

**cp2021t-0.1.0.0: Trabalho para Calculo Proposicional da  
Universidade do Minho**

Trabalho para Calculo Proposicional da Universidade do Minho



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# Chapter 1

## BTree

---

```
module BTree (
  BTree(Node, Empty), inBTree, outBTree, recBTree, cataBTree,
  anaBTree, hyloBTree, baseBTree, invBTree, countBTree, inordt,
  inord, preordt, preord, postordt, qSort, qsep, part, traces,
  tunion, hanoi, present, strategy, balBTree, depthBTree, baldepth,
  tnat, monBTree, preordt', countBTree', Deriv(Dr), Zipper, plug
) where
```

---

```
data BTree a
  Constructors
  = Empty
  | Node (a, (BTree a, BTree a))

instance Functor BTree
instance Show a => Show (BTree a)

inBTree :: Either () (b, (BTree b, BTree b)) -> BTree b
outBTree :: BTree a -> Either () (a, (BTree a, BTree a))
recBTree :: (a -> d) -> Either b1 (b2, (a, a)) -> Either b1 (b2, (d, d))
```

```

cataBTree :: (Either () (b, (d, d)) -> d) -> BTree b -> d
anaBTree :: (a -> Either () (b, (a, a))) -> a -> BTree b
hyloBTree :: (Either () (b, (c, c)) -> c) -> (a -> Either () (b, (a, a))) -> a -> c

baseBTree :: (a1 -> b1) -> (a2 -> d) -> Either b2 (a1, (a2, a2)) -> Either b2 (b1, (d, d))

invBTree :: BTree b -> BTree b
countBTree :: BTree a -> Integer
inordt :: BTree a -> [a]
inord :: Either b (a, ([a], [a])) -> [a]
preordt :: BTree a -> [a]
preord :: Either b (a, ([a], [a])) -> [a]
postordt :: BTree a -> [a]
qSort :: Ord a => [a] -> [a]
qsep :: Ord a => [a] -> Either () (a, ([a], [a]))
part :: (a -> Bool) -> [a] -> ([a], [a])
traces :: Eq a => BTree a -> [[a]]
tunion :: Eq a => (a, ([[a]], [[a]])) -> [[a]]
hanoi :: (Bool, Integer) -> [(Integer, Bool)]
present :: Either b (a, ([a], [a])) -> [a]
strategy :: Integral b => (Bool, b) -> Either () ((b, Bool), ((Bool, b), (Bool, b)))

balBTree :: BTree a -> Bool
depthBTree :: BTree a -> Integer
baldepth :: BTree a -> (Bool, Integer)
tnat :: Monoid c => (a -> c) -> Either () (a, (c, c)) -> c
monBTree :: Monoid d => (a -> d) -> BTree a -> d
preordt' :: BTree a -> [a]
countBTree' :: BTree b -> Sum Integer

```

```
data Deriv a
  Constructors
  = Dr Bool a (BTree a)

type Zipper a = [Deriv a]

plug :: Zipper a -> BTree a -> BTree a
```





## Chapter 2

### Cp

---

```
module Cp (  
    split, (><), (!), p1, p2, i1, i2, (-|-), cond, ap, expn, p2p,  
    grd, swap, assocr, assocl, undistr, undistl, flatr, flatl, br, bl,  
    coswap, coassocr, coassocl, distl, distr, BiFunctor(bmap), (.),  
    mult, ap', singl, Strong(lstr, rstr), dstr, splitm, bang, dup,  
    zero, one, nil, cons, add, mul, conc, true, nothing, false,  
    inMaybe, Unzipable(unzp), DistL(lamb), aap, gather, cozip, tot  
) where
```

