

**Institute for Computer Science VI, Autonomous Intelligent  
Systems, University of Bonn**

Dr. N. Goerke

Endenicher Allee 19a, 53115 Bonn, Tel: +49 228 73-4167

E-Mail: goerke (at) ais.uni-bonn.de

[http://www.ais.uni-bonn.de/WS1920/4204\\_L\\_NN.html](http://www.ais.uni-bonn.de/WS1920/4204_L_NN.html)

**Exercises for module  
Technical Neural Networks (MA-INF 4204), WS1920**

**Exercises sheet 2, due: Monday 21.10.2019**

14.10.2019

Group	Name	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	$\Sigma$ Sheet 2

**Remark:**

Please hand in the solutions in paper before the start of the lecture (before 12:15).

Staple the solutions and make the assignment sheet the cover page.

**Assignment 8** (1 Point)

Write down the  $\delta$ -rule.

Explain all parts of the formula with a short sentence.

**Assignment 9** (1 Point)

Define the term: *learning* for a technical system.

Please try to use a formal, generally applicable definition.

**Assignment 10** (2 Points)

A given MLP with two hidden layers, N-H1-H2-M MLP shall be replaced by a second MLP (N-H-M) with only one single hidden layer, but (almost) the same number of weights.

Derive a formula for the number  $H$  of neurons in that hidden layer, and compute a value for  $H$  to replace a 5-21-30-4 MLP. Hint: please do not forget the BIAS.

**Assignment 11** (2 Points)

Show by calculation that the first derivatives of the two typical transferfunctions for MLPs (*tanh* and *logistic function*) can be expressed by the transferfunctions themselves.

### Assignment 12 (4 Points)

Prove in a strict formal way, **analytically**, that a simple Perzeptron (with step function) without a hidden layer is not capable to implement the Boolean function XOR.

### Assignment 13 (1 Point)

Show by calculation that the transferfunction  $\tanh(z)$  is identical to the shifted and rescaled Fermi-function (also called logistic function)  $f_{\log}(z) = \frac{1}{1+e^{-z}}$ .

### Assignment 14 (4 Points)

Derive a new learning rule \* for a Multi-Layer-Perceptron.

Start from the new objective function (cost function, error function)  $E^*$  and derive the new learning rule in analogy to Backpropagation of Error. Write down all calculation steps, and give the formulas for calculating the  $\delta^*$  in output- and hidden layer.

$${}^pE^*(w_{ij}) = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{m=0}^M ({}^p\hat{y}_m - {}^py_m)^4$$

## Programming-Assignment PA-A (5 Points, due 21.10.2019 )

Implement a 2-layer Perzeptron (one input-layer, one output-layer) as a Java, C/C++ or Python program. The Perzeptron shall have an N-dimensional binary input  $\mathbf{X}$ , an M-dimensional binary output  $\mathbf{Y}$ , and a BIAS-weight for implementing the threshold. (N shall be less than 101, and M less than 30), initialize all weights randomly between  $-0.5 \leq w_{n,m} \leq +0.5$

Implement further the **possibilities** to train the Perzeptron using the perzeptron learning rule with patterns ( ${}^pX$ ,  ${}^pY$ ) that have been read in from a file named **PA-A-train.dat** (P shall be less than 200), and **a possibility to read the weights  $w_{n,m}$  from a file.**

Please hand in your solution for the programming assignment by E-Mail to the tutor of your exercise group, **before Monday 21.10.2019, 12:00.**

**The solution must contain your source code (C, C++, Java or Python), and a description how to compile and run your program.**

Please try to make your program as platform independent as possible, and make sure, that your program is compiling and running from the console, without the need for a specific IDE or Software-Development-Kit.

Write down the commands how to compile and run your program from a console (terminal).

In addition, make sure that your program is running correctly, is producing the required results, and that your source code contains valid, and useful comments.