differential-expression-analysis

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Differential Expression analysis

Dataset: GSE106542 (https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/geo/query/acc.cgi?acc=GSE106542) Differences in expression between TEMRA IL7-high and TEMRA IL7 low

Pipeline steps:

- Preprocess counts data
- Run VST for PCA, remove outliers, run PCA
- Run differential expression
- Find pathways for DE

```
library(ggplot2)
library(DESeq2)
library(apeglm)
library(ggrepel)
library(dplyr)
library(org.Hs.eg.db)
library(PCAtools)
library(GEOquery)
library(knitr)
opts_chunk$set(tidy.opts=list(width.cutoff=40),tidy=TRUE)
```

Preprocess counts data

```
path <- "~/Code/sys_bio/Part_2/materials/GSE106542_RAW/GSE106542_Bulk_raw_counts.txt"
data <- read.table(path, row.names = 1, sep = "\t",
    header = 1)
data$gene_symbol <- mapIds(org.Hs.eg.db,
    gsub("\\.\\d+", "", rownames(data)),
    column = "SYMBOL", "ENSEMBL")
data$gene_name <- mapIds(org.Hs.eg.db, gsub("\\.\\d+",
    "", rownames(data)), column = "GENENAME",
    "ENSEMBL")
mapping <- data[, c("gene_symbol", "gene_name"),</pre>
```

Match columns and rows for all the data

```
col_order <- rownames(pdata)
counts <- counts[, col_order]
identical(colnames(counts), rownames(pdata))
## [1] TRUE</pre>
```

Create a new dataset without "TEM" and "TCM" rows

```
temra_pdata <- subset(pdata, pdata$`cell subtype:ch1` !=
    "TEM" & pdata$`cell subtype:ch1` != "TCM")
col_order <- rownames(temra_pdata)
temra_counts <- counts[, col_order]
identical(colnames(temra_counts), rownames(temra_pdata))</pre>
```

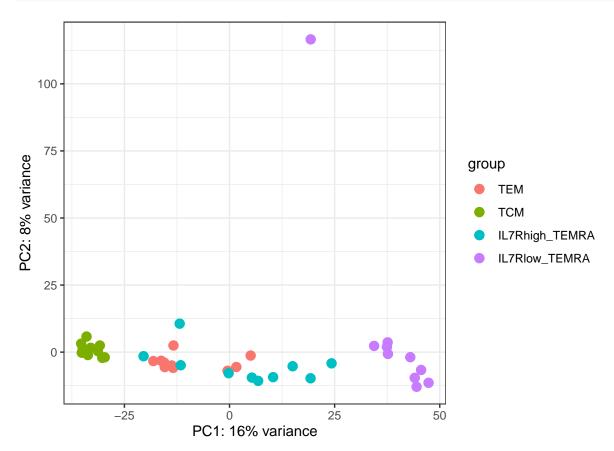
[1] TRUE

Run differential expression for all cell subtypes

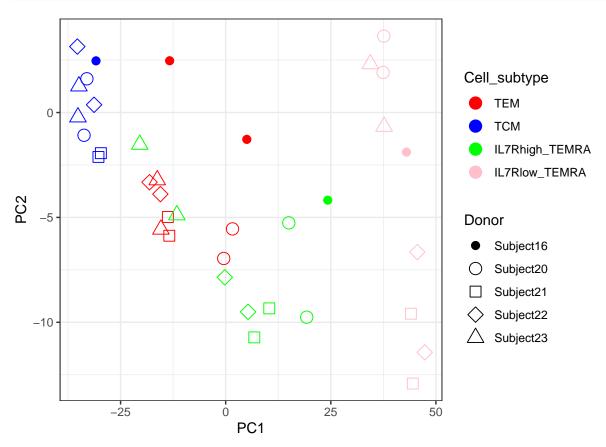
```
## [1] "Intercept" "Cell_subtype_TCM_vs_TEM"
## [3] "Cell_subtype_IL7Rhigh_TEMRA_vs_TEM" "Cell_subtype_IL7Rlow_TEMRA_vs_TEM"
## [5] "Donor_Subject20_vs_Subject16" "Donor_Subject21_vs_Subject16"
## [7] "Donor_Subject22_vs_Subject16" "Donor_Subject23_vs_Subject16"
```

Run VST for PCA, run PCA and notice outliers

```
vst <- varianceStabilizingTransformation(dds)
plotPCA(vst, intgroup = c("Cell_subtype"),
    ntop = nrow(vst)) + theme_bw() + theme(aspect.ratio = 1)</pre>
```



