

Sensors	Pros	Cons
Cameras	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>"- best for recognition</li> <li>- less power intensive</li> <li>- high-resolution imagery</li> <li>- cheap</li> <li>- advanced AI and deep learning research"</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>"- light and visibility dependent</li> <li>- easily affected by shadow or reflection"</li> </ul>
Radar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>"- captures direct distance and velocity</li> <li>- day and night reliability</li> <li>- weather resilient</li> <li>- long-range detection</li> <li>- cheap"</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>"- object boundary is not great</li> <li>- limited classification capability</li> <li>- poor resolution</li> <li>- inability to detect small objects"</li> </ul>
LiDAR	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>"- direct 3D mapping of the enviroment</li> <li>- day and night reliability</li> <li>- very high precision</li> <li>- high resolution</li> <li>- advanced AI research"</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>"- ineffective under rain and fog</li> <li>- lower range compared to radar</li> <li>- very expensive"</li> </ul>
Ultrasonic	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>"- all-material sensing capability</li> <li>- best close-range object detection (parking)</li> <li>- not affected by weather conditions</li> <li>- extremely cheap"</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>"- can be affected by wind</li> <li>- highly sensitive to vapors</li> <li>- difficulties in distinguishing between soft, curved, thin, and small objects"</li> </ul>
GPS	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>"- provides global coverage</li> <li>- precise location information</li> <li>- adaptable to change</li> <li>- cheap"</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>"- signal interference in places with signal obstructions (tunnels)</li> <li>- latency issues</li> <li>- dependent on accurate maps and data processing capabilities"</li> </ul>