---

```
split :: (a -> b) -> (a -> c) -> a -> (b, c)  
  
(><) :: (a -> b) -> (c -> d) -> (a, c) -> (b, d)  
  
(!) :: a -> ()  
  
p1 :: (a, b) -> a  
  
p2 :: (a, b) -> b  
  
i1 :: a -> Either a b  
  
i2 :: b -> Either a b  
  
(-|-) :: (a -> b) -> (c -> d) -> Either a c -> Either b d  
  
cond :: (b -> Bool) -> (b -> c) -> (b -> c) -> b -> c
```

```

ap :: (a -> b, a) -> b

expn :: (b -> c) -> (a -> b) -> a -> c

p2p :: (a, a) -> Bool -> a

grd :: (a -> Bool) -> a -> Either a a

swap :: (a, b) -> (b, a)

assocr :: ((a, b), c) -> (a, (b, c))

assocl :: (a, (b, c)) -> ((a, b), c)

undistr :: Either (a, b) (a, c) -> (a, Either b c)

undistl :: Either (b, c) (a, c) -> (Either b a, c)

flatr :: (a, (b, c)) -> (a, b, c)

flatl :: ((a, b), c) -> (a, b, c)

br :: a -> (a, ())

bl :: a -> ((), a)

coswap :: Either a b -> Either b a

coassocr :: Either (Either a b) c -> Either a (Either b c)

coassocl :: Either b (Either a c) -> Either (Either b a) c

distl :: (Either c a, b) -> Either (c, b) (a, b)

distr :: (b, Either c a) -> Either (b, c) (b, a)

class BiFunctor f where
    Methods

    bmap :: (a -> b) -> (c -> d) -> f a c -> f b d

instance BiFunctor Either
instance BiFunctor (,)

(!!) :: Monad a => (b -> a c) -> (d -> a b) -> d -> a c

mult :: Monad m => m (m b) -> m b

ap' :: Monad m => (a -> m b, m a) -> m b

```

```

singl :: a -> [a]

class (Functor f, Monad f) => Strong f where
    Methods

    rstr :: (f a, b) -> f (a, b)

    lstr :: (b, f a) -> f (b, a)

instance Strong []
instance Strong Maybe
instance Strong IO
instance Strong LTree

dstr :: Strong m => (m a, m b) -> m (a, b)

splitm :: Strong ff => ff (a -> b) -> a -> ff b

bang :: a -> ()

dup :: c -> (c, c)

zero :: Num a => b -> a

one :: Num a => b -> a

nil :: b -> [a]

cons :: (a, [a]) -> [a]

add :: Num c => (c, c) -> c

mul :: Num c => (c, c) -> c

conc :: ([a], [a]) -> [a]

true :: b -> Bool

nothing :: b -> Maybe a

false :: b -> Bool

inMaybe :: Either () a -> Maybe a

class Functor f => Unzipable f where
    Methods

```

```
unzp :: f (a, b) -> (f a, f b)

class Functor g => DistL g where
  Methods

  lamb :: Monad m => g (m a) -> m (g a)

instance DistL []
instance DistL Maybe

aap :: Monad m => m (a -> b) -> m a -> m b

gather :: [a -> b] -> a -> [b]

cozip :: Functor f => Either (f a) (f b) -> f (Either a b)

tot :: (a -> b) -> (a -> Bool) -> a -> Maybe b
```

## Chapter 3

# LTree

---

```
module LTree (
  LTree(Fork, Leaf), inLTree, outLTree, recLTree, baseLTree,
  cataLTree, anaLTree, hylolTree, invLTree, countLTree, tips, dfac,
  dfacd, dsq', dsq, fib, fibd, mSort, merge, lsplit, dmap, dmap1, mu,
  tnat, monLTree, tips', countLTree', dllTree, Deriv(Dr), Zipper,
  plug
) where
```

---

```
data LTree a

  Constructors
  = Leaf a
  | Fork (LTree a, LTree a)

instance Monad LTree
instance Functor LTree
instance Applicative LTree
instance Strong LTree
instance Eq a => Eq (LTree a)
instance Show a => Show (LTree a)

inLTree :: Either a (LTree a, LTree a) -> LTree a
outLTree :: LTree a -> Either a (LTree a, LTree a)
```

```

recLTree :: (a -> d) -> Either b (a, a) -> Either b (d, d)

baseLTree :: (a1 -> b) -> (a2 -> d) -> Either a1 (a2, a2) -> Either b (d, d)

cataLTree :: (Either b (d, d) -> d) -> LTree b -> d

anaLTree :: (a1 -> Either a2 (a1, a1)) -> a1 -> LTree a2

hyloLTree :: (Either b (c, c) -> c) -> (a -> Either b (a, a)) -> a -> c

invLTree :: LTree a -> LTree a

countLTree :: LTree b -> Integer

tips :: LTree a -> [a]

dfac :: Integral p => p -> p

dfacd :: Integral b => (b, b) -> Either b ((b, b), (b, b))

dsq' :: Integral p => p -> p

dsq :: Integral p => p -> p

fib :: Integer -> Integer

fibd :: (Ord b, Num b) => b -> Either () (b, b)

mSort :: Ord a => [a] -> [a]

merge :: Ord a => ([a], [a]) -> [a]

lsplit :: [a] -> Either a ([a], [a])

dmap :: (b -> a) -> [b] -> [a]

dmap1 :: (b -> a) -> [b] -> [a]

mu :: LTree (LTree a) -> LTree a

tnat :: Monoid c => (a -> c) -> Either a (c, c) -> c

monLTree :: Monoid d => (a -> d) -> LTree a -> d

tips' :: LTree a -> [a]

countLTree' :: LTree b -> Sum Integer

dllTree :: Strong f => LTree (f a) -> f (LTree a)

