





## Hello! I am Agil Haykal



I am a Data expert with extensive experience in multiple industries such as marketplace, insurance, banking, general taxation, consulting, and training.

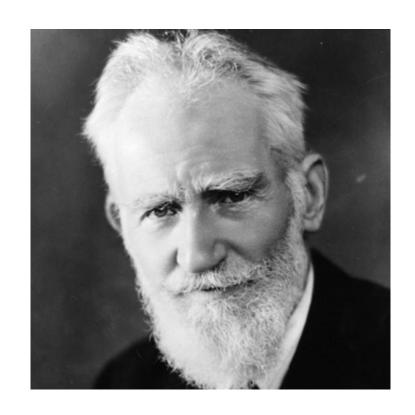
In total, I trained more than 300 data scientists, engineers, and analysts.







### **Quote of the day**



"The Problem with Communication is the illusion that it has been accomplished."

- George Bernard Shaw



# Table of Content What will We Learn Today?

- 1. Context
- 2. Content
- 3. Design









# **Know Your Audience**











### **Establish the Objective**



Why they need to hear from you?



Is it recommendation or providing fact?



How do you convey the objective?





# How to build the story





# Content



### Layman's terms

simple language that anyone can understand

\*International company's requirement for DS and DA



# Clarify the definition

read the chart

"Wait... why you said accuracy is 80%, why you choose Precision? It is No, it is different metric, just worse though" follow what I am saying, okay? Explain how to Different definition leads to

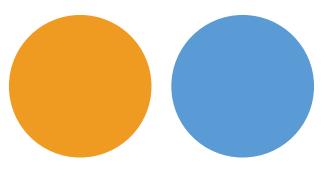
wrong interpretation

Guide how to understand the metrics easily



# The Pyramid Principle





Mutually Exclusive
Collectively Exhaustive
"MECE"



# Inductive vs Deductive

"The problem was the thinking, not the language...

People were starting to write without working out their thinking in advance. But how does one go about figuring out one's thinking in advance?"

Barbara Minto, The Pyramid Principle (2009)





### **Inductive vs Deductive**

#### **Deductive Writing**

#### 3 components:

- Statement about a situation
- Statement about a subject relating to the situation in (1)
- 3. Conclusion about the subject based on (2)

#### Example

Any company that meets these three criteria will be worth buying

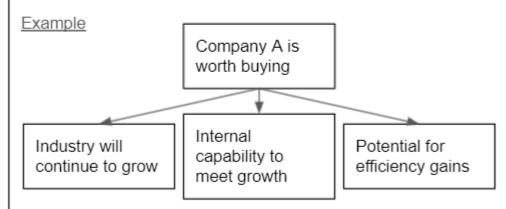
Company A meetings these criteria Therefore Company A is worth buying

- Easier to construct than inductive reasoning
- Naturally the way we think (sequential)

#### **Inductive Writing**

#### Components

- Start with the conclusion
- 2. Support the argument with *groups of ideas* that are similar to each other

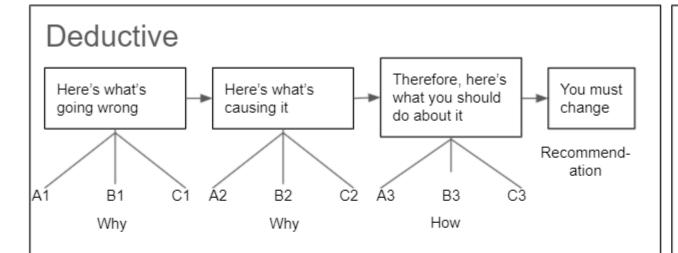


- Groups of ideas can be described by a plural noun
- Top-down reasoning need to be verified / logical

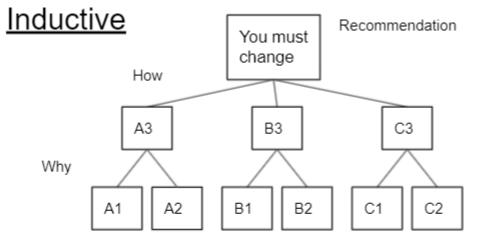




### Inductive is easier to understand



- To understand the overall reasoning, the reader must :
  - Read A1, B1, C1, A2, B2, C2,
  - Remember them,
  - And then connect to each of these to the recommendations (A3, B3, C3).
- The reader will have to wait to see the recommendation
- To get there will have to re-enact the writer's entire problem-solving process.



