

## FCGUB ②

Es ①

$$① \binom{25}{2} \binom{2}{1} = 25 \cdot 24 = 600$$

$$② \binom{1}{1} \binom{29}{2} \cdot 2 = \frac{29!}{1! \cdot 28!} \cdot 2 = 29 \cdot 2 = 48$$

$\downarrow$   
 fra tutti i me  
 ne sceglie 2  
 2 corde

$$P(A) = \frac{48}{600} = 0,08$$

Es ②

Bonole

Es ③

$$1) \binom{13}{10}$$

$$2) \binom{4}{2} \binom{11}{8}$$

$$3) \binom{4}{1} \binom{11}{9}$$

Es ④

$$\uparrow D = \{ \text{Disp. di 7 piazze su 7 SOARELLI} \}$$

$$|D| = 7!$$

$$A = \{ \text{ALFREDO e BRUNO vicini} \}$$

$$|A| = \underbrace{\binom{4}{1} \binom{1}{1}}_{\text{PIAZZA ALFREDO e BRUNO}} \cdot \underbrace{6 \cdot (5!)}_{\text{6 pos.}} \xrightarrow{\text{PIAZZA 6' olt}} = 2 \cdot 6 \cdot 5!$$

$$P(A) = \frac{12 \cdot 5!}{7!}$$

$$2) B = \{ \text{Asfido e Birco um su tuck tuck} \}$$

$$|B| = \binom{4}{1} \binom{1}{1} = 7 \cdot 1$$

6  
6

$$D = \{ \text{contingui di 5 carte to 52} \}$$

$$|D| = \binom{52}{5}$$

1) Pda

$$A = \{ 4 \text{ carte stess colore a 1 carta} \}$$

$$|A| = \binom{4}{4} \cdot \binom{49}{1} \cdot 13 \text{ colori}$$

$$P(A) = \frac{\binom{4}{4} \cdot \binom{49}{1} \cdot 13}{\binom{52}{5}}$$

2) Cda

$$B = \{ 5 \text{ carte stess seme} \}$$

$$|B| = \binom{13}{5} \cdot 4$$

$$P(B) = \frac{\binom{13}{5} \cdot 4}{\binom{52}{5}}$$

3) Fd

$$C = \{ \text{Fis e Coppa} \}$$

$$|C| = \binom{4}{2} \cdot 13 \cdot 12 \cdot \binom{4}{3} \quad P(C) =$$

Folge 3

Ü 2

$$1) \binom{9}{3} \binom{6}{3} \binom{3}{3} \cdot 3$$

$$2) 6!$$

$$3) \frac{\binom{9}{3} \binom{6}{3} \binom{3}{3}}{3!}$$

$$4) \frac{\binom{5}{2} \binom{3}{2} \binom{1}{2}}{2!}$$

$$5) 1$$

Ü 2

$$\mathcal{X} = \{ (w_1, \dots, w_n) \mid w_i = 1 \dots 40 \}$$

$$|\mathcal{X}| = \binom{40}{10}$$

$$1) \binom{1}{1} \binom{1}{1} \binom{1}{1} \binom{37}{2}$$

$$P(A) = \frac{\binom{37}{2}}{\binom{40}{10}}$$

$$2) \binom{34}{4}$$

$$P(B) = \frac{\binom{34}{4}}{\binom{40}{10}}$$

$$\frac{4}{40} \cdot \frac{4}{39}$$

$$4!$$

Ü 3

E 5

$$\begin{aligned}
 1) P(\text{diff}) &= P(A) \cdot P(\text{diff}|A) + P(B) \cdot P(\text{diff}|B) + P(C) \cdot P(\text{diff}|C) \\
 &= P(A) \cdot \frac{P(\text{diff} \cap A)}{P(A)} + \dots + = 0.4 \cdot 0.02 + 0.1 \cdot 0.03 + 0.5 \cdot 0.04 \\
 &\quad \downarrow \\
 &\quad \frac{P(\text{diff}) \cdot P(A)}{P(A)} \quad \swarrow \\
 &= 0.031
 \end{aligned}$$

$$2) P(A|\text{diff}) = \frac{P(A) \cdot P(\text{diff}|A)}{P(A) \cdot P(\text{diff}|A) + P(B) \cdot P(\text{diff}|B) + P(C) \cdot P(\text{diff}|C)} = \frac{0.4 \cdot 0.02}{0.031}$$

$$P(B|\text{diff}) = \frac{P(B) \cdot P(\text{diff}|B)}{P(A) \cdot P(\text{diff}|A) + P(B) \cdot P(\text{diff}|B) + P(C) \cdot P(\text{diff}|C)} = \frac{0.1 \cdot 0.03}{0.031}$$

$$P(C|\text{diff}) = \frac{P(C) \cdot P(\text{diff}|C)}{P(A) \cdot P(\text{diff}|A) + P(B) \cdot P(\text{diff}|B) + P(C) \cdot P(\text{diff}|C)} = \frac{0.5 \cdot 0.04}{0.031}$$

