

# Project Report – Course: “Introduction to Web Programming”

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## Introduction

The project consists of two web applications: **MatchWeb** and **REST\_App**.

**MatchWeb** is the main web application; it allows users to register and play betting slips for one of the following sports: Baseball, Cricket, or Padel.

However, the only sport actually supported by the platform is **Cricket**, for which the **REST\_App** application provides a list of fictitious teams, a random schedule, and aleatory results for each match.

The application also assigns each user one of the following roles: **ADMIN#03**, **USER#03**, and **MODERATOR#03**. The functionalities offered vary depending on the assigned role.

## MatchWeb - Implementation

Throughout the project, I aimed to maintain a modular and coherent structure, in which **@Beans** manage specific aspects of the business logic.

A consistent pattern was followed: **@Controllers** use **@Services**, which in turn use **@Components** and **@Repositorys**.

The application is divided into a public and a private section:

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### 1. Public Section – Services

The public section is accessible to any user without authentication:

#### 1.1 @Controller

The public pages are managed by two **@Controllers**:

- **PublicController**
- **SecurityController**

##### 1.1.1 PublicController

Handles the views related to public services and information pages outside of login and signup, such as **/index**, **/sponsor**, **/ratings**, etc.

### 1.1.2 SecurityController

Manages user registration and authentication.

It uses the **Signup** service to register new users and insert the relevant data into the database.

Credential validation during login, as well as session invalidation during logout, is handled by **Spring Security**.

Once authenticated, the controller uses the **Authentication** interface to determine the user's role and returns the appropriate dashboard (adminDashboard or userDashboard).

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## 1.2 @Service

### 1.2.1 NewsService

The News section is handled client-side via `fetch()` requests to a REST endpoint `/news`, managed by **PublicController**, which uses the **NewsService** to return news items.

Initially, the news is stored in a text file `news.txt`.

Upon application startup, **NewsService** extracts, shuffles, and cyclically returns the news in an `ArrayList<String>`.

All news is temporarily stored in the browser's `SessionStorage` to allow easy access via JS on page changes.

### 1.2.2 RatingService

This service interfaces with the **RatingRepository** (see 3.3) and returns an `ArrayList<Rating>` containing all saved comments from the database.

### 1.2.3 SignupService

A service that validates registration data on the backend and inserts the user into the database using **UserRepository** and **ScoreboardRepository** (see 3.1, 3.2).

It uses a **Validator** component to check that the password, sport, and date of birth meet the project's requirements.

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## 2. Private Section – Services

The private section provides different dashboards depending on whether the authenticated user is an ADMIN or a USER/MODERATOR.

Both roles can view profile data and change their password.

*\*(Not explicitly required for ADMIN in the assignment but implemented anyway.)*

## 2.1 @Controller

- **UserController** – manages USER and MODERATOR actions
- **AdminController** – manages ADMIN actions

### 2.1.1 UserController

Handles all actions and pages available to users with USER or MODERATOR roles.  
Uses **FinalScoreService** and **UserActionService**.

### 2.1.2 AdminController

Manages all ADMIN-exclusive pages and actions.  
Uses **AdminActionService** and **AssignPrizeService** to manage users and assign prizes.

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## 2.2 @Service

### 2.2.1 UserActionService

Handles actions available to users: writing reviews, viewing/editing profile, and checking game eligibility.  
Uses **UserRepository**, **ScoreboardRepository**, and **RatingRepository**.

### 2.2.2 FinalScoreService

Connects to **REST\_App** through **ExternalMatchService** (see 5.0) to fetch match results.  
Provides methods to update user scores and return a **List<Integer>** with match results, available through a REST endpoint.

### 2.2.3 AdminActionService

Used by **AdminController** to manage admin actions.  
Interfaces with **UserRepository** and provides methods to promote users or retrieve a list of registered users.

*\*(Not strictly necessary, but adds modularity and consistency.)*

### 2.2.4 AssignPrizesService

Used by **AdminController** to manage the podium and prize assignment through **ScoreboardRepository**.  
Can retrieve the top 3 users, assign them prizes, and reset the leaderboard.

