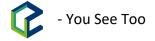
# USE A CELLPHONE LENS AS A MICROSCOPE

Get an old cellphone Camera and use it as a simple microscope.

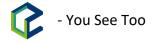
The basic concept is to negate the refractive power of the objective lens of a cellphone camera by mounting a  $2^{nd}$  lens from an old cellphone camera inversely in front of the camera. This produces a -1:1 imaging system with a large field of view and a very low price.

Benedict Diederich V0; 05.12.18



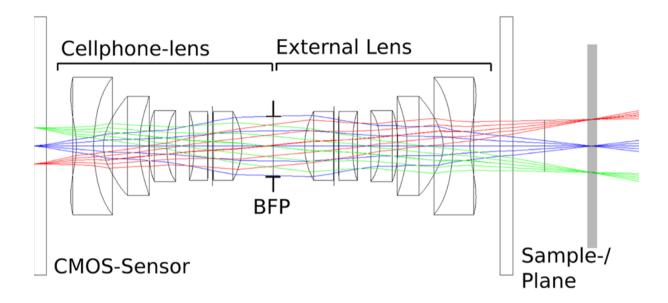
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## **MOTIVATION**

- Build a cheap cellphone microscope.
- How is it working
- What do we need to accomplish that?



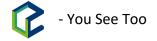
#### GOALS

At the end you should have learned the following:

- Get the lens
- Mount it on the cellphone camera
- Image stuff
- Understand the imaging theory

#### **BILL OF MATERIALS**

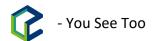
# **QUANTITY DESCRIPTION/NAME IMAGE** PRICE 1 iPhone 6 camera module 5-12€ 1/2.4 f#, very cheap https://www.ebay.de/itm/Fur-iPhone-6-Plus-HauptKamera-Ruckkamera-Rear-Back-Camera-Module-Flex-Original/153155444315?hash=item23a8c6 9e5b:g:q6UAAOSwQf9be44Z:rk:1:pf:0 LG G6 H870 Medium Rückseite Kamera Modul 2 15€ 1/2.4 f#, X/Y/Z voice-coil actuator https://www.ebay.de/itm/LG-G6-H870medium-back-side-camera-flex-cablemodulecontact/391883007082?epid=2231365189 &hash=item5b3e0c246a:g:bjoAAOSwiqdao eUs:rk:3:pf:0 1 Huawei P20 Camera Lite 16€ 1/1.6 f# https://www.ebay.de/itm/Fur-Huawei-P20-Lite-Reparatur-Back-Kamera-Cam-Flex-Ersatzteil-Hauptkamera-Camera/362329660012?hash=item545c87 da6c:g:96kAAOSwTFhbBqtt:rk:23:pf:0



## 1 Huawei P20 Pro

- https://www.ebay.de/itm/Original-Huawei-P20-Pro-Haupt-Kamera-Flex-Hinten-Ruck-Foto-Main-Camera-Back-Rear/273577104409?hash=item3fb277541 9:g:Rt8AAOSwlw1b-TC6:rk:26:pf:0

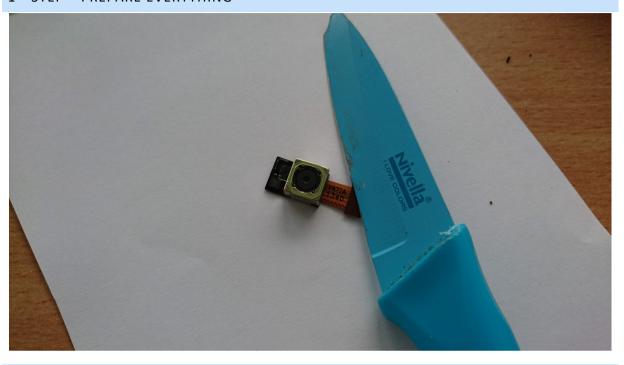




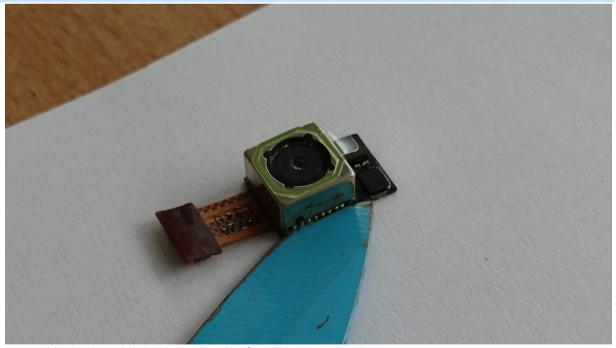
## STEP BY STEP GUIDE FOR EXTRACTING THE LENS (LG G5)

Attention: Take care of your fingers! Don't cut yourself!

