E-commerce Analytics: Understanding Pakistan Market

From the word **E-commerce**; it is the marketing of goods and services. Every transaction done online involves a seller and a buyer. This report provides an analysis of the current state of e-commerce, key trends, challenges, and future endeavors. The objective is to offer insights into the Pakistan E-commerce dataset using a spreadsheet tool i.e., Excel. The dataset set consisted of 584525 rows and 21 columns but due to the size of the dataset, a sample of 5000 rows was extracted to Python for easy analysis.

1. Data Exploration: Data Exploration: This dataset structure was examined in which missing values and blanks were dropped due to the low percentage of missing values and the data type was also corrected. After this, summary statistics was carried out to understand key variable which is: Price, Quantity ordered, Grand total, and MV.

			STATISTICAL SUI	MMAR	L				
price		qty_ordered		grand_total		discount_amount		MV	
Mean	3007.21327	Mean	1.1434	Mean	4249.84921	Mean	11.568198	Mean	3437,3802
Standard Error	157.120262	Standard Error	0.013507175	Standard Erro	296.526282	Standard Error	1.39180293	Standard Error	292.602174
1st Quartile	240	1st Quartile	1	1st Quartile	320	1st Quartile	0	1st Quartile	246.5
3rd Quartile	1101.5	3rd Quartile	1	3rd Quartile	320	3rd Quartile	0	3rd Quartile	1200
Median	425	Median	1	Median	780	Median	0	Median	460
Mode	360	Mode	1	Mode	360	Mode	0	Mode	360
Standard Deviation	11110.0803	Standard Deviation	0.955101504	Standard Dev	20967.5745	Standard Deviation	98.4153288	Standard Deviation	20690.098
Sample Variance	123433884	Sample Variance	0.912218884	Sample Varian	439639181	Sample Variance	9685.57693	Sample Variance	428080160
Kurtosis	63.1803935	Kurtosis	457.0947007	Kurtosis	1843.60597	Kurtosis	1361.13603	Kurtosis	1950.26109
Skewness	7.1340997	Skewness	17.75606026	Skewness	35.4961799	Skewness	29.7774986	Skewness	36.9945714
Range	190724.85	Range	33	Range	1155966	Range	5000	Range	1155966
Minimum	0.15	Minimum	1	Minimum	0	Minimum	0	Minimum	(
Maximum	190725	Maximum	34	Maximum	1155966	Maximum	5000	Maximum	1155966
Sum	15036066.4	Sum	5717	Sum	21249246.1	Sum	57840.99	Sum	1718690
Count	5000	Count	5000	Count	5000	Count	5000	Count	5000

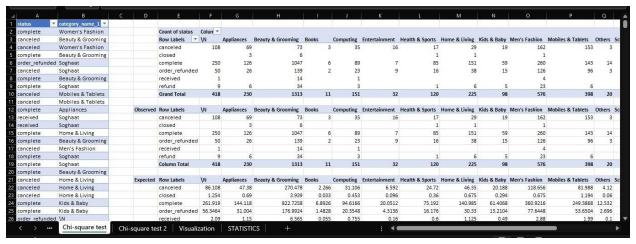
2. Descriptive Statistics: Trends in the dataset were found after getting the total unit and average unit for each category.

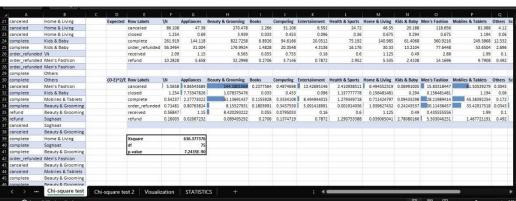
Jnits	payment method	Units	status	number	1		
mits	261 cod		complete		Total Orders	5717	
	1313 ublcreditcard		canceled		Average Orders	1.1434	
	1066 mygateway		order refur			1.1454	
	398 customercredit		received		Max Product_category	1313	
	230 cashatdoorstep		refund		Min Product category	11	
	225 mcblite	212	closed		Popular Payment Method	4061	
	576 internetbanking	60			Unpopular Payment Method	1	
	98 marketingexpense	1					
	418 productcredit	46			Payment_variance	1734085.778	
	20						
	32						
	151						
	11						
	120						
	11 70						
	70						