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### 3. Database

The database uses 7 tables; including those required by Spring Security:

- **USERDATA**: user personal data
- **RATINGS**: reviews, authors, dates, scores
- **SCOREBOARD**: user rankings
- **GIORNATE**: user activity data
- **PRIZES**: prizes

Three `@Repository` classes are used to access the database.

*\*A `schema.sql` file is provided to initialize the database and insert fake users for testing, with both ADMIN and USER credentials.*

#### 3.1 UserRepository

Handles user-related data (role, password, personal info) and is used by various services.

#### 3.2 ScoreboardRepository

Handles ranking and game-related data (**SCOREBOARD** and **GIORNATE** tables).

Maintains an in-memory `ArrayList<User>` sorted by score, refreshed with each score update.

Also provides methods to initialize new users' game data.

#### 3.3 RatingRepository

Used by `RatingService` and `UserActionService` to insert/read reviews using `addRating()` and `getRatings()` methods.

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### 4. ExternalMatchService

**MatchWeb** communicates with **REST\_App** through an OpenFeign interface `MatchProxy`, implemented in `ExternalMatchService`.

This service is used to fetch teams (e.g., during signup), match schedules, and results.

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### 5. POJOs

Plain Java objects are used to transfer data efficiently.

Besides `SecurityUser` (used by Spring), the following classes are implemented:

- **Match**: used with OpenFeign to parse JSON data from `REST_App`
- **Rating**: holds review info (author, score, date, comment)

## 5.1 Users

Five different user classes exist depending on context:

- **BasicUser**: abstract class with minimal data and common methods
- **InfoUser**: adds public profile info (used in admin user list)
- **ScoreboardUser**: adds ranking data (used in leaderboard)
- **SignupUser**: used only during registration
- **FullUser**: combines InfoUser and ScoreboardUser (used in user dashboard)

*This class setup adds some business logic complexity but improves code readability by avoiding long constructors or RowMappers.*

*The redundancy in FullUser is due to a design mistake – Java, unlike C++, doesn't support multiple inheritance.*

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## 6. Views

All HTML pages use **Thymeleaf** as the template engine and **Bootstrap** for styling. Reusable fragments (e.g., navbar, footer) are included via `fragment.html`.

Custom MatchWeb logos were created using Canva.

Sponsor logos are AI-generated and fictitious to avoid copyright issues.

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## 7. Security

Private pages/services are protected by Spring's Security Filter Chain requiring authentication and role-based access.

All SQL queries are parameterized to prevent SQL injection.

Thymeleaf's `th:text` escapes HTML by default, mitigating XSS and SSTI risks.

CSRF tokens are enabled and handled automatically by Spring/Thymeleaf for forms and manually added in `fetch()` headers for JavaScript.

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## REST\_App - Implementation

This secondary app provides match information. It includes:

- **@RestController** – MainController
- **@Service** – CalendarManager

## 1. CalendarManager

Handles the match calendar with three `ArrayLists`: calendar, teams, and results.

Teams are loaded from `teams.txt`, paired randomly, and assigned a match date (yesterday, today, or tomorrow).

At least one match is always scheduled for today.

Random results are generated in the `[0, 2]` range.

*\*(It uses the same `Match` class as `MatchProxy` in `MatchWeb`)*

## 2. MainController

A `@RestController` that exposes endpoints returning JSON data via `CalendarManager`.

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## Challenges and Future Improvements

The main issue faced was adding a "show password" toggle button in the forms.

Although the `togglePwVisibility()` function exists in `form-validation.js`, it was not used because the button conflicted with Bootstrap labels and caused layout bugs.

For future improvements, since OpenFeign data is quite static, we could implement data caching and a fallback service to prevent crashes when `REST_App` is unavailable.

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## Additional Features

To replace numerical scores with star ratings, we used a JS + CSS library downloaded and slightly modified from:

<https://github.com/prley/star-rating.js>

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## Lessons Learned

Beyond the topics covered in the course, this being my first project-based exam, I learned how to plan and consistently develop a medium-complexity web application within a fixed deadline.

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### [DISCLAIMER]

*ChatGPT and/or other AI tools were used for:*

- *Writing descriptions and informational texts*
- *Creating fake names and logos*
- *Advanced search*
- *Quick debugging and interpreting error messages and exceptions*