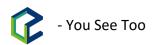
1<sup>ST</sup> STEP - PREPARE EVERYTHING



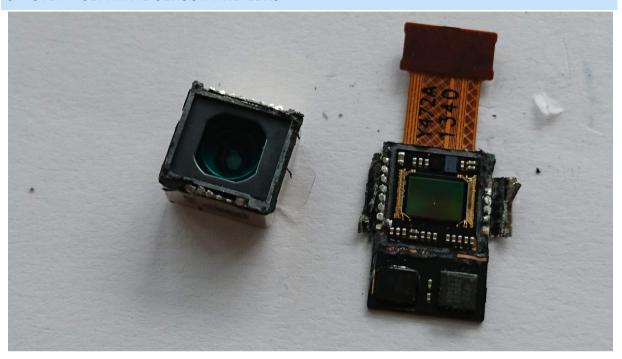
1<sup>ST</sup> STEP – SEPARATE SOLDERED LENS FROM SENSOR PCB



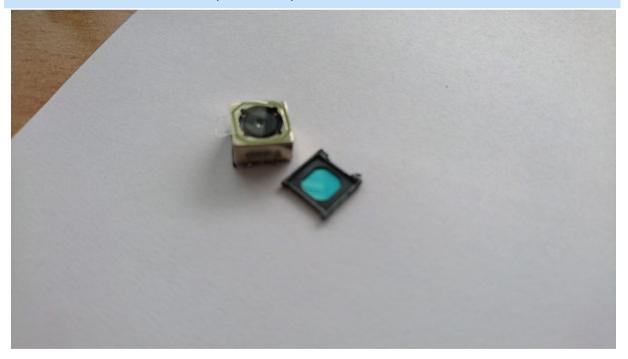
You could melt the soldering, but a sharp knife will do the same job.



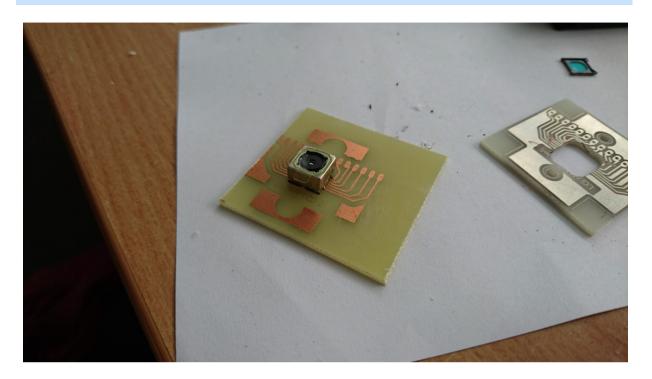
# 3<sup>RD</sup> STEP — SEPARATE SENSOR AND LENS



 $4^{TH}$  STEP – REMOVE IR FILTER (OPTIONAL)



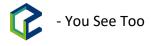
## 5<sup>TH</sup> STEP – SOLDER LENS ON PCB FOR CONTROLING XYZ-MOVEMENT (OPTIONAL)



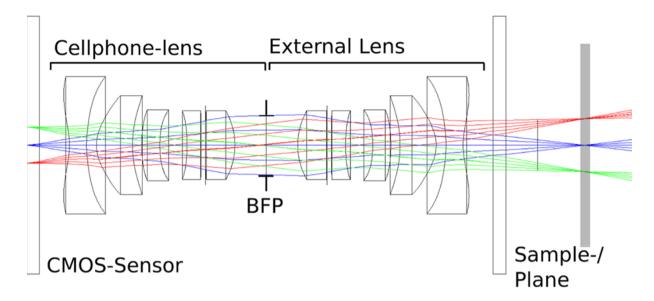
6<sup>™</sup> STEP - TESTING



You can simply take some blutek or douple-sided sticky tape to mount the lens directly in front of the cellphone camera. The image above is the blade of the knife we used above. The better the entrance pupil of the cellphone matches the exit pupil of the cellphone lens, the better the image gets.



### **THEORETICAL**



The lens assures a -1:1 imaging system and is almost free of any aberation up to an NA of 1/(2\*f#)=0.315 in Case of the Huawei P20. The field of view – depending on which camera is used – can be up to  $12x7mm^2$ .

More theoretical aspects are coming soon!

#### **USEFUL LINKS AND RESOURCES**

#### LINKS

- Cellphone Microscope relying on setup above:
  - o <a href="https://journals.plos.org/plosone/article?id=10.1371/journal.pone.0192937">https://journals.plos.org/plosone/article?id=10.1371/journal.pone.0192937</a>
- Cellphone Microscope where idea originally came from:
  - https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC4031072/
- FPM Setup where they used cellphone lenses:
  - o <a href="https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC4206303/">https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC4206303/</a>

