**VICTORIAN AGE**

(1837–1901)

The reign of queen Victoria spanned for almost the entirety of the 19th century, indeed the young monarch became queen in 1837 and died in 1901. Her reign lasted for over 60 years, a period where Great Britain acquired unprecendeted wealth and power. Britain’s reach extended across the globe because of its empire, political stability, and revolutionary developments in transport and communication. In particular, during the Victoria age we witness the industrialization of printing, thanks to the invenction of the steam press: this innovation profoundly influenced the production and distribution of newspapers in Great Britain. As a matter of fact the technological developments deeply affected the evolution of newspaper in the ninenteenth century, reaching an amount of prints such as to inaugurate the very notion of mass media

Many flagship periodicals that were born in this period are still being published today: e.g. The Daily Telegraph was first published in 1855 and the Daily Mail, born in 1896.

The layout

- The Daily Telegraph was first published in 1855

- The Daily Mail in 1896

Attending the cultural prominence of the newspaper were the gradual spread of voting rights, rising literacy rates, and cheaper access to periodicals, all of which were shifting the political landscape. These changes are complex and not reducible to technological developments, though a few details are helpful to know in understanding the newspaper’s epochal rise to prominence.

and the gradual shift of the cultural and political landscape

affected the evolution,

the manufacture, production and distribution of newspaper in the nineteenth century

The newspaper in Britain precedes the nineteenth century, though a set of significant technological and demographic changes dramatically affected the evolution of newspaper through the Victorian era, achieving a scale and saturation which may inaugurate the very notion of mass media.

Queen Vicotria became queen in 1837 and her reign spanned through over 60 years

Queen Victoria ruled Britain for over 60 years. During this long reign, the country acquired unprecedented power and wealth. Britain’s reach extended across the globe because of its empire, political stability, and revolutionary developments in transport and communication. Many of the intellectual and cultural achievements of this period are still with us today.

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Steam power and industrial processes would profoundly change the manufacture, production, and distribution of newspapers in the nineteenth century. Though technologies are never solely responsible for dramatic historical changes, steam printing so increased the speed, scale, and affordability of the newspaper as to redefine it in modern terms.

Many journals were born in the Victorian era:

<https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/History_of_British_newspapers>

<https://ncna.dh.chass.ncsu.edu/infonetworks/history.php>

<https://www.english-heritage.org.uk/learn/story-of-england/victorian/>

<https://www.bbc.co.uk/teach/ks3-gcse-history-queen-victoria-monarchy/z73rnrd>

<https://www.dkfindout.com/uk/history/victorian-britain/queen-victorias-reign/>

ANNI 90, inizio anni 2000

Il nuovo millenio, desiderio di cambiare, di distrinugersi, di rompere i coglioni.