```

```
data Deriv a
    Constructors
    =   Dr Bool (LTree a)

type Zipper a = [Deriv a]

plug :: Zipper a -> LTree a -> LTree a
```





# Chapter 4

## List

---

```
module List (
  inList, outList, cataList, recList, anaList, hyloList,
  baseList, eval, invl, look, iSort, take', fac, algMul, nats, fac',
  sq, summing, odds, sq', prefixes, suffixes, diff, nest, myfoldr,
  myfoldl, nr, ccat, mmap, lam, mcataList, dl, stream, join, sep
) where
```

---

```
inList :: Either b (a, [a]) -> [a]

outList :: [a] -> Either () (a, [a])

cataList :: (Either () (b, d) -> d) -> [b] -> d

recList :: (c -> d) -> Either b1 (b2, c) -> Either b1 (b2, d)

anaList :: (c -> Either b (a, c)) -> c -> [a]

hyloList :: (Either () (b1, c1) -> c1) -> (c2 -> Either b2 (b1, c2)) -> c2 -> c1

baseList :: (a -> b1) -> (c -> d) -> Either b2 (a, c) -> Either b2 (b1, d)

eval :: Num d => d -> [d] -> d

invl :: [a] -> [a]
```

```

look :: Eq a => a -> [(a, b)] -> Maybe b

iSort :: Ord a => [a] -> [a]

take' :: Integer -> [a] -> [a]

fac :: Integer -> Integer

algMul :: Either b (Integer, Integer) -> Integer

nats :: Integer -> Either () (Integer, Integer)

fac' :: Integer -> Integer

sq :: Integer -> Integer

summing :: Either b (Integer, Integer) -> Integer

odds :: Integer -> Either () (Integer, Integer)

sq' :: Integer -> Integer

prefixes :: Eq a => [a] -> [[a]]

suffixes :: [a] -> [[a]]

diff :: Eq a => [a] -> [a] -> [a]

nest :: Eq a => Int -> [a] -> [[a]]

myfoldr :: (a -> b -> b) -> b -> [a] -> b

myfoldl :: (a -> b -> a) -> a -> [b] -> a

nr :: Eq a => [a] -> Bool

ccat :: [a] -> [a] -> [a]

mmap :: Strong m => (a1 -> m a2) -> [a1] -> m [a2]

lam :: Strong m => [m a] -> m [a]

mcatalist :: Strong ff => (Either () (b, c) -> ff c) -> [b] -> ff c

dl :: Strong m => Either () (b, m a) -> m (Either () (b, a))

stream :: (t1 -> Maybe (a, t1)) -> (t1 -> t2 -> t1) -> t1 -> [t2] -> [a]

join :: ([a], [b]) -> [Either a b]

sep :: [Either a1 a2] -> ([a1], [a2])

```

# Chapter 5

## Nat

---

```
module Nat (  
    inNat, outNat, cataNat, recNat, anaNat, hyloNat, for, somar,  
    multip, exp, sq, sq', sq'', fac, facfor, idiv, aux, bSort, while,  
    mfor  
    ) where
```

---

```
inNat :: Either b Integer -> Integer  
  
outNat :: Integral b => b -> Either () b  
  
cataNat :: Integral c => (Either () d -> d) -> c -> d  
  
recNat :: (c -> d) -> Either b c -> Either b d  
  
anaNat :: (c -> Either b c) -> c -> Integer  
  
hyloNat :: (Either () c1 -> c1) -> (c2 -> Either b c2) -> c2 -> c1  
  
for :: Integral c => (b -> b) -> b -> c -> b  
  
somar :: (Integral c, Enum d) => d -> c -> d  
  
multip :: (Integral c, Num d) => d -> c -> d  
  
exp :: (Integral c, Num d) => d -> c -> d  
  
sq :: Integral p => p -> p
```

```
sq' :: Integer -> Integer
sq'' :: (Integral c, Num b) => c -> b
fac :: Integer -> Integer
facfor :: Integer -> (Integer, Integer)
idiv :: Integer -> Integer -> Integer
aux :: (Ord c, Num c) => c -> c -> Integer
bSort :: Ord a => [a] -> [a]
while :: (a -> Bool) -> (a -> a) -> a -> a
mfor :: forall t1 m t2. (Monad m, Integral t1) => (t2 -> m t2) -> t2 -> t1 -> m t2
```

