

Ejercicio de clase 2 Díaz Hernández Marcos Bryan

Ordena los siguientes valores utilizando el algoritmo y selection Sort (debe ser claro y descriptivo)

Claves = { 17, 46, 8, 23, 33, 44, 12 }

1 2 3 4 5 6 7
17 46 8 23 33 44 12
1) 8 4 6 17 23 33 44 12
2) 8 12 17 23 33 44 46
3) 8 12 17 23 33 44 46
4) 8 12 17 23 33 44 46
5) 8 12 17 23 33 44 46
6) 8 12 17 23 33 46 46

1) Nomenclatura
for = f
while = w
do = l
swap = s

n = 7
F(i = 1 to 6)
min = 1
F(j = 2 to 7)
IF (L[2] < L[1])
46 < 17 → no
F(j = 3 to 7)
IF (L[3] < L[1])
8 < 17 → si
min = 3
F(j = 4 to 7)
IF (L[4] < L[3])
23 < 8 → no
F(j = 5 to 7)
IF (L[5] < L[3])
33 < 8 → no
F(j = 6 to 7)
IF (L[6] < L[3])
44 < 8 → no

F(j = 7 to 7)
IF (L[7] < L[3])
12 < 8 → no
S (L[3], L[7])

2) F(i = 2 to 6)
min = 2
F(j = 3 to 7)
IF (L[3] < L[2])
17 < 46 → si
min = 3
F(j = 4 to 7)
IF (L[4] < L[3])
23 < 17 → no
F(j = 5 to 7)
IF (L[5] < L[3])
33 < 17 → no
F(j = 6 to 7)
IF (L[6] < L[3])
44 < 17 → no
F(j = 7 to 7)
IF (L[7] < L[3])
12 < 17 → si
min = 7
S (L[2], L[7])

3) F(i = 3 to 6)
min = 3
F(j = 4 to 7)
IF (L[4] < L[3])
23 < 17 → no
F(j = 5 to 7)
IF (L[5] < L[3])
33 < 17 → no
F(j = 6 to 7)
IF (L[6] < L[3])
44 < 17 → no

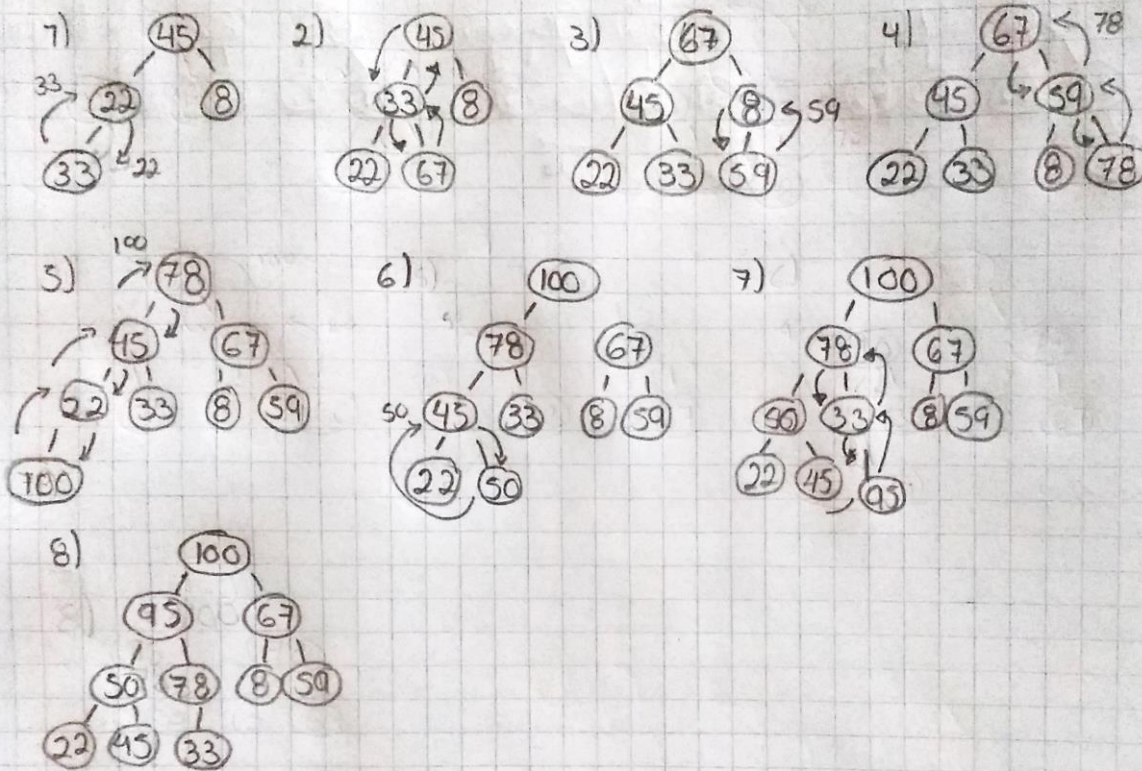
F(j = 7 to 7)
IF (L[7] < L[3])
12 < 8 → no
S (L[3], L[7])

4) F(i = 4 to 6)
min = 4
F(j = 5 to 7)
IF (L[5] < L[4])
33 < 23 → no
F(j = 6 to 7)
IF (L[6] < L[4])
44 < 23 → no
F(j = 7 to 7)
IF (L[7] < L[4])
12 < 23 → no
S (L[4], L[7])

5) F(i = 5 to 6)
min = 5
F(j = 6 to 7)
IF (L[6] < L[5])
44 < 33 → no
F(j = 7 to 7)
IF (L[7] < L[5])
12 < 33 → no
S (L[5], L[7])

6) F(i = 6 to 6)
min = 6
F(j = 7 to 7)
IF (L[7] < L[6])
12 < 44 → no
S (L[6], L[7])
return L

2- Construye un Heap con los datos : 45, 22, 8, 33, 67, 78, 100, 50, 95, 67, 59, 78
 Dibujar cada inserción.



3. Dado el sig. heap. elimina 3 veces la raíz indicando los pasos.

