

Advanced and Multivariable Control

7/2014

Exercise 1

Given the system

$$\begin{aligned}\dot{x}_1(t) &= -x_1(t) \\ \dot{x}_2(t) &= (x_1(t) - 1)x_2(t)\end{aligned}$$

Compute a Lyapunov function for the analysis of the equilibrium of the nonlinear system by means of the Lyapunov equation of the linearized model with $Q=2I$.

In view of the previous result, is it possible to draw any conclusion on the global stability of the origin of the nonlinear system?

Exercise 2

Consider the system

$$\begin{aligned}\dot{x}(t) &= -x(t) + u(t) + v_x(t) \\ y(t) &= x(t) + v_y(t)\end{aligned}$$

where v_x is a WGN with null expected value and variance ρ^2 , while v_y is a WGN with null expected value and variance equal to 1.

1. assuming that the state is measurable, consider an infinite LQ problem with cost function

$$J = \int_0^\infty (10x^2(\tau) + u^2(\tau)) d\tau$$

compute the corresponding control law, the closed-loop eigenvalue, and the loop transfer function.

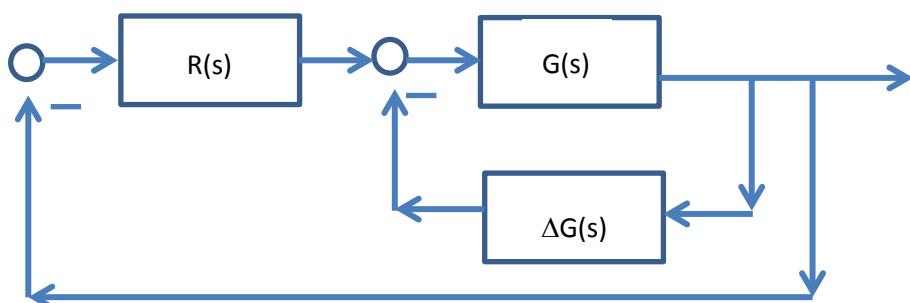
2. compute the Kalman filter (with ρ parametric), the regulator transfer function and the loop transfer function. Show that for increasing values of ρ the loop transfer function tends to the one with the LQ control.

LQ control Riccati equation

$$\dot{P}(t) = A'P(t) + P(t)A + Q - P(t)BR^{-1}B'P(t)$$

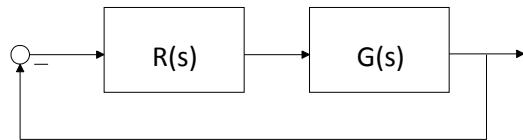
Exercise 3

Consider the feedback system shown in the following figure, where $\Delta G(s)$ is a feedback uncertainty, and apply the small gain theorem to obtain stability conditions for the perturbed closed-loop system. Assume that all the transfer function, including the one of the nominal feedback system, are asymptotically stable.



Exercise 4

Consider the feedback system



where

$$G(s) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{s-1}{s+2} & 0 & \frac{1}{s+2} \\ \frac{s-0.5}{s+2} & \frac{s-1.5}{s-1} & \frac{2}{s+2} \end{bmatrix}, \quad R(s) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{s} & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{s} \\ \frac{s+2}{s-1.5} & \frac{1}{s+2} \end{bmatrix}$$

Compute the poles and the zeros of $G(s)$ and $R(s)$ and check if it is possible to analyze the stability of the closed-loop system by considering only the sensitivity function (note that it is not necessary to develop all the computations).

Exercise 5

Briefly describe the relations between the gain and the singular values of linear, continuous time MIMO systems.