## Chapter 6

## Solucoes

---

```
module Solucoes (
  ExpAr(Un, N, X, Bin), BinOp(Product, Sum), UnOp(Negate, E),
  inExpAr, baseExpAr, cataExpAr, anaExpAr, hyloExpAr, expd, eval_exp,
  optimize_eval, sd, ad, (×), (×), (), (), (), BinExp, UnExp,
  OutExpAr, Injective(to), outExpAr, recExpAr, g_eval_exp, clean,
  gopt, Dup, Bin, Un, bin_aux, un_aux, sd_gen, ad_gen,
  prop_in_out_idExpAr, prop_out_in_idExpAr, prop_sum_idr,
  prop_sum_idl, prop_product_idr, prop_product_idl, prop_e_id,
  prop_negate_id, prop_double_negate,
  prop_optimize_respects_semantics, prop_const_rule, prop_var_rule,
  prop_sum_rule, prop_product_rule, prop_e_rule, prop_negate_rule,
  prop_congruent, fib', f', catdef, oracle, prop_cat, loop, inic,
  prj, cat, linearId, NPoint, OverTime, prop_calcLine_def,
  prop_bezier_sym, , to , from , calcLine, calc_line', myZipWithM,
  mySequenceA, myZipWith, myZip, outZip, mySequenceA', deCasteljau,
  hyloAlgForm, prop_avg, avg, avg_aux, avgLTree, e', bezier2d,
  World(World, points, time), initW, tick, actions, scaleTime,
  bezier2dAtTime, bezier2dAt, thicCirc, ps, picture, animateBezier,
  runBezier, runBezierSym, main, run, (.=?=.), (==>.), (<==>.),
  (==.), (<=.), (&&&.)
) where
```

---

## 6.1 Problemas

### 6.1.1 Problema 1

#### Código Fornecido

```

data ExpAr a
  Constructors
  =   X
    |   N a
    |   Bin BinOp (ExpAr a) (ExpAr a)
    |   Un UnOp (ExpAr a)

instance Eq a => Eq (ExpAr a)
instance Show a => Show (ExpAr a)
instance Arbitrary a => Arbitrary (ExpAr a)
instance Injective (ExpAr a) (OutExpAr a)

data BinOp
  Constructors
  =   Sum
    |   Product

instance Eq BinOp
instance Show BinOp
instance Arbitrary BinOp

instance Num c => Injective BinOp ((c, c) -> c)
  Check Symbol Interpretation

instance Injective (ExpAr a) (OutExpAr a)

data UnOp
  Constructors
  =   Negate
    |   E

instance Eq UnOp
instance Show UnOp
instance Arbitrary UnOp

```

```

instance Floating c => Injective UnOp (c -> c)
    Check Symbol Interpretation

instance Injective (ExpAr a) (OutExpAr a)

inExpAr :: (b (a (BinExp a UnExp a))) -> ExpAr a
    inExpAr  const X  N  bin  (Un ) where bin (op, (a, b)) = Bin op a
    b

baseExpAr :: (a -> b)
    -> (c -> d)
    -> (e -> f)
    -> (g -> h)
    -> (i -> j)
    -> (k -> l)
    -> (m -> n)
    -> (a (c ((e × (g × i)) (k × m))))
    -> b (d ((f × (h × j)) (l × n)))

baseExpAr  f g h j k l z = f  g  h × j × k  l × z

cataExpAr :: (((() (c ((BinOp × (e × e)) (UnOp × e)))) -> e) -> ExpAr c -> e

anaExpAr :: (a -> b (c ((BinOp × (a × a)) (UnOp × a)))) -> a -> ExpAr c

hyloExpAr :: (((() (c ((BinOp × (d × d)) (UnOp × d)))) -> d)
    -> (a -> b (c ((BinOp × (a × a)) (UnOp × a)))) -> a -> d

expd :: Floating a => a -> a

eval_exp :: Floating a => a -> ExpAr a -> a

optimize_eval :: (Floating a, Eq a) => a -> ExpAr a -> a

sd :: Floating a => ExpAr a -> ExpAr a

ad :: Floating a => a -> ExpAr a -> a

