## Homework #13

1 Consider the integral

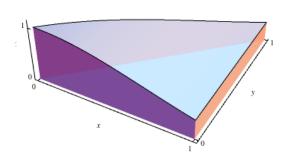
$$\int_0^2 \int_{x^2}^{2x} (4x+2) \, dy \, dx.$$

- (a) Sketch the region *R* in the *xy* plane over which the integration takes place.
- (b) Write an equivalent integral with the order of integration reversed.
- (c) Evaluate the integral using either one of the integrals.

## 2 Compute

$$\iint_R e^{-x^2} \, dx \, dy$$

where R is the region bound by the x-axis, the line y = x, and the line x = 1.

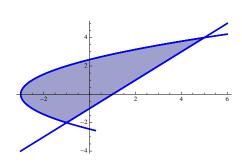


3 Consider the integral

$$\iint_{R} xy \, dA$$

where *R* is the region bounded by the line y = x - 1 and the parabola  $y^2 = 2x + 6$ .

- 1. Setup, but do not evaluate, the integral using dA = dy dx.
- 2. Setup, but do not evaluate, the integral using dA = dx dy.

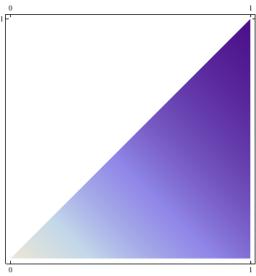


**4** The center of mass for a planar region *R* with density  $\rho(x,y)$  is  $(\bar{x},\bar{y}) = \left(\frac{M_y}{M},\frac{M_x}{M}\right)$  where

$$M = \iint_R \rho(x,y) dA$$
,  $M_y = \iint_R x \rho(x,y) dA$ , and  $M_x = \iint_R y \rho(x,y) dA$ 

(M is the mass,  $M_y$  and  $M_x$  are the moments with respect to the y- and x-axis, respectively). Determine the center of mass for a triangular plate defined by the region between y = 0, x = 1, and y = x with density  $\rho(x,y) = 2e^{x+y}$ . The figure shows a *density plot* of the region, where higher densities are indicated by darker shading.

Note: You will need to use *integration by parts* in this exercise. For a review and discussion of this technique see Problem Set 01 in the HMC Math Resources 2019 Sakai folder.



5 Let W be a right circular cone with base radius a and height h.

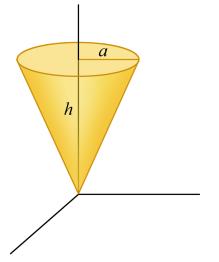
Determine its volume

$$V = \iiint_W 1 \, dV$$

by using cylindrical coordinates with

$$dV = r dr d\theta dz$$
.

Assume the tip of the cone is at the origin.

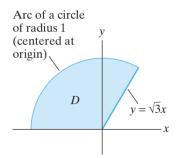


## **Colley 5.5.25**

Evaluate

$$\iint_D \cos\left(x^2 + y^2\right) dA,$$

where D is the shaded region in Figure 5.106.



**Figure 5.106** The region D of Exercise 25.

## Colley 5.5.31 Determine

$$\iiint_W \left(x^2 + y^2 + 2z^2\right) \ dV,$$

where *W* is the solid cylinder defined by the inequalities  $x^2 + y^2 \le 4$ ,  $-1 \le z \le 2$ .

**Colley 5.5.34** Determine the value of the given integral, where W is the region bounded by the two spheres  $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = a^2$  and  $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = b^2$ , for 0 < a < b.

$$\iiint_W \frac{dV}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}}$$