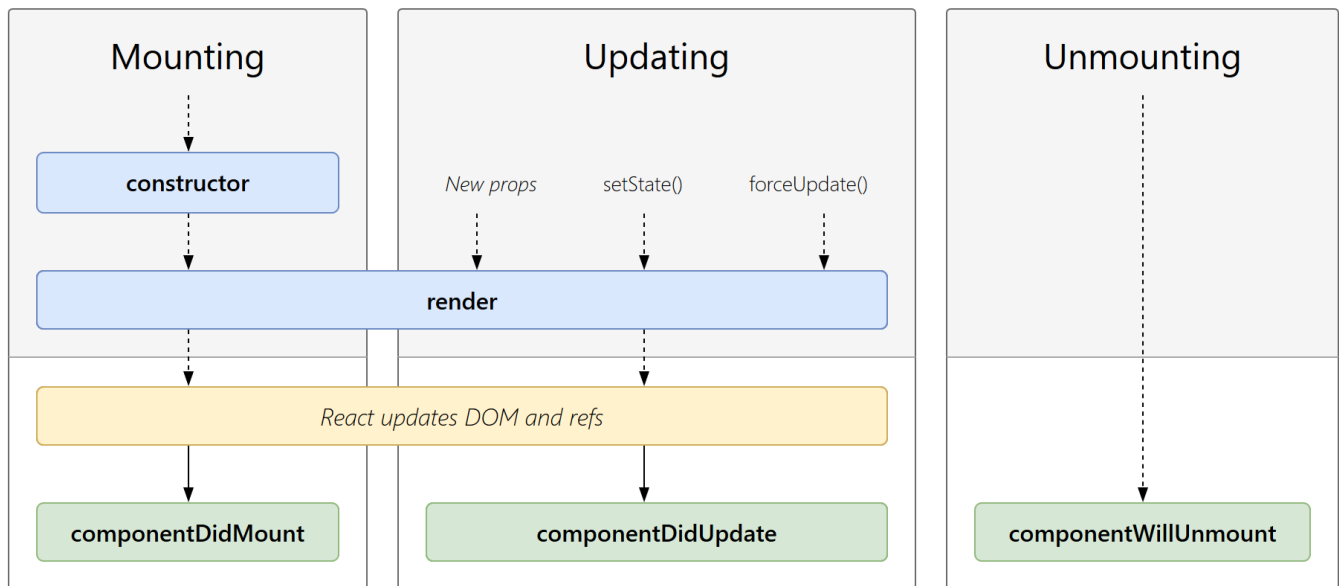


9 - CardNav

React Lifecycle Hooks



Each component has several “lifecycle methods” that you can override to run code at particular times in the process. [You can use this lifecycle diagram as a cheat sheet.](#)

The list below are the commonly used lifecycle methods.

- `constructor()`
- `render()`
- `componentDidMount()`
- `componentDidUpdate()`
- `componentWillUnmount()`
-

In out app: [Info Container](#)

```
class InfoContainer extends Component {
  //=== BEGINS Life cycle hooks
  constructor() {
    super();
    this.state = {
      currentArticle: {
        title: null,
        img: null,
        list: [],
        src: null
      }
    };
  }
};
```

```

    }

    componentDidMount() {
      this.setArticle();
    }

    componentDidUpdate(prevProps) {
      if (this.props.match !== prevProps.match)
        this.setArticle();
    }

    render() {
      return <Info article={this.state.currentArticle}/>;
    }

    componentWillUnmount() {

    }
    //=== ENDS life cycle hooks

    //=== BEGIN Helper functions
    findArticle = _ => {
      const current = articles.find(article => article.id ===
this.props.match.params.id);
      return current;
    }

    setArticle = _ => {
      this.setState(_ => {
        return { currentArticle: this.findArticle() }
      })
    }
    // === ENDS Helper Functions
  }
}

```

Router variables

React router injects some props to every component that is wrapped inside a route. One of the most used is match, that stores the content of the route and its params. We can access it by the props => match => params => parameter name (we define it on the router, in this case :id === params.id)

Read More:

- [Lifecycle Hooks](#)

<< return