```

### Solução

```
type (×) a b = (a, b)
```

```
(×) :: (a -> b) -> (c -> d) -> (a, c) -> (b, d)
```

bimap for tuple

```
( ) :: (a -> b) -> (c -> d) -> (a  c) -> b  d
      bimap for either
```

```
type ( ) = Either
```

```
( ) :: (a -> c) -> (b -> c) -> (a  b) -> c
```

```
type BinExp d = BinOp × (ExpAr d × ExpAr d)
              BinOp × (ExpAr d × ExpAr d)
```

```
type UnExp d = UnOp × ExpAr d
```

```
type OutExpAr a = ( ) (a (BinExp a UnExp a))
```

```
class Injective a b where
```

```
  Methods
```

```
  to :: forall b1 a1. (b1 ~ b, a1 ~ a) => a -> b
```

```
instance Floating c => Injective UnOp (c -> c)
```

```
  Check Symbol Interpretation
```

```
instance Num c => Injective BinOp ((c, c) -> c)
```

```
  Check Symbol Interpretation
```

```
instance Injective (ExpAr a) (OutExpAr a)
```

```
outExpAr :: ExpAr a -> OutExpAr a
```

```
recExpAr :: (a -> e)
          -> (b  (c  ((d × (a × a)) (g × a))))
          -> b  (c  ((d × (e × e)) (g × e)))
```

Read this as the "interpretation" of each BinOp symbol.

For example, the symbol Sum is interpreted as the function add



```

g_eval_exp :: Floating c => c -> (b (c ((BinOp × (c × c)) (UnOp × c)))) -> c

clean :: (Eq a, Num a) => ExpAr a -> OutExpAr a

gopt :: Floating a => a -> (() (a ((BinOp × (a × a)) (UnOp × a)))) -> a

type Dup d = d × d

type Bin d = BinOp × (d × d)

type Un d = UnOp × d

bin_aux :: (t -> t -> t) -> (t -> t -> t) -> (BinOp, Dup (Dup t)) -> Dup t

un_aux :: (t1 -> t2) -> (t2 -> t1 -> t2) -> (t1 -> t2) -> (UnOp, Dup t1) -> Dup t2

sd_gen :: Floating a =>
  (() (a (Bin (Dup (ExpAr a)) Un (Dup (ExpAr a))))) -> Dup (ExpAr a)

ad_gen :: Floating a => a -> (() (a ((BinOp, Dup (Dup a)) (UnOp, Dup a)))) -> Dup a

```

### Propiedades

```

prop_in_out_idExpAr :: Eq a => ExpAr a -> Bool

prop_out_in_idExpAr :: Eq a => OutExpAr a -> Bool

prop_sum_idr :: (Floating a, Real a) => a -> ExpAr a -> Bool

prop_sum_idl :: (Floating a, Real a) => a -> ExpAr a -> Bool

prop_product_idr :: (Floating a, Real a) => a -> ExpAr a -> Bool

prop_product_idl :: (Floating a, Real a) => a -> ExpAr a -> Bool

prop_e_id :: (Floating a, Real a) => a -> Bool

prop_negate_id :: (Floating a, Real a) => a -> Bool

prop_double_negate :: (Floating a, Real a) => a -> ExpAr a -> Bool

prop_optimize_respects_semantics :: (Floating a, Real a) => a -> ExpAr a -> Bool

```

```

prop_const_rule :: (Real a, Floating a) => a -> Bool

prop_var_rule :: Bool

prop_sum_rule :: (Real a, Floating a) => ExpAr a -> ExpAr a -> Bool

prop_product_rule :: (Real a, Floating a) => ExpAr a -> ExpAr a -> Bool

prop_e_rule :: (Real a, Floating a) => ExpAr a -> Bool

prop_negate_rule :: (Real a, Floating a) => ExpAr a -> Bool

prop_congruent :: (Floating a, Real a) => a -> ExpAr a -> Bool

```

### 6.1.2 Problema 2

#### Código Fornecido

```

fib' :: (Integral c, Num b) => c -> b

f' :: (Integral c, Num b) => b -> b -> b -> c -> b

catdef :: Integer -> Integer

oracle :: Num a => [a]

