# pandOS

The PandOS operating system is an educational project consisting in the implementation of a kernel/OS designed to run on  $\mu$ MPS. This documentation describes the implementation for the first phase of the project.

# **DESIGN CHOICES**

### **Platform**

The pandOS repository has been developed on GitHub to help the authors to cooperate on the project, combined with GitFlow to manage branches.

### **Building**

To automate the building process CMake was adopted for the generation of the makefile.

### **Documentation**

The guideline to write the documentation is the Doxygen standard, used to have a consistent way to comment the functions. For the next phases the automated Doxygen documentation generator will be used so the same style is preserved through the next phases.

# **MODULES**

# PANDOS\_CONST

This header file contains utility constants & macro definitions. In addition to the pre-existing ones, some more constants have been declared.

### **MAXPROC**

Max number of concurrent processes pandOS can support.

### MININT

Identifier with the lowest value, used for the first dummy semaphore at the start of the ASL.

### **MAXINT**

Identifier with the highest value, used for the second dummy semaphore at the end of the ASL.

### **MAXSEM**

Total number of semaphores to be inserted in the ASL, counting also the 2 dummies ones.

# PANDOS\_TYPES

This header file contains utility types definitions. It defines:

# typedef signed int cpu\_t

# typedef unsigned int memaddr

### typedef struct pcb\_t

Process Control Blocks (pcbs). It contains the following members:

struct pcb_t	*p_next	ptr to next entry
struct pcb_t	*p_prev	ptr to previous entry
struct pcb_t	*p_prnt,	ptr to parent
struct pcb_t	*p_child,	ptr to 1st child
struct pcb_t	*p_next_sib,	ptr to next sibling
struct pcb_t	*p_prev_sib	ptr to prev. sibling
state_t	p_s	processor state
cpu_t	p_time	cpu time used by proc
int	*p_semAdd	ptr to semaphore on which proc is blocked

# typedef struct semd\_t

Active Semaphore List (ASL). It contains the following members:

```
struct semd_t *s_next ptr to next element on queue int *s_semAdd ptr to the semaphore
```

# **PCB**

**HIDDEN pcb\_t \*pcbFree\_h** NULL-terminated single, linearly linked list containg the unused PCBs

### **Process Control Blocks functions**

# HIDDEN pcb\_t \*resetPcb(pcb\_tp)

Resets all the values of a pcb pointer to NULL.

### **Parameters**

p The pointer to the PCB that has to be resetted.

#### Returns

The pointer to the pcb.

### void initPcbs()

Initializes the pcbFree list. This function should be called only once during initialization.

### void freePcb(pcb\_t \*p)

Deallocates the element pointed by p.

#### **Parameters**

p Pointer to the pcb that has to be inserted in the pcbFree list.

### pcb\_t \*allocPcb()

Allocates a PCB and initializes his values.

### **Returns**

NULL if the pcbFree list is empty otherwise a pointer to the removed pcb.

### void initPcbs()

Initializes the pcbFree list. This function should be called only once during initialization.

# pcb\_t \*mkEmptyProcQ()

Initializes a new empty process queue.

### **Returns**

A tail pointer to an empty process queue.

# int emptyProcQ(pcb\_t \*tp)

Checks if the queue pointed by tp is empty.

### **Parameters**

tp Tail pointer of the queue.

### **Returns**

TRUE if the queue is empty, FALSE otherwise.

### void insertProcQ(pcb\_t \*\*tp, pcb\_t \*p)

Inserts the pcb pointed by p into the queue pointed by tp.

### **Parameters**

tp Tail pointer of the queue.

p Pointer to the pcb.

# pcb\_t \*headProcQ(pcb\_t \*tp)

Returns the pointer to the head of the tp process queue, without removing it.

### **Parameters**

tp The pointer to the tail of the process queue.

### **Returns**

The pointer to the head of the process queue, NULL if the queue is empty.

