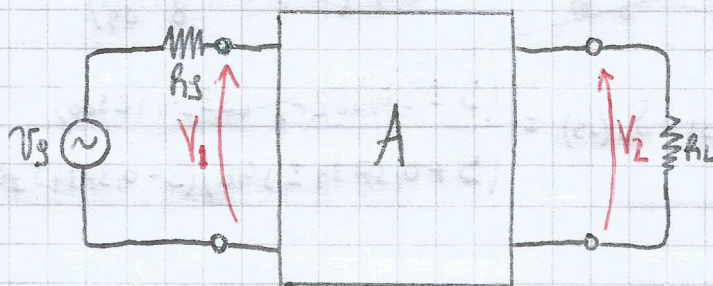


- Con la siguiente topología:



Cumplir con:

- $\frac{V_2}{V_1}$ Transferencia de filtro pasa bajos Chebyshev de 4º Orden, 1dB de ripple.
- Quadrupolo A normalizado en freq. e impedancia
- No disipativo, red escalera.

- Primero deduzco $|T(s)|^2 = |S_{21}|^2$:

$$|T(j\omega)|^2 = \frac{1}{1 + \xi^2 C_4^2(\omega)}$$

$$\alpha_{\max} = -20 \cdot \log(|T(j\omega)|) = -10 \cdot \log(|T(j\omega)|^2)$$

$$\alpha_{\max} = -10 \cdot \log\left(\frac{1}{1 + \xi^2 C_4^2(\omega)}\right) = 10 \cdot \log(1 + \xi^2)$$

$$\xi^2 = 10^{\frac{\alpha_{\max}}{10}} - 1 = 10^{\frac{1\text{dB}}{10}} - 1 = 0,2589$$

$$C_n(\omega) = 2\omega C_{n-1}(\omega) - C_{n-2}(\omega) ; C_0(\omega) = 1 ; C_1(\omega) = \omega$$

$$C_2(\omega) = 2 \cdot \omega^2 - 1$$

$$C_3(\omega) = 2\omega(2\omega^2 - 1) - \omega = 4\omega^3 - 3\omega$$

$$C_4(\omega) = 2\omega(4\omega^3 - 3\omega) - (2\omega^2 - 1) = 8\omega^4 - 6\omega^2 - 2\omega^2 + 1 = \underline{8\omega^4 - 8\omega^2 + 1}$$

$$|T(j\omega)|^2 = \frac{1}{1 + \xi^2(8\omega^4 - 8\omega^2 + 1)^2}$$

$$|T(s)|^2 = |T(j\omega)|^2_{\omega=s} = \frac{1}{1 + \xi^2(8s^4 + 8s^2 + 1)^2}$$

$$|T(s)|^2 = \frac{1}{1 + \xi^2(64s^8 + 64s^6 + 8s^4 + 64s^6 + 64s^4 + 8s^2 + 8s^4 + 8s^2 + 1)}$$

$$|T(s)|^2 = \frac{1}{1 + \xi^2(64s^8 + 128s^6 + 80s^4 + 16s^2 + 1)} = |S_{21}|^2$$

• Como se trata de una red no disipativa: $|S_{11}|^2 + |S_{21}|^2 = 1$

$$\therefore |S_{11}|^2 = 1 - |S_{21}|^2 = \frac{1 + \xi^2(64s^8 + 128s^6 + 80s^4 + 16s^2 + 1) - 1}{1 + \xi^2(64s^8 + 128s^6 + 80s^4 + 16s^2 + 1)}$$

$$|S_{11}|^2 = S_{11}(s) \cdot S_{11}(-s) = \frac{(s \pm j0,38268)(s \pm j0,92388) \xi^2}{(s \pm 0,33687 \pm j0,407329)(s \pm 0,139536 \pm j0,983379) \xi^2}$$

• Elijo polos en semiplano izquierdo para S_{11} , y distribuyo los ceros dobles:

$$S_{11}(s) = \frac{(s \pm 0,38268)(s \pm 0,92388)}{(s + 0,33687 \pm j0,407329)(s + 0,139536 \pm j0,983379)}$$

$$S_{11}(s) = \frac{s^4 + s^2 + 1/8}{(s^2 + sA + sB + SA - sB + A^2 + B^2)(s^2 + sC + sD + SC - sD + C^2 + D^2)}$$

$$S_{11}(s) = \frac{s^4 + s^2 + 1/8}{s^4 + s^3 2C + s^2(C^2 + D^2) + s^3 2A + s^2 4AC + s 2A(C^2 + D^2) + s^2(A^2 + B^2) + s 2C(A^2 + B^2) + (A^2 + B^2)(C^2 + D^2)}$$

NOTA

$$S_{11}(s) = \frac{s^4 + s^2 + 1/8}{s^4 + s^3 \cdot 2(A+C) + s^2(4AC + A^2 + B^2 + C^2 + D^2) + s[2A(C^2 + D^2) + 2C(A^2 + B^2)] + (A^2 + B^2)(C^2 + D^2)}$$

$$S_{11}(s) = \frac{s^4 + s^2 + 1/8}{s^4 + s^3 \cdot 952,812 \cdot 10^{-3} + s^2 1,453925 + s \cdot 742,6198 \cdot 10^{-3} + 275,6277 \cdot 10^{-3}}$$

$$Z_1 = \frac{1 + S_{11}}{1 - S_{11}} = \frac{2,09905 \cdot s^4 + s^3 + 2,57545 \cdot s^2 + 0,779398 \cdot s + 0,420469}{s^3 + 0,4764 \cdot s^2 + 0,779398 \cdot s + 0,158088}$$