```

#### Propriedades

```

prop_cat :: Integer -> Property

```

#### Solução

```

loop :: Integral c => (c, c, c) -> (c, c, c)

inic :: (Num a, Num b, Num c) => (a, b, c)

prj :: (a, b, c) -> a

cat :: (Integral c1, Integral c2) => c1 -> c2

```

### 6.1.3 Problema 3

#### Código Fornecido

```
linear1d :: Rational -> Rational -> OverTime Rational
```

```
type NPoint = [Rational]
```

```
type OverTime a = Float -> a
```

#### Propriedades

```
prop_calcLine_def :: NPoint -> NPoint -> Float -> Bool
```

```
prop_bezier_sym :: [[Rational]] -> Gen Bool
```

#### Solução

```
type    = Rational
```

```
to :: Real a => a -> Rational
```

```
from :: Fractional a => Rational -> a
```

```
calcLine :: NPoint -> NPoint -> OverTime NPoint
```

```
Spec
```

```
calcLine :: NPoint -> (NPoint -> OverTime NPoint)
calcLine [] = const nil
calcLine (p : x) = curry g p (calcLine x)
where
  g :: ( , NPoint -> OverTime NPoint) -> (NPoint -> OverTime NPoint)
  g (d, f) l = case l of
    [] -> nil
    (x : xs) -> concat . sequenceA [singl . linear1d d x, f xs]
```

```
calc_line' :: [] -> [] -> Float -> []
```

```
myZipWithM :: (a1 -> b -> p -> a2) -> [a1] -> [b] -> p -> [a2]
```

```
mySequenceA :: [p -> a] -> p -> [a]
```

```
myZipWith :: (a -> b -> c) -> [a] -> [b] -> [c]
```

```

myZip :: ([a], [b]) -> [(a, b)]

outZip :: ([a], [b]) -> () ((a, b), ([a], [b]))

mySequenceA' :: p -> [p -> a] -> [a]

deCasteljau :: [NPoint] -> OverTime NPoint
  Spec

deCasteljau :: [NPoint] -> OverTime NPoint
deCasteljau [] = nil
deCasteljau [p] = const p
deCasteljau l = pt -> calcLine (p pt) (q pt) pt
  where
    p = deCasteljau (init l)
    q = deCasteljau (tail l)

```

```
hyloAlgForm :: a
```

#### 6.1.4 Problema 4

##### Propriedades

```

prop_avg :: (Ord b, Fractional b) => [b] -> Property

avg :: Fractional b => [b] -> b

```

##### Solução

```

avg_aux :: Fractional b => [b] -> (b, b)

avgLTree :: LTree b -> c

```

## 6.2 Programação dinâmica por recursividade múltipla

```
e' :: (Fractional c1, Integral c2) => c1 -> c2 -> c1
```

## 6.3 Código Extra para Problema 3

### 6.3.1 2D

```
bezier2d :: [NPoint] -> OverTime (Float, Float)
```

### 6.3.2 Modelo

```
data World
  Constructors
  = World
    { points :: [NPoint]
    , time :: Float
    }

initW :: World

tick :: Float -> World -> World

actions :: Event -> World -> World

scaleTime :: World -> Float

bezier2dAtTime :: World -> (Float, Float)

bezier2dAt :: World -> OverTime (Float, Float)

thicCirc :: Picture

ps :: [Float]
```

### 6.3.3 Gloss

```
picture :: World -> Picture
```

### 6.3.4 Animação

```
animateBezier :: Float -> [NPoint] -> Picture
```

### 6.3.5 Propriedades e main

```
runBezier :: IO ()

runBezierSym :: IO ()
```

Compilação e execução dentro do interpretador

```
main :: IO ()  
run  :: IO ExitCode
```

## 6.4 QuickCheck

## 6.5 Outras funções auxiliares

```
(.=?=.) :: Real a => a -> a -> Bool  
(.==>.) :: Testable prop => (a -> Bool) -> (a -> prop) -> a -> Property  
  
(.<==>.) :: (a -> Bool) -> (a -> Bool) -> a -> Property  
(.==.) :: Eq b => (a -> b) -> (a -> b) -> a -> Bool  
(.<=.) :: Ord b => (a -> b) -> (a -> b) -> a -> Bool  
(.&&&.) :: (a -> Bool) -> (a -> Bool) -> a -> Bool
```