Add thresholds to get rid of outliers, plot PCA by donors and by cell subtypes



Run differential expression for target cell subtypes ("IL7Rhigh_TEMRA", "IL7Rlow_TEMRA")

```
## [1] "Intercept"
## [2] "Cell_subtype_IL7Rlow_TEMRA_vs_IL7Rhigh_TEMRA"
```

```
## [3] "Donor_Subject20_vs_Subject16"
## [4] "Donor_Subject21_vs_Subject16"
## [5] "Donor_Subject22_vs_Subject16"
## [6] "Donor_Subject23_vs_Subject16"
```

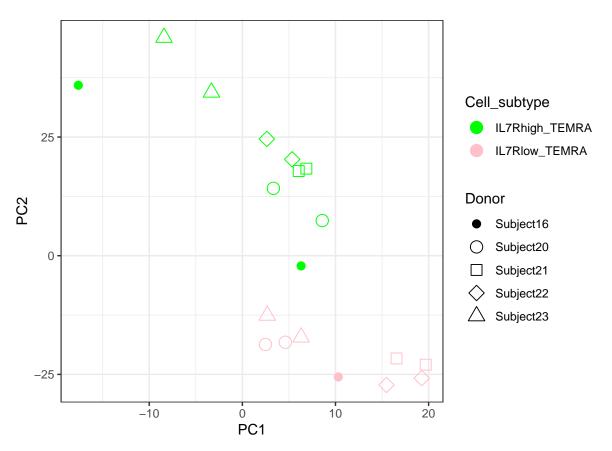
PCA of target cell subtypes

```
vst <- varianceStabilizingTransformation(dds)

pca_data <- prcomp(t(assay(vst)))
pca_df <- data.frame(PC1 = pca_data$x[, 1],
    PC2 = pca_data$x[, 2], Cell_subtype = colData(vst)$Cell_subtype,
    Donor = colData(vst)$Donor)

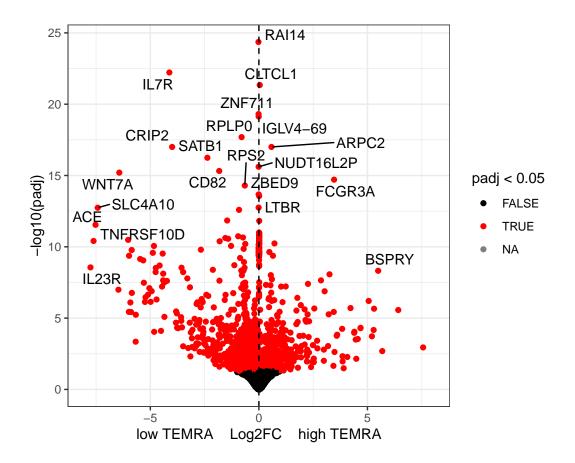
threshold_PC1 <- 80  #50 * sd(pca_df$PC1)
threshold_PC2 <- 10 * sd(pca_df$PC2)
fpca_df <- pca_df[abs(pca_df$PC1) < threshold_PC1 &
    abs(pca_df$PC2) < threshold_PC2, ]

ggplot(fpca_df, aes(x = PC1, y = PC2, color = Cell_subtype,
    shape = Donor)) + geom_point(size = 4) +
    theme_bw() + theme(aspect_ratio = 1) +
    scale_color_manual(values = cell_colors) +
    scale_shape_manual(values = donor_shapes)</pre>
```