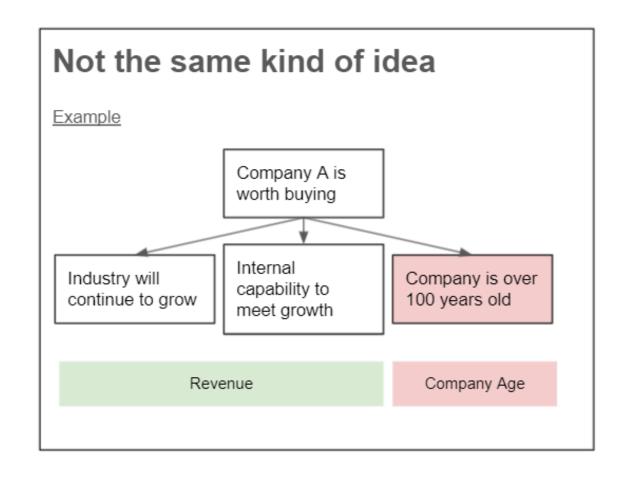
- The reader's major question is answered directly
- Clear separation in the thinking between subject areas
- All information related to A / B / C are in one place

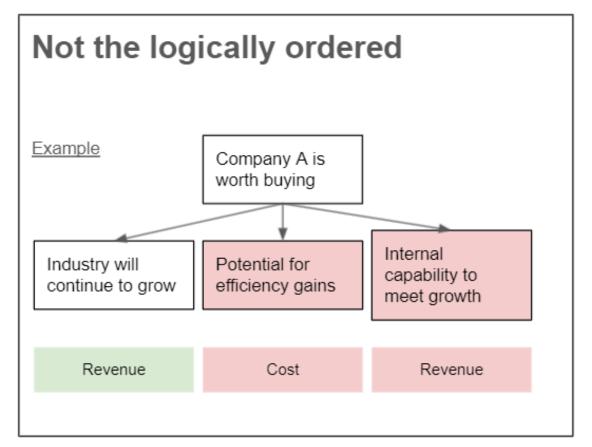
This is the Pyramid Structure





Argument: Company A is worth buying to boost profitability (Profit = Revenue – Cost)





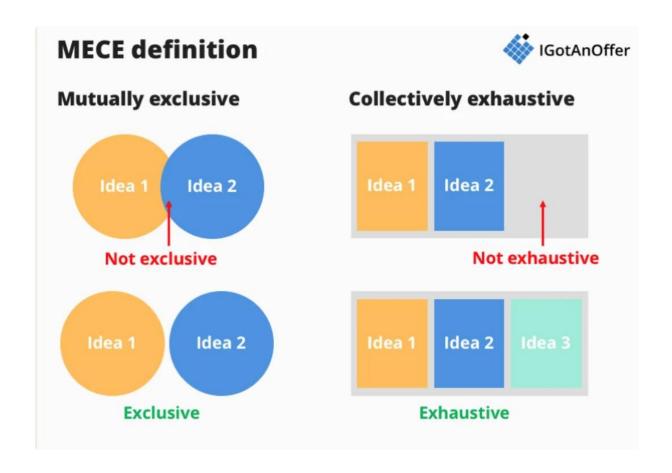




Makes the supporting ideas flow to the recommendation with maximum clarity

Mutually Exclusive "No Overlaps"

Completely Exhaustive "Nothing left out"









