAT regional aggregations, plus Annex I and non-Annex I groups. The data period is 1990-2010, with annual updates.

Uncertainties in estimates of GHG emissions are due to uncertainties in emission factors and activity data. They may be related to, inter alia, natural variability, partitioning fractions, lack of spatial or temporal coverage, spatial aggregation. In the case of synthetic fertilizers more detailed information are available in the guidelines (IPCC, 2006: Vol.4, Ch. 11, Section 11.2.1.4 for direct emissions, and Section 11.2.2.4 for indirect emissions.).

#### References

IPCC. 1996. Climate Change 1995 - The Science of Climate Change: Contribution of Working Group I to the Second Assessment Report of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change. Cambridge.

IPCC. 2006. 2006 IPCC Guidelines for National Greenhouse Gas Inventories, Prepared by the National Greenhouse Gas Inventories Programme, Eggleston H.S., Buendia L., Miwa K., Ngara T. and Tanabe K. (Eds), IGES, Hayama, Japan.

Data Collection Method Computed

Completeness

100%

Links

www.fao.org/climatechange/micca/ghg/www.ipcc-nggip.iges.or.jp/public/

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