Comsats University Vehari Campus

DS Lab Assignment 01

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Section:

В

Subject:

Data Structure

Submitted to:

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Pointers Program

Program 01:

```
#include <iostream>

void swap(int *a, int *b) {
    int temp = *a;
    *a = *b;
    *b = temp;
}

int main() {
    int num1 = 5, num2 = 10;
    std::cout << "Before swapping: num1 = " << num1 << ",
    num2 = " << num2 << std::endl;
    swap(&num1, &num2);
    std::cout << "After swapping: num1 = " << num1 << ", num2 = " << num2 << std::endl;
    return 0;
}</pre>
```

Output:

```
Maximum element in the array: 20
[Process completed - press Enter]
```

```
Program 02:
```

```
#include <iostream>
int main() {
   int arr[] = {10, 5, 7, 20, 15};
   int *ptr = arr;
   int max = *ptr;

for (int i = 1; i < 5; i++) {
      if (*(ptr + i) > max) {
        max = *(ptr + i);
      }
   }

std::cout << "Maximum element in the array: " << max << std::endl;
   return 0;
}</pre>
```

Output:

```
Maximum element in the array: 20 [Process completed - press Enter]
```

```
Program 03:
include <iostream>
#include <cstring>
void reverseString(char *str) {
  int len = strlen(str);
  char *start = str;
  char *end = str + len - 1;
  while (start < end) {
     char temp = *start;
     *start = *end;
     *end = temp;
     start++;
     end--;
int main() {
  char str[] = "Hello, World!";
  std::cout << "Original string: " << str << std::endl;
  reverseString(str);
  std::cout << "Reversed string: " << str << std::endl;
  return 0;
Output:
```

```
Original string: Hello, World!
Reversed string: !dlroW ,olleH

[Process completed - press Enter]
```

Program 04:

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
   int arr[] = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5};
   int *ptr = arr;
   int sum = 0;

for (int i = 0; i < 5; i++) {
      sum += *ptr;
      ptr++;
   }

   printf("Sum of elements in the array: %d\n", sum);
   return 0;
}</pre>
```

Output:

```
Sum of elements in the array: 15 [Process completed - press Enter]
```

Program 05:

```
#include <iostream>

void displayArray(int *arr, int size) {
   for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
      std::cout << arr[i] << " ";
   }
   std::cout << std::endl;
}

int main() {
   int arr[] = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5};
   int size = sizeof(arr) / sizeof(arr[0]);
   std::cout << "Array elements: ";
   displayArray(arr, size);
   return 0;
}</pre>
```

Output:

```
Array elements: 1 2 3 4 5
[Process completed - press Enter]
```

Program 06:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
int main() {
  int *arr;
  int n;
  printf("Enter the number of elements: ");
  scanf("%d", &n);
  arr = (int *)malloc(n * sizeof(int));
  if (arr == NULL) {
     printf("Memory allocation failed\n");
     return 1;
  printf("Enter %d elements:\n", n);
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
     scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
  printf("Elements entered by the user: ");
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
     printf("%d ", arr[i]);
  free(arr);
  return 0;
```

Output:

```
Enter the number of elements: 3
Enter 3 elements:
4
5
6
Elements entered by the user: 4 5 6
[Process completed - press Enter]
```

```
Program 07:
#include <iostream>
class Rectangle {
public:
    int length;
    int width;

    Rectangle(int l, int w) : length(l), width(w) {}

    int area() {
        return length * width;
    }
};
int main() {
    Rectangle r(5, 3);
    Rectangle *ptr = &r;
    std::cout << "Area of the rectangle: " << ptr->area() << std::endl;
    return 0;
}</pre>
```

Output:

```
Compile Result
```

```
Area of the rectangle: 15
[Process completed - press Enter]
```