# pcb\_t \*removeProcQ(pcb\_t \*\*tp)

Removes the oldest element (the head) from the tp queue.

### **Parameters**

tp The pointer to the queue.

#### **Returns**

The pointer to the element removed from the list, NULL if the queue is empty.

# pcb\_t \*outProcQ(pcb\_t \*\*tp, pcb\_t \*p)

Removes the PCB pointed by P from the process queue pointed by tp.

### **Parameters**

tp The pointer to the queue.

p The pointer to the PCB that has to be removed.

### Returns

The pointer to the removed PCB, NULL if the PCB pointed by p is not in the queue.

# **Definitions of Process Tree functions**

# HIDDEN pcb\_t \*trim(pcb\_t \*p)

This funcion takes as input a pointer to a PCB who has to be removed from his tree.

### **Parameters**

p The pcb pointer that has to be removed from his tree

### **Returns**

The pointer to the PCB whose fields have been set to NULL

### int emptyChild(pcb\_t \*p)

Inspects if the PCB pointed by p has a child.

#### **Parameters**

p The pointer to the PCB that has to be inspected.

### **Returns**

TRUE if the PCB pointed by p has no children, FALSE otherwise.

### void insertChild(pcb\_t \*prnt, pcb\_t \*p)

Inserts the PCB pointed by p as a child of the PCB pointed by prnt.

### **Parameters**

prnt The pointer to the PCB which will become parent of p.

p The pointer to the PCB which will become child of prnt.

# pcb\_t \*removeChild(pcb\_t \*p)

Removes the first child of the PCB pointed by p.

#### **Parameters**

p The pointer to the PCB whose first child will be removed.

### **Returns**

The pointer to the first child of the PCB, NULL if the PCB doesn't have a child.

# pcb\_t \*outChild(pcb\_t \*p)

Removes the PCB pointed by p from the list of his parent's children.

### **Parameters**

p The pointer to the PCB that will be removed.

Returns

The pointer to the PCB, NULL if the PCB doesn't have a parent.

# **ASL**

Active Semaphore List functions. It defines:

**HIDDEN semd\_t\* semdFree\_h** NULL-terminated single, linearly linked unused semaphore list

HIDDEN semd\_t\* semd\_h

NULL-terminated single, linearly linked active

semaphore list

### **HIDDEN semd\_t \*findPrevSem(int \*semAdd)**

This function takes as input a semAdd and returns the last semaphore in semd\_h whose identifier is lower than the one passed as argument.

### **Parameters**

semAdd Semaphore identifier

### **Returns**

The last semaphore whose semaphore is lower than semAdd.

### int insertBlocked(int \*semAdd,pcb\_t \*p)

Insert the pcb pointed to by p at the tail of the process queue associated with the semaphore whose physical address is semAdd and set the semaphore address of p to semAdd.

#### **Parameters**

semAdd Semaphore identifier.

p Pointer to the PCB to be inserted.

#### Returns

TRUE if a new semaphore descriptor needs to be allocated, FALSE otherwise.

# pcb\_t \*removeBlocked(int \*semAdd)

Search for a semaphore whose descriptor is semADD. Remove the first pcb from its process queue and return apointer to it.

### **Parameters**

semAdd Semaphore identifier.

### **Returns**

The pointer to the head from the process queue associated with the semaphore descriptor.

# pcb\_t \*outBlocked(pcb\_t \*p)

Remove the pcb pointed to by p from the process queue associated with p's semaphore.

#### **Parameters**

p Pointer to the pcb to be removed.

### **Returns**

A pointer to the removed PCB. Returns NULL if p does not appear in the process queue.

# pcb\_t \*headBlocked(int \*semAdd)

The a pointer to the head of the process queue associated with the semaphore semAdd

### **Parameters**

semAdd Semaphore identifier.

### **Returns**

The first element of the process queue associated with the semaphore semAdd or NULL if semAdd is not found.

### void initASL()

Initialize the semdFree list, this method will be only called once during data structure initialization.