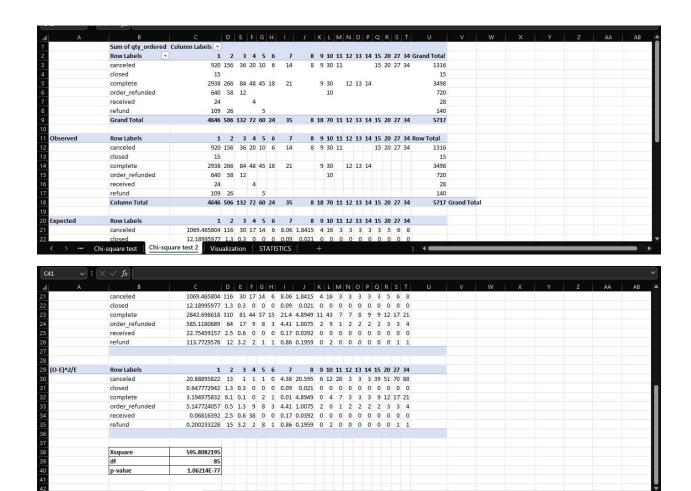
3. Inferential Statistics: Hypothesis testing was carried out. The z-test, and t-test were carried out to check the association of the variables.

z-Test: Two Sample		for Means	t-Test: Two-Sample Assur			
	Orders	Payment Method		Variable 1	Variable 2	
Mean	1.1434	555.555556	Mean	1.1434	555.555556	
Known Variance	0.912218884	1734085.778	Variance	0.912218884	1734085.778	
Observations	5000	9	Observations	5000	9	
Hypothesized Mean	0		Hypothesized Mean Difference	0		
Z	-1.26304467		df	8		
P(Z<=z) one-tail	0.103286564		t Stat	-1.263044669		
z Critical one-tail	1.644853627		P(T<=t) one-tail	0.12107007		
P(Z<=z) two-tail	0.206573127		t Critical one-tail	1.859548038		
z Critical two-tail	1.959963985		P(T<=t) two-tail	0.24214014		
			t Critical two-tail	2.306004135		

4. Chi-square test: Furthermore, I performed a chi-square test to test for the hypothesis. But there was no association between the columns but the hypotheses were rejected.



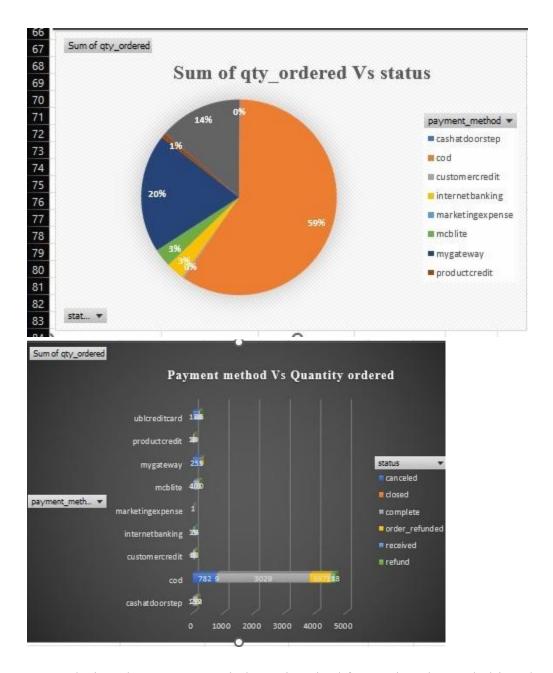




5. Visualization: This section consists of plots carried out in the analysis.

Chi-square test 2 Visualization STATISTICS





In conclusion, the e-commerce industry is poised for continued growth driven by technological innovation and evolving consumer behaviors. This analysis serves as a snapshot of the e-commerce landscape as of July 2016 and the industry is expected to undergo further transformation in the years to come. Staying informed about market dynamics and consumer preferences will be essential for success in these dynamic sectors.

It is observed that consumers are more comfortable with the cash-on-delivery. From the hypotheses carried out, it shows that there is an association between orders and payment methods.