# CPS 521 - DSMP Project Mustafa Darras 50106030 Ekrem Yilmaz 501108034 Alden Shin-Culhane 501036054

# Given Algorithms

Similarity			
K-Means			
SVM			
MLP			
Doc2Vec			
Common-Neighbors			
K-meansEuclidean			

### 1 Node

# Algorithm 1: Similarity

hughescanion to Reducer1: 226153 ms

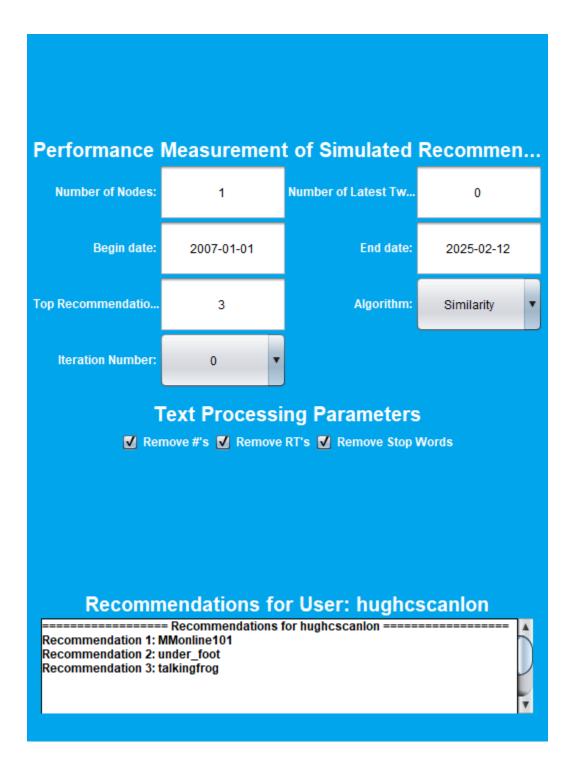
Message Passing: 226947 ms MAX Message Passing: 226947 ms Messages Cost: 19800626 bytes TOTAL Messages Cost: 19800626 bytes

Recommender-ServiceAgent1completionTimeTextProcessing: 21117 ms

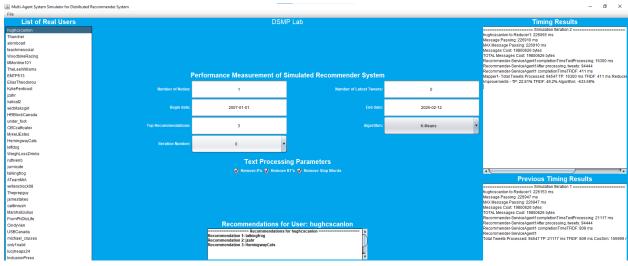
Recommender-ServiceAgent1After processing, tweets: 94444 Recommender-ServiceAgent1 completionTimeTFIDF: 809 ms