Get volcano plots

```
res <- lfcShrink(dds, coef = "Cell_subtype_IL7Rlow_TEMRA_vs_IL7Rhigh_TEMRA",</pre>
    type = "apeglm")
res$gene_symbol <- mapIds(org.Hs.eg.db, gsub("\\.\\d+",
    "", rownames(res)), column = "SYMBOL",
    "ENSEMBL")
head(res)
## log2 fold change (MAP): Cell subtype IL7Rlow TEMRA vs IL7Rhigh TEMRA
## Wald test p-value: Cell subtype IL7Rlow TEMRA vs IL7Rhigh TEMRA
## DataFrame with 6 rows and 6 columns
##
                       baseMean log2FoldChange
                                                   lfcSE
                                                              pvalue
                                                                            padj
##
                      <numeric>
                                     <numeric> <numeric>
                                                           <numeric>
                                                                       <numeric>
## ENSG0000000003.10
                        20.4825
                                    -0.0409977  0.266200  8.23654e-04  1.36952e-02
## ENSG0000000005.5
                         0.0000
                                            NA
                                                      NA
                                                                  NA
                                                                              NA
## ENSG0000000419.8
                       597.6428
                                    -0.1060671   0.166264   4.13039e-01   7.56774e-01
                                    -0.0702519 0.176285 5.88313e-01 8.56518e-01
## ENSG0000000457.9
                       239.5410
## ENSG0000000460.12 121.3805
                                     ## ENSG0000000938.8 2631.8403
                                     2.2597447   0.423539   3.60961e-10   3.97107e-08
                      gene symbol
                      <character>
##
## ENSG0000000003.10
                           TSPAN6
## ENSG0000000005.5
                             TNMD
## ENSG0000000419.8
                             DPM1
## ENSG0000000457.9
                            SCYL3
## ENSG0000000460.12
                         C1orf112
## ENSG0000000938.8
                              FGR
resDF <- as.data.frame(res)</pre>
ggplot(resDF, aes(x = log2FoldChange, y = -log10(padj),
    color = padj < 0.05)) + geom_point() +</pre>
   theme_bw() + scale_color_manual(values = c("black",
    "red")) + geom_text_repel(data = resDF %>%
   dplyr::filter(padj < 1e-07), aes(label = gene_symbol),</pre>
    color = "black") + xlim(c(-8, 8)) + xlab("low TEMRA")
                                                                     high TEMRA") +
                                                           Log2FC
   geom_vline(xintercept = 0, lty = 2) +
   theme(aspect.ratio = 1)
```



Pathway analysis

```
load("~/Code/sys_bio/Part_2/materials/keggSymbolHuman.rdata")
fgseaResults <- fgseaMultilevel(keggSymbolHuman,
    stats, minSize = 15, maxSize = 500)

topPathwaysUp <- fgseaResults[ES > 0, ][head(order(pval),
    n = 8), pathway]
topPathwaysDown <- fgseaResults[ES < 0, ][head(order(pval),
    n = 8), pathway]
topPathways <- c(topPathwaysUp, rev(topPathwaysDown))</pre>
```

```
plotGseaTable(keggSymbolHuman[topPathways],
    stats, fgseaResults, gseaParam = 0.5,
    pathwayLabelStyle = list(size = 6))
```

Pathway	Gene ranks	NES	pval	padj
Bile secretion – Homo sapiens (human)	- Time in the second of the 11-	1.85	$3.0 \cdot 10^{-4}$	$1.0 \cdot 10^{-2}$
Estrogen signaling pathway – Homo sapiens (human)		1.74	$4.4 \cdot 10^{-4}$	$1.4 \cdot 10^{-2}$
Ras signaling pathway – Homo sapiens (human)			$5.6 \cdot 10^{-4}$	
cAMP signaling pathway – Homo sapiens (human)	hamman and an analysis and an analysis and a second a second and a second as			
Thyroid hormone synthesis – Homo sapiens (human)	- Immeriation of the second of			
FoxO signaling pathway – Homo sapiens (human)	Immer management with the second of the second of	1.58	$2.2 \cdot 10^{-3}$	$3.4 \cdot 10^{-2}$
Protein processing in endoplasmic reticulum – Homo sapiens (human)	hand and the second	1.43	$5.8 \cdot 10^{-3}$	$6.8 \cdot 10^{-2}$
Aldosterone synthesis and secretion – Homo sapiens (human)	- 1 Minus - 11 (1000) 100 (1000) 100 (1000) 100 (1000) 110 (1000) 100 (10			
Epstein-Barr virus infection - Homo sapiens (human)	1100 mm m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m	₁ –1.57	$6.7 \cdot 10^{-4}$	$1.7 \cdot 10^{-2}$
Phagosome – Homo sapiens (human)	Maria arranga			
Non-alcoholic fatty liver disease (NAFLD) - Homo sapiens (human)	Trum rimos es es es es este este este este este			
Parkinson's disease – Homo sapiens (human)		-1.92	$3.3 \cdot 10^{-6}$	$1.9 \cdot 10^{-4}$
Oxidative phosphorylation – Homo sapiens (human)	At the contraction of the contra			
Huntington's disease – Homo sapiens (human)	III mananana ara ara ara ara ara ara ara ara			
Alzheimer's disease - Homo sapiens (human)	11 mm.m.m.m.m.m	-2.06	$2.4 \cdot 10^{-8}$	$3.4 \cdot 10^{-6}$
Proteasome – Homo sapiens (human)		-2.32	$5.7 \cdot 10^{-9}$	$1.6 \cdot 10^{-6}$
	0 10000 20000			