Program 08:

```
#include <iostream>
int add(int a, int b) {
  return a + b;
}
int subtract(int a, int b) {
  return a - b;
}
int main() {
  int (*ptr)(int, int);
  ptr = add;
  int result = ptr(5, 3);
  std::cout << "Result of addition: " << result << std::endl;
  ptr = subtract;
  result = ptr(5, 3);
  std::cout << "Result of subtraction: " << result << std::endl;
  return 0;
}</pre>
```

Output:

```
Result of addition: 8
Result of subtraction: 2

[Process completed - press Enter]
```

Program 09:

```
#include <iostream>
int main() {
   int num = 42;
   int *ptr = &num;
   int **ptr2 = &ptr;

   std::cout << "Value of num: " << num << std::endl;
   std::cout << "Value of num using single pointer: " << *ptr <<
std::endl;
   std::cout << "Value of num using double pointer: " << **ptr2
<< std::endl;
   return 0;
}</pre>
```

Output:

```
Value of num: 42
Value of num using single pointer: 42
Value of num using double pointer: 42

[Process completed - press Enter]
```

Program 10:

```
#include <iostream>
int main() {
  int arr[] = {10, 20, 30, 40, 50};
  int *ptr = arr;

std::cout << "Array elements: ";
  for (int i = 0; i < 5; i++) {
    std::cout << *ptr << " ";
    ptr++;
  }

std::cout << std::endl;

return 0;
}</pre>
```

Output:

```
Array elements: 10 20 30 40 50 [Process completed - press Enter]
```

Program 11:

```
#include <iostream>

void modifyValue(int *x) {
    (*x) += 5;
}

int main() {
    int num = 10;

    std::cout << "Original value of num: " << num << std::endl;
    modifyValue(&num);
    std::cout << "Modified value of num: " << num << std::endl;
    return 0;
}</pre>
```

Output:

```
Original value of num: 10
Modified value of num: 15

[Process completed - press Enter]
```

Program 12:

Output:

```
Value through ptr1: 42
Value through ptr2: 20
Value through ptr3: 42
Value through ptr4: 20

[Process completed - press Enter]
```

Program 13:

```
#include <iostream>
int main() {
   const int num = 42;
   const int *ptr = &num; // Pointer to constant data
   std::cout << "Value through ptr: " << *ptr << std::endl;
   // Attempting to modify the value through the pointer will
result in an error:
   // *ptr = 50; // Error
   return 0;
}</pre>
```

Output:

```
Value through ptr: 42
[Process completed - press Enter]
```

Program 14:

```
#include <iostream>
int* createArray(int size) {
   int* arr = new int[size];
   for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
      arr[i] = i * 2;
   }
   return arr;
}
int main() {
   int* arr;
   int size = 5;
   arr = createArray(size);
   std::cout << "Array elements: ";
   for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
      std::cout << arr[i] << " ";
   }
   delete[] arr;
   return 0;
}</pre>
```

Output:

```
Array elements: 0 2 4 6 8 [Process completed - press Enter]
```

Program 14:

```
#include <iostream>
void printArray(int arr[], int size) {
  for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
     std::cout << arr[i] << " ";
  std::cout << std::endl;
int main() {
  int arr[] = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\};
  int size = sizeof(arr) / sizeof(arr[0]);
  std::cout << "Array elements before modification: ";
  printArray(arr, size);
  int *ptr = arr;
  for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
     (*ptr) *= 2;
     ptr++;
  std::cout << "Array elements after modification: ";
  printArray(arr, size);
  return 0;
```

Output:

```
Array elements before modification: 1 2 3 4 5 Array elements after modification: 2 4 6 8 10 [Process completed - press Enter]
```

Q no 15:

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int main() {
  int num = 42;
  int* ptr = &num;
  cout << "Value of num: " << num << endl;
  cout << "Address of num: " << &num << endl;
  cout << "Value stored in ptr: " << *ptr << endl;
  cout << "Address stored in ptr: " << ptr << endl;
  return 0;
}</pre>
```

Output:

```
Value of num: 42
Address of num: 0x7ffc4692d8
Value stored in ptr: 42
Address stored in ptr: 0x7ffc4692d8

[Process completed - press Enter]
```