E 6

$$\begin{aligned}
 1) P(\text{vic. 1}) &= P(\text{inv. 1}) \cdot P(\text{vic. 1}|\text{inv. 1}) + P(\text{inv. 0}) \cdot P(\text{vic. 1}|\text{inv. 0}) \\
 &= 0.55 \cdot \frac{P(\text{vic. 1} \cap \text{inv. 1})}{P(\text{inv. 1})} + 0.45 \cdot \frac{P(\text{vic. 1} \cap \text{inv. 0})}{P(\text{inv. 0})} \\
 &= 0.55 \cdot 0.91 + 0.45 \cdot 0.06 = 0.5275
 \end{aligned}$$

$$2) 0.45 \cdot 0.94 + 0.55 \cdot 0.08 = 0.4725$$

$$3) P(\text{nu 1} | \text{ric 1}) = \frac{P(\text{nu 1} \cap \text{ric 1})}{P(\text{ric 1})} = \frac{0.55 \cdot 0.81}{0.5225} = 0.84$$

$$4) P(\text{nu 0} | \text{ric 0}) = \frac{P(\text{nu 0} \cap \text{ric 0})}{P(\text{ric 0})} = \frac{0.65 \cdot 0.94}{0.4725} = 0.89$$

8.3

$$1) P(\text{nu 0} | S) = P(\text{prob prime 4 is nu 0} | S) = (1-p)^4 \cdot p = \left(\frac{19}{32}\right)^4 \cdot \frac{13}{32} \approx 0.934$$

$$2) P(\text{nu 0} | S) =$$

$$= \sum_{k=2}^{19} \binom{19}{k} p^k (1-p)^{19-k} = \sum_{k=2}^{19} \binom{19}{k} \left(\frac{13}{32}\right)^k \left(\frac{19}{32}\right)^{19-k}$$

8.1

$$\begin{aligned} 1) P(\text{sterzo sex}) &= P(\text{ano}) + P(\text{etero}) \cdot P(\text{sterzo sex} | \text{etero}) \\ &= p + (1-p) \cdot 0,5 = p + \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2}p = \frac{1}{2}p + \frac{1}{2} \end{aligned}$$

$$P(\text{ano} | \text{sterzo sex}) = \frac{P(\text{ano} \cap \text{sterzo sex})}{P(\text{sterzo sex})} = \frac{p}{\frac{1}{2}p + \frac{1}{2}}$$

2)

$$\begin{aligned} P(\text{sterzo dif}) &= P(\text{etero}) \cdot P(\text{sterzo dif} | \text{etero}) = (1-p) \cdot 0,5 = \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2}p \\ &= \frac{P(\text{sterzo dif} \cap \text{etero})}{P(\text{etero})} \end{aligned}$$

8.2

$$\begin{aligned} 1) P(\text{Test}) &= P(TC) \cdot P(T | TC) + P(TT) \cdot P(T | TT) \\ &= \frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} \cdot 1 = \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1+2}{6} = \frac{3}{6} = \frac{1}{2} \end{aligned}$$

$$2) P(TC | T) = \frac{P(TC) \cdot P(T | TC)}{P(\text{Test})} = \frac{\frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{2}}{\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$3) P(TT | T) = \frac{P(TT) \cdot P(T | TT)}{P(\text{Test})} = \frac{\frac{1}{3} \cdot 1}{\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{2}{3}$$

8.3

$$1) P(\text{voter si} | \text{voter}) = P(v) P(\text{voter si} | \text{voter}) = \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{4}$$

2) k si

1<sup>a</sup> Parte  $\Rightarrow$  k votanti

$$P(k \text{ votanti}) = \sum_{i=k}^m \binom{m}{i} p_v^i (1-p)^{m-i} = \sum_{i=k}^m \binom{m}{i} p_v^i$$

2<sup>a</sup> Parte  $\Rightarrow$  Tra i m votanti, k si

$$P(k \text{ si } m \text{ votanti}) = \binom{m}{k} p_{si}^k (1-p)^{m-k} = \binom{m}{k} \cdot p_{si}^k$$

$$P(k \text{ si}) = \sum_{i=k}^m \binom{m}{i} \cdot p_v^i \cdot \binom{m}{k} p_{si}^k$$

8.4

1) 200 (201) 67 T

$$\binom{200}{67} p^{67} (1-p)^{133}$$