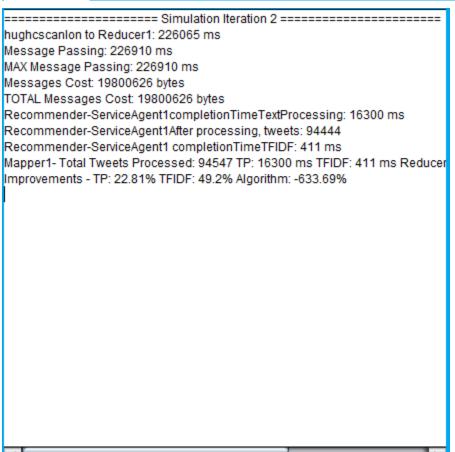
Recommender-ServiceAgent1

Total Tweets Processed: 94547 TP: 21117 ms TFIDF: 809 ms CosSim: 105999 r



### Algorithm 2: K-Means





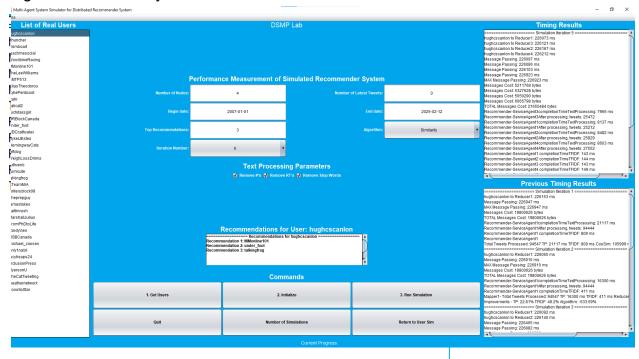
### 2 Nodes

# Algorithm 1: Similarity

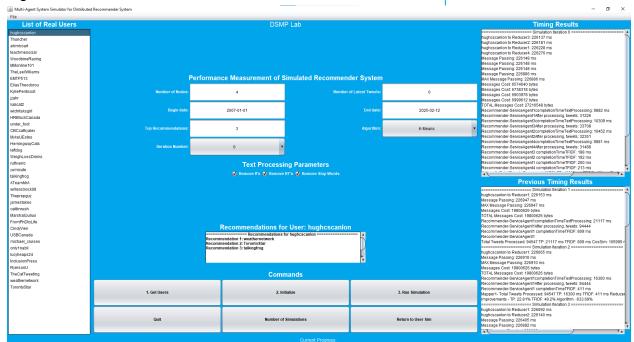


### 4 Nodes

# Algorithm 1: Similarity



# Algorithm 2: K-Means



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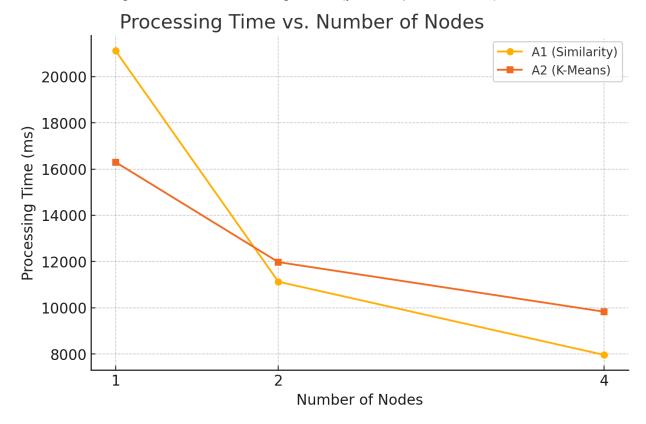
Algorithm 1: Similarity

APP DID NOT WORK

Algorithm 2: K-Means

APP DID NOT WORK

a. Plot the timing vs. nodes for each algorithm (you will plot 2 curves).



# The code used to plot the table:

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

nodes = [1, 2, 4]

Al_timing = [21117, 11129, 7965]  # Al (Similarity) Processing Times

A2_timing = [16300, 9196, 9832]  # A2 (K-Means) Text Processing Times

plt.figure(figsize=(8, 5))

plt.plot(nodes, Al_timing, marker='o', linestyle='-', label="Al (Similarity)")

plt.plot(nodes, A2_timing, marker='s', linestyle='-', label="A2 (K-Means)")

plt.xlabel("Number of Nodes")

plt.ylabel("Processing Time (ms)")

plt.title("Processing Time vs. Number of Nodes")

plt.xticks(nodes)

plt.legend()

plt.grid(True)

plt.show()
```

b. How do you determine the processing time gain for any number of nodes used in any algorithm? Write this in a formula.

 $T(N_1)$  is the processing time with  $N_1$  nodes.

 $T(N_2)$  is the processing time with  $N_2$  nodes.

G represents the percentage gain in processing efficiency

G = 
$$(\frac{T(N_1)-T(N_2)}{T(N_1)}) \times 100$$

Nodes	A1 (Similarity) Processing Time (ms)	A1 Speedup	A1 Gain (%)	A2 (K-Means) Processing Time (ms)	A2 Speedup	A2 Gain (%)
1	21117	1.00	0.00	16300	1.00	0.00
2	11129	1.90	47.29	11976	1.36	26.51
4	7965	2.65	62.26	9832	1.66	39.67

The total time gain is calculated as:

Total Gain = G1+G2+G3+G4

### Where:

- Gn represents the parallelization gain at each node count compared to the previous count.
- Since we only have data for 1, 2, and 4 nodes, we calculate:

Total Gain (so far) = G1+G2+G3

Since we do not have the 8-node data, G4 is missing, meaning our total time gain is only approximate up to 4 nodes.

Algorithm	Total Gain (%)
A1 (Similarity)	131.15460132369276
A2 (K-Means)	141.29559537845648

c. Which algorithm yields the best timing?
A2 (K-Means) has a slightly higher overall time gain (141.30%) than A1 (Similarity) (131.15%).

A2 (K-Means) yields the best timing.