### Do you enjoy seeing this?









### How about this?











### **Human are Visual Creatures**





We process images **60,000x** 

faster than text



**50%** of the brain is active in visual processing alone



**40%** of people respond better to visuals

### Focus



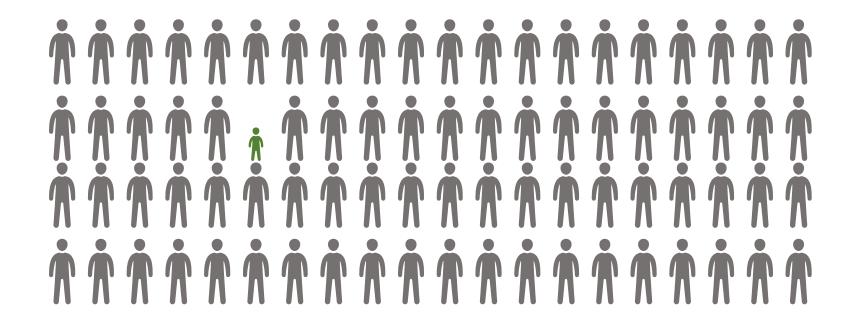
### And then this



Finally this one

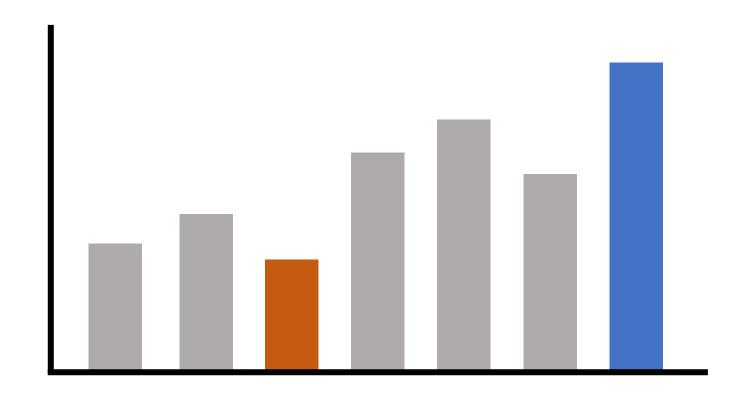


# **Emphasize information**





# **Emphasize information**





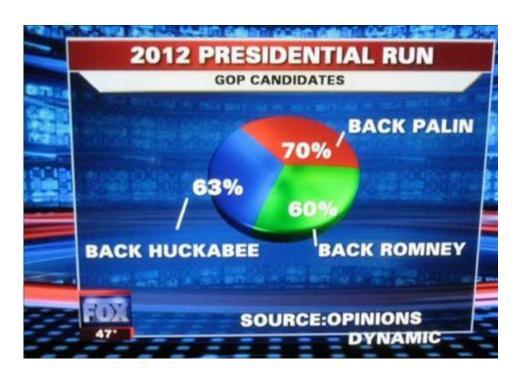
# Simplicity

Max Points



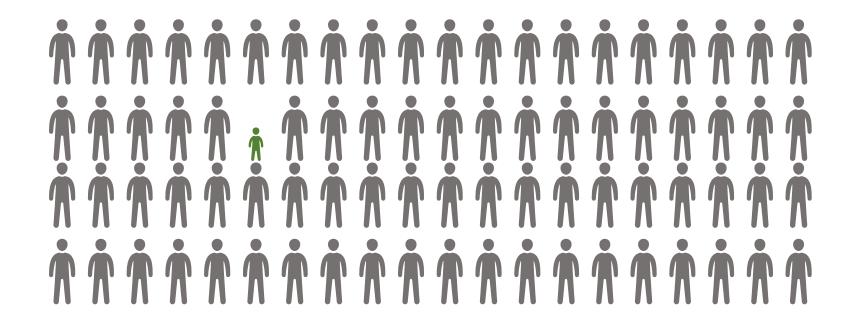
# No 3D Charts!







# Avoid Animation!











### **Choose match color**





# Thank YOU

