

Lemma ①

Dimostrazioni, Preservazione F lch

$$F \subseteq G^+ \Leftrightarrow F \subseteq G$$

Dim:

\Rightarrow Banak

Dimostro \Leftarrow

$$F \subseteq G \Rightarrow F^+ \subseteq G^+$$

$$f \in F^+ = F^A$$

(Applico Assiom,
ARMSTRONG)

\downarrow

$$\exists f_1, \dots, f_n \in F \quad \{f_1, \dots, f_n\} \xrightarrow{A} f$$

$$\forall f_i \in F \subseteq G \quad \exists g_1^i, \dots, g_{m_i}^i \in G \quad \{g_1^i, \dots, g_{m_i}^i\} \xrightarrow{A} f_i$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \{g_1^1, \dots, g_{m_1}^1\} \xrightarrow{A} f_1 \\ \vdots \\ \{g_1^m, \dots, g_{m_m}^m\} \xrightarrow{A} f_m \end{array} \right\} \xrightarrow{A} f \in G^A = G^+$$

Lemma $Z_f = X_G^+$ Caratterizzazione dell'Algoritmo per calcolo X_G^+ dato F

①

$$\text{Dim } Z_f \subseteq X_G^+$$

x Induzione

- CASO BASE

$$Z_0 = X \subseteq X_G^+ \quad \checkmark$$

- CASO Induttivo

$$Z_i \subseteq X_G^+ \Rightarrow Z_{i+1} \subseteq X_G^+$$

$$A \in Z_{i+1} = Z_i \cup S_i$$

2 POSSIBILITA'

$$\textcircled{1} A \in Z_i \subseteq X_G^+ \quad \checkmark$$

$$\textcircled{2} A \in S_i = \bigcup_{j=1}^k [(Z_i \cap R_j)_F^+ \cap R_j]$$

$$\Rightarrow \exists j \in \{1, \dots, k\} \text{ t.c. } A \in (Z_i \cap R_j)_F^+ \cap R_j$$

$$A \in R_j$$

$$A \in (Z_i \cap R_j)_F^+$$

$$Z_i \cap R_j \rightarrow A \in F^+ (= F^+)$$

\cap

R_j

\cap

R_j

$$\tilde{\Pi}_{R_j}(F) = \{x \rightarrow y \in F^+ / xy \subseteq R_j\}$$

$$Z_i \cap R_J \rightarrow A \in \Pi_{Z_i}(F) \subseteq G$$

$$\text{S. d. } Z_i \subseteq X_c^+$$

$$\Rightarrow Z_i \cap R_J \subseteq X_c^+$$

$$\Rightarrow X \rightarrow Z_i \cap R_J \in G^A (= G^+)$$

$$\Rightarrow X \rightarrow A \in G^A$$

$$\Rightarrow A \in X_c^+ \checkmark \text{ se ch. di } Z_{i+1} \in G^A \text{ allora ogni el. ne appartiene}$$

② Diam $X_c^+ \subseteq Z_f$ SOLO PER LA LOEF

Osservare che:

$$\begin{aligned} & X \text{ e } Y \text{ insieme qualunque} \\ & \text{e s. che } X \subseteq Y \\ & \Rightarrow X_c^+ \subseteq Y_c^+ \end{aligned}$$

↓

$$X \subseteq Z_f$$

↓

$$X_c^+ \subseteq (Z_f)_c^+$$

$$\text{e si dimostra che } Z_f = (Z_f)_c^+$$

$$S = \{ A \mid \exists \gamma \rightarrow V \in G \mid \gamma \subseteq Z_f, A \in V \}$$

$$\exists \gamma \in \{1, \dots, k\} \mid \gamma \rightarrow V \in \Pi_{R_J}(F)$$

$$A \in R_J$$

$$\gamma \rightarrow V \in F^+ = F^A \Rightarrow A \in (Y)_F^+ \Rightarrow A \in (Z_f \cap R_J)_F^+ \} A \in$$

$$\gamma \in \mathbb{Z}_5$$

$$A \in (\mathbb{Z}_f \setminus \mathbb{N}_J)^+ \cap \mathbb{R}_J$$

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Sf

\Rightarrow l'algoritmo delle divisioni
si blocca subito